



Data science

Web scraping in Python

2025-2026



# Web scraping

- Web scraping is the process of scraping information from websites
- You convert the extracted data into a readable format that a programming language can easily work with.
- This sounds rather silly, as you're creating a database from a website that gets its content from an existing database
  - But if the creator of the database doesn't give you access to the original database, you have to reverse-engineer it
- It's a bit of a cat chasing her tail:
  - a scrape only works as long as the website isn't changed



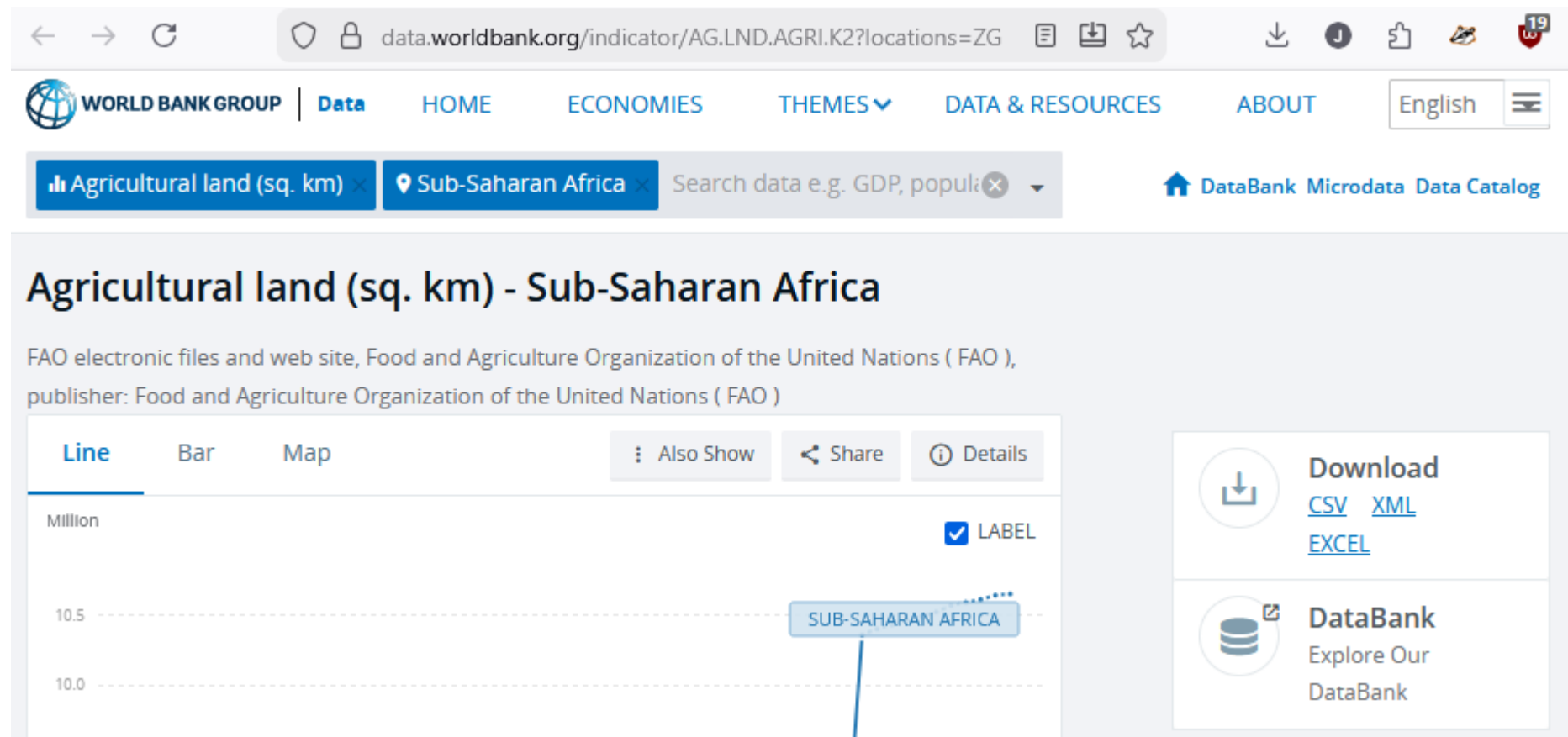
# Alternative to scraping: APIs

- Some websites offer **A**pplication **P**rogrammable **I**nterfaces that allow you to access their data using a format like JSON.
- Using an API is more stable and reliable because when the front-end of a website changes, it affects your scraping code while the back-end API structure usually remains unchanged.



