Pyodide: a Python distribution for the browser

Hood Chatham, Roman Yurchak





About me

Roman Yurchak

Data scientist at Symerio

Core developer at Pyodide, previously scikit-learn

Working on industrial data problems at SAINT-GOB



@RomanYurchak



Agenda

1. What is Pyodide?

2. Use cases: interactive computing, education, ML

3. Latest developments and outlook

Serverless Python apps for the web?

Problem

Python web apps are complicated:

- Frontend / JavaScript code
- Backend / Python code
- Infrastructure: server maintenance or cloud configuration

Goal

What if we could take a Python application, and run the code directly in the browser?

Now possible with WebAssembly!

See Peter Wang's keynote at PyCon US this morning.

Python in the browser with Pyodide: an overview

What is WebAssembly?

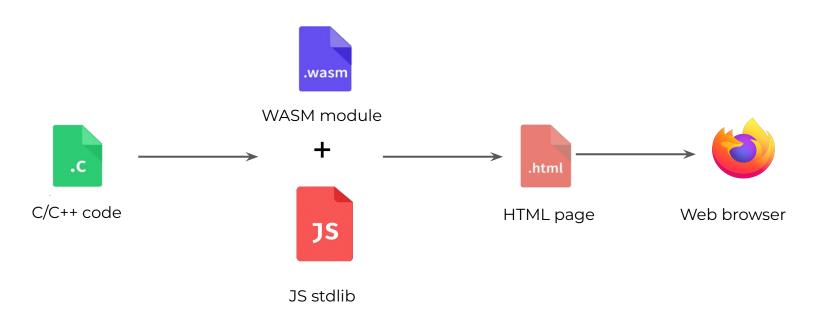


A binary instruction format for a stack-based virtual machine

- Portable
- Small code size
- Secure
- No standard APIs or syscalls, only an import mechanism
- Implemented in browsers
- Can also be executed in non-web environments



Emscripten is a complete compiler toolchain targeting WebAssembly



https://emscripten.org/

Pyodide Components



+ Python/Javascript Foreign function interface



WASM + Javascript stdlib











micropip Pure python wheels from PyPi







Upstream CPython WASM work

Since 2018 Pyodide was building CPython with many patches.

In 2022 work started on adding WASM build targets in CPython upstream.

Lots of improvements and fixes in Python 3.11.a7+ (cpython#84461)

- Upstreaming of Pyodide patches
- Contributing Emscripten fixes
- More of CPython test suite passes
- Planned Tier 3 support

See Christian Heimes' keynote at PyConDE 2022

Thanks to Christian Heimes, Brett Cannon, and Ethan Smith.

This will make Pyodide more sustainable.

Related projects

A number of other projects also allow to run Python in the browser:

- **Brython**: Python 3 javascript implementation + parts of the stdlib
- **pypy.js**: PyPy compiled to asm.js (no longer maintained)
- **6** RustPython: using the Rust toolchain to build for WASM

For practical usage, compatibility and access to the package ecosystem is critical.

Pure Python packages with micropip

Installed with micropip, if wheels available:

- from PyPI or arbitrary location
- rudimentary dependency resolution



Some packages need to be patched,

- with ongoing effort to upstream fixes

Examples

See PEP 427:

- -py3-none-any.whl -> pure Python wheel
- -cp38-manylinux1_x86_64.whl -> Linux wheel (not compatible with pyodide)

Packages with binary extensions

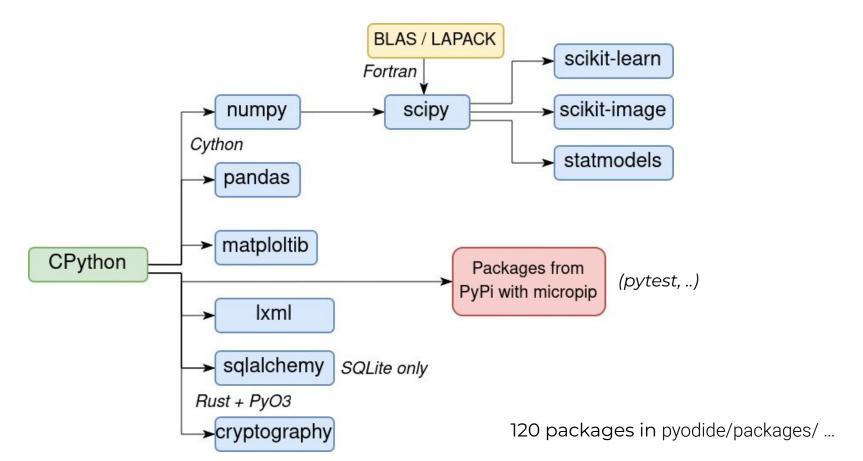
Need to use the Pyodide build system (write a meta.yaml, similar to conda)

- A cross-compilation setup, now building wheels
- Recent support for pypa/build for build isolation
- Additional post-processing: unvendoring tests as separate packages
- Still a long way to a wheel standard for WASM, before their support on PyPI
 - No stable ABI in Emscripten

Wheels distributed via **9** JSDelivr.

