

bloc

Bloc (`flutter_bloc`)

Presented by Paul Köhler

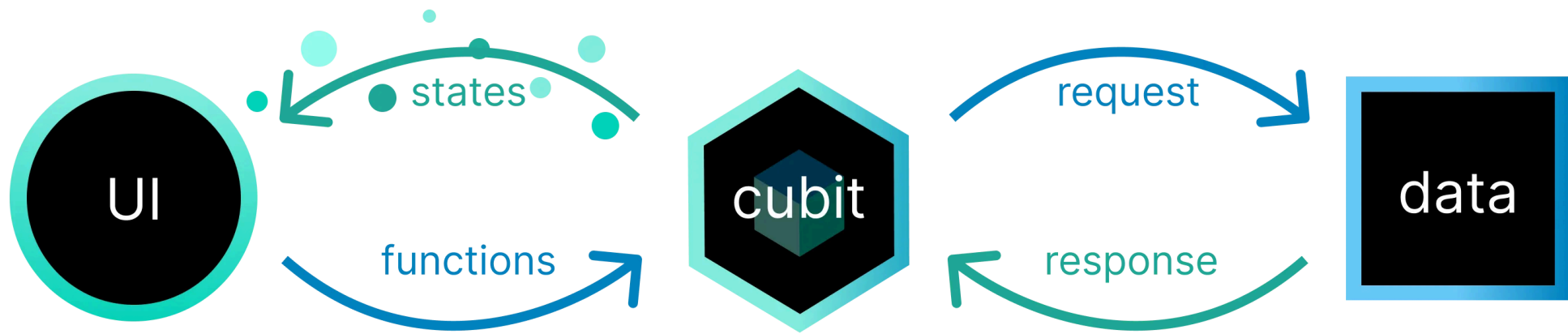
Overview

- Introduction to `bloc`
- How does `bloc` work?
- Getting under the hood 🔍
- Advanced `bloc`
- Summary

BLoC?

- **Business Logic Component**
- Goal:
 - Simplify State Management
 - Providing a structured way for the flow of events and data

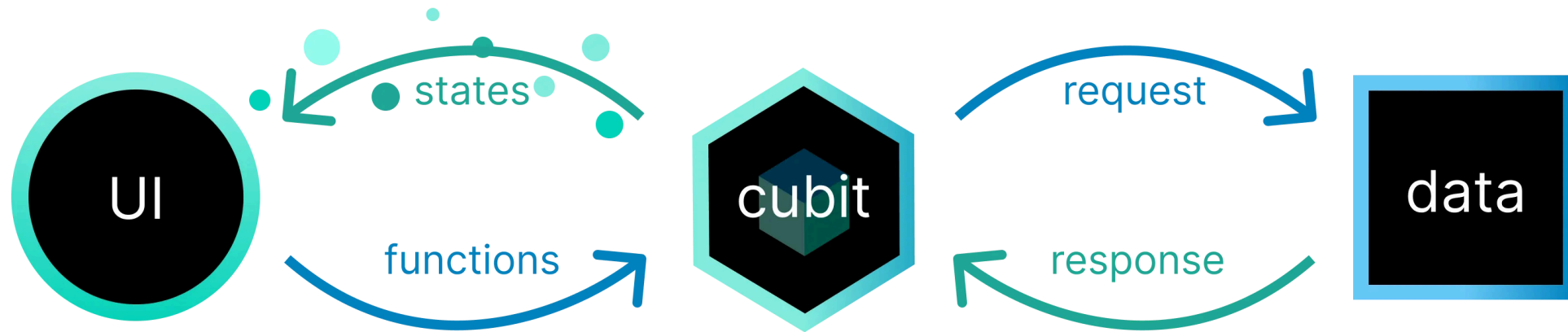
What is BLoC?



Why use BLoC?

- State management is hard.
- `bloc` is simple.

But how?



- What is this `cubit` and how do I create one?

