410 Project Progress Report

Team Name: DuoDuo

Project Topic: Restaurant Concierge

Team Members:

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Progress Made

Our project is about developing a tourist-oriented restaurant concierge service tailored for travelers with limited time in a city. The primary focus has been on designing a user-friendly command-line interface to streamline user interaction with our service.

By using the Yelp Open dataset, we successfully implemented the BM25 algorithm to rank restaurants, providing users with a curated list of top dining options based on their location. The main task of designing and working on the ranking algorithm has been nearly completed.

Simultaneously, the second task involving the construction of the Python application is also nearing completion, with a simple yet efficient command line interface that prompts users for location input and delivers the top 10 recommended restaurants. Our team is excited about the progress made and looks forward to finalizing testing, report writing, and presenting the accomplished results.

To enhance transparency and understanding about the progress in algorithm development and application construction, we provide some screenshots of our codebase and the code result at the end of the report for reference.

Remaining Task

- **Edge Case:** Consider implementing error handling for edge cases such as invalid destination address. Provide informative error messages or prompts to guide users in correcting their input.
- Refined Scope of Returned List: Evaluate the possibility of refining the scope of the returned list. This could involve optimizing the criteria for selecting top restaurants or introducing additional filters based on user preferences.

- Refine Code BM25 Query Efficiency: Focus on optimizing the efficiency of the BM25 query process.
 - Our current BM25 ranking algorith parameters need to be fine tuned.
 Consider code refactoring to improve execution speed.
 - Explore alternative data structures for storing Inverse Document Frequency (IDF) values to enhance retrieval efficiency.
- **Testing Code:**Conduct comprehensive testing to ensure the functionality and robustness of the Python application.
- Documentation on the Code: Add clear and concise comments throughout the codebase, explaining the purpose of functions, classes, and significant code blocks.
- **Project Report:** Compile a detailed project report that outlines the methodology, objectives, and implemented solution. Provide insights into the design decisions, algorithms used and challenges faced.
- **Make Presentation:** According to the project instructions, prepare a visually engaging presentation that effectively communicates the project's goals, methodology, and outcomes.
- Category-Based Recommendation (Stretch Goal): As a stretch goal, consider implementing category-based recommendations. This could involve categorizing restaurants and providing users with options to narrow down their preferences based on specific categories (e.g., cuisine type, ambiance).

Challenges/Issues

One of the primary challenges we encounter revolves around the enormity of the Yelp Open dataset (1) and optimizing the efficiency of our ranking algorithm (2). To address the first challenge, we've implemented a robust parsing method that preprocesses the dataset, significantly improving query speed. Regarding the second challenge, as highlighted earlier, fine-tuning our BM25 ranking algorithm parameters is imperative. This involves a code refactoring process aimed at enhancing execution speed and exploring alternative data structures for storing Inverse Document Frequency (IDF) values, thereby augmenting retrieval efficiency.

In addition to these technical challenges, a critical decision lies ahead in terms of project design. We must deliberate on whether to base the project solely on review scores, incorporate user preferences and keywords, or strike a balance between both approaches. Currently, our code implementation focuses solely on review scores.

However, to enrich our recommendation system, we are contemplating the enhancement of our algorithm to generate recommendations based on a combination of review scores and user preferences, if time permits.

This strategic decision involves a nuanced understanding of user expectations and the overarching goals of the project. While prioritizing review scores provides a straightforward approach, integrating user preferences and keywords can offer a more personalized and context-aware recommendation system. Balancing both aspects could potentially yield a comprehensive and refined user experience, contributing to the overall success of the project. However, given the limited time left for this task, we consider this as a stretch goal to implement if we have time after completing the MVP.

In conclusion, our ongoing efforts involve not only technical optimizations for handling large datasets and refining algorithmic efficiency but also a thoughtful consideration of the project's design philosophy, with the potential for a more sophisticated recommendation system that encompasses both review scores and user preferences.

