IEEE P802.3.2a™/D0.5

Draft Standard for
Ethernet YANG Data Model Definition

Prepared by the

LAN/MAN Standards Committee
of the
IEEE Computer Society

This draft is a revision of IEEE Std 802.3.2-2019. Draft D0.5 is prepared for the Task force review. This draft expires 6 months after the date of publication or when the next version is published, whichever comes first.

Abstract: YANG models for IEEE Std 802.3 are defined in this standard. This standard also publishes these models in a machine-readable format.

Keywords: 802.3, 802.3.2, Ethernet, YANG

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Participants

The following individuals were officers and members of the IEEE 802.3 Working Group at the beginning of the IEEE P802.3.2a Working Group ballot.

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31 The following members of the individual balloting committee voted on this standard. Balloters may have
32 voted for approval, disapproval, or abstention.
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Introduction

The YANG modules included in this standard provide YANG versions of attributes defined in IEEE Std 802.3™-2022, Clause 30, as well as derivative attributes defined in other management information bases (e.g., SNMP attributes included in IEEE Std 802.3.1, YANG versions of IETF Etherlike MIB attributes, etc.). The YANG modules defined in this standard accommodate IEEE Std 802.3-2022, excluding any currently published or future amendments.

IEEE Std 802.3 will continue to evolve. New Ethernet capabilities are anticipated to be added within the next few years as amendments to this standard.

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IEEE Standard for Ethernet YANG Data Model Definitions

1. Overview

This standard defines YANG modules for various Ethernet devices specified in IEEE Std 802.3. This includes half-duplex and full-duplex data terminal equipment (DTE) using either Carrier Sense Multiple Access/Collision Detection (CSMA/CD) or Multipoint Control Protocol (MPCP), and Power Sourcing Equipment (PSE).

1.1 Scope

This standard defines YANG data models for IEEE Std 802.3 Ethernet.

1.2 Purpose

The purpose of the standard is to define YANG modules for IEEE Std 802.3 and publish these modules in a machine-readable format.

1.3 Machine-readable YANG modules

The machine-readable files are available for download at the following URL: https://github.com/YangModels/yang/tree/master/standard/ieee/published/802.3 as text files with a *.yang* extension, e.g., *ieee802-ethernet-interface.yang*. The use of specialized tools to view YANG modules may be useful to create tree, UML image, and HTML outputs from the YANG modules.

Like other languages, YANG (see IETF RFC 7950) has an accepted style for machine-readable files, which was followed during the development of this standard. This formatting may not be preserved when importing the machine-readable YANG modules into the PDF. In case of any formatting discrepancies, the published machine-readable files should be consulted.

1.4 Summary of YANG-based management framework

The structure of YANG-based management framework closely resembles the structure of the Internet-Standard Management Framework, described in detail in section 7 of IETF RFC 3410.

Managed objects defined using YANG modeling language are hosted on the managed device and accessed through NETCONF (see IETF RFC 7803) or RESTCONF (see IETF RFC 8040). This standard specifies YANG modules that are compliant to YANG 1.1 (see IETF RFC 7950).

1.5 Security considerations

The YANG modules defined in this standard are designed to be accessed via network management protocols, including NETCONF (see IETF RFC 7803) or RESTCONF (see IETF RFC 8040). The lowest NETCONF layer is the secure transport layer, and the mandatory-to-implement secure transport is Secure Shell (SSH) (see IETF RFC 6242) or TLS (see IETF RFC 8446). The lowest RESTCONF layer is HTTPS, and the mandatory-to-implement secure transport is TLS (see IETF RFC 8446).

The NETCONF access control model (see IETF RFC 8341) provides the means to restrict access for particular NETCONF or RESTCONF users to a pre-configured subset of all available NETCONF or RESTCONF protocol operations and content.

There are a number of data nodes defined in these YANG modules that are writable/creatable/deletable, i.e., have the config property set to true, which is the default setting. These data nodes may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. Write operations (e.g., edit-config) to these data nodes without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations.

Some of the readable data nodes in these YANG modules may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. It is thus important to control read access (e.g., via get, get-config, or notification) to these data nodes.

Some of the RPC operations in these YANG modules may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. Therefore, it is important to control access to these operations.

1.6 YANG module syntax validation

All YANG modules included in this standard are YANG 1.1 (see IETF RFC 7950) compliant and pass automated checks using tools available at the time of publication.

The following open source and/or free versions of YANG validation tools may be used: Pyang (see https://github.com/mbj4668/pyang), ConfD (see http://www.tail-f.com/confd-basic), as well as other YANG model validation tools listed at http://www.yangvalidator.com.

2. Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document (i.e., they must be understood and used, so each referenced document is cited in text and its relationship to this document is explained). For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments or corrigenda) applies.

IEEE Std 802®-2014, IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks: Overview and Architecture.[f, g]

IEEE Std 802d™-2017, IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks: Overview and Architecture Amendment 1: Allocation of Uniform Resource Name (URN) Values in IEEE 802 Standards.

IEEE Std 802.1Q™-2014, IEEE Standard for Local and metropolitan area networks—Bridges and Bridged Networks.

IEEE Std 802.3™-2018, IEEE Standard for Ethernet.

IEEE Std 802.3.1™-2013, IEEE Standard for Management Information Base (MIB) Definitions for Ethernet.

IETF RFC 2819, Remote Network Monitoring Management Information Base, S. Waldbusser, May 2000.[h]

IETF RFC 3410, *Introduction and Applicability Statements for Internet Standard Management Framework*, J. Case, R. Mundy, D. Partain, B. Stewart, December 2002.

IETF RFC 3621, *Power Ethernet MIB*, A. Berger, December 2003

IETF RFC 3635, *Definitions of Managed Objects for the Ethernet-like Interface Types*, J. Flick, September 2003.

IETF RFC 6242, *Using the NETCONF Protocol over Secure Shell (SSH)*, Wasserman M, June 2011.

IETF RFC 6991, *Common YANG Data Types*, Schoenwaelder J., July 2013.

IETF RFC 7803, *Changing the Registration Policy for the NETCONF Capability URNs Registry*, B. Leiba February 2016.

IETF RFC 7950, *The YANG 1.1 Data Modeling Language*, Bjorklund M., August 2016.

IETF RFC 8040, *RESTCONF Protocol*, Bierman A., Bjorklund M., and Watsen K., January 2017.

IETF RFC 8342, *Network Management Datastore Architecture (NMDA)*, M. Bjorklund, J. Schoenwaelder, P. Shafer, K. Watsen, and R. Wilton, March 2018.

IETF RFC 8341, *Network Configuration Access Control Model*, A. Bierman and M. Bjorklund, March 2018.

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IETF RFC 8343, *A YANG Data Model for Interface Management*, Bjorklund, M., March 2018.

IETF RFC 8407, *Guidelines for Authors and Reviewers of YANG Data Model Documents*, Bierman A., October 2018.

IETF RFC 8446, *The Transport Layer Security (TLS) Protocol Version 1.3*, E. Rescorla, August 2018.

3. Definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply. Some terms used in this document are defined in IEEE Std 802.3, and where alternative definitions occur in the IEEE Standards Dictionary, the IEEE Std 802.3 definition should be used. The *IEEE Standards Dictionary Online* should be consulted for terms not defined in this clause.[i]

3.1 data model: A data model describes how data is represented and accessed.

3.2 YANG module: A YANG module defines a hierarchy of nodes that can be used for NETCONF-based (see IETF RFC 7803) and RESTCONF-based (see IETF RFC 8040) operations. With its definitions and the definitions it imports or includes from elsewhere, a module is self-contained and can be compiled.

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[i]*IEEE Standards Dictionary Online* is available at: http://dictionary.ieee.org/.

4. Abbreviations

This standard contains the following abbreviations:

CO	Central Office
CPE	Customer Premise Equipment
CSMA/CD	carrier sense multiple access with collision detection
DTE	data terminal equipment
EFM	Ethernet in the First Mile
ELO	Ethernet Link OAM
EPON	Ethernet passive optical networks
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
IETF	Internet Engineering Task Force
NETCONF	Network Configuration Protocol
OAM	Operations, Administration, and Maintenance
PoE	Power over Ethernet
RESTCONF	RESTful Configuration Protocol
YANG	Yet Another Next Generation

5. Ethernet YANG Module

5.1 YANG module structure

Two modules defined in this clause are focused on the configuration and monitoring of IEEE Std 802.3 Ethernet interfaces. The *ieee802-ethernet-interface* YANG module contains definitions of current attributes used widely in the industry in current products, while the *ieee802-ethernet-interface-half-duplex* YANG module contains definitions of half-duplex attributes. The *ieee802-ethernet-lldp* YANG module contains definitions for configuring LLDP for IEEE Std 802.3 compliant interfaces.

This standard does not have a normative requirement for data nodes of the base ietf-interfaces YANG module, but the following data nodes are supported: name, description, type, enabled, admin-status, oper-status, if-index, and phys-address.

5.2 Mapping of IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30 managed objects

This subclause contains the mapping between YANG data nodes included in *ieee802-ethernet-interface* (see Table 5–1), *ieee802-ethernet-interface-half-duplex* (see Table 5–4), and *ieee802-ethernet-lldp* (see Table 5–6) YANG modules, managed objects, and attributes defined in IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30.

Table 5–1—Mapping between IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30 managed objects and *ieee802-ethernet-interface* YANG data nodes

| IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30 | | Reference | Corresponding *ieee802-ethernet-interface* YANG data nodes | | |
Managed object(s)	Attribute(s)		Container(s)	Data node(s)	R/W
oAutoNegoti-aion	acAutoNegAdminControl	30.6.1.2.2	interfaces/interface/ethernet/	auto-negotiation/enable	R/W
	aAutoNegAutoConfig	30.6.1.1.4		negotiation-status	R
N/A	N/A			flow-control/pause/direction	R/W
oMACControl-FunctionEntity	aPAUSEMACCtrlFramesReceived	30.3.4.3		flow-control/pause/statistics/in-frames-pause	R
	aPAUSEMACCtrlFramesTransmitted	30.3.4.2		flow-control/pause/statistics/out-frames-pause	R
N/A	dot3HCOutPFCFrames				
N/A	N/A			flow-control/force-flow-control	R/W
N/A	N/A			speed	R/W
oMACEntity	aDuplexStatus	30.3.1.1.32		duplex	R/W
	aMaxFrameLength	30.3.1.1.37		max-frame-length	R
	aSlowProtocolFrameLimit	30.3.1.1.38		frame-limit-slow-protocol	R
oEXTENSION	aEXTENSIONMACCtrlStatus	30.3.8.3		mac-control-extension-control	R
N/A	N/A			capabilities/auto-negotiation	R

IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30			Corresponding *ieee802-ethernet-interface* YANG data nodes		
Managed object(s)	Attribute(s)	Reference	Container(s)	Data node(s)	R/W
oMACEntity	aFramesReceivedOK	30.3.1.1.5	interfaces/interface/ethernet/statistics/frame	in-frames	R
	aMulticastFramesReceivedOK	30.3.1.1.21		in-multicast-frames	R
	aBroadcastFramesReceivedOK	30.3.1.1.22		in-broadcast-frames	R
	aFrameCheckSequenceErrors + aAlignmentErrors	30.4.3.1.6, 30.4.3.1.7		in-error-fcs-frames	R
oMACEntity	aFrameTooLongErrors	30.3.1.1.25		in-error-oversize-frames	R
	aFramesLostDueToIntMACRcvError	30.3.1.1.15		in-error-mac-internal-frames	R
	aFramesTransmittedOK	30.3.1.1.2		out-frames	R
	aMulticastFramesXmittedOK	30.3.1.1.18		out-multicast-frames	R
	aBroadcastFramesXmittedOK	30.3.1.1.19		out-broadcast-frames	R
	aFramesLostDueToIntMACXmitError	30.3.1.1.12		out-error-mac-internal-frames	R
oPHYEntity	aSymbolErrorDuringCarrier	30.3.2.1.5	interfaces/interface/ethernet/statistics/phy	in-error-symbol	R
	aReceiveLPITransitions	30.3.2.1.11	interfaces/interface/ethernet/statistics/phy/lpi	in-lpi-transitions	R
	aReceiveLPIMicroseconds	30.3.2.1.9		in-lpi-time	R
	aTransmitLPITransitions	30.3.2.1.10		out-lpi-transitions	R
	aTransmitLPIMicroseconds	30.3.2.1.8		out-lpi-time	R

Table 5–1—Mapping between IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30 managed objects and *ieee802-ethernet-interface* YANG data nodes *(continued)*

IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30		Reference	Corresponding *ieee802-ethernet-interface* YANG data nodes		
Managed object(s)	Attribute(s)		Container(s)	Data node(s)	R/W
oMACControlEntity	aUnsupportedOpcodesReceived	30.3.3.5	interfaces/interface/ethernet/statistics/mac-control	in-frames-mac-control-unknown	R
oEXTENSION	aEXTENSIONMACCtrlFramesReceived	30.3.8.2		in-frames-mac-control-extension	R
	aEXTENSIONMACCtrlFramesTransmitted	30.3.8.1		out-frames-mac-control-extension	R

Table 5–2—Mapping between IETF RFC 2819 managed objects and *ieee802-ethernet-interface* YANG data nodes

IETF RFC 2819 Attribute(s)	Corresponding *ieee802-ethernet-interface* YANG data nodes		
	Container(s)	Data node(s)	R/W
no direct object[a]	interfaces/interface/ethernet/statistics/frame	in-total-frames	R
etherStatsOctets		in-total-octets	R
etherStatsUndersizePkts + etherStatsFragments		in-error-undersize-frames	R

[a] Can be calculated as: aFramesReceivedOK + aFrameCheckSequenceErrors + aAlignmentErrors + aFrameTooLongErrors + aFramesLostDueToIntMACRcvError.

Table 5–3—Mapping between IETF RFC 3635 managed objects and *ieee802-ethernet-interface* YANG data nodes

ETHERLIKE MIB Attribute(s)	Corresponding *ieee802-ethernet-interface* YANG data nodes		
	Container(s)	Data node(s)	R/W
dot3HCInPFCFrames	interfaces/interface/ethernet/	flow-control/pfc{ethernet-pfc} / statistics/in-frames-pfc	R
dot3HCOutPFCFrames		flow-control/pfc{ethernet-pfc} / statistics/out-frames-pfc	R

Table 5–4—Mapping between IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30 managed objects and *ieee802-ethernet-interface-half-duplex* YANG data nodes

IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30		Reference	Corresponding *ieee802-ethernet-interface-half-duplex* YANG data nodes		
Managed object(s)	Attribute(s)		Container(s)	Data node(s)	R/W
oMACEntity	aRateControlAbility	30.3.1.1.33	interfaces/interface/ethernet	dynamic-rate-control	R/W
			interfaces/interface/ethernet/capability	dynamic-rate-control-supported	R
oPHYEntity	aSQETestErrors	30.3.2.1.4	interfaces/interface/ethernet/statistics/frame/ csmacd{csma-cd}	in-errors-sqe-test	R
oMACEntity	aSingleCollisionFrames	30.3.1.1.3		out-frames-collision-single	R
	aMultipleCollisionFrames	30.3.1.1.4		out-frames-collision-multiple	R
	aFramesWithDeferredXmissions	30.3.1.1.9		out-frames-deferred	R
	aFramesAbortedDueToXSColls	30.3.1.1.11		out-frames-collisions-excessive	R
	aLateCollisions	30.3.1.1.10		out-collisions-late	R
	aCarrierSenseErrors	30.3.1.1.13		out-errors-carrier-sense	R
	aCollisionFrames	30.3.1.1.30		collision-histogram/collision-count	R
				collision-histogram/collision-count-frames	R

Table 5–5—Mapping between IEEE Std 802.3, 30.14 managed objects and *ieee802-ethernet-mac-merge* YANG data nodes

IEEE Std 802.3, 30.14			Corresponding *ieee802-ethernet-mac-merge* YANG data nodes		
Managed object(s)	Attribute(s)	Reference	Container(s)	Data node(s)	R/W
oMacMer-geEntity	aMACMergeSupport	30.14.1.1	Interfaces/interface/ethernet/mac-merge/admin-status	merge-support	R
	aMACMergeStatusVerify	30.14.1.2		verify-status	R
	aMACMergeStatusTx	30.14.1.5		status-tx	R
	aMACMergeEnableTx	30.14.1.3	Interfaces/interface/ethernet/mac-merge/admin-control	merge-enable-tx	R/W
	aMACMergeVerifyDisableTx	30.14.1.4		verify-disable-tx	R/W
	aMACMergeVerifyTime	30.14.1.6		verify-time	R/W
	aMACMergeAddFragSize	30.14.1.7		frag-size	R/W
	aMACMergeFrameAssErrorCount	30.14.1.8	Interfaces/interface/ethernet/mac-merge/statistics	assembly-error-count	R
	aMACMergeFrameSmdErrorCount	30.14.1.9		smd-error-count	R
	aMACMergeFrameAssOkCount	30.14.1.10		assembly-ok-count	R
	aMACMergeFragCountRx	30.14.1.11		fragment-count-rx	R
	aMACMergeFragCountTx	30.14.1.12		fragment-count-tx	R
	aMACMergeHoldCount	30.14.1.13		hold-count	R

Table 5–6—Mapping between IEEE Std 802.3, 30.14 managed objects and *ieee802-ethernet-lldp* YANG data nodes

IEEE Std 802.3, 30.14		Reference	Corresponding *ieee802-ethernet-lldp* YANG data nodes		
Managed object(s)	Attribute(s)		Container(s)	Data node(s)	R/W
oLldpXdot3Config	aLldpXdot3PortConfigTLVsTxEnable	30.12.1.1.1	lldp/port	tlvs-port-config-enable	R/W
oLldpXdot3LocSystemsGroup	aLldpXdot3LocPortAutoNegSupported	30.12.2.1.1		auto-negotiation-supported	R
	aLldpXdot3LocPortAutoNegEnabled	30.12.2.1.2		auto-negotiation-enabled	R
	aLldpXdot3LocPortAutoNegAdvertisedCap	30.12.2.1.3		auto-negotiation-cap	R
	aLldpXdot3LocPortOperMauType	30.12.2.1.4		operational-mau-type	R
	aLldpXdot3LocPowerPortClass	30.12.2.1.5		power-port-class	R
	aLldpXdot3LocPowerMDISupported	30.12.2.1.6		mdi-power-supported	R
	aLldpXdot3LocPowerMDIEnabled	30.12.2.1.7		mdi-power-enabled	R
	aLldpXdot3LocPowerPairControllable	30.12.2.1.8		power-pair-controlable	R
	aLldpXdot3LocPowerPairs	30.12.2.1.9		power-pairs	R
	aLldpXdot3LocPowerClass	30.12.2.1.10		local-power-class	R
	aLldpXdot3LocLinkAggStatus	30.12.2.1.11		link-aggregation-status	R
	aLldpXdot3LocLinkAggPortId	30.12.2.1.12		aggregation-port-id	R
	aLldpXdot3LocMaxFrameSize	30.12.2.1.13		local-max-frame-size	R
	aLldpXdot3LocPowerType	30.12.2.1.14		power-type	R
	aLldpXdot3LocPowerSource	30.12.2.1.15		power-source	R
	aLldpXdot3LocPowerPriority	30.12.2.1.16		local-power-priority	R/W
	aLldpXdot3LocPDRequestedPowerValue	30.12.2.1.17		pd-requested-power-value	R
Editorial note (to be removed prior to publication): Continue when YANG has been updated from supporting 802.3-2015 to 802.3-2022					

Table 5–6—Mapping between IEEE Std 802.3, 30.14 managed objects and *ieee802-ethernet-lldp* YANG data nodes

IEEE Std 802.3, 30.14		Reference	Corresponding *ieee802-ethernet-lldp* YANG data nodes		
Managed object(s)	Attribute(s)		Container(s)	Data node(s)	R/W
oLldpXdot3RemSystemsGroup	aLldpXdot3RemPortAutoNegSupported	30.12.3.1.1	lldp/port/remote-systems-data	auto-negotiation-supported	R
	aLldpXdot3RemPortAutoNegEnabled	30.12.3.1.2		auto-negotiation-enabled	R
	aLldpXdot3RemPortAutoNegAdvertisedCap	30.12.3.1.3		auto-negotiation-cap	R
	aLldpXdot3RemPortOperMauType	30.12.3.1.4		operational-mau-type	R
	aLldpXdot3RemPowerPortClass	30.12.3.1.5		power-port-class	R
	aLldpXdot3RemPowerMDISupported	30.12.3.1.6		mdi-power-supported	R
	aLldpXdot3RemPowerMDIEnabled	30.12.3.1.7		mdi-power-enabled	R
	aLldpXdot3RemPowerPairControllable	30.12.3.1.8		power-pair-controlable	R
	aLldpXdot3RemPowerPairs	30.12.3.1.9		power-pairs	R
	aLldpXdot3RemPowerClass	30.12.3.1.10		power-class	R
	aLldpXdot3RemLinkAggStatus	30.12.3.1.11		link-aggregation-status	R
	aLldpXdot3RemLinkAggPortId	30.12.3.1.12		aggregation-port-id	R
	aLldpXdot3RemMaxFrameSize	30.12.3.1.13		local-max-frame-size	R
	aLldpXdot3RemPowerType	30.12.3.1.14		power-type	R
	aLldpXdot3RemPowerSource	30.12.3.1.15		power-source	R
	aLldpXdot3RemPowerPriority	30.12.3.1.16		power-priority	R/W
	aLldpXdot3RemPDRequestedPowerValue	30.12.3.1.17		pd-requested-power-value	R
Editorial note (to be removed prior to publication): Continue when YANG has been updated from supporting 802.3-2015 to 802.3-2022					

5.3 YANG module definition[j]

The YANG module tree hierarchy uses terms defined in IETF RFC 8407.

