# Vim Tricks

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 ${\bf 1} \quad {\bf Searching/quick\ jumping}$ 

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1	Searching/quick jumping	
		to
	$\bullet$ gf start editing the file whose name is under the cursor	
	$\bullet$ gF start editing the file whose name is under the cursor and jump the line number following the filename	to
	ullet ge go backwards to the end of the previous word	
	$\bullet$ " jump to the last remembered line	
	• two backticks jump to the last remembered position	
	• CTRL-0 Go to [count] Older cursor position in jump list (not a moti command).	on.
	• <tab> or CTRL-I Go to [count] newer cursor position in jump list (note a motion command).</tab>	ıot
	• gD go to the definition of word under the cursor in current file	

- gd go to the definition of word under the cursor in current function
- /regex/{n} Makes the motion go to the nth line below the match, or above if n is negative. It also has the side effect of making the motion line-wise.
- :g/regex/ex Runs the Ex command only on the lines that match regex. So for example you can use g/regex/d to delete all the lines matching the regex. v is like g except it runs ex on all of the lines that don't match regex.

### 2 Vim surround

- ! denotes the cursor position
- aliases: "hello !world"
- $\bullet$  b = ()
- $\bullet B = \{\}$
- $\bullet$  a = <>
- $\bullet$  r = []

### 2.1 some examples

```
"hello !world" ds" hello world
[123+!4*56]/2 cs]) (123+456)/2
"Look ma, I'm !HTML!" cs"<q> <q>Look ma, I'm HTML!</q>
```

#### 3 Miscellaneous

- g8 print hex value of bytes used in UTF+8 character under the cursor
- g< dispay previous command output
- g? Rot13 encoding operator
- g?? Rot13 encode current line
- g?G Rot13 encode to the end of file
- $\bullet\,$ g<br/>I like I but always start at column 1

- gR enter Virtual Replace mode
- gU{motion} make motion uppercase the letters
- gu{motion} make motion lowercase the letters
- gn find the next match with the last used
- gv reselect the previous visual area
- $v_o$  Goes to the other end of the visual block. Useful if you started one line too low or something. In block mode, it goes to the opposite diagonal corner: use  $v_o$  to go to the opposite horizontal corner.
- z<CR> redraw, cursor line to top of window, cursor on first non+blank
- z- redraw cursor line at the bottom of window
- z. redraw, cursor line to center of window, cursor on first non+blank
- z= give spelling suggestions
- z... commands about folds
- $\bullet$  <C-a> and <C-x> increment and decrement a number
- q: Opens a history of your previous commands. You can operate on them like any Vim text, but changes aren't saved. But you can run a modified command with <CR>. This makes it really easy to quickly modify and rerun commands, or search for an old one to reuse.
- q/, q? Same as q:, except for searches.
- gq takes a logical line which is wrapped and splits it into smaller lines