# Alternative to scraping: Open data

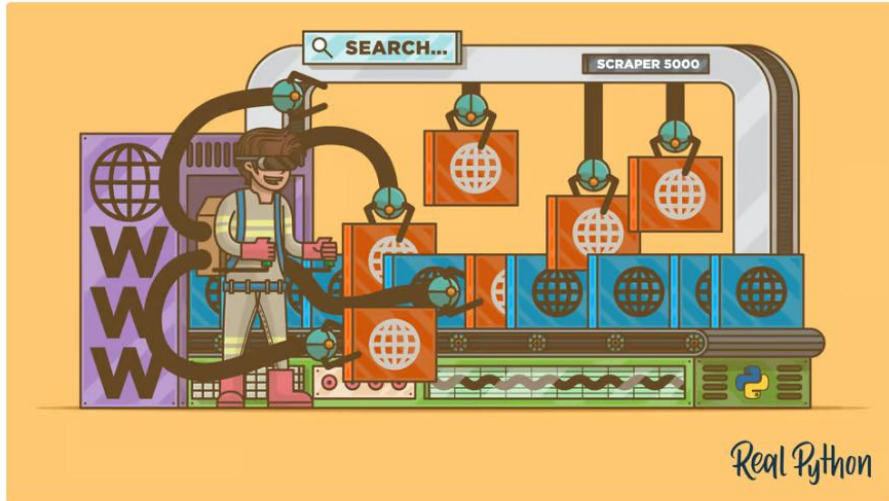
- A lot of data is also made available in CSV-format
- This can be handled by Python very well



# Web scraping demo from course on Real Python



<https://realpython.com/beautiful-soup-web-scraper-python/>



**Beautiful Soup: Build a Web Scraper With Python**

# Web scraping demo from course on Real Python





- Goal: scrape the data from a fake jobs advertising site


<https://realpython.github.io/fake-jobs/>


## Fake Python

Fake Jobs for Your Web Scraping Journey

**Senior Python Developer**  
Payne, Roberts and Davis  
Stewartbury, AA  
2021-04-08  
[Learn](#)[Apply](#)

**Energy engineer**  
Vasquez-Davidson  
Christopherville, AA  
2021-04-08  
[Learn](#)[Apply](#)

**Legal executive**  
Jackson, Chambers and Levy  
Port Ericaburgh, AA  
2021-04-08  
[Learn](#)[Apply](#)

**Fitness centre manager**  
Savage-Bradley  
East Seanview, AP  
2021-04-08  
[Learn](#)[Apply](#)

## Fake Python

Fake Jobs for Your Web Scraping Journey

**Energy engineer**  
Vasquez-Davidson  
Party prevent live. Quickly candidate change although. Together type music hospital. Every speech support time operation wear often.  
**Location:** Christopherville, AA  
**Posted:** 2021-04-08

# Web scraping demo from course on Real Python



- Step 1:
  - Inspect the site's url(s) and used query parameters
  - Inspect the site's DOM (document object model)

## Fake Python

div#ResultsContainer.columns.is-multiline

554.4 x 28134.7



Senior Python Developer  
Payne, Roberts and Davis

Stewartbury, AA

2021-04-08

Learn

Apply



Energy engineer  
Vasquez-Davidson

Christopherville, AA

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head> ... </head>
  <body>
    <div id="shadowLL"> ... </div>
    <section class="section">
      <div class="container mb-5">
        <h1 class="title is-1"> Fake Python </h1>
        <p class="subtitle is-3"> Fake Jobs for Your Web Scraping Journey </p>
      </div>
      <div class="container">
        ...
        <div id="ResultsContainer" class="columns is-multiline"> == $0
          <div class="column is-half">
            <div class="card">
              <div class="card-content"> ... </div>
            </div>
          </div>
          <div class="column is-half"> ... </div>
          <div class="column is-half"> ... </div>
          <div class="column is-half"> ... </div>
          <div class="column is-half"> ... </div>
          <div class="column is-half"> ... </div>
        </div>
      </div>
    </section>
  </body>
</html>
```

# Web scraping demo from course on Real Python



- Step 2:
  - Load the returned HTML code from a specific url into your script using Python's **requests** library.
  - Install the library in your venv first: `pip install requests`