5.3.1 Tree hierarchy

```
module: ieee802-ethernet-interface
  augment /if:interfaces/if:interface:
    +--rw ethernet
       +--rw auto-negotiation!
       |  +--rw enable?               boolean
       |  +--ro negotiation-status?   enumeration
       +--rw duplex?                            duplex-type
       +--rw speed?                             eth-if-speed-type
       +--rw flow-control
       |  +--rw pause {ethernet-pause}?
       |  |  +--rw direction?    pause-fc-direction-type
       |  |  +--ro statistics
       |  |     +--ro in-frames-pause?    yang:counter64
       |  |     +--ro out-frames-pause?   yang:counter64
       |  +--rw pfc {ethernet-pfc}?
       |  |  +--rw enable?       boolean
       |  |  +--ro statistics
       |  |     +--ro in-frames-pfc?    yang:counter64
       |  |     +--ro out-frames-pfc?   yang:counter64
       |  +--rw force-flow-control?   boolean
       +--ro max-frame-length?                  uint16
       +--ro mac-control-extension-control?   boolean
       +--ro frame-limit-slow-protocol?       uint64
       +--ro capabilities
       |  +--ro auto-negotiation?   boolean
       +--ro statistics
          +--ro frame
          |  +--ro in-total-frames?                 yang:counter64
```

---

[j]Copyright release for YANG modules: Users of this standard may freely reproduce the YANG module contained in this subclause so that it can be used for its intended purpose.

```
        |  +--ro in-total-octets?                    yang:counter64
        |  +--ro in-frames?                          yang:counter64
        |  +--ro in-multicast-frames?                yang:counter64
        |  +--ro in-broadcast-frames?                yang:counter64
        |  +--ro in-error-fcs-frames?                yang:counter64
        |  +--ro in-error-undersize-frames?          yang:counter64
        |  +--ro in-error-oversize-frames?           yang:counter64
        |  +--ro in-error-mac-internal-frames?       yang:counter64
        |  +--ro out-frames?                         yang:counter64
        |  +--ro out-multicast-frames?               yang:counter64
        |  +--ro out-broadcast-frames?               yang:counter64
        |  +--ro out-error-mac-internal-frames?   yang:counter64
        +--ro phy
        |  +--ro in-error-symbol?   yang:counter64
        |  +--ro lpi
        |     +--ro in-lpi-transitions?     yang:counter64
        |     +--ro in-lpi-time?            decimal64
        |     +--ro out-lpi-transitions?    yang:counter64
        |     +--ro out-lpi-time?           decimal64
        +--ro mac-control
           +--ro in-frames-mac-control-unknown?       yang:counter64
           +--ro in-frames-mac-control-extension?     yang:counter64
           +--ro out-frames-mac-control-extension?    yang:counter64

module: ieee802-ethernet-interface-half-duplex
  augment /if:interfaces/if:interface/ieee802-eth-if:ethernet:
    +--rw dynamic-rate-control?   dynamic-rate-control-type {dynamic-rate-control}?
  augment /if:interfaces/if:interface/ieee802-eth-if:ethernet/ieee802-eth-if:capabilities:
    +--ro dynamic-rate-control-supported?   boolean {dynamic-rate-control}?
      augment    /if:interfaces/if:interface/ieee802-eth-if:ethernet/ieee802-eth-if:statistics/ieee802-eth-
if:frame:
    +--ro csma-cd {csma-cd}?
       +--ro in-errors-sqe-test?               yang:counter64
       +--ro out-frames-collision-single?      yang:counter64
       +--ro out-frames-collision-multiple?    yang:counter64
       +--ro out-frames-deferred?              yang:counter64
```

```
        +--ro out-frames-collisions-excessive?   yang:counter64
        +--ro out-collisions-late?               yang:counter64
        +--ro out-errors-carrier-sense?          yang:counter64
        +--ro collision-histogram* [collision-count]
           +--ro collision-count           yang:counter64
           +--ro collision-count-frames?   yang:counter64

module ieee802-ethenet-mac-merge
   augment /if:interfaces/if:interface/ieee802-eth-if:ethernet:
     +--rw mac-merge {mac-merge}?
        +--rw admin-control
        |  +--rw merge-enable-tx?     enumeration
        |  +--rw verify-disable-tx?   enumeration
        |  +--rw verify-time?         uint16
        |  +--rw frag-size?           uint16
        +--ro admin-status
        |  +--ro merge-support?    enumeration
        |  +--ro verify-status?    enumeration
        |  +--ro status-tx?        enumeration
        +--ro statistics
        |  +--ro assembly-error-count?   yang:counter64
        |  +--ro smd-error-count?        yang:counter64
        |  +--ro assembly-ok-count?      yang:counter64
        |  +--ro fragment-count-rx?      yang:counter64
        |  +--ro fragment-count-tx?      yang:counter64
        |  +--ro hold-count?             yang:counter64

module: ieee802-dot1ab-lldp
   +--rw lldp
      +--rw message-fast-tx?            uint32
      +--rw message-tx-hold-multiplier?   uint32
      +--rw message-tx-interval?        uint32
      +--rw reinit-delay?               uint32
      +--rw tx-credit-max?              uint32
      +--rw tx-fast-init?               uint32
      +--rw notification-interval?      uint32
```

```
+--ro remote-statistics
|  +--ro last-change-time?   yang:timestamp
|  +--ro remote-inserts?     yang:zero-based-counter32
|  +--ro remote-deletes?     yang:zero-based-counter32
|  +--ro remote-drops?       yang:zero-based-counter32
|  +--ro remote-ageouts?     yang:zero-based-counter32
+--ro local-system-data
|  +--ro chassis-id-subtype?               ieee:chassis-id-subtype-type
|  +--ro chassis-id?                       ieee:chassis-id-type
|  +--ro system-name?                      string
|  +--ro system-description?               string
|  +--ro system-capabilities-supported?   lldp-types:system-capabilities-map
|  +--ro system-capabilities-enabled?     lldp-types:system-capabilities-map
+--rw port* [name dest-mac-address]
   +--rw name                                      if:interface-ref
   +--rw dest-mac-address                          ieee:mac-address
   +--rw admin-status?                             enumeration
   +--rw notification-enable?                      boolean
   +--rw tlvs-tx-enable?                           bits
   +--rw message-fast-tx?                          uint32
   +--rw message-tx-hold-multiplier?               uint32
   +--rw message-tx-interval?                      uint32
   +--rw reinit-delay?                             uint32
   +--rw tx-credit-max?                            uint32
   +--rw tx-fast-init?                             uint32
   +--rw notification-interval?                    uint32
   +--rw management-address-tx-port* [address-subtype man-address]
   |  +--rw address-subtype    identityref
   |  +--rw man-address        lldp-types:man-addr-type
   |  +--rw tx-enable?         boolean
   |  +--ro addr-len?          uint32
   |  +--ro if-subtype?        lldp-types:man-addr-if-subtype
   |  +--ro if-id?             uint32
   +--ro port-id-subtype?                          ieee:port-id-subtype-type
   +--ro port-id?                                  ieee:port-id-type
   +--ro port-desc?                                string
```

```
+--ro tx-statistics
|  +--ro total-frames?          yang:counter32
|  +--ro total-length-errors?   yang:counter32
+--ro rx-statistics
|  +--ro total-ageouts?            yang:zero-based-counter32
|  +--ro total-discarded-frames?   yang:counter32
|  +--ro error-frames?             yang:counter32
|  +--ro total-frames?             yang:counter32
|  +--ro total-discarded-tlvs?     yang:counter32
|  +--ro total-unrecognized-tlvs?  yang:counter32
+--ro remote-systems-data* [time-mark remote-index]
|  +--ro time-mark                              yang:timeticks
|  +--ro remote-index                           uint32
|  +--ro remote-too-many-neighbors?             boolean
|  +--ro remote-changes?                        boolean
|  +--ro chassis-id-subtype?                    ieee:chassis-id-subtype-type
|  +--ro chassis-id?                            ieee:chassis-id-type
|  +--ro port-id-subtype?                       ieee:port-id-subtype-type
|  +--ro port-id?                               ieee:port-id-type
|  +--ro port-desc?                             string
|  +--ro system-name?                           string
|  +--ro system-description?                    string
|  +--ro system-capabilities-supported?         lldp-types:system-capabilities-map
|  +--ro system-capabilities-enabled?           lldp-types:system-capabilities-map
|  +--ro management-address* [address-subtype address]
|  |  +--ro address-subtype    identityref
|  |  +--ro address            lldp-types:man-addr-type
|  |  +--ro if-subtype?        lldp-types:man-addr-if-subtype
|  |  +--ro if-id?             uint32
|  +--ro remote-unknown-tlv* [tlv-type]
|  |  +--ro tlv-type    uint32
|  |  +--ro tlv-info?   binary
|  +--ro remote-org-defined-info* [info-identifier info-subtype info-index]
|  |  +--ro info-identifier   uint32
|  |  +--ro info-subtype      uint32
|  |  +--ro info-index        uint32
```

```
|  |  +--ro remote-info?        binary
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:auto-negotiation-supported?    boolean
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:auto-negotiation-enabled?      boolean
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:auto-negotiation-cap?          binary
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:operational-mau-type?          int32
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:power-port-class?              port-class-type
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:mdi-power-supported?           boolean
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:mdi-power-enabled?             boolean
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:power-pair-controlable?        boolean
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:power-pairs?                   pse-pinout-type
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:power-class?                   pse-power-class-type
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:link-aggregation-status?       bits
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:aggregation-port-id?           int32
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:local-max-frame-size?          int32
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:power-type?                    bits
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:power-source?                  power-source-type
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:power-priority?                power-priority-type
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:pd-requested-power-value?      int32
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:pse-allocated-power-value?     int32
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:tx-system-value?               int32
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:tx-system-value-echo?          int32
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:rx-system-value?               int32
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:rx-system-value-echo?          int32
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:fallback-system-value?         int32
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:tx-system-fw?                  boolean
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:tx-system-fw-echo?             boolean
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:rx-system-fw?                  boolean
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:rx-system-fw-echo?             boolean
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:preemption-supported?          boolean
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:preemption-enabled?            boolean
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:preemption-active?             boolean
|  +--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:additional-fragment-size?      int32
+--rw ieee802-eth-lldp:tlvs-port-config-enable?          bits
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:auto-negotiation-supported?       boolean
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:auto-negotiation-enabled?         boolean
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:auto-negotiation-cap?             binary
```

```
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:operational-mau-type?           int32
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:power-port-class?               port-class-type
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:mdi-power-supported?            boolean
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:mdi-power-enabled?              boolean
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:power-pair-controlable?         boolean
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:power-pairs?                    pse-pinout-type
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:local-power-class?              pse-power-class-type
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:link-aggregation-status?        bits
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:aggregation-port-id?            int32
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:local-max-frame-size?           int32
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:power-type?                     bits
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:power-source?                   power-source-type
+--rw ieee802-eth-lldp:local-power-priority?           power-priority-type
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:pd-requested-power-value?       int32
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:pse-allocated-power-value?      int32
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:local-response-time?            int32
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:local-system-ready?             boolean
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:reduced-operation-power-value?  int32
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:tx-system-value?                int32
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:tx-system-value-echo?           int32
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:rx-system-value?                int32
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:rx-system-value-echo?           int32
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:fallback-system-value?          int32
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:tx-dll-ready?                   boolean
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:rx-dll-ready?                   boolean
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:dll-enabled?                    boolean
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:tx-system-fw?                   boolean
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:tx-system-fw-echo?              boolean
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:rx-system-fw?                   boolean
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:rx-system-fw-echo?              boolean
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:preemption-supported?           boolean
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:preemption-enabled?             boolean
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:preemption-active?              boolean
+--ro ieee802-eth-lldp:additional-fragement-size?      int32

notifications:
```

```
   +---n remote-table-change
      +--ro remote-insert?    -> /lldp/remote-statistics/remote-inserts
      +--ro remote-delete?    -> /lldp/remote-statistics/remote-deletes
      +--ro remote-drops?     -> /lldp/remote-statistics/remote-drops
      +--ro remote-ageouts?   -> /lldp/remote-statistics/remote-ageouts

module: ietf-interfaces
  +--rw interfaces
  |  +--rw interface* [name]
  |     +--rw name                       string
  |     +--rw description?               string
  |     +--rw type                       identityref
  |     +--rw enabled?                   boolean
  |     +--rw link-up-down-trap-enable?  enumeration {if-mib}?
  |     +--ro admin-status               enumeration {if-mib}?
  |     +--ro oper-status                enumeration
  |     +--ro last-change?               yang:date-and-time
  |     +--ro if-index                   int32 {if-mib}?
  |     +--ro phys-address?              yang:phys-address
  |     +--ro higher-layer-if*           interface-ref
  |     +--ro lower-layer-if*            interface-ref
  |     +--ro speed?                     yang:gauge64
  |     +--ro statistics
  |        +--ro discontinuity-time    yang:date-and-time
  |        +--ro in-octets?            yang:counter64
  |        +--ro in-unicast-pkts?      yang:counter64
  |        +--ro in-broadcast-pkts?    yang:counter64
  |        +--ro in-multicast-pkts?    yang:counter64
  |        +--ro in-discards?          yang:counter32
  |        +--ro in-errors?            yang:counter32
  |        +--ro in-unknown-protos?    yang:counter32
  |        +--ro out-octets?           yang:counter64
  |        +--ro out-unicast-pkts?     yang:counter64
  |        +--ro out-broadcast-pkts?   yang:counter64
  |        +--ro out-multicast-pkts?   yang:counter64
  |        +--ro out-discards?         yang:counter32
```

```
|        +--ro out-errors?           yang:counter32
x--ro interfaces-state
  x--ro interface* [name]
     x--ro name                 string
     x--ro type                 identityref
     x--ro admin-status         enumeration {if-mib}?
     x--ro oper-status          enumeration
     x--ro last-change?         yang:date-and-time
     x--ro if-index             int32 {if-mib}?
     x--ro phys-address?        yang:phys-address
     x--ro higher-layer-if*     interface-state-ref
     x--ro lower-layer-if*      interface-state-ref
     x--ro speed?               yang:gauge64
     x--ro statistics
        x--ro discontinuity-time   yang:date-and-time
        x--ro in-octets?           yang:counter64
        x--ro in-unicast-pkts?     yang:counter64
        x--ro in-broadcast-pkts?   yang:counter64
        x--ro in-multicast-pkts?   yang:counter64
        x--ro in-discards?         yang:counter32
        x--ro in-errors?           yang:counter32
        x--ro in-unknown-protos?   yang:counter32
        x--ro out-octets?          yang:counter64
        x--ro out-unicast-pkts?    yang:counter64
        x--ro out-broadcast-pkts?  yang:counter64
        x--ro out-multicast-pkts?  yang:counter64
        x--ro out-discards?        yang:counter32
        x--ro out-errors?          yang:counter32

module: ietf-routing
  +--rw routing
  |  +--rw router-id?                  yang:dotted-quad {router-id}?
  |  +--ro interfaces
  |  |  +--ro interface*   if:interface-ref
  |  +--rw control-plane-protocols
  |  |  +--rw control-plane-protocol* [type name]
```

```
|   |       +--rw type              identityref
|   |       +--rw name              string
|   |       +--rw description?      string
|   |       +--rw static-routes
|   +--rw ribs
|      +--rw rib* [name]
|         +--rw name               string
|         +--rw address-family     identityref
|         +--ro default-rib?       boolean {multiple-ribs}?
|         +--ro routes
|         |  +--ro route* []
|         |     +--ro route-preference?   route-preference
|         |     +--ro next-hop
|         |     |  +--ro (next-hop-options)
|         |     |     +--:(simple-next-hop)
|         |     |     |  +--ro outgoing-interface?   if:interface-ref
|         |     |     +--:(special-next-hop)
|         |     |     |  +--ro special-next-hop?     enumeration
|         |     |     +--:(next-hop-list)
|         |     |        +--ro next-hop-list
|         |     |           +--ro next-hop* []
|         |     |              +--ro outgoing-interface?   if:interface-ref
|         |     +--ro source-protocol     identityref
|         |     +--ro active?             empty
|         |     +--ro last-updated?       yang:date-and-time
|         +---x active-route
|         |  +--ro output
|         |     +--ro route
|         |        +--ro next-hop
|         |        |  +--ro (next-hop-options)
|         |        |     +--:(simple-next-hop)
|         |        |     |  +--ro outgoing-interface?   if:interface-ref
|         |        |     +--:(special-next-hop)
|         |        |     |  +--ro special-next-hop?     enumeration
|         |        |     +--:(next-hop-list)
|         |        |        +--ro next-hop-list
```

```
|        |         |            +--ro next-hop* []
|        |         |               +--ro outgoing-interface?   if:interface-ref
|        |         +--ro source-protocol    identityref
|        |         +--ro active?            empty
|        |         +--ro last-updated?      yang:date-and-time
|        +--rw description?    string
o--ro routing-state
   +--ro router-id?                 yang:dotted-quad
   o--ro interfaces
   | o--ro interface*   if:interface-state-ref
   o--ro control-plane-protocols
   | o--ro control-plane-protocol* [type name]
   |    o--ro type    identityref
   |    o--ro name    string
   o--ro ribs
      o--ro rib* [name]
         o--ro name               string
         +--ro address-family     identityref
         o--ro default-rib?       boolean {multiple-ribs}?
         o--ro routes
         | o--ro route* []
         |    o--ro route-preference?   route-preference
         |    o--ro next-hop
         |    | +--ro (next-hop-options)
         |    |    +--:(simple-next-hop)
         |    |    | +--ro outgoing-interface?   if:interface-ref
         |    |    +--:(special-next-hop)
         |    |    | +--ro special-next-hop?     enumeration
         |    |    +--:(next-hop-list)
         |    |       +--ro next-hop-list
         |    |          +--ro next-hop* []
         |    |             +--ro outgoing-interface?   if:interface-ref
         |    +--ro source-protocol    identityref
         |    +--ro active?            empty
         |    +--ro last-updated?      yang:date-and-time
         o---x active-route
```

```
+--ro output
   o--ro route
      o--ro next-hop
      |  +--ro (next-hop-options)
      |     +--:(simple-next-hop)
      |     |  +--ro outgoing-interface?   if:interface-ref
      |     +--:(special-next-hop)
      |     |  +--ro special-next-hop?     enumeration
      |     +--:(next-hop-list)
      |        +--ro next-hop-list
      |           +--ro next-hop* []
      |              +--ro outgoing-interface?   if:interface-ref
      +--ro source-protocol    identityref
      +--ro active?            empty
      +--ro last-updated?      yang:date-and-time
```

5.3.2 YANG module

In the following YANG module definitions, should any discrepancy between the text of the description for individual YANG nodes and the corresponding definition in 5.2 through 5.3 of this clause occur, the definitions and mappings in 5.3 shall take precedence.

An ASCII text version of the Ethernet YANG module can be found at the following URL:[k]
https://github.com/YangModels/yang/tree/master/standard/ieee/published/802.3.