There are also other more conda / conda-forge oriented initiatives (emscripten-forge).

Supported Python packages in Pyodide



Foreign function interface (JS ↔ Python)

Using Javascript from Python

A Javascript object in global scope can be imported into Python

```
from js import setTimeout
setTimeout(f, 100)
```

Using Python from Javascript

A Python object in global scope can be accessed from Javascript

```
let sum = pyodide.globals.get("sum");
sum([1, 3, 4]); // 8
```

- Automatic conversion of simple native types (float, str, int, ...,)
- Other types are proxied

Example: Python utils from JavaScript

```
const functools =
pyodide.pyimport("functools");
functools.reduce((x,y) => x*y, [1,2,3,4]);

const math = pyodide.pyimport("math");
math.lcm(4, 6, 13); # Least common multiple
```

Example: random.sample

From Javascript:

```
const random = pyodide.pyimport("random");
random.sample(
    pyodide.toPy(['red', 'blue']),
    5
).toJs();
```

Example: random.sample

A Python random.sample wrapper for use from Javascript:

```
def random_sample_from_js(space, n):
    from pyodide import to_js
    from random import sample

    space_py = space.to_py()
    result = sample(space_py, n)
    return to_js(result)
```

Examples: fetch API from Python

```
from js import fetch

response = await fetch("example.com", method="GET",

redirect="error")

text = await response.text()
```

Examples: Buffers

Can use numpy arrays with Javascript ndarray libraries (e.g., video processing)

```
function editBuffer(x, idx) {
   let buf = x.getBuffer();
   buf.data[idx] *= 3;
   buf.release();
pyodide.runPython( `
   from js import editBuffer
   ar = np.arange(10, dtype=np.float)
   editBuffer(ar, 3)
`);
```

Emscripten Host Environment

Features

- 32 bit architecture
- (Javascript) Memory Filesystem
- System calls implemented in Javascript

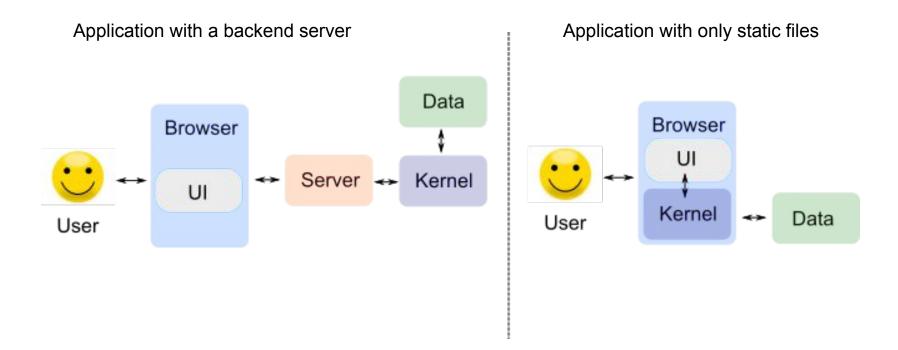
Limitations

- No subprocess, no threading (theoretically possible, significant work needed)
- No sockets
- Not all syscalls are implemented in Emscripten
- Difficult to use traditional I/O

Some use cases

Interactive computing Education
Machine learning

Client-only Architecture



Client-only Web Apps in Python

Usability

No Python installation needed, just open a web page

Scalability

Serving static files is easy, scales well to a large number of users

- No need for extensive backend infrastructure / maintenance effort

Packages only downloaded once, then cached in the browser

Client-only Web Apps in Python

Privacy

All calculations run locally, no data sent to a remote server

- Good for users
- Good for developers (less GDPR related paperwork)

See: "Analyzing sensitive data at scale doesn't have to be a headache" by Tambe Tabitha

www.socialfinance.org.uk/blogs/analysing-sensitive-data-scale-doesn't-have-be-headache

A growing ecosystem

Pyscript: a framework to create rich Python applications in the browser using HTML pyscript.net/ (see Peter Wang's keynote at PyCon US)

- Irydium: Interactive documents and data visualizations in markdown irydium.dev
- React + Pyodide: using a JavaScript framework in Python blog.pyodide.org/posts/react-in-python-with-pyodide/
- wc-code: running Python code snippets with HTML tags github.com/vanillawc/wc-code

Notebook environments



jupyterlite.readthedocs.io

Many other interactive computing projects:

- Starboard Notebook: The shareable in-browser notebook starboard.gg/#python
- Basthon: Static version of Jupyter notebook notebook.basthon.fr (in French)

Pyolite - A Python kernel backed by Pyodide



```
[1]: import pyolite
    pyolite.__version__
[1]: '0.1.0b5'

    Display
[2]: from IPython.display import Markdown, HTML, JSON, Latex

HTML
[3]: print('Before display')
    s = '<hl>HTML Title</hl>'
    display(HTML(s))
    print('After display')
    Before display

HTML Title
    After display

Markdown
```

Pyodide in Education

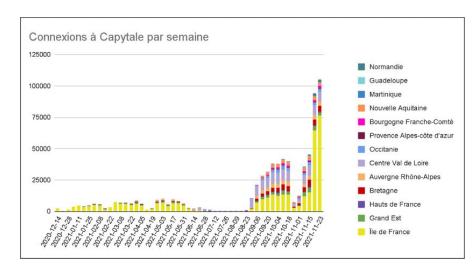
Python is taught in French high schools:

- Python installation is time consuming and teachers can't spend time on it
- A centralized server infrastructure to run code is costly

A notebook solution (Basthon) backed by Pyodide is now used in as part of the Capytale project.

100k+ weekly users with a minimal effort of serving static files.

Many other efforts for education and research: futurecoder, EngineeringPaper.xyz, ...



Deploying machine learning models

Classical workflow

- 1. Train the machine learning (ML) model
- 2. Serialize model to disk
- 3. Develop a web service
- 4. Package in a container (Docker)
- 5. Deploy on a server

What format do you use to serialize @scikit_leaproduction?	rn models in
Pickle	85.7%
PMML	3.8%
ONNX	8.3%
sklearn-porter	2.3%
133 votes · Final results	

Tools for ML inference with WASM support







Fast, small model size but restricted to predefined operators...

Deploying scikit-learn models in Pyodide

Use pickle?

Unsafe, brittle to environment changes but portable and non opaque

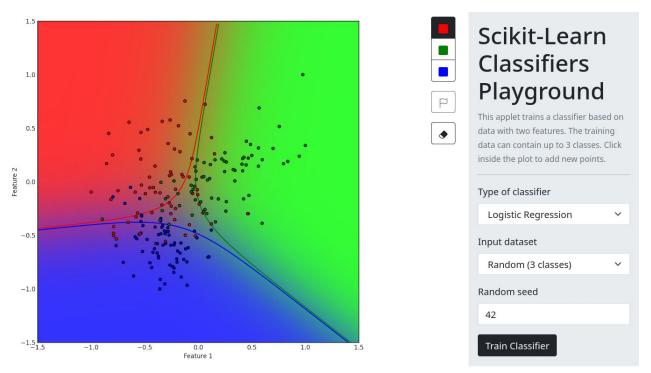
Steps

- Create an environment with the same Python and dependencies versions as Pyodide
- 2. Pickle the model (pickle.dumps) and deserialize it in pyodide (pickle.loads)
- Run inference from JS

Training can also happen directly on the client.

Classifier decision boundary example

A React app to train scikit-learn classifiers online, using synthetic datasets by Stefano Meschiari



Latest developments and outlook

Packaging SciPy and Fortran

There is no working Fortran compiler with based on LLVM with WASM support

- WIP: LFortran, Flang classic, Flang
- gcc plugin ⇒ LLVM IR from gfortran

Instead we use f2c...

"f2c is a program to convert Fortran 77 to C code, developed at Bell Laboratories"

but f2c also doesn't work for us

We use a mixture of automatic Fortran source transformations, automatic C transformations, and manual patches... =(

Function Pointer Cast Handling

- Python C extensions define Python functions in C, but with the wrong number of arguments.
- The C standard says this is undefined behavior, most C compilers generate correct code.
- WASM checks the signature of function pointers when it calls them call_indirect (i32, i32) -> i32 function_ptr

Function Pointer Cast Handling

```
// C extension
PyObject* do something(PyObject *self)
 // ... do stuff
 PY RETURN NONE;
PyMethodDef do something def = {
  "do something", // the name
  (PyCFunction) do something, // Function pointer cast!!
 METH NOARGS, // the calling convention
};
// Called from the interpreter in methodobject.c:
PyObject *result = meth(PyCFunction GET SELF(func), NULL);
```

Function Pointer Cast Handling

- Python C extensions define Python functions in C, but with the wrong number of arguments.
- The C standard says this is undefined behavior, most C compilers generate correct code.
- WASM checks the signature of function pointers when it calls them call_indirect (i32, i32) -> i32 function_ptr

- Javascript ⇒ Wasm calls are flexible
 so use a trampoline call Wasm ⇒ Javascript ⇒ Wasm
- upstreamed into Python 3.11! cpython#32189

Detailed discussion: <u>blog.pyodide.org/posts/function-pointer-cast-handling/</u>

Getting http.client to work (WIP)

Sockets don't work in WASM VM ⇒ use fetch

Problem

Synchronous C / Python APIs wish to consume asynchronous browser APIs.