Code Snippets

```
♦ BM25.py > ★ BM25Ranker > ★ rank_documents

      class BM25Ranker:
          def __init__(self, documents):
                self.documents = documents
               self.avg_doc_length = sum(len(doc) for doc in documents) / len(documents)
self.k1 = 1.5  # Tuning parameter
                self.b = 0.75 # Tuning parameter
          def calculate_idf(self, term, documents):
             # Calculate inverse document frequency (1DF)

doc_count_with_term = sum(1 for doc in documents if term in doc)

return math.log((len(documents) - doc_count_with_term + 0.5) / (doc_count_with_term + 0.5) + 1.0)
           # TODO: set idf to local stored
          def calculate_bm25_score(self, query, document):
              for term in query:
               term_freq_in_doc = document.count(term)

idf = self.calculate_idf(term, self.documents)

numerator = term_freq_in_doc * (self.k1 + 1.0)

denominator = term_freq_in_doc + self.k1 * (1.0 - self.b + self.b * len(document) / self.avg_doc_length)
                     score += idf * numerator / denominator
             return score
            def rank_documents(self, query):
                scores = [(index, self.calculate_bm25_score(query, document)) for index, document in enumerate(self.documents)]
                ranked_documents = sorted(scores, key=lambda x: x[1], reverse=True)
               return ranked_documents
```

```
for business_id in combined_scores:
     business_id in combined_scores:
combined_scores[business_id]['combined_score'] = (
    weight_bm25 * combined_scores[business_id]['bm25_score'] +
    weight_stars * combined_scores[business_id]['stars'] +
    weight_useful * combined_scores[business_id]['useful'] +
    weight_funny * combined_scores[business_id]['funny'] +
    weight_cool * combined_scores[business_id]['cool']
ranked_businesses = sorted(
  combined_scores.items(),
      key=lambda x: x[1]['combined_score'],
   reverse=True
ranked_businesses_info = []
for business_id, score in ranked_businesses:
      business_info = self.fetch_business_name(business_id)
      if business_info:
     # Construct the location string
latitude = business_info.get('latitude')
      longitude = business_info.get('longitude')
      location_str = f'latitude: {latitude}, longitude: {longitude}' if latitude is not None and longitude is not None else ''
      ranked_business = {
            'name': business_info.get('name', ''),
            'business_id': business_id,
            'combined_score': score['combined_score'],
'address': combined_address,
            'location': location_str,
            'is_open': is_open_status,
            'categories': business_info.get('categories'),
            'stars': business_info.get('stars'),
'hours': business_info.get('hours', {})
```

```
# Add other business info fields as needed
            ranked_businesses_info.append(ranked_business)
        return ranked_businesses_info
    except Exception as e:
        print(f'get_rank error out: {e}')
# fetch the business name and address by business_id
def fetch_business_name(self, business_id):
       if self.business_data is None:
           print(f'Ohhh, looks like business_data(yelp_academic_dataset_business) are not loaded yet.')
       for business in self.business_data:
           if business.get('business_id') == business_id:
                return business
       print(f"No business found with business_id: {business_id}")
       return None
    except Exception as e:
        print(f'Error\ fetching\ business\ info\ by\ business\_id:\ \{e\}')
        return None
```

```
# get review from review dataset, set it to self val

def get_review_data(self):

try:

file_path = self.filepath_review

#print(file_path)

with open(file_path, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as file:

self.review_data = [json.loads(line) for line in file]

self.review_data_inlocation = [review for review in self.review_data if review.get('business_id') in self.ids_inLocation]

print("Done fetching review datas")

return self.review_data

except FileNotFoundError:

print(f"File not found: {file_path}")

return None

except json.JSONDecodeError as e:

print(f"Error decoding JSON: {str(e)}")

return None
```

```
# calculate distance by 2 point( lat and long) so addr1 and addr2 should be passing as [lat, long], return distanct in Km

def cal_distance(self, addr1, addr2):

try:

# Convert latitude and longitude from degrees to radians
lat1, lon1 = radians(addr1[0]), radians(addr1[1])

lat2, lon2 = radians(addr2[0]), radians(addr2[1])

# Differences in coordinates
dlat = lat2 - lat1
dlon = lon2 - lon1

# Haversine formula
a = sin(dlat / 2)**2 + cos(lat1) * cos(lat2) * sin(dlon / 2)**2

c = 2 * atan2(sqrt(a), sqrt(1 - a))

# Radius of the Earth in kilometers
R = 6371.0

# Calculate the distance
distance = R * c

return distance
except Exception as e:
print(f'cal_distance error out: {e}')
```

```
# get lat long from data set for each business calculate the
def get_business_within_distance(self, data, user_location):