5.3.2.1 Ethernet interface module

```
module ieee802-ethernet-interface {
  yang-version 1.1;

  namespace
    "urn:ieee:std:802.3:yang:ieee802-ethernet-interface";

  prefix ieee802-eth-if;

  revision 2019-06-21 {
    description "Initial revision.";
  }

  import ietf-yang-types {
    prefix yang;
    reference "IETF RFC 6991";
  }

  import ietf-interfaces {
    prefix if;
    reference "IETF RFC 8343";
  }

  import iana-if-type {
    prefix ianaift;
    reference "http://www.iana.org/assignments/yang-parameters/
      iana-if-type@2018-07-03.yang";
  }

  organization
    "IEEE Std 802.3 Ethernet Working Group
     Web URL: http://www.ieee802.org/3/";

  contact
    "Web URL: http://www.ieee802.org/3/";

  description
    "This module contains YANG definitions for configuring IEEE Std
     802.3 Ethernet Interfaces.
     In this YANG module, 'Ethernet interface' can be interpreted
     as referring to 'IEEE Std 802.3 compliant Ethernet
```

```
   interfaces'.";

reference "IEEE Std 802.3-2018, unless dated explicitly";

typedef eth-if-speed-type {
  type decimal64 {
    fraction-digits 3;
  }
  units "Gb/s";
  description
    "Used to represent the configured, negotiated, or actual speed
     of an Ethernet interface in Gigabits per second (Gb/s),
     accurate to 3 decimal places (i.e., accurate to 1 Mb/s).";
}

typedef duplex-type {
  type enumeration {
    enum full {
      description
        "Full duplex.";
    }
    enum half {
      description
        "Half duplex.";
    }
    enum unknown {
      description
        "Link is currently disconnected or initializing.";
    }
  }
  default full;
  description
    "Used to represent the configured, negotiated, or actual
     duplex mode of an Ethernet interface.";
  reference "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.1.1.32, aDuplexStatus";
}

typedef pause-fc-direction-type {
  type enumeration {
    enum "disabled" {
      description
        "Flow-control disabled in both ingress and egress
         directions, i.e., PAUSE frames are not transmitted and
         PAUSE frames received in the ingress direction are
         discarded without processing.";
    }
    enum "ingress-only" {
      description
        "PAUSE frame based flow control is enabled in the ingress
         direction only, i.e., PAUSE frames may be transmitted to
         reduce the ingress traffic flow, but PAUSE frames received
         in the ingress direction are discarded without reducing
         the egress traffic rate.";
    }
```

```
 1        enum "egress-only" {
 2          description
 3            "PAUSE frame based flow control is enabled in the egress
 4             direction only, i.e., PAUSE frames are not transmitted,
 5             but PAUSE frames received in the ingress direction are
 6             processed to reduce the egress traffic rate.";
 7        }
 8        enum "bi-directional" {
 9          description
10            "PAUSE frame based flow control is enabled in both ingress
11             and egress directions, i.e., PAUSE frames may be
12             transmitted to reduce the ingress traffic flow, and
13             PAUSE frames received on ingress are processed to reduce
14             the egress traffic rate.";
15        }
16        enum "undefined" {
17          description
18            "Link is currently disconnected or initializing.";
19        }
20      }
21    description
22      "Used to represent the configured, negotiated, or actual
23       PAUSE frame-based flow control setting.";
24
25    reference
26      "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3PauseAdminMode and dot3PauseOperMode";
27  }
28
29
30  feature ethernet-pfc {
31    description
32      "This device supports Ethernet priority flow-control.";
33  }
34
35
36  feature ethernet-pause {
37    description
38      "This device supports Ethernet PAUSE.";
39  }
40
41  augment "/if:interfaces/if:interface" {
42    when "derived-from-or-self(if:type, 'ianaift:ethernetCsmacd')" {
43      description
44        "Applies to all P2P Ethernet interfaces.";
45    }
46    description
47      "Augment interface model with Ethernet interface
48       specific configuration nodes.";
49
50    container ethernet {
51      description
52        "Contains all Ethernet interface related configuration.";
53
54      container auto-negotiation {
55        presence
56          "The presence of this container indicates that
```

```
                    auto-negotiation is supported on this Ethernet
                    interface.";
              description
                "Contains auto-negotiation transmission parameters

                 This container contains a data node that allows the
                 advertised duplex value in the negotiation to be
                 restricted.

                 If not specified then the default behavior for the duplex
                 data node is to negotiate all available values for the
                 particular type of Ethernet PHY associated with the
                 interface.

                 If auto-negotiation is enabled, and PAUSE frame based flow
                 control has not been explicitly configured, then the
                 default PAUSE frame based flow control capabilities that
                 are negotiated allow for bi-directional or egress-only
                 PAUSE frame based flow control.

                 If auto-negotiation is enabled, and PAUSE frame based flow
                 control has been explicitly configured, then the
                 configuration settings restrict the values that may be
                 negotiated. However, it should be noted that the protocol
                 does not allow only egress PAUSE frame based flow control
                 to be negotiated without also allowing bi-directional
                 PAUSE frame based flow control.";
              reference
                "IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 28 and Annexes 28A-D";

              leaf enable {
                type boolean;
                default true;

                description
                  "Controls whether auto-negotiation is enabled or
                   disabled.
                   For interface types that support auto-negotiation then
                   it defaults to being enabled.

                   For interface types that do not support auto-negotiation,
                   the related configuration data is ignored.";
              }
              leaf negotiation-status {
                when "../enable = 'true'";
                type enumeration {
                  enum in-progress {
                    description
                      "The auto-negotiation protocol is running and
                       negotiation is currently in-progress.";
                  }
                  enum complete {
                    description
                      "The auto-negotiation protocol has completed
```

```
                        successfully.";
                  }
                enum failed {
                  description
                    "The auto-negotiation protocol has failed.";
                  }
                enum unknown {
                  description
                    "The auto-negotiation status is not currently known,
                     this could be because it is still negotiating or the
                     protocol cannot run (e.g., if no medium is present).";
                  }
                enum no-negotiation {
                  description
                    "No auto-negotiation is executed.
                     The auto-negotiation function is either not supported
                     on this interface or has not been enabled.";
                  }
              }
            config false;
            description
              "The status of the auto-negotiation protocol.";
            reference
              "IEEE 802.3, 30.6.1.1.4, aAutoNegAutoConfig";
          }


        }

        leaf duplex {
          type duplex-type;
          description
            "Operational duplex mode of the Ethernet interface.";
          reference
            "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.1.1.32 aDuplexStatus";
        }

        leaf speed {
          type eth-if-speed-type;
          units "Gb/s";
          description
            "Operational speed (data rate) of the Ethernet interface.
             The default value is implementation-dependent.";
        }

        container flow-control {
          description
            "Holds the different types of Ethernet PAUSE frame based
             flow control that can be enabled.";
          container pause {
            if-feature "ethernet-pause";
            description
              "IEEE Std 802.3 PAUSE frame based PAUSE frame based flow
               control.";
            reference
```

```
                    "IEEE Std 802.3, Annex 31B";
               leaf direction {
                 type pause-fc-direction-type;
                 description
                   "Indicates which direction PAUSE frame based flow
                    control is enabled in, or whether it is disabled.
                    The default flow-control settings are vendor specific.
                    If auto-negotiation is enabled, then PAUSE based
                    flow-control is negotiated by default.
                    The default value is implementation-dependent.";
               }

             container statistics {
               config false;
               description
                 "Contains the number of PAUSE frames received or
                  transmitted.";
               leaf in-frames-pause {
                 type yang:counter64;
                 units frames;
                 description
                   "A count of PAUSE MAC Control frames transmitted on
                    this Ethernet interface.

                    Discontinuities in the values of counters in
                    this container can occur at re-initialization of the
                    management system, and at other times as indicated
                    by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
                    defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module
                    (IETF RFC 8343).";
                 reference
                   "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.4.3 aPAUSEMACCtrlFramesReceived";
               }
               leaf out-frames-pause {
                 type yang:counter64;
                 units frames;
                 description
                   "A count of PAUSE MAC Control frames transmitted on
                    this Ethernet interface.

                    Discontinuities in the values of counters in
                    this container can occur at re-initialization of the
                    management system, and at other times as indicated
                    by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
                    defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module
                    (IETF RFC 8343).";
                 reference
                   "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.4.2
                    aPAUSEMACCtrlFramesTransmitted";
               }
             }
           }

         container pfc {
```

```
if-feature "ethernet-pfc";
description
  "IEEE Std 802.3 Priority-based flow control.";
reference
  "IEEE Std 802.3, Annex 31D";

leaf enable {
  type boolean;

  description
    "True indicates that IEEE Std 802.3 priority-based
     flow control is enabled, false indicates that
     IEEE Std 802.3 priority-based flow control is disabled.
     For interfaces that have auto-negotiation,
     the priority-based flow control is enabled by default.";
}

container statistics {
  config false;
  description
    "This container collects all statistics for
     Ethernet interfaces.";

  leaf in-frames-pfc {
    type yang:counter64;
    units frames;
    description
      "A count of PFC MAC Control frames received on this
       Ethernet interface.

       Discontinuities in the values of counters in
       this container can occur at re-initialization of the
       management system, and at other times as indicated
       by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
       defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module
       (IETF RFC 8343).";
    reference
      "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3HCInPFCFrames";
  }

  leaf out-frames-pfc {
    type yang:counter64;
    units frames;
    description
      "A count of PFC MAC Control frames transmitted on
       this interface.

       Discontinuities in the values of counters in
       this container can occur at re-initialization of the
       management system, and at other times as indicated
       by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
       defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module
       (IETF RFC 8343).";
    reference
```

```
                        "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3HCInPFCFrames";
               }
           }
        }

      leaf force-flow-control {
        type boolean;
        default false;
        description
          "Explicitly forces the local PAUSE frame based flow control
           settings regardless of what has been negotiated.

           Since the auto-negotiation of flow-control settings
           does not allow all sane combinations to be negotiated
           (e.g., consider a device that is only capable of sending
           PAUSE frames connected to a peer device that is only
           capable of receiving and acting on PAUSE frames) and
           failing to agree on the flow-control settings does not
           cause the auto-negotiation to fail completely, then it is
           sometimes useful to be able to explicitly enable
           particular PAUSE frame based flow control settings on
           the local device regardless of what is being advertised
           or negotiated.";
        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, Table 28B-3";
      }
    }

    leaf max-frame-length {
      type uint16;
      units octets;
      config false;
      description
        "This indicates the MAC frame length (including FCS bytes)
         at which frames are dropped for being too long.";
      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.1.1.37 aMaxFrameLength";
    }

    leaf mac-control-extension-control {
      type boolean;
      config false;
      description
        "A value that identifies the current EXTENSION MAC Control
         function, as specified in IEEE Std 802.3, Annex 31C.";
      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.8.3 aEXTENSIONMACCtrlStatus
         IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtensionMacCtrlStatus ";
    }

    leaf frame-limit-slow-protocol {
      type uint64;
      units f/s;
      default 10;
```

```
      config false;
      description
        "The maximum number of Slow Protocol frames of a given
         subtype that can be transmitted in a one second interval.
         The default value is 10.";
      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.1.1.38 aSlowProtocolFrameLimit";
    }

    container capabilities {
      config false;
      description
        "Container all Ethernet interface specific capabilities.";

      leaf auto-negotiation {
        type boolean;
        description
          "Indicates whether auto-negotiation may be configured on
           this interface.";
      }

    }

    container statistics {
      config false;
      description
        "Contains statistics specific to Ethernet interfaces.

         Discontinuities in the values of counters in the
         container can occur at re-initialization of the management
         system, and at other times as indicated by the value of
         the 'discontinuity-time' leaf defined in the
         ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

      container frame {
        description
          "Contains frame statistics specific to Ethernet
           interfaces.

           All octet frame lengths include the 4 byte FCS.

           Error counters are only reported once ... The count
           represented by an instance of this object is incremented
           when the frameCheckError status is returned by the MAC
           service to the LLC (or other MAC user). Received frames
           for which multiple error conditions pertain are,
           according to the conventions of IEEE Std 802.3 Layer
           Management, counted exclusively according to the error
           status presented to the LLC.

           A frame that is counted by an instance of this object is
           also counted by the corresponding instance of 'in-errors'
           leaf defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module
           (IETF RFC 8343).
```

```
                 Discontinuities in the values of counters in the
                 container can occur at re-initialization of the
                 management system, and at other times as indicated by
                 the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf defined in
                 the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

        leaf in-total-frames {
          type yang:counter64;
          units frames;
          description
            "The total number of frames (including bad frames)
             received on the Ethernet interface.

             This counter is calculated by summing the following
             IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30 counters:
             aFramesReceivedOK +
             aFrameCheckSequenceErrors +
             aAlignmentErrors +
             aFrameTooLongErrors +
             aFramesLostDueToIntMACRcvError

             Also see the 'description' statement associated with
             the parent 'statistics' container for additional
             common semantics related to this counter.";

          reference
            "IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30 counters, as specified
             in the description above.";
        }

        leaf in-total-octets {
          type yang:counter64;
          units octets;
          description
            "The total number of octets of data (including those in
             bad frames) received on the Ethernet interface.

             Includes the 4-octet FCS.

             Also see the 'description' statement associated with
             the parent 'statistics' container for additional
             common semantics related to this counter.";

          reference
            "IETF RFC 2819, etherStatsOctets";
        }

        leaf in-frames {
          type yang:counter64;
          units frames;
          description
            "A count of frames (including unicast, multicast and
             broadcast) that have been successfully received on the
```

```
                      Ethernet interface.

                      This count does not include frames received with
                      frame-too-long, FCS, length or alignment errors, or
                      frames lost due to internal MAC sublayer error.

                      Also see the 'description' statement associated with
                      the parent 'statistics' container for additional
                      common semantics related to this counter.";

                reference
                  "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.1.1.5 aFramesReceivedOK";
              }

            leaf in-multicast-frames {
              type yang:counter64;
              units frames;
              description
                "A count of multicast frames that have been
                  successfully received on the Ethernet interface.

                  This counter represents a subset of the frames counted
                  by in-frames.

                  This count does not include frames received with
                  frame-too-long, FCS, length or alignment errors, or
                  frames lost due to internal MAC sublayer error.

                  Also see the 'description' statement associated with
                  the parent 'statistics' container for additional
                  common semantics related to this counter.";

                reference
                  "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.1.1.21 aMulticastFramesReceivedOK";
              }

            leaf in-broadcast-frames {
              type yang:counter64;
              units frames;
              description
                "A count of broadcast frames that have been
                  successfully received on the Ethernet interface.

                  This counter represents a subset of the frames counted
                  by in-frames.

                  This count does not include frames received with
                  frame-too-long, FCS, length or alignment errors, or
                  frames lost due to internal MAC sublayer error.

                  Also see the 'description' statement associated with
                  the parent 'statistics' container for additional
                  common semantics related to this counter.";
```

```
            reference
               "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.1.1.22 aBroadcastFramesReceivedOK";
         }

         leaf in-error-fcs-frames {
           type yang:counter64;
           units frames;
           description
              "A count of receive frames that are of valid length,
               but do not pass the FCS check, regardless of whether
               or not the frames are an integral number of octets in
               length.

               This count effectively comprises
               aFrameCheckSequenceErrors and aAlignmentErrors added
               together.

               Also see the 'description' statement associated with
               the parent 'statistics' container for additional
               common semantics related to this counter.";

           reference
              "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.1.1.6 aFrameCheckSequenceErrors;
               IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.1.1.7 aAlignmentErrors";
         }

         leaf in-error-undersize-frames {
           type yang:counter64;
           units frames;
           description
              "A count of frames received on a particular Ethernet
               interface that are less than 64 bytes in length, and
               are discarded.

               This counter is incremented regardless of whether the
               frame passes the FCS check.

               Also see the 'description' statement associated with
               the parent 'statistics' container for additional
               common semantics related to this counter.";

           reference
              "IETF RFC 2819, etherStatsUndersizePkts and
               etherStatsFragments";
         }

         leaf in-error-oversize-frames {
           type yang:counter64;
           units frames;
           description
              "A count of frames received on a particular Ethernet
               interface that exceed the maximum permitted frame
               size, that is specified in max-frame-length, and are
               discarded.
```

```
                      This counter is incremented regardless of whether the
                      frame passes the FCS check.

                      Also see the 'description' statement associated with
                      the parent 'statistics' container for additional
                      common semantics related to this counter.";

                  reference "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.1.1.25 aFrameTooLongErrors";
                }

                leaf in-error-mac-internal-frames {
                  type yang:counter64;
                  units frames;
                  description
                    "A count of frames for which reception on a particular
                     Ethernet interface fails due to an internal MAC
                     sublayer receive error.

                     A frame is only counted by an instance of this object
                     if it is not counted by the corresponding instance of
                     either the in-error-fcs-frames, in-error-undersize-frames,
                     or in-error-oversize-frames.  The precise meaning of the
                     count represented by an instance of this object is
                     implementation-specific.

                     In particular, an instance of this object may
                     represent a count of receive errors on a particular
                     Ethernet interface that are not otherwise counted.

                     Also see the 'description' statement associated with
                     the parent 'statistics' container for additional
                     common semantics related to this counter.";

                  reference
                    "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.1.1.15
                     aFramesLostDueToIntMACRcvError";
                }

                leaf out-frames {
                  type yang:counter64;
                  units frames;
                  description
                    "A count of frames (including unicast, multicast and
                     broadcast) that have been successfully transmitted on
                     the Ethernet interface.

                     Also see the 'description' statement associated with
                     the parent 'statistics' container for additional
                     common semantics related to this counter.";

                  reference
                    "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.1.1.2 aFramesTransmittedOK";
                }
```

```
leaf out-multicast-frames {
  type yang:counter64;
  units frames;
  description
    "A count of multicast frames that have been
     successfully transmitted on the Ethernet interface.

     This counter represents a subset of the frames counted
     by out-frames.

     Also see the 'description' statement associated with
     the parent 'statistics' container for additional
     common semantics related to this counter.";

  reference
    "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.1.1.18 aMulticastFramesXmittedOK";
}

leaf out-broadcast-frames {
  type yang:counter64;
  units frames;
  description
    "A count of broadcast frames that have been
     successfully transmitted on the Ethernet interface.

     This counter represents a subset of the frames counted
     by out-frames.

     Also see the 'description' statement associated with
     the parent 'statistics' container for additional
     common semantics related to this counter.";

  reference
    "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.1.1.19 aBroadcastFramesXmittedOK";
}

leaf out-error-mac-internal-frames {
  type yang:counter64;
  units frames;
  description
    "A count of frames for which transmission on a
     particular Ethernet interface fails due to an internal
     MAC sublayer transmit error.

     The precise meaning of the count represented by an
     instance of this object is implementation-specific. In
     particular, an instance of this object may represent a
     count of transmission errors on a particular Ethernet
     interface that are not otherwise counted.

     Also see the 'description' statement associated with
     the parent 'statistics' container for additional
     common semantics related to this counter.";
```

```
            reference
              "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.1.1.12
               aFramesLostDueToIntMACXmitError";
          }
        }

      container phy {
        description
          "Ethernet statistics related to the PHY layer.

           Discontinuities in the values of counters in the
           container can occur at re-initialization of the
           management system, and at other times as indicated by
           the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf defined in
           the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

        leaf in-error-symbol {
          type yang:counter64;
          units errors;
          description
            "A count of the number of symbol errors that have
             occurred.

             For the precise definition of when the symbol error
             counter is incremented, please see the 'description'
             text associated with aSymbolErrorDuringCarrier,
             specified in IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.2.1.5.

             Also see the 'description' statement associated with
             the parent 'phy-statistics' container for additional
             common semantics related to this counter.";
          reference
            "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.2.1.5 aSymbolErrorDuringCarrier";
        }

        container lpi {
          description
            "Physical Ethernet statistics for the energy efficiency
             related low power idle indications.";

          leaf in-lpi-transitions {
            type yang:counter64;
            units transitions;
            description
              "A count of occurrences of the transition from
               DEASSERT to ASSERT of the LPI_INDICATE
               parameter. The indication reflects the state of the
               PHY according to the requirements of the RS (see
               IEEE Std 802.3, 22.7, 35.4, and 46.4).

               Also see the 'description' statement associated with
               the parent 'phy-statistics' container for additional
               common semantics related to this counter.";
```

```
          reference
            "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.2.1.11 aReceiveLPITransitions";
        }

        leaf in-lpi-time {
          type decimal64 {
            fraction-digits 6;
          }
          units seconds;
          description
            "A count reflecting the total amount of time (in
             seconds) that the LPI_REQUEST parameter has the
             value ASSERT.  The request is indicated to the PHY
             according to the requirements of the RS (see IEEE Std
             802.3, 22.7, 35.4, and 46.4).

             Also see the 'description' statement associated with
             the parent 'phy-statistics' container for additional
             common semantics related to this counter.";

          reference
            "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.2.1.9 aReceiveLPIMicroseconds";
        }

        leaf out-lpi-transitions {
          type yang:counter64;
          units transitions;
          description
            "A count of occurrences of the transition from state
             LPI_DEASSERTED to state LPI_ASSERTED in the LPI
             transmit state diagram of the RS. The state
             transition corresponds to the assertion of the
             LPI_REQUEST parameter. The request is indicated to
             the PHY according to the requirements of the RS (see
             IEEE Std 802.3, 22.7, 35.4, 46.4.)

             Also see the 'description' statement associated with
             the parent 'phy-statistics' container for additional
             common semantics related to this counter.";

          reference
            "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.2.1.10 aTransmitLPITransitions";
        }

        leaf out-lpi-time {
          type decimal64 {
            fraction-digits 6;
          }
          units seconds;
          description
            "A count reflecting the total amount of time (in
             seconds) that the LPI_INDICATION parameter has the
             value ASSERT.  The request is indicated to the PHY
```

```
                            according to the requirements of the RS (see IEEE
                            802.3, 22.7, 35.4, and 46.4).

                            Also see the 'description' statement associated with
                            the parent 'phy-statistics' container for additional
                            common semantics related to this counter.";

                       reference
                          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.2.1.8 aTransmitLPIMicroseconds";
                    }
                  }
                }

        container mac-control {
          description
            "A group of statistics specific to MAC Control operation
             of selected Ethernet interfaces.

             Discontinuities in the values of counters in the
             container can occur at re-initialization of the
             management system, and at other times as indicated by
             the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf defined in
             the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

          reference
            "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtensionTable";

          leaf in-frames-mac-control-unknown {
            type yang:counter64;
            units frames;
            description
              "A count of MAC Control frames with an unsupported
               opcode received on this Ethernet interface.

               Frames counted against this counter are also counted
               against in-discards defined in the ietf-interfaces
               YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).

               Also see the 'description' statement associated with
               the parent 'mac-control-statistics' container for
               additional semantics.";
            reference
              "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.3.5 aUnsupportedOpcodesReceived";
          }

          leaf in-frames-mac-control-extension {
            type yang:counter64;
            units frames;
            description
              "The count of Extension MAC Control frames received on
               this Ethernet interface.

               Also see the 'description' statement associated with
               the parent 'mac-control-statistics' container for
```

```
                        additional semantics.";
                  reference
                    "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.8.2
                     aEXTENSIONMACCtrlFramesReceived";
              }

            leaf out-frames-mac-control-extension {
               type yang:counter64;
               units frames;
               description
                 "The count of Extension MAC Control frames transmitted
                  on this Ethernet interface.

                  Also see the 'description' statement associated with
                  the parent 'mac-control-statistics' container for
                  additional semantics.";
               reference
                 "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.8.1
                  aEXTENSIONMACCtrlFramesTransmitted";
            }
          }
        }
      }
    }
}
```

5.3.2.2 Ethernet interface module (half-duplex)

```
module ieee802-ethernet-interface-half-duplex {

  yang-version 1.1;

  namespace
    "urn:ieee:std:802.3:yang:ieee802-ethernet-interface-half-duplex";

  prefix ieee802-eth-half-duplex;

revision 2019-06-21 {
    description "Initial revision.";
  }

  import ietf-yang-types {
    prefix yang;
    reference "IETF RFC 6991";
  }

  import ietf-interfaces {
    prefix if;
    reference "IETF RFC 8343";
  }

  import iana-if-type {
    prefix ianaift;
    reference "http://www.iana.org/assignments/yang-parameters/
```

```
        iana-if-type@2018-07-03.yang";
  }


  import ieee802-ethernet-interface {
    prefix ieee802-eth-if;
  }


  organization
    "IEEE Std 802.3 Ethernet Working Group
     Web URL: http://www.ieee802.org/3/";


  contact
    "Web URL: http://www.ieee802.org/3/";


  description
    "This module contains YANG definitions for configuring Ethernet
     interfaces that are deprecated, and are no longer
     widely used in the industry. The definitions are maintained for
     backwards compatibility purposes, but the general expectation is
     that this module is not anticipated to be widely implemented.";
  reference
    "IEEE Std 802.3-2018, unless dated explicitly";


  feature dynamic-rate-control {
    description
      "This feature indicates that the device supports Ethernet
       interfaces lowering the average data rate of the MAC sublayer,
       with frame granularity, by using Rate Control to dynamically
       increase the inter-packet gap for some types of Ethernet
       interface.
         Only valid for Ethernet interfaces operating at speeds (data
rates)
       above 1000 Mb/s.";
    reference "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.1.1.33 aRateControlAbility";
  }


  feature csma-cd {
    description
      "This feature indicates that the device supports Ethernet
       interfaces running at half-duplex using CSMA/CD.";
  }


  typedef dynamic-rate-control-type {
    type enumeration {
      enum disabled {
        description
          "Dynamic rate control is disabled";
      }

      enum "sonet-oc192" {
        value 2;
        description
          "Dynamic rate control is enabled for a 10 Gb/s Ethernet
           interface to SONET/SDH OC192/STM64.";
```

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```
            }
        }
      default disabled;
      description
        "Allowed values for dynamic-rate-control.";
      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 4.4.2 ipgStretchRatio and 30.3.1.1.34
         aRateControlStatus";
    }

    augment "/if:interfaces/if:interface/ieee802-eth-if:ethernet" {
    when "derived-from-or-self(../if:type, 'ianaift:ethernetCsmacd')
       and ieee802-eth-if:duplex = 'half'" {
        description
          "Applies to half-duplex Ethernet interfaces.";
      }

      description
        "Augment with Ethernet interface configuration parameters
         for half-duplex operation.";

      leaf dynamic-rate-control {
        if-feature "dynamic-rate-control";
        type dynamic-rate-control-type;
        description
            "Enables dynamic rate control and specifies what speed (data
rate)
             the dynamic rate control is operating at. The value of this
attribute
           is constrained by the MAC data rate and hardware support.
           The default value is implementation-dependent.";
        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.1.1.34 aRateControlStatus";
      }
    }

   augment "/if:interfaces/if:interface/ieee802-eth-if:ethernet/" +
     "ieee802-eth-if:capabilities"{
      when  "derived-from-or-self(../../if:type,
        'ianaift:ethernetCsmacd') and ../ieee802-eth-if:duplex = 'half'" {
         description "Applies to half-duplex Ethernet interfaces";
      }

      description
        "Augment with configuration capabilities for half-duplex
         Ethernet interface.";

      leaf dynamic-rate-control-supported {
        if-feature "dynamic-rate-control";
        type boolean;
        default false;
        description
          "Indicates whether the Ethernet interface supports lowering
           the average data rate of the MAC sublayer, with frame
```

```
            granularity, by using Rate Control to dynamically increase
            the inter-packet gap.
              Only valid for Ethernet interfaces operating at speeds (data
   rates)
            above 1000 Mb/s.";
        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.1.1.33 aRateControlAbility";
      }
    }

  augment "/if:interfaces/if:interface/ieee802-eth-if:ethernet/" +
    "ieee802-eth-if:statistics/ieee802-eth-if:frame" {
    when "derived-from-or-self(../../../if:type,
      'ianaift:ethernetCsmacd') and ../../ieee802-eth-if:duplex = 'half'"
{
      description
        "Applies to half-duplex Ethernet interfaces.";
    }
    description
      "Augment with statistics for half-duplex Ethernet interface.";

    container "csma-cd" {
      if-feature "csma-cd";
      description
        "Holds counters that are specific to CDMA/CD half-duplex
         operation of Ethernet interfaces.
         Discontinuities in the values of the counters in this
         container can occur at re-initialization of the management
         system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the
         'discontinuity-time' leaf defined in the ietf-interfaces
         YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

      leaf in-errors-sqe-test {
        type yang:counter64;
        units errors;
        description
          "A count of times that the SQE TEST ERROR is received on a
           particular interface. The SQE TEST ERROR is set in
           accordance with the rules for verification of the SQE
           detection mechanism in the PLS Carrier Sense Function as
           described in IEEE Std 802.3, 7.2.4.6.
           This counter does not increment on Ethernet interfaces
           operating at speeds (data rates) greater than 10 Mb/s, or on
           Ethernet interfaces operating in full-duplex mode.
           Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
           re-initialization of the management system, and at other
           times as indicated by the value of the
           'discontinuity-time' leaf defined in the ietf-interfaces
           YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";
        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 7.2.4.6, and 30.3.2.1.4 aSQETestErrors";
      }

      leaf out-frames-collision-single {
```

```
type yang:counter64;
units frames;
description
  "A count of frames that are involved in a single collision,
   and are subsequently transmitted successfully. A frame
   that is counted by an instance of this object is also
   counted by the corresponding instance of either
   'out-unicast-frames', 'out-broadcast-frames', or
   'out-multicast-frames', and is not counted by the
   corresponding instance of the
   'out-frames-collision-multiple'.