```
# demo scraping static site
import requests
```

```
URL = "https://realpython.github.io/fake-jobs/"
```

```
# execute HTTP GET request to retrieve the sent HTML data
page = requests.get(URL)
```

```
print(page.text)
```



# Web scraping demo from course on Real Python



- Step 3:
  - Filter the response from step 2 to the data you need using the Python library [Beautiful Soup](#).
  - Install the library in your venv first: `pip install beautifulsoup4`
  - Parse the response into html-format

```
import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
```

```
URL = "https://realpython.github.io/fake-jobs/"
page = requests.get(URL)
```

```
# parse html via bs4
# use page.content instead of page.text to avoid character encoding issues
soup = BeautifulSoup(page.content, "html.parser")
```

# Web scraping demo from course on Real Python



- Step 3:
  - **Find** the element you need by using the assigned id attribute
  - Result is a filtered part of the entire html soup

```
soup = BeautifulSoup(page.content, "html.parser")
```

```
# prettify() pretty prints the html
```

```
results = soup.find(id="ResultsContainer")
```

```
print(results.prettify())
```

```
<section class="section">
  <div class="container mb-5">
    <h1 class="title is-1"> Fake Python </h1>
    <p class="subtitle is-3"> Fake Jobs for Your We
  </div>
  <div class="container">
    <div id="ResultsContainer" class="columns is-m
      <div class="column is-half">
        <div class="card">
          <div class="card-content">
```

# Web scraping demo from course on Real Python



- Step 3:
  - Find the elements (**find\_all()**) you need by using the HTML class name
  - Result is an iterable part of the entire html soup

```
soup = BeautifulSoup(page.content, "html.parser")
```

```
# more useful result: iterable
```

```
cards = soup.find_all("div", class_='card-content')
```

```
for card in cards:
```

```
    print(card.prettify())
```

```
<div class="card-content"> == $0
  <div class="media"> flex
    <div class="media-left">
      <figure class="image is-48x48"> ... </figure>
    </div>
    <div class="media-content">
      <h2 class="title is-5">Senior Python Developer</h2>
      <h3 class="subtitle is-6 company">Payne, Roberts and Davis</h3>
    </div>
  </div>
  <div class="content">
    <p class="location">Stewartbury, AA </p>
    <p class="is-small has-text-grey"> ... </p>
  </div>
  <footer class="card-footer"> ... </footer> flex
</div>
```

# Web scraping demo from course on Real Python



- Step 4:
  - Filter the information you need out of each card using **find()**

```
cards = soup.find_all("div", class_='card-content')
for card in cards:
    title_element = card.find("h2", class_="title")
    company_element = card.find("h3", class_="company")
    location_element = card.find("p", class_="location")
    print(title_element.text)
    print(company_element.text)
    print(location_element.text.strip())
    print()
```

Senior Python Developer  
Payne, Roberts and Davis  
Stewartbury, AA

Energy engineer  
Vasquez-Davidson  
Christopherville, AA

Legal executive  
Jackson, Chambers and Levy  
Dartmouth, AA

# Web scraping demo from course on Real Python



- Step 4 bis:
  - Use **Regex** to filter the information you need out of each card

```
import re
...
cards = soup.find_all("div", class_='card-content')

for card in cards:
    job = re.search(r'-5">(.)</h2>', str(card))
    company = re.search(r'y">(.)</h3>', str(card))
    location = re.search(r'ion">\s(.+),\s(.+)', str(card))