       businesses_within_distance = []
       c = 0
for business in data:
    latitude = business.get('latitude')
    longitude = business.get('longitude')
          # Calculate distance between user location and business location business_distance = self.cal_distance(user_location, [latitude, longitude])
          # Check if the business is within the specified distance if business_distance <= self.distance:
             business_ustance = business.copy()
business_with_distance = business.copy()
business_with_distance['distance'] = business_distance
self.ids_intocation.append(business_with_distance('business_id'])
businesses_within_distance.append(business_with_distance)
       ######## Todo: edge cas, what if
      If t <= 361

# If count is 0, increase self.distance by a certain amount
self.distance += 0.1
print('No businesses found within the current distance. Increasing distance to (self.distance).')
return self.get_business_within_distance(data, usen_location)
elif < > 1000
           perrussance -- o.;
print(f'Nor than 100 businesses found within the current distance. Decreasing distance to {self.distance}.')
return self.get_business_within_distance(data, user_location)
          # If count is within the desired range, update self.busine
self.business_withinLocation = businesses_within_distance
return businesses_within_distance
   except Exception as e:
    print(f'get_business_within_distance error with msg: {e}')
          def read_yelp_data(self, file_path = ''):
                 if file_path == '':
                        file_path = self.filepath_business
                         with open(file_path, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as file:
                                self.business_data = [json.loads(line) for line in file]
                       return self.business data
                 except FileNotFoundError:
                        print(f"File not found: {file_path}")
                         return None
                 except json.JSONDecodeError as e:
                         print(f"Error decoding JSON: {str(e)}")
                         return None
              # get city name by current ip
              def get_location_by_ip(self):
                             # Make a request to ipinfo.io to get information about your IP address
                              response = requests.get('https://ipinfo.io')
                              # Parse the JSON response
                              data = response.json()
                              # Extract location information
                              city = data.get('city', 'Unknown')
                              region = data.get('region', 'Unknown')
                              country = data.get('country', 'Unknown')
                              location = f'{city}, {region}, {country}'
                              return location
                      except Exception as e:
                              return f'Error: {str(e)}'
```

```
# get the address by the user ip address, return lat, long

def get_address_by_ip(self):
    try:

# If no IP address is provided, use the user's current IP address
if not self.ip_address:
    self.ip_address:
    self.ip_address = requests.get('https://api64.ipify.org?format=json').json().get('ip', '')

# Make a request to ipinfo.io to get information about the specified IP address
response = requests.get(f'https://ipinfo.io/{self.ip_address}')

# Parse the JSON response
data = response.json()

# Extract location information
loc_str = data.get('loc', 'Unknown')

# Split the coordinates and return as a tuple (latitude, longitude)
lat, long = loc_str.split(',')
return float(lat), float(long)
except Exception as e:
return ('error': str(e))
```

```
if <u>__name__</u> == "__main__":
   print("Choose an option to get recommendations:")
   print("1. Using location from the current address")
   print("2. Inserting an address")
   print("0. Exit")
   try:
        option = int(input("Enter the number corresponding to your choice: "))
        concierge = RestaurantConcierge()
       business_data = concierge.read_yelp_data()
        if option == 1:
            concierge.run_main()
       elif option == 2:
            address_insert = input("Enter the address you want to search: ")
            concierge.run_main(address_insert)
        elif option == 0:
            print('program will exit...see yall')
            exit()
            print("Invalid option. Please enter 1, 2, or 0.")
   except ValueError:
       print("Invalid input. Please enter a valid number.")
   except Exception as e:
       print(f"Error: {e}")
```

Code result:

Descript on the corner alones.

1. Sing position for the corner alones.

2. Descript on the corner alones.

2. Descript on the corner alones.

3. Descript on the corner alones.

3. Descript on the corner alones.

4. Descript on the corner alones.

4. Descript on the corner alones.

4. Descript on the corner alones.

5. Descript on the corner alones.

6. Description.

6.