   This counter does not increment when the Ethernet
   interface is operating in full-duplex mode.
   Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
   re-initialization of the management system, and at other
   times as indicated by the value of the
   'discontinuity-time' leaf defined in the ietf-interfaces
   YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";
  reference
    "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.1.1.3 aSingleCollisionFrames";
}

leaf out-frames-collision-multiple {
  type yang:counter64;
  units frames;
  description
    "A count of frames that are involved in multiple
     collisions, and are subsequently transmitted
     successfully. A frame that is counted by an instance of
     this object is also counted by the corresponding instance
     of either 'out-unicast-frames', 'out-broadcast-frames', or
     'out-multicast-frames', and is not counted by the
     corresponding instance of the 'out-frames-collision-single'.
     This counter does not increment when the Ethernet
     interface is operating in full-duplex mode.
     Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
     re-initialization of the management system, and at other
     times as indicated by the value of the
     'discontinuity-time' leaf defined in the ietf-interfaces
     YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";
  reference
    "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.1.1.4 aMultipleCollisionFrames";
}

leaf out-frames-deferred {
  type yang:counter64;
  units frames;
  description
    "A count of frames for which the first transmission attempt
     on a particular Ethernet interface is delayed because the
     medium is busy.
     A deferred frame that is not subject to any number of
     collisions is not counted by an instance of
```

```
          'out-frames-collision-single' or
          'out-frames-collision-multiple' objects.
          This counter does not increment when the Ethernet
          interface is operating in full-duplex mode.
          Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
          re-initialization of the management system, and at other
          times as indicated by the value of the
          'discontinuity-time' leaf defined in the ietf-interfaces
          YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";
        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.1.1.9 aFramesWithDeferredXmissions";
      }

      leaf out-frames-collisions-excessive {
        type yang:counter64;
        units frames;
        description
          "A count of frames for which transmission on a particular
           Ethernet interface fails due to excessive collisions.

           This counter does not increment when the Ethernet
           interface is operating in full-duplex mode.
           Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
           re-initialization of the management system, and at other
           times as indicated by the value of the
           'discontinuity-time' leaf defined in the ietf-interfaces
           YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";
        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.1.1.11 aFramesAbortedDueToXSColls";
      }

      leaf out-collisions-late {
        type yang:counter64;
        units collisions;
        description
          "The number of times that a collision is detected on a
           particular Ethernet interface later than one slotTime into
           the transmission of a packet.
           A (late) collision included in a count represented by an
           instance of this object is also considered as a (generic)
           collision for purposes of other collision-related
           statistics.
           This counter does not increment when the Ethernet
           interface is operating in full-duplex mode.
           Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
           re-initialization of the management system, and at other
           times as indicated by the value of the
           'discontinuity-time' leaf defined in the ietf-interfaces
           YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";
        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.1.1.10 aLateCollisions";
      }

      leaf out-errors-carrier-sense {
```

```
          type yang:counter64;
          units errors;
          description
            "The number of times that the carrier sense condition was
             lost or never asserted when attempting to transmit a frame
             on a particular Ethernet interface.
             The count represented by an instance of this object is
             incremented at most once per transmission attempt, even if
             the carrier sense condition fluctuates during a
             transmission attempt.
             This counter does not increment when the Ethernet
             interface is operating in full-duplex mode.
             Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
             re-initialization of the management system, and at other
             times as indicated by the value of the
             'discontinuity-time' leaf defined in the ietf-interfaces
             YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";
          reference
            "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.1.1.13 aCarrierSenseErrors";
      }

      list collision-histogram {
        key collision-count;
        description
          "A collection of collision histograms for a particular
           interface.";
        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.1.1.30 aCollisionFrames";
        leaf collision-count {
          type yang:counter64;
          units collisions;
          description
            "The number of per-frame media collisions for which a
             particular collision histogram cell represents the
             frequency on a particular interface.";
        }
        leaf collision-count-frames {
          type yang:counter64;
          units frames;
          description
            "A count of individual MAC frames for which the
             transmission (successful or otherwise) on a particular
             interface occurs after the frame has experienced exactly
             the number of collisions in the associated dot3CollCount
             object.
             For example, a frame which is transmitted on an
             interface after experiencing exactly 4 collisions would
             be indicated by incrementing only collision-count-frames
             object associated with the collision-count value of
             4. No other instance of collision-count-frames would be
             incremented in this example.
             This counter does not increment when the interface is
             operating in full-duplex mode.
             Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur
```

```
                         at re-initialization of the management system, and at
                         other times as indicated by the value of the
                         'discontinuity-time' leaf defined in the ietf-interfaces
                         YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";
                  }
               }
            }
         }
      }
```

5.3.2.3 Ethernet MAC merge module

```
module ieee802-ethernet-mac-merge {
    yang-version "1.1";
  namespace "urn:ieee:std:802.3:yang:ieee802-ethernet-mac-merge";
  prefix "mac-merge";

  import ietf-yang-types {
    prefix yang;
    reference "IETF RFC 6991";
  }

  import ietf-interfaces {
    prefix if;
    reference "IETF RFC 8343";
  }

  import ieee802-ethernet-interface {
    prefix ieee802-eth-if;
    reference "IEEE Std 802.3.2-2019";
  }

  organization
   "IEEE Std 802.3 Ethernet Working Group
   Web URL: http://www.ieee802.org/3/";

  contact
   "Web URL: http://www.ieee802.org/3/";

  description
   "The Yang model for managing devices that support the MAC merge sub-
layer as defined in Clause 99.
    Unless otherwise indicated, the references in this model module are
to IEEE Std 802.3-2018.";

  revision 2023-04-29 {
    description
     "Initial version.";
    reference
     "IEEE Std 802.3-2018";
  }

  feature mac-merge {
```

```
          description
           "Each Port supports the MAC merge sublayer.";
          reference
           "IEEE Std 802.3-2018";
       }


   augment "/if:interfaces/if:interface/ieee802-eth-if:ethernet" {
         if-feature mac-merge;
         container mac-merge {
             container admin-control {
                 leaf merge-enable-tx {
                     type enumeration {
                         enum "Disabled" {
                             description
                                 "Transmit preemption is disabled";
                         }
                         enum "Enabled" {
                             description
                                 "Transmit preemption is enabled";
                         }
                     }
                     default "Disabled";
                     description
                        "This attribute indicates (when accessed via a GET
operation) the status of the MAC
 Merge sublayer on the given device in the transmit direction. The status
of the
 MAC Merge  sublayer  may  be  modified  to  the  indicated  value  via  a  SET
operation.
 This attribute maps to the variable pEnable (see 99.4.7.3).";
                         reference
                            "30.14.1.3";
                 }
                  leaf verify-disable-tx {
                     type enumeration {
                         enum "Disabled" {
                              description
                                  "Verify is disabled";
                          }
                          enum "Enabled" {
                              description
                                  "Verify is enabled";
                          }
                     }
                     default "Disabled";
                     description
                         "This attribute indicates (when accessed via a
 GET operation) the status of the
  Verify function of MAC Merge sublayer on the given device in the trans-
mit direction. The status of the Verify function may be modified to the
indicated value  via a SET operation. This attribute maps to the variable
disableVerify (see 99.4.7.3).;";
                         reference
                            "30.14.1.4";
```

```
                        }
                leaf verify-time {
                    type uint16 {
                        range "1..128";
                    }
                    default "10";
                    description
                        "The value of this attribute defines the nominal
wait time between verification
attempts in milliseconds. Valid range is 1 to 128 inclusive. The default
value  is  10.  This  attribute  maps  to  the  variable  verifyTime  (see
99.4.7.3).;";
                    reference
                        "30.14.1.6";
                }
                leaf frag-size {
                    type uint16 {
                        range "0..3";
                    }
                    default "0";
                    description
                        "A 2-bit integer value used to indicate the value
of addFragSize variable used by
  the Transmit Processing State Diagram (see Figure 99?).";
                    reference
                        "30.14.1.7";
                }
            }
        container admin-status {
                config false;
                leaf merge-support {
                    type enumeration {
                            enum "Supported" {
                                description
                                    "MAC Merge sublayer is supported on
the device";
                            }
                            enum "Not Supported" {
                                description
                                    "MAC Merge sublayer is not supported
on the device";
                            }

                        }
                    description
                        "This attribute indicates (when accessed via a
GET operation) whether the given
  device supports a MAC Merge sublayer. The SET operation shall have no
effect on a
  device.";
                    reference
                        "30.14.1.1";
                }
```

```
                         leaf verify-status {
                             type enumeration {
                                 enum "unknown" {
                                     description
                                        "Verification status is unknown";
                                 }
                                 enum "initial" {
                                     description
                                           "The Verify State diagram (Figure 99?)
is in the state
                                           INIT_VERIFICATION";
                                 }
                                 enum "verifying" {
                                     description
                                        "The Verify State diagram is in the state
VERIFICATION_IDLE,
                                           SEND_VERIFY or WAIT_FOR_RESPONSE";
                                 }
                                 enum "succeeded" {
                                     description
                                           "Indicates that the Verify State diagram
is in the state VERIFIED";
                                 }
                                 enum "failed" {
                                     description
                                           "The Verify State diagram is in the state
VERIFY_FAIL";
                                 }
                                 enum "disabled" {
                                     description "Verification of preemption oper-
ation is disabled";
                                 }
                             }
                             description
                                 "This attribute indicates (when accessed via a
GET operation) the status of the
  MAC Merge sublayer verification on the given device. The SET operation
shall have
  no effect on a device.";
                             reference
                                 "30.14.1.2";
                         }
                         leaf status-tx {
                             type enumeration {
                                 enum "unknown" {
                                     description
                                        "transmit preemption status is unknown";
                                 }
                                 enum "inactive" {
                                     description
                                        "transmit preemption is inactive";
                                 }
                                 enum "active" {
                                     description
```

```
                                      "transmit preemption is active";
                              }
                      }
                      description
                              "This attribute indicates (when accessed via a
GET operation) the status of the
  MAC Merge sublayer on the given device in the transmit direction. The
SET
  operation shall have no effect on a device. This attribute maps to the
variable
  preempt (see 99.4.7.3).";
                      reference
                              "30.14.1.5";
                  }

          }
      container statistics {
          config false;
          leaf assembly-error-count {
              type yang:counter64;
              description
                      "A count of MAC frames with reassembly errors.
The counter is incremented by one
      every time the ASSEMBLY_ERROR state in the Receive Processing
State Diagram is
     entered";
                      reference
                              "30.14.1.8";
              }
          leaf smd-error-count {
              type yang:counter64;
              description
                      "A count of received MAC frames / MAC frame frag-
ments rejected due to unknown SMD
   value or arriving with an SMD-C when no frame is in progress. The
counter is
  incremented by one every time the BAD_FRAG state in the Receive Pro-
cessing State
   Diagram is entered and every time the WAIT_FOR_DV_FALSE state is
entered due to
  the invocation of the SMD_DECODE function returning the value ERR";
                      reference
                              "30.14.1.9";
              }
          leaf assembly-ok-count {
              type yang:counter64;
              description
                      "count of MAC frames that were successfully reas-
sembled and delivered to MAC. The
   counter is incremented by one every time the FRAME_COMPLETE state in
the Receive
   Processing state diagram (see Figure 99-6) is entered if the state
  CHECK_FOR_RESUME was previously entered while processing the packet";
                      reference
```

```
                                 "30.14.1.10";
                        }
                        leaf fragment-count-rx {
                            type yang:counter64;
                            description
                                "A count of the number of additional mPackets
received due to preemption. The
  counter is incremented by one every time the state CHECK_FRAG_CNT in
the Receive
  Processing State Diagram (see Figure 99-6) is entered";
                            reference
                                "30.14.1.11";
                        }
                        leaf fragment-count-tx {
                            type yang:counter64;
                            description
                                "A count of the number of additional mPackets
transmitted due to preemption. This
  counter is incremented by one every time the SEND_SMD_C state in the
Transmit
  Processing State Diagram (see Figure 99-5) is entered.;";
                            reference
                                "30.14.1.12";
                        }
                        leaf hold-count {
                            type yang:counter64;
                            description
                                "A count of the number of times the variable hold
(see 99.4.7.3) transitions from
  FALSE to TRUE.";
                            reference
                                "30.14.1.13";
                        }

                }
        }
    }
}
```

5.3.2.4 Ethernet LLDP module

```
module ieee802-ethernet-lldp {
  yang-version 1.1;
  namespace "urn:ieee:std:802.3:yang:ieee802-ethernet-lldp";
  prefix ieee802-eth-lldp;

  import ieee802-dot1ab-lldp {
    prefix lldp;
    reference
      "IEEE Std 802.1ABcu-2021";
  }

  organization
    "IEEE Std 802.3 Ethernet Working Group
```

```
      Web URL: http://www.ieee802.org/3/";
  contact
    "Web URL: http://www.ieee802.org/3/";
  description
    "This module contains YANG definitions for configuring LLDP for
     802.3 Ethernet Interfaces.
     In this YANG module, 'Ethernet interface' can be interpreted
     as referring to 'IEEE Std 802.3 compliant Ethernet
     interfaces'.";

  revision 2023-07-01 {
    description
      "Initial revision.";
    reference
      "IEEE Std 802.3.2a, unless dated explicitly";
  }

  typedef port-class-type {
    type enumeration {
      enum p-class-pse {
        value 0;
        description
          "Power Sourcing Equipment";
      }
      enum p-class-pd {
        value 1;
        description
          "Powered Device";
      }
    }
    description
      "Enumeration for the power port class";
    reference
      "30.12.2.1.5 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
  }

  typedef pse-pinout-type {
    type enumeration {
      enum signal {
        value 0;
        description
          "PSE Pinout Alternative A";
      }
      enum spare {
        value 1;
        description
          "PSE Pinout Alternative B";
      }
    }
    description
      "Enumeration for the pinout alternatives used for PD detection and
power ";
    reference
      "30.9.1.1.4 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
```

```
 1      }
 2
 3
 4      typedef pse-power-class-type {
 5        type enumeration {
 6          enum class0 {
 7            value 0;
 8            description
 9              "Class 0 PD";
10          }
11          enum class1 {
12            value 1;
13            description
14              "Class 1 PD";
15          }
16
17          }
18          enum class2 {
19            value 2;
20            description
21              "Class 2 PD";
22          }
23          }
24          enum class3 {
25            value 3;
26            description
27              "Class 3 PD";
28          }
29          }
30          enum class4 {
31            value 4;
32            description
33              "Class 4 PD";
34          }
35          }
36        }
37        description
38          "Enumeration for the PD class";
39        reference
40          "30.9.1.1.6 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
41      }
42
43
44      typedef power-priority-type {
45        type enumeration {
46          enum low {
47            value 0;
48            description
49              "low priority PD";
50          }
51          }
52          enum high {
53            value 1;
54            description
55              "high priority PD";
56          }
57          }
58          enum critical {
59            value 2;
60            description
61              "critical priority PD";
62          }
63          }
64          enum unknown {
65
```

```
        value 3;
        description
          "priority unknown";
      }
    }
    description
      "Enumeration for possible priorities of a PD system";
    reference
      "30.12.2.1.16 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
  }

  typedef power-source-type {
    type enumeration {
      enum pse-primary {
        value 0;
        description
          "PSE powered by a primary power source";
      }
      enum pse-backup {
        value 1;
        description
          "PSE powered by a backup power source";
      }
      enum pse-unknwon {
        value 2;
        description
          "PSE powered by an unkown power source";
      }
      enum pd-pse-and-local {
        value 3;
        description
          "PD powered by a PSE and locally";
      }
      enum pd-local-only {
        value 4;
        description
          "PD powered only locally";
      }
      enum pd-pse-only {
        value 5;
        description
          "PD powered by PD only";
      }
      enum pd-unknown {
        value 6;
        description
          "PD powered by an uknown source";
      }
    }
    description
      "Enumeration for the power sources of the
            remote system. When the remote system is a PSE, it indicates
               whether it is being powered by a primary power source; a
backup
```

```
                           power source; or unknown. When the remote system is a PD, it
                           indicates whether it is being powered by a PSE and locally;
                           locally only; by a PSE only; or unknown.";
        reference
          "30.12.2.1.15 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
    }

    augment "/lldp:lldp/lldp:port" {
      description
        "Augments port with 802.3 port config tlvs";
      leaf tlvs-port-config-enable {
        type bits {
          bit mac-phy-config-status {
            position 0;
            description
              "30.12.1.1.1 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
          }
          bit power-via-mdi {
            position 1;
            description
              "30.12.1.1.1 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
          }
          bit unused {
            position 2;
            description
              "30.12.1.1.1 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
          }
          bit max-frame-size {
            position 3;
            description
              "30.12.1.1.1 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
          }
          bit eee-tlv {
            position 4;
            description
              "30.12.1.1.1 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
          }
          bit eee-fast-wake-tlv {
            position 5;
            description
              "30.12.1.1.1 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
          }
          bit additional-ethernet-capabilities-tlv {
            position 6;
            description
              "30.12.1.1.1 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
          }
        }
        description
          "Bitmap that corresponds to an IEEE 802.3 subtype associated
           with a specific IEEE 802.3 port config TLV";
        reference
          "30.12.1.1.1 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
```

```
leaf auto-negotiation-supported {
  type boolean;
  config false;
  description
    "True if the port supports Auto-negotiation";
  reference
    "30.12.2.1.1 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
}
leaf auto-negotiation-enabled {
  type boolean;
  config false;
  description
    "True if Auto-negotiation is enabled";
  reference
    "30.12.2.1.2 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
}
leaf auto-negotiation-cap {
  type binary {
    length "2";
  }
  config false;
  description
      "A read-only 2-octet value that contains the value (bitmap) of
the ifMauAutoNegCapAdvertisedBits object (defined in IETF RFC 4836)
              which is associated with the given port on the local sys-
tem.";
  reference
    "30.12.2.1.3 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
}
leaf operational-mau-type {
  type int32;
  config false;
  description
    "32-bit integer value that indicates the operational MAU type of
the given port";
  reference
    "30.12.2.1.4 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
}
leaf power-port-class {
  type port-class-type;
  config false;
  description
      "A read-only value that identifies the port Class of the given
port";
  reference
    "30.12.2.1.5 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
}
leaf mdi-power-supported {
  type boolean;
  config false;
  description
    "True if MDI power is supported";
  reference
    "30.12.2.1.6 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
```

```
  1         }
  2       leaf mdi-power-enabled {
  3         type boolean;
  4         config false;
  5         description
  6           "True if MDI power is enabled";
  7         reference
  8           "30.12.2.1.7 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
  9       }
 10       leaf power-pair-controlable {
 11         type boolean;
 12         config false;
 13         description
 14           "True if the pair selection can be controlled";
 15         reference
 16           "30.12.2.1.8 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
 17       }
 18       leaf power-pairs {
 19         type pse-pinout-type;
 20         config false;
 21         description
 22           "Indicates which pinout alernative is used for PD detection and
 23  power";
 24         reference
 25           "30.12.2.1.9 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
 26       }
 27       leaf local-power-class {
 28         type pse-power-class-type;
 29         config false;
 30         description
 31           "PD Power Class";
 32         reference
 33           "30.12.2.1.10 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
 34       }
 35       leaf link-aggregation-status {
 36         type bits {
 37           bit aggregation-capability {
 38             position 0;
 39             description
 40               "79.3.3.1 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
 41           }
 42           bit aggregation-status {
 43             position 1;
 44             description
 45               "79.3.3.1 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
 46           }
 47         }
 48         config false;
 49         description
 50           "The bitmap value which contains the link aggregation capabili-
 51  ties and the current aggregation
 52                     status of the link";
 53         reference
 54           "30.12.2.1.11 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
```

