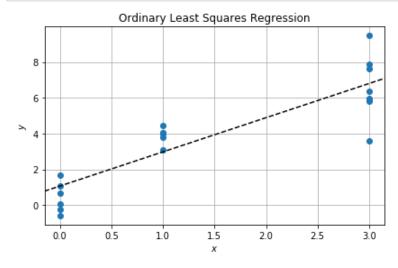
Simulations for Problem 1

```
In [1]:
        import collections
        import itertools
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import multiprocessing
        import numpy as np
        import pandas as pd
        from scipy import linalg
        from scipy import stats
        X VALUES = [0, 1, 3]
        MU = np.array([0.6, 3.6, np.nan, 6.8])
        def simulate_data(n, random_seed=None):
            np.random.seed(random_seed)
            dist = stats.rv_discrete(values=list(zip(
                *[(x, 1/len(X_VALUES)) for x in X_VALUES])))
            x = dist.rvs(size=(n,))
            while len(np.unique(x)) == 1:
                x = dist.rvs(size=(n,))
            mu = MU[x]
            return x, stats.norm.rvs(loc=mu, scale=1)
        def solve_beta_hat(x, y):
            X = np.column_stack((np.ones_like(x), x))
            return linalg.cho solve(linalg.cho factor(X.T.dot(X)), np.eye(X.shape[1])).dot
        (X.T).dot(y)
In [2]: x, y = simulate data(20, random seed=2019)
In [3]: | beta hat = solve_beta_hat(x, y)
        beta hat
Out[3]: array([1.07327318, 1.9097713 ])
```



```
In [5]: def _estimate_betal(n):
            x, y = simulate_data(n)
            return solve_beta_hat(x, y)[1]
        def estimate betal(num estimates, n):
            pool = multiprocessing.Pool(4)
            estimates = pool.map(_estimate_beta1, [n]*num_estimates)
            pool.close()
            return np.array(estimates)
        def estimate_bias(num_trials):
            n_{list} = list(range(2, 31, 2)) + list(range(30, 101, 5))
            mean = []
            standard_errors = []
            for n in n_list:
                estimates = estimate_beta1(num_trials, n)
                mean.append(np.mean(estimates))
                standard errors.append(np.sqrt(np.var(estimates, ddof=1)))
            return pd.DataFrame(collections.OrderedDict([
                ('$n$', n list),
                ('$\\hat{\\beta}_1$', mean),
                ('$\\hat{\\sigma}$', standard_errors),
            ]))
        #bias_simulations = estimate_bias(1000000)
        #bias simulations.to pickle('p1 simulations.pkl')
        bias_simulations = pd.read_pickle('pl_simulations.pkl')
        bias simulations
```

	n	\hat{eta}_1	$\hat{\sigma}$
0	2	2.222531	1.115256
1	4	2.119261	0.752701
2	6	2.058301	0.536735
3	8	2.028134	0.408784
4	10	2.014462	0.332531
5	12	2.008274	0.284690
6	14	2.005376	0.253067
7	16	2.003600	0.231102
8	18	2.002070	0.213511
9	20	2.001587	0.200356
10	22	2.001091	0.189500
11	24	2.001169	0.180668
12	26	2.000937	0.172259
13	28	2.000748	0.165419
14	30	2.000182	0.159203
15	30	2.000505	0.159288
16	35	2.000618	0.146462
17	40	2.000300	0.136427
18	45	2.000245	0.127994
19	50	2.000259	0.121297
20	55	2.000184	0.115340
21	60	2.000254	0.110308
22	65	2.000014	0.105664
23	70	2.000246	0.101802
24	75	2.000068	0.098277
25	80	2.000033	0.094885
26	85	2.000091	0.092020
27	90	2.000172	0.089272
28	95	1.999983	0.087027
29	100	1.999924	0.084749

```
In [6]: def partition(n, k = None, m = None):
            k = n if k is None else k
            m = n if m is None else m
            if m is None or m >= n:
                yield [n]
            for f in range(n-1 if m \ge n else m, 0, -1):
                if f*(k - 1) < n - f:
                    break
                for p in partition(n-f, k-1, f):
                    yield [f] + p
        def multiset_permuation(xs):
            current permutation = len(xs)*[None]
            counts = collections.Counter(xs)
            def yield_permuation(j):
                if j == len(xs):
                    yield tuple(current_permutation)
                    return
                for x in counts:
                     if counts[x] <= 0:</pre>
                        continue
                    counts[x] = 1
                    current_permutation[j] = x
                     for permuation in yield permuation(j + 1):
                        yield permuation
                    counts[x] += 1
            return yield permuation(0)
        def enumerate_multinomial_support(n, k):
            for p in partition(n, k):
                unordered_draw = [0]*(k - len(p)) + p
                for x in multiset_permuation(unordered_draw):
                    yield x
```

```
In [7]: def solve_expected_beta(n):
            support = enumerate multinomial support(n, 3)
            weighted sum = np.zeros(2)
            total_prob = 0
            for sample in support:
                if np.isin(n, sample):
                    continue
                x = np.hstack([count*[X VALUES[i]] for i, count in enumerate(sample)])
                y = MU[x.astype(np.int)]