Solution

- Run Pyodide in a Worker (browser version of processes),
- send requests to a separate thread,
- use Atomics API to block for thread to complete

WIP: github.com/hoodmane/synclink

Example

- Can use Chrome FileSystem API to mount a native directory into Pyodide
- Apps can write directly into user's host OS file system

github.com/hoodmane/worker-pyodide-console/tree/nativefs

Asyncio in the browser

Each browser thread comes with an event loop.

Pyodide has WebLoop

- Schedule tasks on the browser event loop

Limitations

- We cannot block ⇒ asyncio.run_until_complete cannot work as expected
- No control over event loop lifecycle

Benefits

- No need to control event loop lifecycle!

Download sizes for packages

Download size is not an optimisation criterion in the Python ecosystem (unlike for JS)

Historically large packages (e.g. scipy)

Inclusions of test files in the main package (e.g. import numpy.tests)

Example of loading pandas

200	GET	distutils.tar	x-tar	961.10 KB	960 KB
200	GET	favicon.ico	x-icon	667 B	766 B
200	GET	jquery	js	32.36 KB	87.40 KB
200	GET	jquery.terminal.min.css	CSS	5.30 KB	22.83 KB
200	GET	jquery.terminal.min.js	js	54.38 KB	162.60 KB
200	GET	numpy-1.22.3-cp310-cp310-emscripten_wasm32.whl	octet	3.53 MB	3.53 MB
200	GET	packages.json	json	5.86 KB	27.39 KB
200	GET	pandas-1.4.2-cp310-cp310-emscripten_wasm32.whl	octet	4.97 MB	4.97 MB
200	GET	pyodide.asm.data	wasm	3.21 MB	5.14 MB
200	GET	pyodide.asm.js	js	315.25 KB	1.91 MB
200	GET	pyodide.asm.wasm	wasm	3.04 MB	9.05 MB
200	GET	pyodide.js	js	14.75 KB	44.92 KB
200	GET	pyodide_py.tar	x-tar	101.13 KB	100 KB
200	GET	pyparsing-3.0.7-py3-none-any.whl	octet	96.89 KB	95.75 KB
200	GET	python_dateutil-2.8.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl	octet	243.04 KB	241.90 KB
200	GET	pytz-2022.1-py2.py3-none-any.whl	octet	492.86 KB	491.72 KE
200	GET	setuptools-62.0.0-py3-none-any.whl	octet	773.12 KB	771.98 KE
200	GET	six-1.16.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl	octet	11.93 KB	10.79 KB
Ō	20 re	quests 27.56 MB / 17.79 MB transferred Finish:	14.27 s	DOMConte	entLoaded:

Make Python package sizes web friendly

Break large packages in smaller parts

- Makes it difficult to reuse existing dependency lists

Use a bundler tool

- Detect modules used at runtime, create a separate archive with those
- The code to run needs be known in advance

Dynamic imports

- Fetch Python modules as they are loaded
- performance concerns

Wait for the average web page size to grow larger (1 MB in 2012, 2 MB in 2018) ...

Roadmap

- Keep up with Emscripten releases (fixes, size and performance improvements)
- Upstream package patches (Numpy)
- Support for synchronous I/O and web workers
- Reimplement some stdlib modules (e.g. http.client) with Web APIs
- Reduce size of packages
- Improve sustainability of the package build system
- Threading?

pyodide.org/en/stable/project/roadmap.html

Also much exciting work to be done upstream and downstream

New contributors are very welcome!

Many low hanging fruit in the Python for WASM ecosystem.



Acknowledgements

Pyodide project

Michael Droettboom

Gyeongjae Choi

Joe Marshal

Henry Schreiner

Dexter Chua

Community

Emscripten

Alon Zakai and Sam Clegg

CPython

Christian Heimes, Brett Cannon, Ethan Smith

JupyterLite, Basthon, pyscript, Irydium maintainers

Pyodide committers and users who engaged in discussions on the issue tracker

Pyodide sponsors (1)



Iodide team Brendan Colloran, Hamilton Ulmer, Will Lachance

Python package maintainers for reviewing patches to improve Pyodide compatibility



Thank you!

github.com/pyodide/pyodide

Join us at the PyCon sprints

@pyodide

roberthoodchatham@gmail.com

@RomanYurchak