```
  }
  leaf aggregation-port-id {
    type int32;
    config false;
    description
      "The unique identifier allocated to this Aggregation Port by the
local System.";
    reference
      "30.12.2.1.12 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
  }
  leaf local-max-frame-size {
    type int32;
    config false;
    description
      "An integer value indicating the maximum supported frame size in
octets on the given port of the local system.";
    reference
      "30.12.2.1.13 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
  }
  leaf power-type {
    type bits {
      bit type1-or-type2 {
        position 0;
        description
          "0-type1, 1-type2";
      }
      bit pse-or-pd {
        position 1;
        description
          "0-pse, 1-pd";
      }
    }
    config false;
    description
      "A bit string indicating whether the local system is a PSE or a
PD and whether it is Type 1 or Type 2. The first bit indicates Type 1 or
Type 2.
                The second bit indicates PSE or PD.";
    reference
      "30.12.2.1.14 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
  }
  leaf power-source {
    type power-source-type;
    config false;
    description
      "Indicates the power sources of the local system. A PSE indicates
whether it is being powered by a primary power source; a backup power
source; or unknown. A PD indicates whether it is being powered by a PSE
and locally; by a PSE only; or
                unknown.;";
    reference
      "30.12.2.1.15 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
  }
  leaf local-power-priority {
```

```
          type power-priority-type;
          description
            "Priority of a PD system. For a PSE, this is the priority that the
    PSE assigns to the PD.
                      For a PD, this is the priority that the PD requests from
    the PSE";
          reference
            "30.12.2.1.16 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
      leaf pd-requested-power-value {
          type int32;
          config false;
          description
            "PD requested power value. For a PD, it is the power value that
    the PD has currently requested from the remote system.
                        For a PSE, it is the power value that the PSE mirrors
    back to the remote system";
          reference
            "30.12.2.1.17 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
      leaf pse-allocated-power-value {
          type int32;
          config false;
          description
            "PSE allocated power value. For a PSE, it is the power value that
    the PSE has currently allocated to the remote system.
                        For a PD, it is the power value that the PD mirrors back
    to the remote syste";
          reference
            "30.12.2.1.18 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
      leaf local-response-time {
          type int32;
          config false;
          description
            "The maximum time required to update pse-allocated-power-value";
          reference
            "30.12.2.1.19 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
      leaf local-system-ready {
          type boolean;
          config false;
          description
              "Initialization status of the Data Link Layer classification
    engine on the local system";
          reference
            "30.12.2.1.20 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
      leaf reduced-operation-power-value {
          type int32;
          config false;
          description
            "Reduced operation power value. For a PD, it is a power value that
```

```
                        is lower than the currently requested power value. This
reduced operation power value represents
                        a power state in which the PD could continue to operate,
but with less functionality than at the
                        current PD requested power value. The PSE could optionally
use this information in the event that
                        the PSE subsequently requests a lower PD power value than
the PD requested power value. For a
                        PSE, it is a power value that the PSE could ask the PD to
move to if the PSE wants the PD to move
                        to a lower power state.";
        reference
          "30.12.2.1.21 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
      leaf tx-system-value {
        type int32;
        config false;
        description
          "Returns the value of Tw_sys_tx that the local system can support
in the transmit direction.";
        reference
          "30.12.2.1.22 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
      leaf tx-system-value-echo {
        type int32;
        config false;
        description
          "Returns the value of Tw_sys_tx that the emote system is adver-
tising that it can support in the transmit direction and is echoed by the
local system under the control of the EEE DLL receiver state diagram.";
        reference
          "30.12.2.1.23 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
      leaf rx-system-value {
        type int32;
        config false;
        description
          "Returns the value of Tw_sys_tx that the local system is request-
ing in the receive direction.";
        reference
          "30.12.2.1.24 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
      leaf rx-system-value-echo {
        type int32;
        config false;
        description
          "Returns the value of Tw_sys_tx that the remote system is adver-
tising that it is requesting in the receive direction and is echoed by
the local system under the control of the EEE DLL transmitter state dia-
gram.";
        reference
          "30.12.2.1.25 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
      leaf fallback-system-value {
```

```
        type int32;
        config false;
        description
          "Returns the value of the fallback Tw_sys_tx that the local sys-
tem is advertising to the remote system.";
        reference
          "30.12.2.1.26 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
    leaf tx-dll-ready {
        type boolean;
        config false;
        description
          "Returns the initialization status of the EEE transmit Data Link
Layer management function on the local system.";
        reference
          "30.12.2.1.27 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
    leaf rx-dll-ready {
        type boolean;
        config false;
        description
          "Returns the initialization status of the EEE receive Data Link
Layer management function on the local system.";
        reference
          "30.12.2.1.28 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
    leaf dll-enabled {
        type boolean;
        config false;
        description
          "Returns the status of the EEE capability negotiation on the
local system.";
        reference
          "30.12.2.1.29 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
    leaf tx-system-fw {
        type boolean;
        config false;
        description
          "Returns the value of LPI_FW that the local system can support in
the transmit direction.";
        reference
          "30.12.2.1.30 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
    leaf tx-system-fw-echo {
        type boolean;
        config false;
        description
          "Returns the value of LPI_FW that the remote system is advertis-
ing that it can support in the transmit direction and is echoed by the
local system under the control of the EEE DLL receiver state diagram.";
        reference
          "30.12.2.1.31 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
```

```
leaf rx-system-fw {
  type boolean;
  config false;
  description
    "Returns the value of LPI_FW that the local system is requesting
in the receive direction.";
  reference
    "30.12.2.1.32 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
}
leaf rx-system-fw-echo {
  type boolean;
  config false;
  description
    "Returns the value of LPI_FW that the remote system is advertis-
ing that it is requesting in the receive direction and is echoed by the
local system under the control of the EEE DLL transmitter state dia-
gram.";
  reference
    "30.12.2.1.33 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
}
leaf preemption-supported {
  type boolean;
  config false;
  description
    "Indicates whether the given port (associated with the local Sys-
tem) supports the preemption capability.";
  reference
    "30.12.2.1.34 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
}
leaf preemption-enabled {
  type boolean;
  config false;
  description
    "Indicates whether the preemption capability is enabled on the
given port associated with the local System.";
  reference
    "30.12.2.1.35 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
}
leaf preemption-active {
  type boolean;
  config false;
  description
    "Indicates whether the preemption capability is active on the
given port associated with the local System.;";
  reference
    "30.12.2.1.36 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
}
leaf additional-fragement-size {
  type int32;
  config false;
  description
    "Indicate the minimum size of non-final fragments supported by
the receiver on the given port associated with the local System. This
value is expressed in units of 64 octets of additional fragment length.";
```

```
 1      reference
 2         "30.12.2.1.37 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
 3    }
 4  }
 5
 6
 7  augment "/lldp:lldp/lldp:port/lldp:remote-systems-data" {
 8    leaf auto-negotiation-supported {
 9      type boolean;
10      config false;
11      description
12        "True if the port supports Auto-negotiation";
13      reference
14        "30.12.3.1.1 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
15    }
16    leaf auto-negotiation-enabled {
17      type boolean;
18      config false;
19      description
20        "True if Auto-negotiation is enabled";
21      reference
22        "30.12.3.1.2 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
23    }
24    leaf auto-negotiation-cap {
25      type binary {
26        length "2";
27      }
28      config false;
29      description
30          "A read-only 2-octet value that contains the value (bitmap) of
31  the ifMauAutoNegCapAdvertisedBits object (defined in IETF RFC 4836)
32                 which is associated with the given port on the local sys-
33  tem.";
34      reference
35        "30.12.3.1.3 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
36    }
37    leaf operational-mau-type {
38      type int32;
39      config false;
40      description
41        "32-bit integer value that indicates the operational MAU type of
42  the given port";
43      reference
44        "30.12.3.1.4 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
45    }
46    leaf power-port-class {
47      type port-class-type;
48      config false;
49      description
50          "A read-only value that identifies the port Class of the given
51  port";
52      reference
53        "30.12.3.1.5 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
54    }
55    leaf mdi-power-supported {
```

```
      type boolean;
      config false;
      description
        "True if MDI power is supported";
      reference
        "30.12.3.1.6 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
    }
    leaf mdi-power-enabled {
      type boolean;
      config false;
      description
        "True if MDI power is enabled";
      reference
        "30.12.3.1.7 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
    }
    leaf power-pair-controlable {
      type boolean;
      config false;
      description
        "True if the pair selection can be controlled";
      reference
        "30.12.3.1.8 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
    }
    leaf power-pairs {
      type pse-pinout-type;
      config false;
      description
        "Indicates which pinout alernative is used for PD detection and
power";
      reference
        "30.12.3.1.9 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
    }
    leaf power-class {
      type pse-power-class-type;
      config false;
      description
        "PD Power Class";
      reference
        "30.12.3.1.10 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
    }
    leaf link-aggregation-status {
      type bits {
        bit aggregation-capability {
          position 0;
          description
            "79.3.3.1 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
        }
        bit aggregation-status {
          position 1;
          description
            "79.3.3.1 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
        }
        bit bit2-reserved {
          position 2;
```

```
            description
              "79.3.3.1 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
          }
        bit bit3-reserved {
          position 3;
          description
            "79.3.3.1 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
        }
        bit bit4-reserved {
          position 4;
          description
            "79.3.3.1 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
        }
        bit bit5-reserved {
          position 5;
          description
            "79.3.3.1 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
        }
        bit bit6-reserved {
          position 6;
          description
            "79.3.3.1 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
        }
        bit bit7-reserved {
          position 7;
          description
            "79.3.3.1 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
        }
      }
      config false;
      description
        "The bitmap value which contains the link aggregation capabili-
ties and the current aggregation
              status of the link";
      reference
        "30.12.3.1.11 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
    }
    leaf aggregation-port-id {
      type int32;
      config false;
      description
        "The unique identifier allocated to this Aggregation Port by the
local System.";
      reference
        "30.12.3.1.12 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
    }
    leaf local-max-frame-size {
      type int32;
      config false;
      description
        "An integer value indicating the maximum supported frame size in
octets on the given port of the local system.";
      reference
        "30.12.3.1.13 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
```

```
 1        }
 2      leaf power-type {
 3        type bits {
 4          bit type1-or-type2 {
 5            position 0;
 6            description
 7              "0-type1, 1-type2";
 8          }
 9          bit pse-or-pd {
10            position 1;
11            description
12              "0-pse, 1-pd";
13          }
14        }
15        config false;
16        description
17          "A bit string indicating whether the local system is a PSE or a
18  PD and whether it is Type 1 or Type 2. The first bit indicates Type 1 or
19  Type 2.
20                  The second bit indicates PSE or PD.";
21        reference
22          "30.12.3.1.14 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
23      }
24      leaf power-source {
25        type power-source-type;
26        config false;
27        description
28          "Indicates the power sources of the remote system. A PSE indi-
29  cates whether it is being powered by a primary power source; a backup
30  power source; or unknown. A PD indicates whether it is being powered by a
31  PSE and locally; by a PSE only; or
32                  unknown.;";
33        reference
34          "30.12.3.1.15 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
35      }
36      leaf power-priority {
37        type power-priority-type;
38        description
39          "the priority of the PD system received from the remote system";
40        reference
41          "30.12.3.1.16 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
42      }
43      leaf pd-requested-power-value {
44        type int32;
45        config false;
46        description
47          "PD requested power value that was used by the remote system to
48  compute the power value that is has currently allocated to the PD.";
49        reference
50          "30.12.3.1.17 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
51      }
52      leaf pse-allocated-power-value {
53        type int32;
54        config false;
```

```
        description
          "PSE allocated power value. For a PSE, it is the power value that
the PSE has currently allocated to the remote system.
                  For a PD, it is the power value that the PD mirrors back
to the remote syste";
        reference
          "30.12.3.1.18 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
    leaf tx-system-value {
        type int32;
        config false;
        description
          "Returns the value of Tw_sys_tx that the remote system can sup-
port in the transmit direction.";
        reference
          "30.12.3.1.19 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
    leaf tx-system-value-echo {
        type int32;
        config false;
        description
          "Returns the value of Tw_sys_tx that the local system is adver-
tising that it can support in the transmit direction and is echoed by the
local system under the control of the EEE DLL receiver state diagram.";
        reference
          "30.12.3.1.20 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
    leaf rx-system-value {
        type int32;
        config false;
        description
            "Returns the value of Tw_sys_tx that the remote system is
requesting in the receive direction.";
        reference
          "30.12.3.1.21 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
    leaf rx-system-value-echo {
        type int32;
        config false;
        description
          "Returns the value of Tw_sys_tx that the local system is adver-
tising that it is requesting in the receive direction and is echoed by
the local system under the control of the EEE DLL transmitter state dia-
gram.";
        reference
          "30.12.3.1.22 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
    leaf fallback-system-value {
        type int32;
        config false;
        description
          "Returns the value of the fallback Tw_sys_tx that the remote sys-
tem is advertising to the remote system.";
        reference
```

```
          "30.12.3.1.23 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
    leaf tx-system-fw {
      type boolean;
      config false;
      description
        "Returns the value of LPI_FW that the remote system can support
in the transmit direction.";
      reference
        "30.12.3.1.24 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
    leaf tx-system-fw-echo {
      type boolean;
      config false;
      description
        "Returns the value of LPI_FW that the local system is advertising
that it can support in the transmit direction and is echoed by the local
system under the control of the EEE DLL receiver state diagram.";
      reference
        "30.12.3.1.25 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
    leaf rx-system-fw {
      type boolean;
      config false;
      description
        "Returns the value of LPI_FW that the remote system is requesting
in the receive direction.";
      reference
        "30.12.3.1.26 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
    leaf rx-system-fw-echo {
      type boolean;
      config false;
      description
        "Returns the value of LPI_FW that the local system is advertising
that it is requesting in the receive direction and is echoed by the local
system under the control of the EEE DLL transmitter state diagram.";
      reference
        "30.12.3.1.27 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
    leaf preemption-supported {
      type boolean;
      config false;
      description
        "Indicates whether the given port (associated with the remote
System) supports the preemption capability.";
      reference
        "30.12.3.1.28 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
      }
    leaf preemption-enabled {
      type boolean;
      config false;
      description
```

```
        "Indicates whether the preemption capability is enabled on the
given port associated with the remote System.";
      reference
        "30.12.3.1.29 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
    }
  leaf preemption-active {
    type boolean;
    config false;
    description
        "Indicates whether the preemption capability is active on the
given port associated with the remote System.;";
      reference
        "30.12.3.1.30 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
    }
  leaf additional-fragement-size {
    type int32;
    config false;
    description
        "Indicate the minimum size of non-final fragments supported by
the receiver on the given port associated with the remote System. This
value is expressed in units of 64 octets of additional fragment length.";
      reference
        "30.12.3.1.31 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022";
    }
  }
}
```

6. YANG module for Ethernet data terminal equipment (DTE) power via medium dependent interface (MDI) and Power over Data Lines (PoDL)

6.1 Introduction

This clause defines a YANG module to manage power via MDI Power Sourcing Equipment (PSE) and Power over Data Line (PoDL) PSE.

IEEE Std 802.3 defines the hardware registers that allow management interfaces to be built for a DTE Power via MDI and Power over Data Line device. The YANG module defined in this clause extends the Ethernet-interface YANG data modules defined in Clause 5 with the management objects required for the management of PoE and PoDL devices and ports.

6.2 YANG module structure

The *ieee802-ethernet-pse* YANG module of this clause is focused on the configuration and monitoring of the Power over Ethernet (PoE) function defined in IEEE Std 802.3, including power via MDI, as well as Power over Data Line which can also be considered as the single pair PoE. The module augments the *ieee802-ethernet-interface* YANG module with attributes for the PoE function. The module is partitioned into two major containers.

The PoE PSE container describes a multi-pair PSE, while the PoDL PSE describes a single-pair PSE.

6.3 Security considerations for Ethernet data terminal equipment (DTE) power via medium dependent interface (MDI) and Power over Data Line Module

There are a number of data nodes defined in this YANG module that are configurable as read-write. Such data nodes may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for configuration operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations.

Setting the following data nodes to incorrect values can result in improper operation of the PSE, including the possibility that the Powered Device (PD) does not receive power from the PSE port:

— pse-enable
— powering-pairs

Some of the readable operational states in this module may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. These are as follows:

— pairs-control-ability
— classifications
— pd-power-class
— pse-type
— detected-pd-type

It is thus important to control GET access to these data nodes and to possibly encrypt their values when sending them over the network.

6.4 Mapping of IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30 managed objects

This subclause contains the mapping between YANG data nodes included in *ieee802-ethernet-pse* (see Table 6–1) YANG module, managed objects, and attributes defined in IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30.

Table 6–1—Mapping between IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30 managed objects and *ieee802-ethernet-pse* YANG data nodes

IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30			Reference	Corresponding *ieee802-ethernet-pse* YANG data nodes		
Managed object(s)	**Attribute(s)**			**Container(s)**	**Data node(s)**	**R/W**
N/A	N/A			interfaces/interface/ethernet/pse	supported-pse-type	R
oPSE	aPSEAdminState		30.9.1	interfaces/interface/ethernet/pse/multi-pair	pse-enable	R
	aPSEPowerPairs				powering-pairs	R/W
	aPSEPowerPairsControlAbility				pairs-control-ability	R
	aPSEPowerDetectionStatus				detection-status	R
	aPSEPowerClassification				classifications	R
	aPSEActualPower				actual-power	R
	aPSEPowerAccuracy				power-accuracy	R
	aPSEInvalidSignatureCounter			interfaces/interface/ethernet/pse/multi-pair/statistics	invalid-signature	R
	aPSEPowerDeniedCounter				power-denied	R
	aPSEOverLoadCounter				overload	R
	aPSEShortCounter				short	R
	aPSEMPSAbsentCounter				mps-absent	R
	aPSECumulativeEnergy				cumulative-energy	R

IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30			Reference	Corresponding *ieee802-ethernet-pse* YANG data nodes		
Managed object(s)	**Attribute(s)**			**Container(s)**	**Data node(s)**	**R/W**
oPoDLPSE	aPoDLPSEAdminState		30.15	interfaces/interface/ethernet/pse/single-pair	pse-enable	R
	aPoDLPSEPowerDetectionStatus				detection-status	R
	aPoDLPSEType				podl-type	R
	aPoDLPSEDetectedPDType				detected-pd-type	R
	aPoDLPSEDetectedPDPowerClass				pd-power-class	R
	aPoDLPSEActualPower				actual-power	R
	aPoDLPSEPowerAccuracy				power-accuracy	R
	aPoDLPSEInvalidSignatureCounter			interfaces/interface/ethernet/pse/single-pair/statistics	invalid-signature	R
	aPoDLPSEInvalidClassCounter				invalid-class	R
	aPoDLPSEPowerDeniedCounter				power-denied	R
	aPoDLPSEOverLoadCounter				overload	R
	aPoDLPSEMaintainFullVoltageSignatureAbsentCounter				fvs-absent	R
	aPoDLPSECumulativeEnergy				cumulative-energy	R

6.5 YANG module definition[l]

The YANG module tree hierarchy uses terms defined in IETF RFC 8407.

6.5.1 Tree hierarchy

```
module: ieee802-ethernet-pse
  augment /if:interfaces/if:interface/ieee802-eth-if:ethernet:
    +--rw pse
       +--ro supported-pse-type?   identityref
       +--rw multi-pair!
       |  +--rw pse-enable?             boolean
       |  +--rw powering-pairs?         identityref
       |  +--ro pairs-control-ability?  boolean
       |  +--ro detection-status?       multi-pair-detection-state
       |  +--ro classifications?        power-class
       |  +--ro statistics
       |  |  +--ro power-denied?        yang:counter64
       |  |  +--ro invalid-signature?   yang:counter64
       |  |  +--ro mps-absent?          yang:counter64
       |  |  +--ro overload?            yang:counter64
       |  |  +--ro short?               yang:counter64
       |  |  +--ro cumulative-energy?   yang:counter64
       |  +--ro actual-power?           decimal64
       |  +--ro power-accuracy?         int64
       +--rw single-pair!
          +--rw pse-enable?         boolean
          +--ro detection-status?   single-pair-detection-state
          +--ro podl-type?          enumeration
          +--ro detected-pd-type?   enumeration
          +--ro pd-power-class?     power-class
          +--ro statistics
          |  +--ro power-denied?        yang:counter64
          |  +--ro invalid-signature?   yang:counter64
          |  +--ro invalid-class?       yang:counter64
          |  +--ro overload?            yang:counter64
          |  +--ro fvs-absence?         yang:counter64
          |  +--ro cumulative-energy?   yang:counter64
          +--ro actual-power?       decimal64
          +--ro power-accuracy?     int64
```

---

[l]Copyright release for YANG modules: Users of this standard may freely reproduce the YANG module contained in this subclause so that it can be used for its intended purpose.

6.5.2 YANG module

In the following YANG module definition, should any discrepancy between the text of the description for individual YANG nodes and the corresponding definition in 6.2 through 6.5 of this clause occur, the definitions and mappings in 6.5 shall take precedence.

An ASCII text version of the YANG module can be found at the following URL:[m] https://github.com/YangModels/yang/tree/master/standard/ieee/published/802.3.