                expected_beta = solve_beta_hat(x, y)
                prob = stats.multinomial.pmf(sample, n, p = np.ones(len(X_VALUES))/len(X_V
        ALUES))
                weighted_sum += expected_beta*prob
                total_prob += prob
            return weighted sum/total prob
        expected_beta = np.array([solve_expected_beta(n) for n in bias_simulations['$n$'
        ]])
        expected beta
Out[7]: array([[1.06666667, 2.22222222],
               [1.04168541, 2.11935822],
               [1.0336912 , 2.05765274],
               [1.02878485, 2.02807713],
               [1.02477543, 2.01456074],
               [1.02144138, 2.00820044],
               [1.01872191, 2.00502319],
               [1.01652181, 2.00331956],
               [1.01473662, 2.00233772],
               [1.01327484, 2.00173226],
               [1.01206379, 2.0013359],
               [1.01104808, 2.00106296],
               [1.01018608, 2.00086695],
               [1.00944647, 2.00072128],
               [1.00880554, 2.00060992],
               [1.00880554, 2.00060992],
               [1.00752558, 2.0004236],
               [1.00656859, 2.0003117],
               [1.00582669, 2.0002391],
               [1.00523495, 2.00018928],
               [1.0047521 , 2.00015359],
               [1.00435066, 2.00012714],
               [1.00401168, 2.00010698],
               [1.00372166, 2.00009128],
               [1.0034707 , 2.00007879],
               [1.00325143, 2.00006871],
               [1.0030582 , 2.00006045],
               [1.00288664, 2.00005359],
               [1.00273329, 2.00004784],
               [1.00259541, 2.00004297]])
```

```
In [8]: bias_simulations['$\\mathbb{E}[\\hat{\\beta}_1]$'] = expected_beta[:,1]
bias_simulations
```

Out[8]:

```
\hat{\beta}_1
                          \hat{\sigma}
                                \mathbb{E}[\hat{\beta}_1]
      2 2.222531
                   1.115256
                             2.22222
 0
      4 2.119261
                   0.752701 2.119358
 1
      6 2.058301
                   0.536735 2.057653
 2
                   0.408784 2.028077
      8 2.028134
 3
     10 2.014462
                   0.332531 2.014561
 4
 5
     12 2.008274
                   0.284690 2.008200
 6
     14 2.005376
                   0.253067 2.005023
 7
     16 2.003600
                   0.231102 2.003320
                   0.213511 2.002338
 8
     18 2.002070
                   0.200356 2.001732
     20 2.001587
 9
     22 2.001091
                   0.189500 2.001336
10
     24 2.001169
                   0.180668 2.001063
11
     26 2.000937
                   0.172259
                            2.000867
12
                   0.165419 2.000721
13
     28 2.000748
                   0.159203 2.000610
     30 2.000182
14
     30 2.000505
                   0.159288 2.000610
15
     35 2.000618
                   0.146462 2.000424
16
     40 2.000300
                   0.136427 2.000312
17
                   0.127994 2.000239
18
     45 2.000245
     50 2.000259
                   0.121297 2.000189
19
20
     55 2.000184
                   0.115340 2.000154
                   0.110308 2.000127
21
     60 2.000254
     65 2.000014
                   0.105664 2.000107
22
                   0.101802 2.000091
     70 2.000246
23
     75 2.000068
                   0.098277 2.000079
24
     80 2.000033
                   0.094885 2.000069
25
     85 2.000091
                   0.092020 2.000060
26
27
     90 2.000172
                   0.089272 2.000054
28
        1.999983
                   0.087027 2.000048
    100 1.999924
                   0.084749 2.000043
```

```
In [10]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=(6, 4))
         ax = fig.gca()
         ax.grid(True)
         ax.plot(bias simulations['$n$'], bias simulations['$\\hat{\\beta} 1$'],
                 '.-', label='$\\hat{\\beta}_1$', c=plt.cm.Set1(1))
         ax.plot(bias_simulations['$n$'], bias_simulations['$\\hat{\\sigma}$'],
                  '.-', label='$\\hat{\\sigma}$', c=plt.cm.Set1(2))
         ax.plot(bias simulations['$n$'], bias simulations['$\\lambda 1'] - 2,
                  '.-', label='Bias($\\hat{\\beta}_1$)', c=plt.cm.Set1(3))
         ax.plot(bias_simulations['$n$'], bias_simulations['$\\hat{\\sigma}$']**2,
                  '.-', label='$\\hat{\\sigma}^2$', c=plt.cm.Set1(4))
         ax.hlines(y=2, xmin=ax.get_xlim()[0], xmax=ax.get_xlim()[1],
                   linestyles='--', label='$\\beta_1$')
         ax.legend()
         ax.set_xlabel('$n$')
         ax.set_title('Simulation Results')
         fig.tight layout()
         fig.savefig('p1_simulation_results.pdf', bbox_inches='tight')
```