How to define a **cubit**

```
class CounterCubit extends Cubit<int> {  
  CounterCubit() : super(0);  
  
  void increment() => emit(state + 1);  
  void decrement() => emit(state - 1);  
}
```

Using a **cubit**: Initialization

```
class App extends StatelessWidget {  
  const App({super.key});  
  
  @override  
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {  
    return MaterialApp(  
      home: BlocProvider(  
        create: (context) => CounterCubit(),  
        child: const IndexPage(),  
      ),  
      // ...  
    );  
  }  
}
```


Using a `cubit`: Getting the value

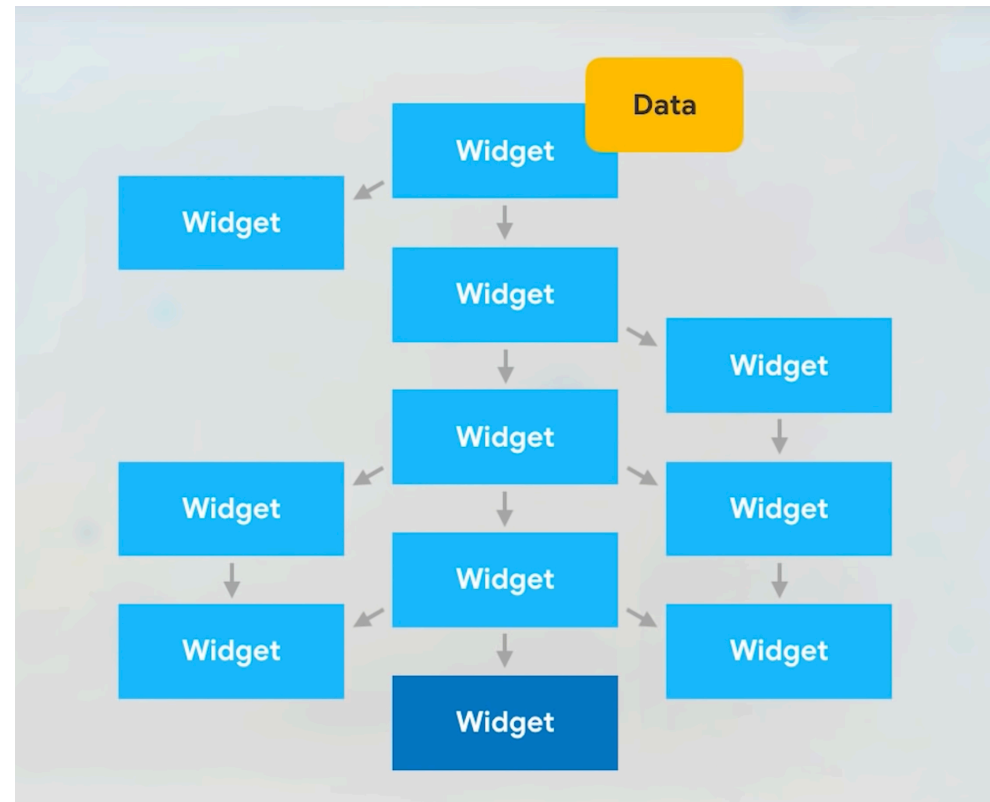
```
// ...
class Counter extends StatelessWidget {
  const Counter({super.key});

  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return BlocBuilder<CounterCubit, int>(
      builder: (context, state) => Text('Current counter: $state'),
    );
  }
}
// ...
```

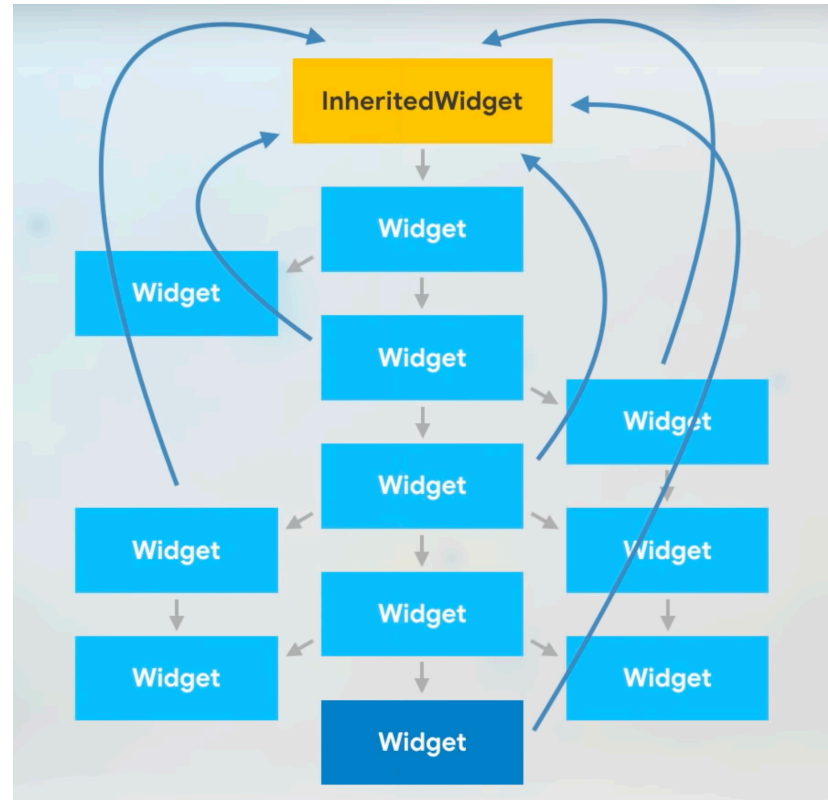
Using a **cubit**: Sending an event

```
// ...  
void _increment(BuildContext context) => context.read<CounterCubit>().increment();  
// ...
```