```
module ieee802-ethernet-pse{
  yang-version 1.1;
  namespace "urn:ieee:std:802.3:yang:ieee802-ethernet-pse";
  prefix ieee802-pse;

  revision 2019-06-21 {
    description "Initial revision.";
  }

  import ietf-interfaces {
    prefix "if";
    reference "IETF RFC 8343";
  }

  import ietf-yang-types {
    prefix yang;
    reference "IETF RFC 6991";
  }

  import ieee802-ethernet-interface {
    prefix ieee802-eth-if;
  }

  organization
    "IEEE 802.3 Ethernet Working Group
     Web URL: http://www.ieee802.org/3/";

  contact
    "Web URL: http://www.ieee802.org/3/";

  description
    "This module contains YANG definitions for configuring and
     managing ports with Power Over Ethernet feature defined by
     IEEE 802.3. It provides functionality roughly equivalent to
     that of the POWER-ETHERNET-MIB defined in IETF RFC 3621.";

  reference
    "IEEE Std 802.3-2018, unless dated explicitly";
  typedef multi-pair-detection-state {
    type enumeration {
      enum disabled {
        value 1;
```

```
        description "PSE disabled.";
      }
      enum searching {
        value 2;
        description "PSE is searching.";
      }
      enum deliveringPower {
        value 3;
        description "PSE is delivering power.";
      }
      enum fault {
        value 4;
        description "PSE fault detected.";
      }
      enum test {
        value 5;
        description "PSE test mode.";
      }
      enum otherFault {
        value 6;
        description "PSE implementation specific fault detected.";
      }
    }
  description
    "Detection state of a multi-pair PSE.";
  reference
    "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.9.1.1.5";
  }

  typedef single-pair-detection-state{
    type enumeration {
      enum unknown {
        value 1;
        description "True detection state unknown.";
      }
      enum disabled {
        value 2;
        description "PoDL PSE is disabled.";
      }
      enum searching {
        value 3;
        description "PoDL PSE is searching.";
      }
      enum deliveringPower {
        value 4;
        description "PoDL PSE is delivering power.";
      }
      enum sleep {
        value 5;
        description "PoDL PSE is in sleep state.";
      }
      enum idle {
        value 6;
        description "PoDL PSE is idle.";
```

```
        }
      enum error {
        value 7;
        description "PoDL PSE error.";
      }
    }

    description
      "Detection state of a PoDL PSE.";
    reference
      "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.15.1.1.3";
  }

  typedef power-class {
    type enumeration {
      enum class0 {
        value 1;
        description "Class 0";
      }
      enum class1 {
        value 2;
        description "Class 1";
      }
      enum class2 {
        value 3;
        description "Class 2";
      }
      enum class3 {
        value 4;
        description "Class 3";
      }
      enum class4 {
        value 5;
        description "Class 4";
      }
      enum class5 {
        value 6;
        description "Class 5 (for PoDL-only)";
      }
      enum class6 {
        value 7;
        description "Class 6 (for PoDL-only)";
      }
      enum class7 {
        value 8;
        description "Class 7 (for PoDL-only)";
      }
      enum class8 {
        value 9;
        description "Class 8 (for PoDL-only)";
      }
      enum class9 {
        value 10;
        description "Class 9 (for PoDL-only)";
```

```
  1              }
  2            enum unknown {
  3              value 11;
  4              description
  5                "Initializing, true Power Class not yet known
  6                 (only for PoDL PSE).";
  7            }
  8          }
  9        description
 10          "Power class.";
 11        reference
 12          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.9.1.1.6 aPSEPowerClassification and
 13           IEEE Std 802.3, 30.15.1.1.6 aPoDLPSEDetectedPDPowerClass.";
 14      }
 15
 16      identity pse-type {
 17        description "Base type for PSE.";
 18      }
 19
 20      identity multi-pair {
 21        base pse-type;
 22        description "PSE supports IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 33.";
 23      }
 24
 25      identity single-pair {
 26        base pse-type;
 27        description "PSE support IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 104.";
 28      }
 29
 30      identity powering-pairs {
 31        description "Base type for powering pairs.";
 32      }
 33      identity signal {
 34        base powering-pairs;
 35        description "The signal pair is in use.";
 36      }
 37      identity spare {
 38        base powering-pairs;
 39        description "The spare pair is in use.";
 40      }
 41
 42      augment "/if:interfaces/if:interface/ieee802-eth-if:ethernet" {
 43        description
 44          "Augments ethernet interface configuration model with
 45           nodes specific to DTE Power via MDI devices and ports";
 46
 47        container pse {
 48          description
 49            "DTE Power via MDI port configuration";
 50          reference
 51            "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.9.1 PoE PSE & IEEE Std 802.3, 30.15.1 PoDL
 52             PSE";
 53
 54          leaf supported-pse-type {
```

```
  1          type identityref {
  2            base ieee802-pse:pse-type ;
  3          }
  4        config false;
  5        description
  6          "PSE may support IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 33 or
  7           IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 104.";
  8      }
  9
 10
 11    container multi-pair {
 12      presence "PSE port supports IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 33.";
 13
 14      description
 15        "PSE port configuration in IEEE Std 802.3, 30.9.1.";
 16
 17      leaf pse-enable {
 18        type boolean;
 19        default false;
 20        description
 21          "When true enables the PSE function on the interface,
 22           when false disables the PSE function on the interface.";
 23        reference
 24          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.9.1.1.2 aPSEAdminState";
 25      }
 26
 27      leaf powering-pairs {
 28        type identityref{
 29          base powering-pairs;
 30        }
 31        description
 32          "Describes or controls the PSE pairs in use. If the value of
 33           pairs-control-ability is true, this object is
 34           writeable.";
 35
 36        reference
 37          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.9.1.1.4 aPSEPowerPairs";
 38      }
 39
 40      leaf pairs-control-ability {
 41        type boolean;
 42        default true;
 43        config false;
 44        description
 45          "Describes the ability to control switching the
 46           power sourcing pins of the PSE.";
 47        reference
 48          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.9.1.1.3 aPSEPowerPairsControlAbility";
 49      }
 50
 51      leaf detection-status {
 52        type multi-pair-detection-state;
 53        config false;
 54        description
 55          "Describes the operational status of the port
```

```
                    PD detection.";
                 reference
                    "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.9.1.1.5 aPSEPowerDetectionStatus";
              }

           leaf classifications {
              when "../detection-status = 'deliveringPower'" {
                 description
                    "This node only applies when the detection status is
                     delivering power.";
              }
              type power-class;
              config false;
              description
                 "The power class of the PSE port.";
              reference
                 "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.9.1.1.6 aPSEPowerClassfication";
           }

           container statistics {
              config false;
              description
                 "statistics information of the multi-pair port.";

              leaf power-denied {
                 type yang:counter64;
                 description
                    "This counter is incremented when the PSE state diagram
                     enters the POWER_DENIED state, per IEEE Std 802.3,
                     Figure 33-9.";
                 reference
                    "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.9.1.1.8 aPSEPowerDeniedCounter";
              }

              leaf invalid-signature {
                 type yang:counter64;
                 description
                    "This counter is incremented when the PSE state diagram
                     enters the SIGNATURE_INVALID state per IEEE Std 802.3,
                     Figure 33-9.";
                 reference
                    "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.9.1.1.7 aPSEInvalidSignatureCounter";
              }

              leaf mps-absent {
                 type yang:counter64;
                 description
                    "This counter is incremented when the PSE
                     transitions directly from the POWER_ON state to the
                     IDLE state due to tmpdo_timer_done being asserted,
                     per IEEE Std 802.3, Figure 33-9.";
                 reference
                    "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.9.1.1.11 aPSEMPSAbsentCounter";
              }
```

```
      leaf overload {
        type yang:counter64;
        description
          "This counter is incremented when the PSE state diagram
           enters the ERROR_DELAY state due to the ovld_detected
           variable being TRUE, per IEEE Std 802.3, Figure 33-9.";
        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.9.1.1.9 aPSEOverLoadCounter";
      }

      leaf short {
        type yang:counter64;
        description
          "This counter is incremented when the PSE state diagram
           enters the ERROR_DELAY state due to the short_detected
           variable being TRUE, per IEEE Std 802.3, Figure 33-9.";
        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.9.1.1.10 aPSEShortCounter";
      }

      leaf cumulative-energy {
        type yang:counter64;
        units millijoules;
        description
          "The cumulative energy supplied by the PSE as measured at
           the MDI in millijoules.";

        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.9.1.1.14 aPSECumulativeEnergy";
      }

    }

    leaf actual-power {
      type decimal64 {
        fraction-digits 4;
      }

      units milliwatts;
      config false;
      description
        "The actual power drawn by a PD over the port.";
      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.9.1.1.12 aPSEActualPower";
    }

    leaf power-accuracy {
      type int64;
      units milliwatts;
      config false;
      description
        "An integer value indicating the accuracy
         associated with power-accuracy in +/- milliwatts.";
```

```
          reference
            "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.9.1.1.13 aPSEPowerAccuracy";
      }


  }


  container single-pair {
    presence "PSE port working in PoDL.";

    description
      "PoDL PSE configuration as defined in
       IEEE Std 802.3, 30.15.1.";

    leaf pse-enable {
      type boolean;
      default false;
      description
        "When true enables the PSE function on the interface,
         when false disables the PSE function on the interface.";
      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.15.1.1.2 aPoDLPSEAdminState";
    }

    leaf detection-status {
      type single-pair-detection-state;
      config false;
      description
        "Indicates the current status of the PoDL PSE.";
      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.15.1.1.3 aPoDLPSEPowerDetectionStatus";
    }

    leaf podl-type {
      type enumeration {
        enum unknown {
          description "Unknown PSE type.";
        }
        enum typeA {
          description "TypeA";
        }
        enum typeB {
          description "TypeB";
        }
        enum typeC {
          description "TypeC";
        }
        enum typeD {
          description "TypeD";
        }
      }
      config false;
      description "PSE type specified in IEEE Std 802.3, 104.4.1.";
    }
```

```
 1              leaf detected-pd-type {
 2                when "../detection-status = 'deliveringPower'" {
 3                  description
 4                    "This node only applies when the detection status is
 5                     delivering power.";
 6                }
 7
 8
 9                type enumeration {
10                  enum unknown {
11                    description "Unknown";
12                  }
13                  enum typeA {
14                    description "TypeA";
15                  }
16                  enum typeB {
17                    description "TypeB";
18                  }
19                  enum typeC {
20                    description "TypeC";
21                  }
22                  enum typeD {
23                    description "TypeD";
24                  }
25                }
26                config false;
27                description
28                  "Indicates the Type of the detected PoDL PD as specified in
29                   IEEE Std 802.3, 104.5.1.";
30
31                reference
32                  "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.15.1.1.5 aPoDLPSEDetectedPDType";
33              }
34
35              leaf pd-power-class {
36
37                when "../detection-status = 'deliveringPower'" {
38                  description
39                    "This node only applies when the detection status is
40                     delivering power.";
41                }
42
43                type power-class;
44                config false;
45                description
46                  "Power class of the PD detected on the PSE port.";
47                reference
48                  "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.15.1.1.6 aPoDLPSEDetectedPDPowerClass";
49              }
50
51            container statistics {
52              config false;
53              description "Statistics information of the single-pair PSE";
54
55              leaf power-denied {
```

```
        type yang:counter64;
        description
          "This counter is incremented when the PoDL PSE state
           diagram variable power_available transitions from true
           to false (see IEEE Std 802.3, 104.4.3.3).";
        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.15.1.1.9 aPoDLPSEPowerDeniedCounter";
      }

      leaf invalid-signature {
        type yang:counter64;
        description
          "This counter is incremented when the PSE state diagram
           enters the SIGNATURE_INVALID state per
           IEEE Std 802.3, Figure 33-9.";
        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.15.1.1.7
           aPoDLPSEInvalidSignatureCounter";
      }

      leaf invalid-class {
        type yang:counter64;
        description
          "This counter is incremented when the PoDL PSE state
           diagram variable tclass_timer_done transitions from false
           to true or when the valid_class variable transitions from
           true to false (see IEEE Std 802.3, 104.4.3.3).";

        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.15.1.1.8 aPoDLPSEInvalidClassCounter";
      }

      leaf overload {
        type yang:counter64;
        description
          "This counter is incremented when the PSE state diagram
           variable overload_held transitions from false to true
           (see IEEE Std 802.3, 104.4.3.3).";
        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.15.1.1.10 aPoDLPSEOverLoadCounter";
      }

      leaf fvs-absence {
        type yang:counter64;
        description
          "Maintain Full Voltage Signature absent counter.
           This counter is incremented when the PoDL PSE state
           diagram variable mfvs_timeout transitions from false to
           true (see IEEE Std 802.3, 104.4.3.3).";

        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.15.1.1.11
           aPoDLPSEMaintainFullVoltageSignatureAbsentCounter";
      }
```

```
            leaf cumulative-energy {
              type yang:counter64;
              units millijoules;
              description
                "A count of the cumulative energy supplied by the PoDL
                 PSE, measured at the MDI, and expressed in units of
                 millijoules.";
              reference
                "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.15.1.1.14 aPoDLPSECumulativeEnergy";
            }
        }

        leaf actual-power {
          type decimal64 {
            fraction-digits 4;
          }

          units milliwatts;
          config false;
          description
            "An integer value indicating present (actual) power being
             supplied by the PoDL PSE as measured at the MDI in
             milliwatts.";
          reference
            "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.15.1.1.12 aPoDLPSEActualPower";
        }

        leaf power-accuracy {
          type int64;
          units milliwatts;
          config false;
          description
            "A signed integer value indicating the accuracy associated
             with power-accuracy in milliwatts.";
          reference
            "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.15.1.1.13 aPoDLPSEPowerAccuracy";
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

7. YANG module for Ethernet Passive Optical Network (EPON)

7.1 Introduction

This clause defines a YANG module to manage Ethernet Passive Optical Network (EPON).

7.2 YANG module structure

The *ieee802-ethernet-pon* YANG module of this clause is focused on the configuration and monitoring of EPON.

7.2.1 Introduction

EPON is defined in IEEE Std 802.3, covering Physical Layers and Media Access Control sublayers. The Passive Optical Network (PON) is comprised of sections of single-mode fiber connected with passive optical splitter/coupler devices, forming a passive optical tree, as shown in Figure 7–1. Individual branches of the PON are terminated with the Optical Line Terminal (OLT) in the Central Office or at remote optical nodes, and Optical Network Units (ONUs) near the subscribers. ONUs can be located either in some remote location (e.g., basement in a multi-dwelling unit) or directly at the subscriber premises. Various types of Customer Premises Equipment (CPE) can be connected to ONUs or even integrated with such devices. Figure 7–1 presents an example PON topology.
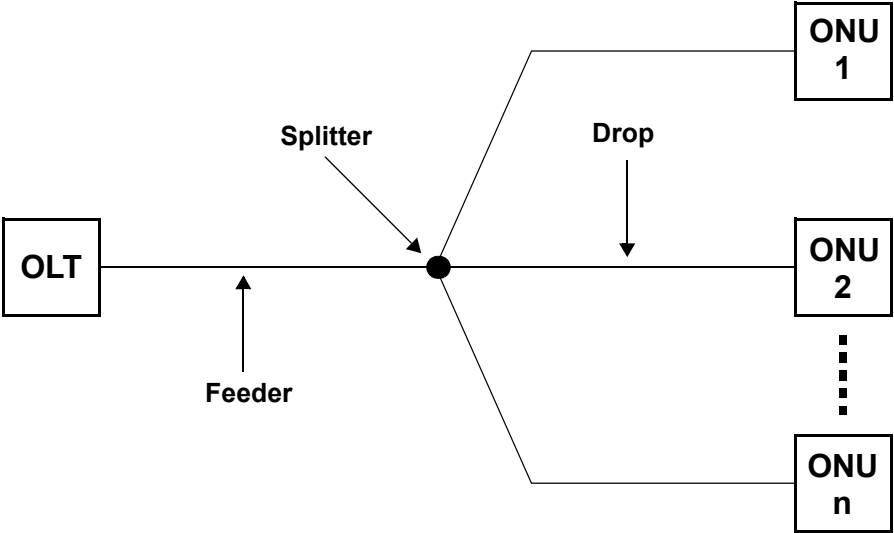
Figure 7–1—PON topology example

The following clauses in IEEE Std 802.3 define 1G-EPON:

— Clause 60: Physical Medium Dependent (PMD) sublayer for 1G-EPON
— Clause 64: MPCP (Multipoint Control Protocol) for 1G-EPON
— Clause 65: Reconciliation Sublayer (RS), Physical Coding Sublayer (PCS), and Physical Media Attachment (PMA) sublayers for 1G-EPON

The following clauses in IEEE Std 802.3 define 10G-EPON:

— Clause 75: PMD sublayer for 10G-EPON
— Clause 76: RS, PCS, and PMA sublayers for 10G-EPON

— Clause 77: MPCP for 10G-EPON

Additionally, IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30 and Clause 45 are also applicable to EPON.

7.2.2 Principles of operation

The EPON specification extended the specification of Gigabit Ethernet (in case of 1G-EPON) or 10 Gigabit Ethernet (in case of 10G-EPON) as described in IEEE Std 802.3. The Ethernet MAC operates at the data rate of 1 Gb/s (in 1G-EPON) or 10 Gb/s (in 10G-EPON) and it is connected to a media dependent interface through the GMII (in 1G-EPON) or XGMII (in 10G-EPON) interface. The EPON PCS layer extended the Ethernet PCS, adding burst-mode operation capabilities and EPON-specific forward error correction (FEC). The following new, EPON-specific layers were added:

— MPCP is placed in the MAC control layer, providing EPON media access, station discovery, and registration protocol.

— Functionality of the reconciliation sublayer (RS) was extended, creating logical links over shared passive optical medium, providing private transmission channels to each of the connected ONU.

— FEC functionality (optional in 1G-EPON, mandatory in 10G-EPON) located in the PCS was added, extending the Ethernet PCS layer, enhancing reach and split performance of the EPON optical link.

Figure 7–2 presents the EPON layering model.

GMII = GIGABIT MEDIA INDEPENDENT INTERFACE
XGMII = 10GIGABIT MEDIA INDEPENDENT INTERFACE
MDI = MEDIUM DEPENDENT INTERFACE
OAM = OPERATIONS, ADMINISTRATION & MAINTENANCE
OLT = OPTICAL LINE TERMINAL

ONU = OPTICAL NETWORK UNIT
PCS = PHYSICAL CODING SUBLAYER
PHY = PHYSICAL LAYER DEVICE
PMA = PHYSICAL MEDIUM ATTACHMENT
PMD = PHYSICAL MEDIUM DEPENDENT
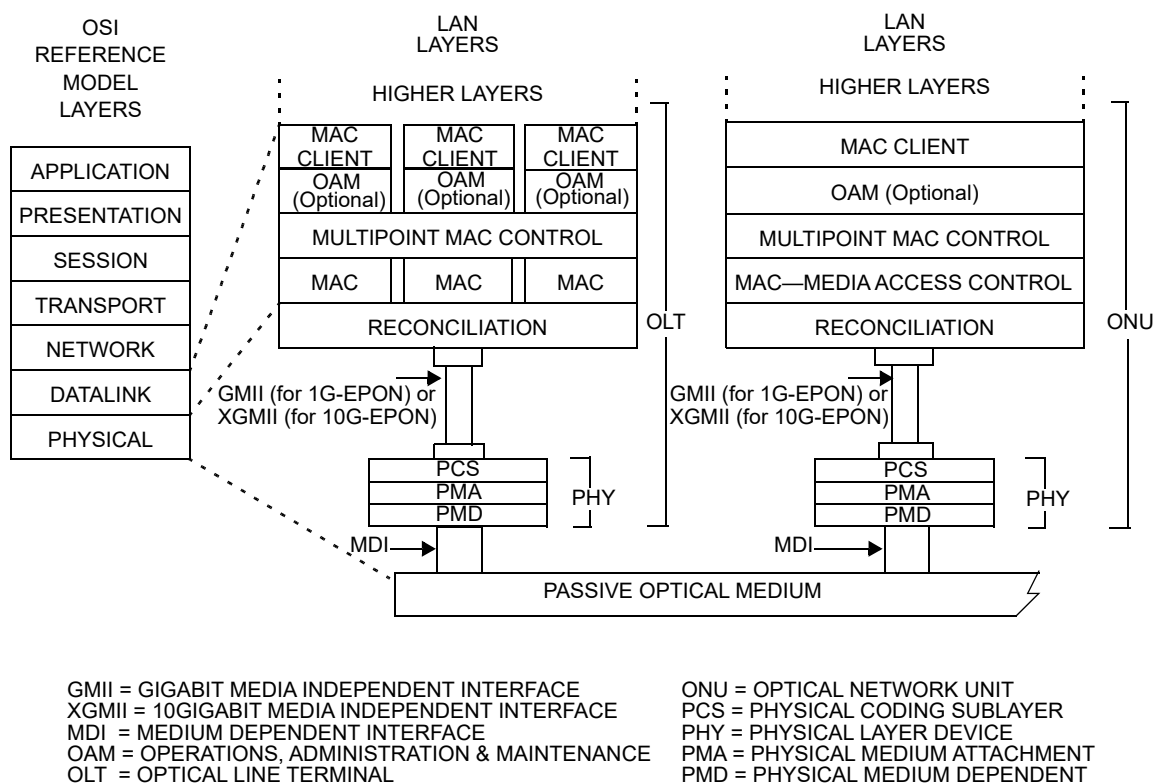
Figure 7–2—Relationship of Multipoint MAC Control and the OSI protocol stack

7.2.3 Physical media

The physical link in EPON comprises single-mode fiber. The OLT and ONUs are connected through a passive optical network comprising sections of single-mode fiber interconnected with passive splitter/coupler devices.

The term *downstream* denotes transmission from the OLT to all connected ONUs, while the term *upstream* denotes transmission from the connected ONUs (one at the time) to the OLT. Upstream and downstream transmissions are wavelength division multiplexed (WDM) into a single strand of single-mode fiber, sharing the same physical link.

The downstream transmission channel is continuously available to the OLT, thus Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) is used. Transmissions from the OLT arrive at all of the connected ONUs and the individual ONUs filter data from the OLT's transmission based on the logical link identifiers (LLID) assigned to them during the registration and discovery process.

The upstream transmission channel is shared among a number of connected and registered ONUs using time-division multiple access (TDMA). Access to the upstream channel is controlled via the Multipoint Control Protocol (MPCP), where the OLT plays the role of the master and ONUs play the role of slave devices. An ONU upon registration remains silent until registered and once registered, it transmits data towards OLT only when granted a transmission opportunity (slot).

7.2.4 PMD specifications

The EPON PMD specifications are based on a wavelength plan 1defined in IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 60 (1G-EPON) and Clause 75 (10G-EPON). The OLT and ONU optical parameters were derived in part from applicable Ethernet PMD specifications, with the addition of WDM capabilities, and burst mode operation for ONU transmitters and the OLT receiver.

The upstream burst mode operation capability corresponds directly to the TDMA operation in the upstream direction, where queued data is burst from individual ONUs at full data rate for the duration of the allocated transmission period. Once completed, the ONU goes silent and another ONU starts transmitting its data.

7.2.5 Principles of the MPCP

The EPON standard comprises a mechanism for media access control, referred to as Multipoint Control Protocol (MPCP). An access network architecture is different from a typical LAN environment, primarily in terms of network provisioning. An access network is an administrated environment, with an operator providing services and subscribers consuming it depending on service provisioning contracts. The operator controls the network, manages traffic and medium access, and enforces the service level agreements. For instance, the available bandwidth is controlled and subscribers may be billed for services. In this sense, the access network (and EPON specifically) requires a media access control protocol that provides a mechanism for station discovery and registration as well as bandwidth provisioning capabilities.

In the MPCP, the OLT is considered to be the master, controlling a series of connected ONUs (slave devices). The OLT manages the network and controls access to network resources from individual slave devices. The MPCP is also used for provisioning upstream channel access to individual slave devices via a MPCPDU pair i.e., GATE and REPORT. The MPCP is part of the MAC control layer and MPCPDUs are considered MAC control messages, carrying a specific Ethertype of 0x8808. These messages are not forwarded outside of the EPON domain and are used to manage the EPON link only.