    print(job.group(1), ' @ ', company.group(1))
    print (location.group(1).strip(), ', ', location.group(2))
    print()
```

Senior Python Developer @ Payne, Roberts and Davis  
Stewartbury , AA

Energy engineer @ Vasquez-Davidson  
Christopherville , AA

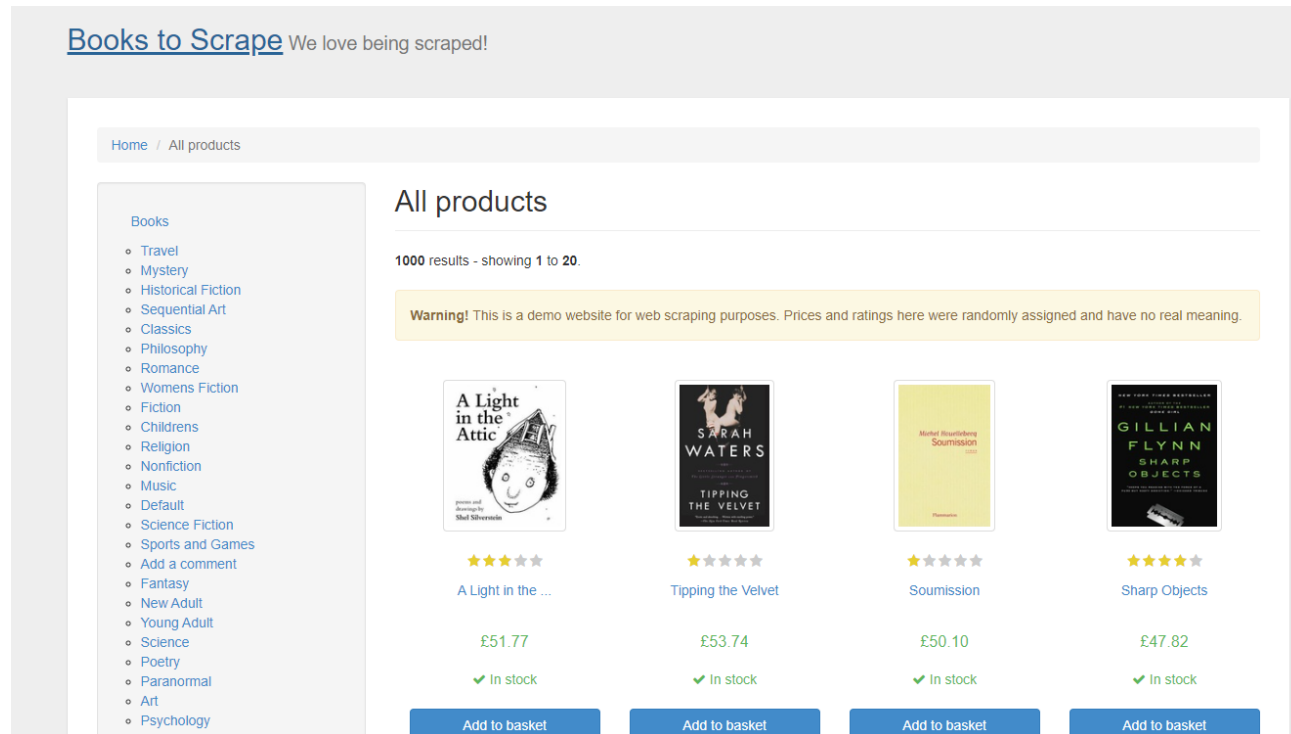
Legal executive @ Jackson, Chambers and Levy  
Port Ericaburgh , AA

Fitness centre manager @ Savage-Bradley  
East Seanview , AD



# Time to practice

- Exercise scraping books from the site [books.toscrape.com](https://books.toscrape.com)



## Exercise result after part 3:

A Light in the Attic : £51.77  
Tipping the Velvet : £53.74  
Soumission : £50.10  
Sharp Objects : £47.82  