How does it work?



How does it work?



Let's build our own

- State management libraries aren't black magic.

```
class SimpleState<T> {  
    T _value;  
    final StreamController<T> _streamController;  
  
    SimpleState(value)  
        : _value = value,  
          _streamController = StreamController.broadcast() {  
        _streamController.onListen = () => _streamController.add(_value);  
    }  
  
    emit(T value) {  
        _value = value;  
        _streamController.add(_value);  
    }  
  
    T get value => _value;  
  
    Stream<T> get stream => _streamController.stream;  
}
```

```
class SimpleStateProvider<T extends SimpleState> extends InheritedWidget {
  final T state;

  const SimpleStateProvider({
    super.key,
    required this.state,
    required super.child,
  });

  @override
  bool updateShouldNotify(covariant InheritedWidget oldWidget) {
    return false;
  }

  static SimpleStateProvider<T>? maybeOf<T extends SimpleState>(
    BuildContext context) {
    return context.dependOnInheritedWidgetOfExactType<SimpleStateProvider<T>>();
  }

  static SimpleStateProvider<T> of<T extends SimpleState>(
    BuildContext context) {
    final result = maybeOf<T>(context);
    assert(result != null, 'No StateProvider found in context');
    return result!;
  }
}
```

```
class SimpleStateBuilder<T extends SimpleState<S>, S> extends StatelessWidget {  
    final Widget Function(BuildContext, S?) _builder;  
  
    const SimpleStateBuilder({  
        super.key,  
        required Widget Function(BuildContext, S?) builder,  
    }) : _builder = builder;  
  
    @override  
    Widget build(BuildContext context) {  
        return StreamBuilder(  
            stream: context.simpleState<T>().stream,  
            builder: (context, snapshot) {  
                return _builder(context, snapshot.data);  
            });  
    }  
}
```



```
extension SimpleStateProviderExtension on BuildContext {  
    T simpleState<T extends SimpleState>() =>  
        SimpleStateProvider.of<T>(this).state;  
}
```

Let's try: Creating a SimpleState

```
class CounterSimpleState extends SimpleState<int> {  
    CounterSimpleState() : super(0);  
  
    void increment() => emit(value + 1);  
    void decrement() => emit(value - 1);  
}
```

Let's try: Initialization

```
class App extends StatelessWidget {  
  const App({super.key});  
  
  final _counterState = CounterSimpleState()  
  
  @override  
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {  
    return MaterialApp(  
      home: SimpleStateProvider(  
        state: _counterState,  
        child: const IndexPage(),  
      ),  
      // ...  
    );  
  }  
}
```

Let's try: Getting the value

```
// ...
class Counter extends StatelessWidget {
  const Counter({super.key});

  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return SimpleStateBuilder<CounterSimpleState, int>(
      builder: (context, state) => Text('Current SimpleState counter: $state'),
    );
  }
}
// ...
```

Let's try: Sending an event

```
// ...  
void _increment(BuildContext context) => context.simpleState<CounterSimpleState>().increment();  
// ...
```

Advanced **bloc**

```
sealed class CounterEvent {}

final class CounterIncrementPressed extends CounterEvent {}

class CounterBloc extends Bloc<CounterEvent, int> {
  CounterBloc() : super(0) {
    on<CounterIncrementPressed>((event, emit) {
      emit(state + 1);
    });
  }
}
```

Summary

- State management libraries aren't black magic.
- They do still make things easier though.
- Bloc is very mighty, but easy to use.

Questions?

References

The full source code is available on Github:

https://github.com/paulkoehlerdev/bloc_example



The slides were created with [Marp](#)