A concept of time exists in the MPCP in order to schedule the upstream transmission. A timestamp, which is transmitted in the MPCPDUs downstream by the OLT and received by the connected ONUs, is used to synchronize slave devices to the master device clock. This coordinates upstream transmissions from individual

ONUs so that the transmissions arrive at the OLT at the precisely anticipated time, and thus data from different ONUs do not overlap.

The MPCP plane is also used to measure the round-trip time (RTT) for each connected ONU. Each MPCPDU carries a generalized timestamp field, which is filled in by the transmitting station with the current value of its MPCP clock at the time when the given MPCPDU is transmitted. The RTT is measured first during the discovery and registration process and then updated regularly upon each exchange of MPCPDUs between the OLT and one of the ONUs. RTT is used by the OLT bandwidth scheduler to schedule upstream transmission slots for individual ONUs in a non-overlapping manner. The IEEE 802.3 EPON standard provides support for the network diameter (distance between the OLT and the farthest ONU) of nominally up to 20 km, which corresponds to the RTT of approximately 200 µs. However, nothing in the standard precludes support for larger network diameters.

The TDMA control is performed using a pair of MPDPUs, namely GATE generated by the OLT to indicate a future transmission opportunity to an ONU and REPORT generated by the ONU with information on the current queue status (bandwidth demand). Internal structure and possible encoding of GATE and REPORT MPCPDUs are defined in IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 64 (for 1G-EPON) and Clause 77 (for 10G-EPON).

A scheduling algorithm at the OLT, which is not defined in IEEE Std 802.3, is responsible for dividing the bandwidth and controlling the transmission delay of each ONU according to its service level agreement. The MPCP defines a closed loop operation in order for this algorithm to be efficient. The MPCP allows the ONUs to report on the amount of bandwidth they require for transmission using a special REPORT message. This allows allocating bandwidth to an ONU only when requested, relying on the statistical burst property of the traffic, and allowing different peak bandwidths for different ONUs at different times; hence, allowing oversubscription of the bandwidth. The REPORT message reports the amount of data waiting in the ONU queues.

In addition, the MPCP defines a protocol of auto-discovery and registration of ONUs.

The MPCP registration process is presented in Figure 7–3, while details are described in IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 64 (for 1G-EPON) and Clause 77 (for 10G-EPON). Note that MPCP for 10G-EPON supports the coexistence mode, i.e., simultaneous operation of 1G-EPON and 10G-EPON devices on the same fiber plant, through time sharing the upstream transmission channel.

A new ONU requests to register during a special upstream window (called Discovery Window), sending the REGISTER_REQ MPCPDU. More than one ONU may attempt registration during that window, which means that their REGISTER_REQ MPCPDUs can potentially collide at the OLT receiver, since the ONU-specific RTT is not yet known and transmissions from individual ONUs cannot be scheduled in a non-overlapping manner. A random backoff mechanism was therefore developed and is used to increase the registration success probability.

When the OLT receives a REGISTER_REQ MPCPDU from an ONU, a decision a non-overlapping on registration is taken and an LLID is assigned to that ONU. Next, the OLT sends a REGISTER MPCPDU to that ONU, informing the given slave device whether it is admitted to network or not. The registration process is completed with the ONU sending REGISTER_ACK MPCPDU to the OLT, confirming assigned parameters and registration in the network. From that point onward, the OLT can schedule transmissions from that ONU using its LLID and the measured RTT so that its transmissions do not collide with other ONUs.

Additional higher layer protocols may be employed to authenticate the ONU and allow it to participate in the network; however, their specification is outside the scope of IEEE Std 802.3.
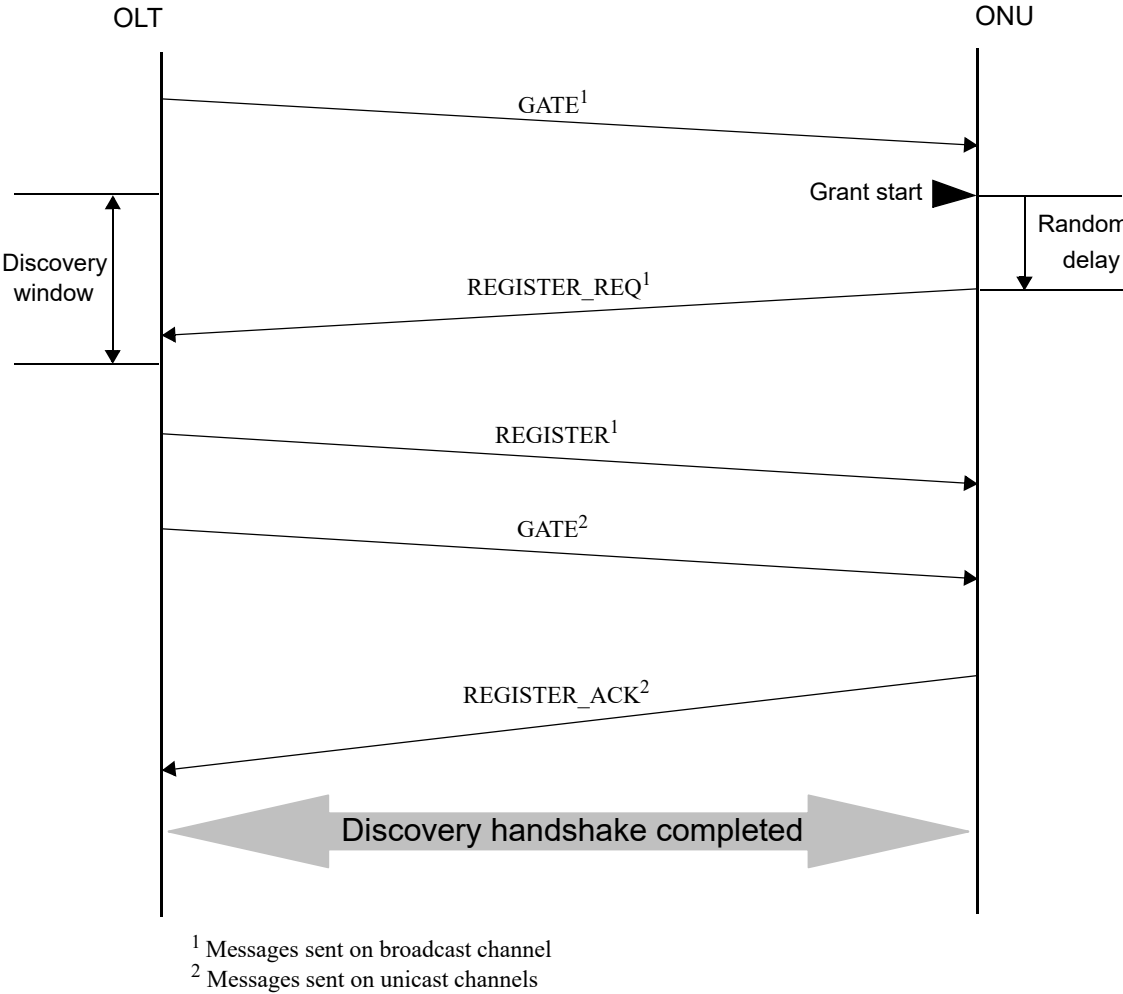
Figure 7–3—Discovery handshake message exchange

7.2.6 Forward error correction (FEC)

The FEC mechanism is optional for 1G-EPON and is defined to enhance the 1G-EPON link budget. All the passive components of the fiber plant attenuate the optical signal, thus the target distance (network diameter) and the number of supported splits is limited by the available link budget. The optional FEC mechanism increases the available link budget by improving the link BER from 10^{-4} to 10^{-12} (the target BER at the MAC), effectively increasing the target network diameter and/or split ratio. The target use of the increased power budget remains at the sole discretion of the network architects and is out of the scope of IEEE Std 802.3.

The optional FEC used in 1G-EPON is frame-based, meaning that parity information is added at the end of each Ethernet packet. Extra space between individual Ethernet packets is provided by the MAC rate adaptation function, while extra idle symbols were replaced within the FEC function.

The start and end of packet codewords also define the FEC boundaries, and they are outside the FEC protection. They are replaced by a series of symbols to reduce their vulnerability to link errors.

Figure 7–4 presents the structure of an FEC-protected 1G-EPON frame.

The optional FEC function is added to the extended Gigabit Ethernet PCS per 65.2 in IEEE Std 802.3. The added, optional FEC function introduces a fixed delay in receive path and transmit path.

S_FEC	Preamble/SFD	Frame	FCS	T_FEC	Parity	T_FEC
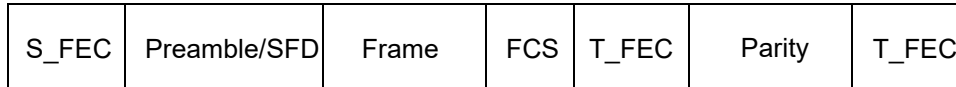
Figure 7–4—1G-EPON FEC-protected frame

The FEC mechanism is mandatory for 10G-EPON, and similarly to 1G-EPON – defined to enhance the EPON link budget. The mandatory FEC mechanism increases the available link budget by improving the link BER from 2×10^{-3} to 10^{-12} (the target BER at the MAC), effectively increasing the target network diameter and/or split ratio. The target use of the increased power budget remains at the sole discretion of the network architects and is out of the scope of IEEE Std 802.3. The mandatory FEC used in 10G-EPON is stream-based, meaning that 32 parity symbols are inserted into the bit stream at regular intervals (every 223 information symbols). Details of the FEC encoding process in 10G-EPON are described in IEEE Std 802.3, 76.3.2.4, including the structure of the resulting frame and the resulting bit ordering shown in IEEE Std 802.3, Figure 76-12.

7.2.7 Management architecture

All of the EPON layers are accompanied by a management interface that is controlled through mechanisms defined in Clause 30 of IEEE Std 802.3. Since IEEE Std 802.3 specifications may be used for different applications (and hence are extensible), and some of the clauses may be used separately, the management clause allocates a separate package for each independent layer. The structure of the modules follows this separation.

Figure 7–5 presents the relation of the module groups to the individual IEEE Std 802.3 layers.

The association is straightforward for the ONU interface. There is one logical and one physical interface, and a single copy of each layer can be remotely queried by the OLT.

The OLT has a single physical interface and N logical interfaces, one for each logical link connected to an ONU. There is also one logical interface for the single copy broadcast link. Per layering diagram in Figure 7–5, the MAC sublayer is virtually replicated. Therefore, in this clause it was elected that management of logical interfaces is performed in the manner identical to management of any physical interfaces—an interface index is allocated for each one of the logical links, and an additional interface index is allocated for the OLT.

Each row in the tables is indexed according to the ifIndex; specifically, there is a row for each logical link. There are some control objects that are shared and are the same for the logical interfaces (and they should have the same value for each ifIndex), but most of the objects have different values for N+1 logical interfaces at the OLT. This is done for each YANG group. It is different from the EPON layering diagram, which presents the P2MP layer as a single layer, while duplicating the MAC and MAC client layers (please see Figure 7–5). However, from a management perspective, it is more convenient to partition the management of the layers for the logical links, as the atomic managed entity is the logical link. It is also convenient to use the interface index of the logical link for that purpose, as it is already used to index the rows of the logical links at the Interface, MAU, and Ethernet-like interface YANG module.
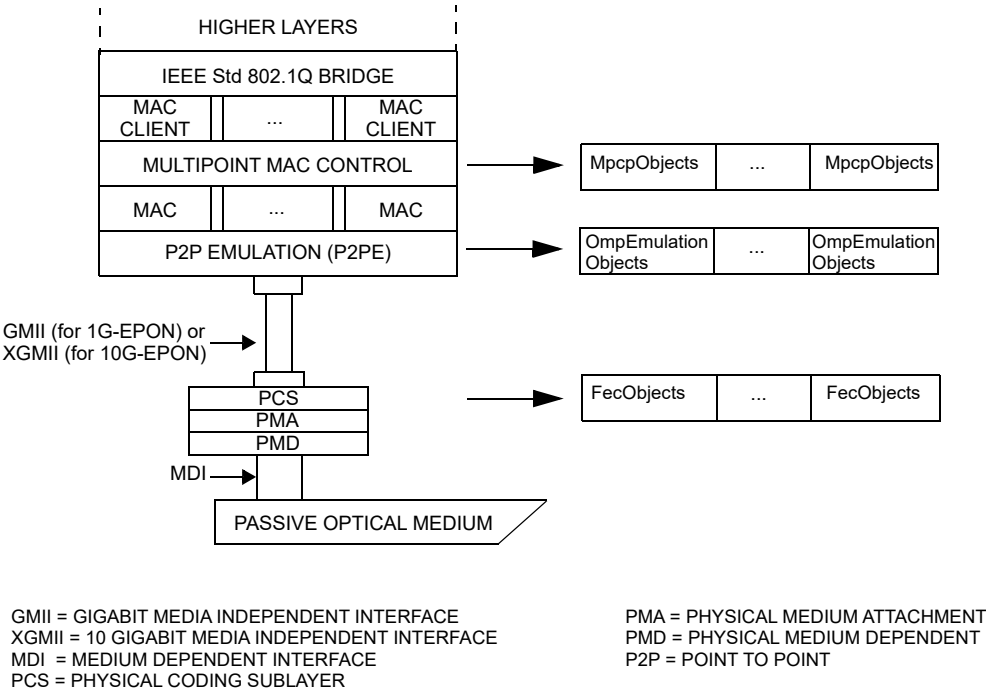
Figure 7–5—Relationship of the YANG module to the EPON sublayers

7.3 Mapping of IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30 managed objects

This sub-clause contains the mapping between YANG data nodes included in *ieee802-ethernet-pon* (see Table 7–1) YANG module, managed objects, and attributes defined in IEEE Std 802.3.1, IEEE8023-DOT3-EPON-MIB.

**Table 7–1—Mapping between IEEE Std 802.3.1, IEEE8023-DOT3-EPON-MIB managed objects
and *ieee802-ethernet-pon* YANG data nodes**

IEEE Std 802.3.1, IEEE8023-DOT3-EPON-MIB		Corresponding *ieee802-ethernet-pon* YANG data nodes		
Managed object(s)	Attribute(s)	Container(s)	Data node(s)	R/W
dot3EponFecTable	dot3EponFecMode		fec-mode	R/W
	dot3EponFecPCSCodingViolation	statistics-pon-fec	fec-code-group-violations	R
	dot3EponFecAbility		fec-capability	R
	dot3EponFecCorrectedBlocks	statistics-pon-fec	fec-code-word-corrected-errors	R
	dot3EponFecUncorrectableBlocks	statistics-pon-fec	fec-code-word-uncorrected-errors	R
	dot3EponFecBufferHeadCodingViolation	statistics-pon-fec	fec-buffer-head-coding-violation	R
dot3MpcpControl Table	dot3MpcpAdminState		mpcp-admin-state	R/W
	dot3MpcpMode		mpcp-mode	R
	dot3MpcpLinkID		mpcp-logical-link-id	R
	dot3MpcpRemoteMACAddress		mpcp-remote-mac-address	R
	dot3MpcpRegistrationState		mpcp-logical-link-state	R
	dot3MpcpSyncTime		mpcp-sync-time	R
	dot3MpcpTransmitElapsed		mpcp-elapsed-time-out	R
	dot3MpcpReceiveElapsed		mpcp-elapsed-time-in	R
	dot3MpcpRoundTripTime		mpcp-round-trip-time	R
	dot3MpcpMaximumPendingGrants		mpcp-maximum-grant-count	R

Table 7–1—Mapping between IEEE Std 802.3.1, IEEE8023-DOT3-EPON-MIB managed objects
and *ieee802-ethernet-pon* YANG data nodes *(continued)*

IEEE Std 802.3.1, IEEE8023-DOT3-EPON-MIB		Corresponding *ieee802-ethernet-pon* YANG data nodes		
Managed object(s)	Attribute(s)	Container(s)	Data node(s)	R/W
dot3ExtPkgQueueSets Table	dot3QueueSetIndex	mpcp-queue-thresholds	mpcp-queue-set-index	R/W
	dot3ExtPkgObjectReportThreshold		mpcp-queue-set-threshold	R/W
	dot3QueueIndex	mpcp-queues	mpcp-queue-index	R/W
	dot3ExtPkgObjectReportNumThreshold		mpcp-queue-threshold-count	R/W
	dot3ExtPkgObjectReportMaximumNumThreshold		mpcp-queue-threshold-count-max	R
	dot3ExtPkgStatTxFramesQueue		in-mpcp-queue-frames	R
	dot3ExtPkgStatRxFramesQueue		out-mpcp-queue-frames	R
	dot3ExtPkgStatDroppedFramesQueue		mpcp-queue-frames-drop	R
dot3ExtPkgControl Table	dot3ExtPkgObjectReset dot3MpcpOperStatus		mpcp-logical-link-admin-state	R/W
	dot3ExtPkgObjectNumberOfLLIDs		mpcp-logical-link-count	R
	dot3ExtPkgObjectReportMaximumNumQueues		mpcp-maximum-queue-count-per-report	R
dot3RecognizedMulticast-IDs Table	dot3RecognizedMulticastID	multicast-IDs	multicast-ID	R/W

**Table 7–1—Mapping between IEEE Std 802.3.1, IEEE8023-DOT3-EPON-MIB managed objects
and *ieee802-ethernet-pon* YANG data nodes *(continued)***

IEEE Std 802.3.1, IEEE8023-DOT3-EPON-MIB		Corresponding *ieee802-ethernet-pon* YANG data nodes		
Managed object(s)	**Attribute(s)**	**Container(s)**	**Data node(s)**	**R/W**
dot3OmpEmulation Table	dot3OmpEmulationType	statistics-ompe	ompe-mode	R
	dot3OmpEmulationSLDErrors		in-ompe-frames-errored-sld	R
	dot3OmpEmulationCRC8Errors		in-ompe-frames-errored-crc8	R
	dot3OmpEmulationBadLLID		in-ompe-frames-with-bad-llid	R
	dot3OmpEmulationGoodLLID		in-ompe-frames-with-good-llid	R
	dot3OmpEmulationBroadcastBitNotOnuLlid		in-ompe-frames-not-match-onu-llid-broadcast	R
	dot3OmpEmulationOnuLLIDNotBroadcast		in-ompe-frames-match-onu-llid-not-broadcast	R
	dot3OmpEmulationBroadcastBitPlusOnuLlid		in-ompe-frames-match-onu-llid-broadcast	R
	dot3OmpEmulationNotBroadcastBitNotOnuLlid		in-ompe-frames-not-match-onu-llid-not-broad-cast	R
			in-ompe-frames	R
			ompe-onu-frames-with-good-llid-good-crc8	
			ompe-olt-frames-with-good-llid-good-crc8	

**Table 7–1—Mapping between IEEE Std 802.3.1, IEEE8023-DOT3-EPON-MIB managed objects
and *ieee802-ethernet-pon* YANG data nodes *(continued)***

IEEE Std 802.3.1, IEEE8023-DOT3-EPON-MIB		Corresponding *ieee802-ethernet-pon* YANG data nodes		
Managed object(s)	Attribute(s)	Container(s)	Data node(s)	R/W
dot3MpcpStat Table	dot3MpcpMACCtrlFramesTransmitted	statistics-mpcp	out-mpcp-mac-ctrl-frames	R
	dot3MpcpMACCtrlFramesReceived		in-mpcp-mac-ctrl-frames	R
	dot3MpcpDiscoveryWindowsSent		mpcp-discovery-window-count	R
	dot3MpcpDiscoveryTimeout		mpcp-discovery-timeout-count	R
	dot3MpcpTxRegRequest		out-mpcp-register-req	R
	dot3MpcpRxRegRequest		in-mpcp-register-req	R
	dot3MpcpTxRegAck		out-mpcp-register-ack	R
	dot3MpcpRxRegAck		in-mpcp-register-ack	R
	dot3MpcpTxReport		out-mpcp-report	R
	dot3MpcpRxReport		in-mpcp-report	R
	dot3MpcpTxGate		out-mpcp-gate	R
	dot3MpcpRxGate		in-mpcp-gate	R
	dot3MpcpTxRegister		out-mpcp-register	R
	dot3MpcpRxRegister		in-mpcp-register	R

**Table 7–1—Mapping between IEEE Std 802.3.1, IEEE8023-DOT3-EPON-MIB managed objects
and *ieee802-ethernet-pon* YANG data nodes *(continued)***

IEEE Std 802.3.1, IEEE8023-DOT3-EPON-MIB		Corresponding *ieee802-ethernet-pon* YANG data nodes		
Managed object(s)	Attribute(s)	Container(s)	Data node(s)	R/W
dot3ExtPkgOptIf Table	dot3ExtPkgOptIfLowerInputPowerThreshold	thresholds-trx	in-trx-power-low-threshold	R/W
	dot3ExtPkgOptIfUpperInputPowerThreshold		in-trx-power-high-threshold	R/W
	dot3ExtPkgOptIfLowerOutputPowerThreshold		out-trx-power-low-threshold	R/W
	dot3ExtPkgOptIfUpperOutputPowerThreshold		out-trx-power-high-threshold	R/W
	dot3ExtPkgOptIfSignalDetect		in-trx-power-signal-detect	R
	dot3ExtPkgOptIfInputPower		in-trx-power	R
	dot3ExtPkgOptIfLowInputPower		in-trx-power-low-15-minutes-bin	R
	dot3ExtPkgOptIfHighInputPower		in-trx-power-high-15-minutes-bin	R
	dot3ExtPkgOptIfTransmitEnable		out-trx-power-signal-detect	R/W
	dot3ExtPkgOptIfOutputPower		out-trx-power	R
	dot3ExtPkgOptIfLowOutputPower		out-trx-power-low-15-minutes-bin	R
	dot3ExtPkgOptIfHighOutputPower		out-trx-power-high-15-minutes-bin	R
	dot3ExtPkgOptIfSuspectedFlag		trx-data-reliable	R

7.4 YANG module definition[n]

The YANG module tree hierarchy uses terms defined in IETF RFC 8407.