Sapiens: A Brief History of Humankind : £54.23  
The Requiem Red : £22.65  
The Dirty Little Secrets of Getting Your Dream Job : £33.34  
The Coming Woman: A Novel Based on the Life of the Infamous Eliza Follen

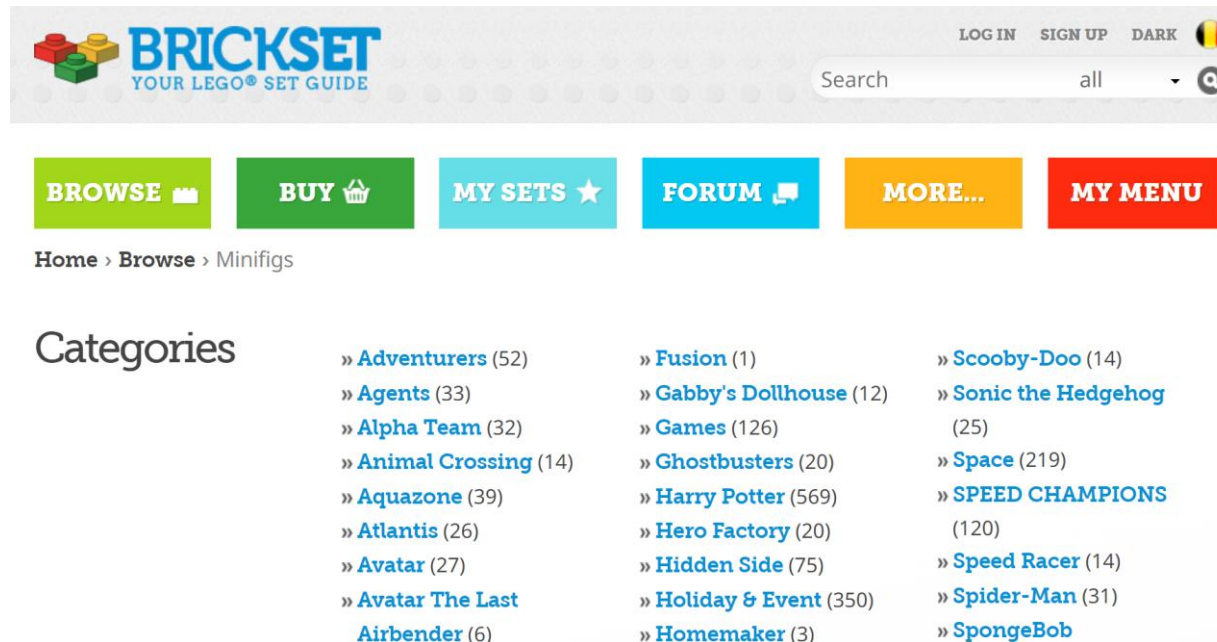
## Exercise result after part 4:

Books : 1000 titles  
Travel : 11 titles  
Mystery : 32 titles  
Historical Fiction : 26 titles  
Sequential Art : 75 titles  
Classics : 19 titles  
Philosophy : 11 titles  
Romance : 35 titles  
Womens Fiction : 17 titles



# Time to practice

- Exercise scraping the list of minifigs from the [Brickset](https://www.brickset.com/) site



# The Willy 1000

- Is a list of 1000 songs that you might want to scrape.
- The problem:

```
import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup

url = "https://www.willy.radio/hitlijsten/willy-1000-2025"
page = requests.get(url)

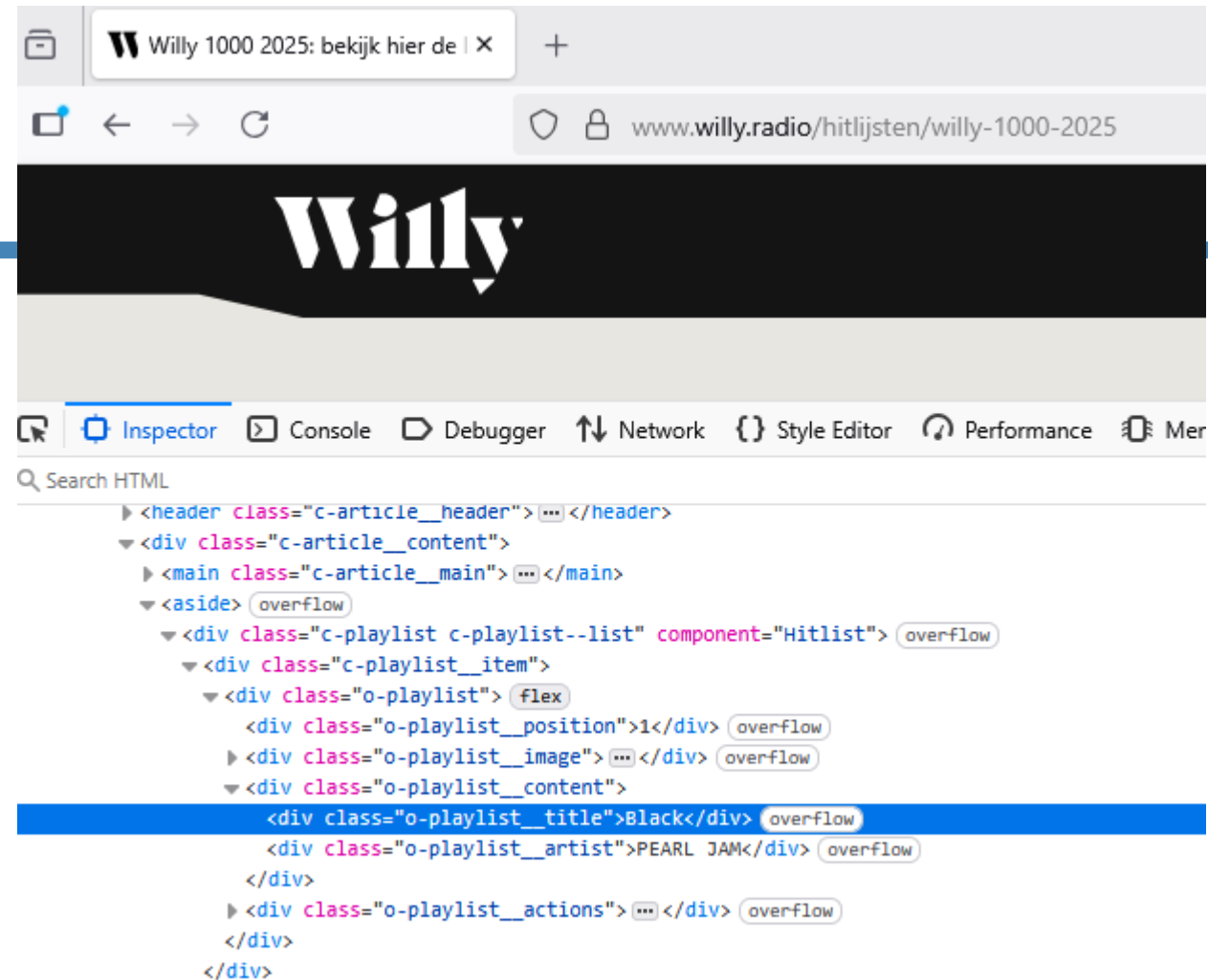
soup = BeautifulSoup(page.content, "html.parser")

results = soup.find("div", {"class": "o-playlist"})

if not results:
    print("Nothing")
else:
    print(results.prettify())
```

✓ 0.9s

Nothing





# Selenium

- When you look at the source code of the page in Python, there is no list.
- This is because the page you download is a template that is loaded with the correct data by a JavaScript running on the website.
- The solution is using [Selenium](#), which makes Python act like a browser
  - This technology is also used to test applications, as it can automate clicks
- (We won't be covering it in this course, but remember the name.)

```
<body>
  <!-- Google Tag Manager (noscript) -->
  <noscript>...
</noscript>
  <!-- End Google Tag Manager (noscript) -->
  <div class="container">
    <div class="modal" id="message">
      <div class="modal__header">
        <div class="modal__header__logo">
          
      </div>
      <div class="modal__body">
        <div class="modal__body__text">
          <div class="dpg-loader">
            <div aria-busy="true" class="wrapper inline-block">
              <svg class="w-full h-auto" height="211px" version="1.1">
                <g fill="none" fill-rule="evenodd" stroke="none">
                  <rect class="animate-schrinky" fill="#783C96" height="211px" width="100%">
                </rect>
                <rect class="animate-schrinky animation-delay-1" fill="#783C96" height="211px" width="100%">
                </rect>
                <rect class="animate-schrinky animation-delay-3" fill="#783C96" height="211px" width="100%">
                </rect>
                <rect class="animate-schrinky animation-delay-4" fill="#783C96" height="211px" width="100%">
                </rect>
              </g>
            </svg>
          </div>
        </div>
      </div>
    </div>
  </div>
</body>
```