



[Home](#) → [Medical Encyclopedia](#) → Foreign body in the nose

URL of this page: //medlineplus.gov/ency/article/000037.htm

## Foreign body in the nose

This article discusses first aid for a foreign object placed into the nose.

### Considerations

Curious young children may insert small objects into their nose in a normal attempt to explore their own bodies. Objects placed in the nose may include food, seeds, dried beans, small toys (such as marbles), crayon pieces, erasers, paper wads, cotton, beads, button batteries, and disc magnets.

A foreign body in a child's nose can be there for a while without a parent being aware of the problem. The object may only be discovered when visiting your health care provider to find the cause of irritation, bleeding, infection, or difficulty breathing.

### Symptoms

Symptoms that your child may have a foreign body in his or her nose include:

- Difficulty breathing through the affected nostril
- Feeling of something in the nose
- Foul-smelling or bloody nasal discharge
- Irritability, particularly in infants
- Irritation or pain in the nose

### First Aid

First aid steps include:

- Have the person breathe through the mouth. The person should not breathe in sharply. This may force the object in further.
- Gently press and close the nostril that does not have the object in it. Ask the person to blow gently. This may help push the object out. Avoid blowing the nose too hard or repeatedly.
- If this method fails, get medical help.

### DO NOT

- Do not search the nose with cotton swabs or other tools. This may push the object further into the nose.

- Do not use tweezers or other tools to remove an object that is stuck deep inside the nose.
- Do not try to remove an object that you cannot see or one that is not easy to grasp. This can push the object farther in or cause damage.

## When to Contact a Medical Professional

Get medical help right away for any of the following:

- The person cannot breathe well
- Bleeding occurs and continues for more than 2 or 3 minutes after you remove the foreign object, despite placing gentle pressure on the nose
- An object is stuck in both nostrils
- You cannot easily remove an object from the person's nose
- The object is sharp, is a button battery, or two paired disc magnets (one in each nostril)
- You think an infection has developed in the nostril where the object is stuck

## Prevention

Prevention measures may include:

- Cut food into appropriate sizes for small children.
- Discourage talking, laughing, or playing while food is in the mouth.
- Do not give foods such as hot dogs, whole grapes, nuts, popcorn, or hard candy to children under age 3.
- Keep small objects out of the reach of young children.
- Teach children to avoid placing foreign objects into their noses and other body openings.

## Alternative Names

Something stuck in the nose; Objects in the nose

## References

Chi DH, Tobey A. Otolaryngology. In: Zitelli BJ, McIntire SC, Nowalk AJ, Garrison J, eds. *Zitelli and Davis' Atlas of Pediatric Physical Diagnosis*. 8th ed. Philadelphia, PA: Elsevier; 2023:chap 24.

Goodloe JM, Soulek J. Foreign bodies. In: Walls RM, ed. *Rosen's Emergency Medicine: Concepts and Clinical Practice*. 10th ed. Philadelphia, PA: Elsevier; 2023:chap 51.

Haynes JH, Zeringue M. Removal of foreign bodies for the ear and nose. In: Fowler GC, ed. *Pfenninger and Fowler's Procedures for Primary Care*. 4th ed. Philadelphia, PA: Elsevier; 2020:chap 204.

## Review Date 11/2/2023

Updated by: Jesse Borke, MD, CPE, FAAEM, FACEP, Attending Physician at Kaiser Permanente, Orange County, CA. Also reviewed by David C. Dugdale, MD, Medical Director, Brenda Conaway, Editorial Director, and the A.D.A.M. Editorial team.

## Learn how to cite this page



Health Content  
Provider  
06/01/2028

A.D.A.M., Inc. is accredited by URAC, for Health Content Provider ([www.urac.org](http://www.urac.org)). URAC's [accreditation program](#) is an independent audit to verify that A.D.A.M. follows rigorous standards of quality and accountability. A.D.A.M. is among the first to achieve this important distinction for online health information and services. Learn more about A.D.A.M.'s [editorial policy](#), [editorial process](#), and [privacy policy](#).

The information provided herein should not be used during any medical emergency or for the diagnosis or treatment of any medical condition. A licensed medical professional should be consulted for diagnosis and treatment of any and all medical conditions. Links to other sites are provided for information only – they do not constitute endorsements of those other sites. No warranty of any kind, either expressed or implied, is made as to the accuracy, reliability, timeliness, or correctness of any translations made by a third-party service of the information provided herein into any other language. © 1997-2025 A.D.A.M., a business unit of Ebix, Inc. Any duplication or distribution of the information contained herein is strictly prohibited.



National Library of Medicine 8600 Rockville Pike, Bethesda, MD 20894 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

National Institutes of Health