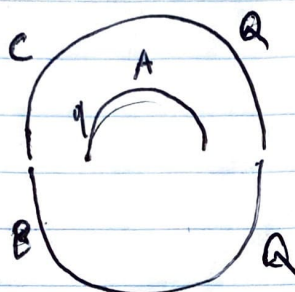
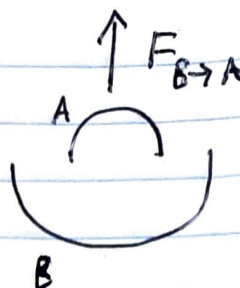
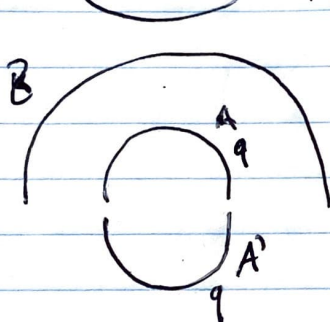


We seek  
 $F_{B \rightarrow A}$

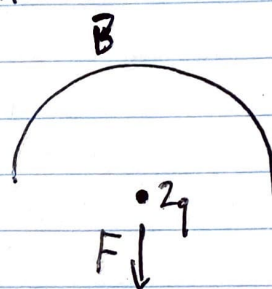


Suppose we flip B over  
Then force from B+C on A is  
zero by shell theorem

$$F_{B \rightarrow A} + F_{C \rightarrow A} = 0 \Rightarrow F_{C \rightarrow A} = -F_{B \rightarrow A}$$

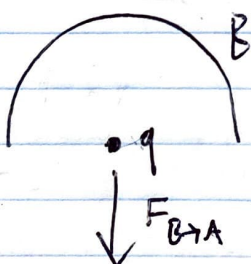


$=$

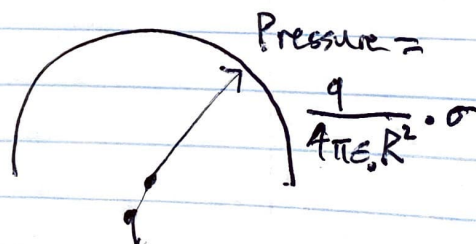
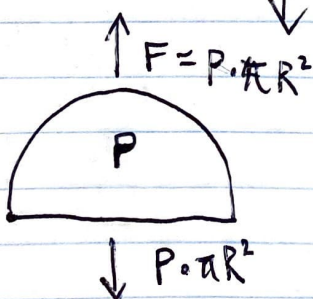


$$F_{B \rightarrow A+A'} = F_{B \rightarrow A} + F_{B \rightarrow A'} = 2 F_{B \rightarrow A}$$

So we have



This force computable  
with another trick



So we compute  $F_{B \rightarrow A} = \frac{q \sigma \cdot \pi R^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0 R^2}$

We have  $Q = 2\pi R^2 \sigma$

$$F_{B \rightarrow A} = \frac{Qq}{8\pi\epsilon_0 R^2}$$