

arccos, atan2 from trigonometry

ElementSets from MeshConnectivity

Faces, Vertices, Edges, OppositeFaces, OppositeVertices, NeighborVerticesInFace, OrientedVertices from Neighborhoods(M)

$$M : \text{TriangleMesh}$$

$$\mathbf{x}_i \in \mathbb{R}^3$$

$$V, E, F = \text{ElementSets}(M)$$

$$\text{VertexNormal}(i) = \left( \sum_{j \in \text{Faces}(i)} \frac{(\mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{x}_i) \times (\mathbf{x}_k - \mathbf{x}_i)}{\|\mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{x}_i\| \|\mathbf{x}_k - \mathbf{x}_i\|^2} \right) \quad \text{where } j, k = \text{NeighborVerticesInFace}(f, i) \quad \text{where } i \in V$$

$$\theta(i, f) = \arccos \left( \frac{(\mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{x}_i) \cdot (\mathbf{x}_k - \mathbf{x}_i)}{\|\mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{x}_i\| \|\mathbf{x}_k - \mathbf{x}_i\|} \right)$$

where

$$i \in V$$

$$f \in F$$

$$j, k = \text{NeighborVerticesInFace}(f, i)$$

$$\text{area}(f) = \frac{1}{2} \left\| (\mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{x}_i) \times (\mathbf{x}_k - \mathbf{x}_i) \right\|$$

where

$$f \in F$$

$$i, j, k = \text{OrientedVertices}(f)$$

$$N(f) = \frac{(\mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{x}_i) \times (\mathbf{x}_k - \mathbf{x}_i)}{2 \cdot \text{area}(f)}$$

where

$$f \in F$$

$$i, j, k = \text{OrientedVertices}(f)$$

$$l(e) = \|\mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{x}_i\|$$

where

$$e \in E$$

$$i, j = \text{Vertices}(e)$$

$$\phi(e) = \pi - \text{atan2}(\|N_1 \times N_1\|, N_1 \cdot N_2)$$

where

$$e \in E$$

$$f_1, f_2 = \text{OppositeFaces}(e)$$

$$N_1 = N(f_1)$$

$$N_2 = N(f_2)$$

$$KN(i) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \sum_{v \in \text{Edges}(i)} \frac{\phi_v}{l_v} (\mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{x}_i) \right) \quad \text{where } v = \text{Vertices}(e) - \{i\}, j = v_i \quad \text{where } i \in V$$

$$HN(v) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \sum_{v \in \text{Edges}(v)} (\alpha + \beta) \right) \quad \text{where } i, j = \text{Vertices}(e), k, p = \text{OppositeVertices}(e), \alpha = \frac{(\mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{x}_i) \cdot (\mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{x}_k)}{\|(\mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{x}_i) \times (\mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{x}_k)\|}, \beta = \frac{(\mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{x}_p) \cdot (\mathbf{x}_i - \mathbf{x}_p)}{\|(\mathbf{x}_j - \mathbf{x}_p) \times (\mathbf{x}_i - \mathbf{x}_p)\|} \quad \text{where } v \in V$$