7.4.1 Tree hierarchy

```
module: ieee802-ethernet-pon
  augment /if:interfaces/if:interface/ieee802-eth-if:ethernet:
    +--rw fec-mode?                              fec-mode {fec-supported}?
    +--rw mpcp-admin-state?                      mpcp-admin-state
    +--ro mpcp-logical-link-admin-state?         mpcp-logical-link-admin-state
    +--rw trx-transmit-admin-state?              trx-admin-state {trx-power-level-reporting-supported}?
    +--ro capabilities
    |  +--ro mpcp-supported?   mpcp-supported
    +--ro statistics-mpcp
    |  +--ro out-mpcp-mac-ctrl-frames?       yang:counter64
    |  +--ro in-mpcp-mac-ctrl-frames?        yang:counter64
    |  +--ro mpcp-discovery-window-count?    yang:counter64
    |  +--ro mpcp-discovery-timeout-count?   yang:counter64
    |  +--ro out-mpcp-register-req?          yang:counter64
    |  +--ro in-mpcp-register-req?           yang:counter64
    |  +--ro out-mpcp-register-ack?          yang:counter64
    |  +--ro in-mpcp-register-ack?           yang:counter64
    |  +--ro out-mpcp-report?                yang:counter64
    |  +--ro in-mpcp-report?                 yang:counter64
    |  +--ro out-mpcp-gate?                  yang:counter64
    |  +--ro in-mpcp-gate?                   yang:counter64
    |  +--ro out-mpcp-register?              yang:counter64
    |  +--ro in-mpcp-register?               yang:counter64
    +--rw statistics-ompe
    |  +--ro in-ompe-frames-errored-sld?                yang:counter64
    |  +--ro in-ompe-frames-errored-crc8?               yang:counter64
    |  +--ro ompe-onu-frames-with-good-llid-good-crc8?  yang:counter64
```

[n]Copyright release for YANG modules: Users of this standard may freely reproduce the YANG module contained in this subclause so that it can be used for its intended purpose.

```
                       |            +--ro    ompe-olt-frames-with-good-llid-good-crc8?
yang:counter64
                            |                +--ro      in-ompe-frames-with-bad-llid?
yang:counter64
                            |                +--ro      in-ompe-frames-with-good-llid?
yang:counter64
    |  +--ro in-ompe-frames?                                    yang:count-
er64
                |            +--ro    in-ompe-frames-not-match-onu-llid-broadcast?
yang:counter64
                |            +--ro    in-ompe-frames-match-onu-llid-not-broadcast?
yang:counter64
                |            +--ro    in-ompe-frames-match-onu-llid-broadcast?
yang:counter64
            |       +--ro    in-ompe-frames-not-match-onu-llid-not-broadcast?
yang:counter64
    +--rw thresholds-trx {trx-power-level-reporting-supported}?
     |   +--rw in-trx-power-low-threshold?      int32 {trx-power-level-
reporting-supported}?
     |   +--rw in-trx-power-high-threshold?     int32 {trx-power-level-
reporting-supported}?
     |   +--rw out-trx-power-low-threshold?     int32 {trx-power-level-
reporting-supported}?
     |   +--rw out-trx-power-high-threshold?    int32 {trx-power-level-
reporting-supported}?
    +--rw statistics-trx {trx-power-level-reporting-supported}?
    |  +--ro in-trx-power-signal-detect?        boolean
    |  +--ro in-trx-power?                       int32
    |  +--ro in-trx-power-low-15-minutes-bin?    int32
    |  +--ro in-trx-power-high-15-minutes-bin?   int32
    |  +--ro out-trx-power-signal-detect?        boolean
    |  +--ro out-trx-power?                      int32
    |  +--ro out-trx-power-low-15-minutes-bin?   int32
    |  +--ro out-trx-power-high-15-minutes-bin?  int32
    |   +--ro trx-data-reliable?                        boolean {trx-power-
level-reporting-supported}?
    +--ro statistics-pon-fec {fec-supported}?
    |  +--ro fec-code-group-violations?         yang:counter64
    |  +--ro fec-buffer-head-coding-violations? yang:counter64
    |  +--ro fec-code-word-corrected-errors?    yang:counter64
    |  +--ro fec-code-word-uncorrected-errors?  yang:counter64
    +--rw mpcp-logical-link-admin-actions
    |  +---x state-change-action-type
    |  |  +---w input
    |  |     +---w state-change-action-type?   identityref
    |  +---x reset-action-type
    |  |  +---w input
    |  |     +---w reset-action-type?   identityref
    |  +---x register-type
    |     +---w input
    |        +---w register-type?   identityref
    +--rw mpcp-queues* [mpcp-queue-index]
    |  +--rw mpcp-queue-index                   uint8
    |  +--rw mpcp-queue-threshold-count?        uint8
```

```
|  +--ro mpcp-queue-threshold-count-max?   uint8
|  +--rw mpcp-queue-thresholds* [mpcp-queue-set-index]
|  |  +--rw mpcp-queue-set-index        uint8
|  |  +--rw mpcp-queue-set-threshold?   uint64
|  +--ro in-mpcp-queue-frames?              yang:counter64
|  +--ro out-mpcp-queue-frames?             yang:counter64
|  +--ro mpcp-queue-frames-drop?            yang:counter64
+--rw multicast-IDs* [multicast-ID]
|  +--rw multicast-ID    uint32
+--ro fec-capability?                       fec-capability
+--ro mpcp-mode?                            mpcp-mode
+--ro mpcp-sync-time?                       uint64
+--ro mpcp-logical-link-id?                 mpcp-supported
```

> **Editor's Note (to be removed prior to publication):**
>
> Leaf mpcp-remote-mac-address was modified per Maintenance Request 1380 (see https://www.ieee802.org/3/maint/requests/maint_1380.pdf)

```
+--ro mpcp-remote-mac-address?              ieee:mac-address
+--ro mpcp-logical-link-state?              mpcp-logical-link-state
+--ro mpcp-elapsed-time-out?                uint64
+--ro mpcp-elapsed-time-in?                 uint64
+--ro mpcp-round-trip-time?                 uint16
+--ro mpcp-maximum-grant-count?             uint8
+--ro mpcp-logical-link-count?              mpcp-llid-count
  +--ro mpcp-maximum-queue-count-per-report?   mpcp-maximum-queue-count-per-report
+--ro ompe-mode?                            ompe-mode
```

7.4.2 YANG module

In the following YANG module definition, should any discrepancy between the text of the description for individual YANG nodes and the corresponding definition in 7.2 through 7.4 of this clause occur, the definitions and mappings in 7.4 shall take precedence.

An ASCII text version of the YANG module can be found at the following URL:[o] https://github.com/YangModels/yang/tree/master/standard/ieee/published/802.3.

```
module ieee802-ethernet-pon {
  yang-version 1.1;

  namespace "urn:ieee:std:802.3:yang:ieee802-ethernet-pon";

  prefix "ieee802-eth-pon";

  revision 2019-06-21 {
    description "Initial revision.";
  }
```

Editor's Note (to be removed prior to publication):

New 'ieee' prefix import was added per Maintenance Request 1380 (see https://www.ieee802.org/3/maint/requests/maint_1380.pdf)

```
  import ieee802-types {
    prefix "ieee";
    reference "IEEE 802 types";
  }

  import ietf-yang-types {
    prefix "yang";
    reference "IETF RFC 6991";
  }

  import ietf-interfaces {
    prefix "if";
    reference "IETF RFC 8343";
  }

  import ieee802-ethernet-interface {
    prefix "ieee802-eth-if";
  }

  organization
    "IEEE 802.3 Ethernet Working Group
     Web URL: http://www.ieee802.org/3/";

  contact
    "Web URL: http://www.ieee802.org/3/";

  description
    "This module contains a collection of YANG definitions for
```

---

[o]Copyright release for YANG modules: Users of this standard may freely reproduce the YANG module contained in this subclause so that it can be used for its intended purpose.

```
 1       managing the Multi Point Control Protocol for Ethernet PON (EPON),
 2       as defined in IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 64 and Clause 77.
 3
 4       This YANG module augments the 'ethernet' module.";
 5
 6   reference
 7     "IEEE Std 802.3-2018, Clause 64 and Clause 77, unless dated explicitly
 8      IEEE Std 802.3.1-2013, Clause 9, unless dated explicitly";
 9
10
11   typedef mpcp-supported {
12     type boolean;
13
14     description
15       "This object indicates that the given interface supports MPCP,
16        i.e., it is an Ethernet PON (EPON) interface.";
17   }
18
19
20   typedef mpcp-llid {
21     type uint64 {
22       range "0 .. 32767";
23     }
24
25     description
26       "Logical Link Identifiers (LLIDs) are used to identify a single
27        MAC from a number of MACs which may be present in the
28        EPON OLT or ONU. LLIDs between the value of 0x07FFE
29        and 0x7FFF are assigned for ONU discovery and registration.
30        Other LLIDs are dynamically assigned by the OLT during the
31        registration process. For a complete description of how the
32        LLID is used in an EPON device, see IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 65
33        for 1G-EPON and Clause 76 for 10G-EPON.";
34
35     reference
36       "IEEE Std 802.3, 65.1.3.3 for 1G-EPON and 76.2.6.1.3 for 10G-EPON";
37   }
38
39
40   typedef mpcp-maximum-queue-count-per-report {
41     type uint8 {
42       range "0..7";
43     }
44
45     default "0";
46
47     description
48       "Defines the maximum number of queues (0-7) in the REPORT
49        MPCPDU as defined in IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 64 and Clause 77.";
50   }
51
52
53   typedef mpcp-llid-count {
54     type uint64 {
55       range "0 .. 32767";
56     }
57
58
59     description
60       "Indicates the number of registered LLIDs. The initialization
61        value is 0. This is applicable for an OLT with the same value
62        for all logical interfaces and for an ONU.";
63
64
65     reference
```

```
 1            "IEEE Std 802.3, 65.1.3.3 for 1G-EPON and 76.2.6.1.3 for 10G-EPON";
 2
 3      }
 4
 5    typedef mpcp-admin-state {
 6      type enumeration {
 7
 8
 9        enum enabled {
10          description
11            "When selecting the value of 'enabled', the MultiPoint
12             Control Protocol sublayer on the OLT / ONU is enabled.";
13        }
14
15        enum disabled {
16          description
17            "When selecting the value of 'disabled', the MultiPoint
18             Control Protocol sublayer on the OLT / ONU is disabled.";
19        }
20      }
21
22
23      description
24        "Enumeration of valid administrative states for a MultiPoint MAC
25         Control sublayer on the OLT or ONU.";
26
27      reference
28        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.2.1";
29
30    }
31
32    typedef mpcp-mode {
33      type enumeration {
34        enum olt {
35          description
36            "MPCP mode: olt";
37        }
38
39        enum onu {
40          description
41            "MPCP mode: onu";
42        }
43      }
44
45
46      description
47        "Enumeration of valid MPCP modes for EPON interfaces.";
48
49      reference
50        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.3";
51
52    }
53
54    typedef mpcp-logical-link-state {
55      type enumeration {
56        enum unregistered {
57          description
58            "MPCP registration state: logical link is NOT registered.";
59        }
60
61        enum registering {
62          description
63            "MPCP registration state: logical link is currently in the
64             process of registering.";
65
```

```
        }

      enum registered {
        description
          "MPCP registration state: logical link is currently
           registered.";
      }
    }

    description
      "Enumeration of valid MPCP registration states for EPON
       interfaces.";

    reference
      "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.6";
  }

  typedef mpcp-logical-link-admin-state {
    type enumeration {
      enum reset {
        description
          "When read, the value of 'reset' indicates that the given
           logical link on the OLT / ONU has been reset.";
      }
      enum operate {
        description
          "When read, the value of 'operate' indicates that the
           given logical link on the OLT / ONU has moved into
           operating mode.";
      }
      enum unknown {
        description
          "When read, the value of 'unknown' indicates that the
           status of the given logical link on the OLT / ONU is
           currently not known.";
      }
      enum registered {
        description
          "When read, the value of 'registered' indicates that the
           given logical link on the OLT / ONU has been registered.";
      }
      enum deregistered {
        description
          "When read, the value of 'deregistered' indicates that the
           given logical link on the OLT / ONU has been deregistered.";
      }
      enum reregistered {
        description
          "When read, the value of 'reregistered' indicates that the
           given logical link on the OLT / ONU has been reregistered.";
      }
    }
    description
      "Enumeration of valid administrative states for a logical link
       on the OLT or ONU.";
  }

  typedef ompe-mode {
    type enumeration {
```

```
        enum unknown {
          description
            "omp-emulation mode: unknown = system is initializing";
        }

        enum olt {
          description
            "omp-emulation mode: olt";
        }

        enum onu {
          description
            "omp-emulation mode: onu";
        }
      }

    description
      "Enumeration of valid OMP-Emulation modes for EPON
       interfaces.";

    reference
      "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.7.1.2";
  }

  typedef fec-capability {
    type enumeration {
      enum unknown {
        description
          "FEC capability: unknown = system is initializing.";
      }

      enum supported {
        description
          "FEC capability: supported.";
      }

      enum "not supported" {
        description
          "FEC capability: not supported.";
      }
    }

    description
      "Enumeration of valid FEC capability values for EPON
       interfaces with enabled MPCP.";

    reference
      "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.5.1.1.15";
  }

  typedef fec-mode {
    type enumeration {
      enum unknown {
        description
          "FEC mode: unknown = system is initializing.";
      }

      enum disabled {
        description
```

```
          "FEC mode: disabled = FEC is disabled for the given
           logical link (both Tx and Rx directions).";
      }

    enum enabled-Tx-Rx {
      description
        "FEC mode: enabled-Tx-Rx = FEC is enabled for the given
         logical link in both Tx and Rx directions.";
    }

    enum enabled-Tx-only {
      description
        "FEC mode: enabled-Tx-only = FEC is enabled for
         the given logical link but only in Tx direction.";
    }

    enum enabled-Rx-only {
      description
        "FEC mode: enabled-Rx-only = FEC is enabled for
         the given logical link but only in Rx direction.";
    }
  }

  description
    "Enumeration of valid FEC modes for EPON interfaces.";

  reference
    "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.5.1.1.16";
}

typedef trx-admin-state {
  type enumeration {
    enum enabled {
      description
        "When read as 'enabled', the transmitter is enabled and
         operating under the control of the logical control protocol.
         When set to 'enabled', the transmitter is enabled to
         operate under the control of the logical control protocol.";
    }

    enum disabled {
      description
        "When read as 'disabled', the transmitter is currently
         disabled (not transmitting). When set to 'disabled', the
         transmitter is expected to be disabled (to stop transmitting).";
    }
  }

  description
    "Enumeration of valid administrative states for an optical
     transceiver.";

  reference
    "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgOptIfTransmitEnable";
}

feature trx-power-level-reporting-supported {

  description
```

```
      "This object indicates the support for optical transceiver power
       level monitoring and reporting capability. When 'true', the
       given interface supports the optical power level monitoring
       and reporting function. Otherwise, the value is 'false'.";
  }

  feature
  fec-supported {
    description
      "This object indicates the support of operation of the optional
       FEC sublayer of the 1G-EPON PHY specified in IEEE Std 802.3,
       65.2. The value of 'unknown' is reported in the initialization,
       for non FEC support state or type not yet known. The value of
       'not supported' is reported when the sublayer is not supported.
       The value of 'supported' is reported when the sublayer is
       supported. This object is applicable for an OLT, with the
       same value for all logical links, and for an ONU.";

    reference
      "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.5.1.1.15";
  }

  identity state-change-action-type {
    description
      "Type of interface state change requested.";
  }
  identity power-down {
    base state-change-action-type;
    description
      "Power down the EPON logical interface.
       Power-down actions are applicable for the OLT and ONU.  A
       power down of a specific logical interface affects only
       the logical interface (and not the physical interface).
       the logical interface will be unavailable while the
       power-down occurs and data may be lost. Other logical
       interface are unaffected by power-down.

       This action is relevant when the admin state is active.";

  }
  identity power-up {
    base state-change-action-type;
    description
      "Exit EPON logical interface power-down state.";
  }

  identity reset-action-type {
    description
      "Type of reset action requested.";
  }
  identity reset-interface {
    base reset-action-type;
    description
      "Reset the EPON logical interface. Resetting an interface
       can lead an interruption of service for the users connected
       to the respective EPON interface.

       This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. At the
       OLT, it has a distinct value for each logical interface.
```

```
          A reset for a specific logical interface resets only
          this logical interface and not the physical interface.

          Thus, a logical link that is malfunctioning can be
          reset without affecting the operation of other logical
          interfaces.

          The reset can cause Discontinuities in the values of the
          counters of the interface, similar to re-initialization
          of the management system.";
    }
    identity register-type {
      description
        "Type of registration requested.";
    }
    identity register {
      base register-type;
      description
        "Register indicates a request to register an LLID.
         This action applies to an OLT or ONU logical interface.";
    }
    identity reregister {
      base register-type;
      description
        "Re-register indicates an request to re-register an LLID.
         This action applies to an OLT or ONU logical interface.";
     }
    identity deregister {
      base register-type;
      description
        "De-register indicates an request to de-register an LLID.
         This action applies to an OLT or ONU logical interface.
         Deregister may result in an interruption of service to
         users connected to the respective EPON interface.";
    }

  augment "/if:interfaces/if:interface/ieee802-eth-if:ethernet" {
    description
      "Augments the definition of Ethernet interface (/if:interfaces/
       if:interface/ieee802-eth-if:ethernet) module with nodes
       specific to Ethernet PON (EPON).";


    leaf fec-mode {
      if-feature "fec-supported";

      type fec-mode;

      description
        "This object reflects the current administrative state of the
         FEC function for the given logical link on an ONU or OLT.

         When reading the value of 'disabled', the FEC function on the
         given logical link is disabled.

         When reading the value of 'enabled-Tx-Rx', the FEC function on
         the given logical link is enabled in both Tx and Rx directions.

         When reading the value of 'enabled-Tx-only', the FEC function
```

```
          on the given logical link is enabled in Tx direction only.

          When reading the value of 'enabled-Rx-only', the FEC function
          on the given logical link is enabled in Rx direction only.

          When reading the value of 'unknown', the state of the FEC
          function on the given logical link is unknown or the FEC
          function is currently initializing.

          This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. This object has
          the same value for each logical link.";

      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.5.1.1.16";
    }

    leaf mpcp-admin-state {
      type mpcp-admin-state;

      description
        "This object reflects the current administrative state of the
        MultiPoint MAC Control sublayer, as defined in IEEE Std 802.3,
        Clause 64 and Clause 77, for the OLT / ONU.

        When reading the value of 'enabled', the MultiPoint Control
        Protocol on the OLT / ONU is enabled.

        When reading the value of 'disabled', the MultiPoint Control
        Protocol on the OLT / ONU is disabled.

        This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has the
        same value for all logical links.";

      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.2";
    }

    leaf mpcp-logical-link-admin-state {
      type mpcp-logical-link-admin-state;
      config false;
      description
        "This object reflects the current administrative state of a
        logical link on an ONU or OLT.

        When reading the value of 'reset', the given logical link is
        undergoing a reset.

        When reading the value of 'unknown', the current status of the
        given logical link is unknown and the link might be undergoing
        initialization.

        When reading the value of 'operate', the given logical link is
        operating  normally.

        When reading the value of 'registered', the given logical link
        was requested to perform registration.

        When reading the value of 'deregistered', the given logical
        link was requested to perform deregistration.
```

```
          When reading the value of 'reregistered', the given logical
          link was requested to perform reregistration.

          This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
          distinct value for each logical link.";

     reference
       "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgObjectRegisterAction";
   }

   leaf trx-transmit-admin-state {
     when
       "../../ieee802-eth-if:ethernet/
            ieee802-eth-pon:mpcp-admin-state = 'enabled'";

     if-feature "trx-power-level-reporting-supported";

     type trx-admin-state;

     description
       "This object reflects the current status of the transmitter in
        the optical transceiver.

        When read as 'enabled', the optical transmitter is enabled and
        operating under the control of the logical control protocol.

        When read as 'disabled', the optical transmitter is disabled.

        This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. At the OLT, this
        object has a distinct value for each logical link.

        The value of this object is only reliable when
        /if:interfaces-state/if:interface/ieee802-eth-if:ethernet/
        'mpcp-admin-state' is equal to 'enabled'.";

     reference
       "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgOptIfTransmitEnable";
   }

   container capabilities {

     config false;
     description
       "This container includes all EPON interface-specific capabilities.";

     leaf mpcp-supported {
       type mpcp-supported;

       default
         "true";
       description
         "This object indicates that the given interface supports MPCP,
          i.e., it is an Ethernet PON (EPON) interface.";
     }
   }

   container statistics-mcp {
     config false;
```

```
    description
      "This container defines a set of MPCP-related statistics
       counters of an EPON interface, as defined in
        IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 64 and Clause 77.";

    leaf out-mpcp-mac-ctrl-frames {
      type yang:counter64;

      units frames;

      config false;

      description
        "A count of MPCP frames passed to the MAC sublayer for
         transmission.

         This counter is incremented when a MA_CONTROL.request
         service primitive is generated within the MAC control
         sublayer with an opcode indicating an MPCP frame.

         This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
         distinct value for each logical link.

         Discontinuities of this counter can occur at
         re-initialization of the management system, and at other
         times, as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time'
         leaf defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.7";
    }

    leaf in-mpcp-mac-ctrl-frames {
      type yang:counter64;

      units frames;

      config false;

      description
        "A count of MPCP frames passed by the MAC sublayer to the
         MAC Control sublayer.

         This counter is incremented when a frame is received at the
         interface which is an MPCP frame or has a Length/Type Ethernet
         header field value equal to the Type assigned for
         802.3_MAC_Control as specified in IEEE Std 802.3, 31.4.1.3.

         This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
         distinct value for each logical link.

         Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
         re-initialization of the management system, and at other times
         as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
         defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.8";
    }
```

```
leaf mpcp-discovery-window-count {
  when "../../ompe-mode = 'olt'";
  type yang:counter64;

  units "discovery windows";

  config false;

  description
    "A count of discovery windows generated by the OLT.

     The counter is incremented by one for each generated
     discovery window.

     This object is applicable for an OLT and has the same value
     for each logical link.

     Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
     re-initialization of the management system, and at other times
     as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
     defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

  reference
    "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.22";
}

leaf mpcp-discovery-timeout-count {
  when "../../ompe-mode = 'olt'";
  type yang:counter64;

  units "discovery timeouts";

  config false;

  description
    "A count of the number of times a discovery timeout occurs.

     This counter is incremented by one for each discovery
     processing state-machine reset resulting from timeout
     waiting for message arrival.

     This object is applicable for an OLT and has the same value
     for each logical link.

     Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
     re-initialization of the management system, and at other times
     as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
     defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

  reference
    "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.23";
}

leaf out-mpcp-register-req {
  when "../../ompe-mode = 'onu'";
  type yang:counter64;

  units frames;
```

```
        config false;

        description
          "A count of the number of times a REGISTER_REQ MPCP frame
           transmission occurs.

           This counter is incremented by one for each REGISTER_REQ MPCP
           frame transmitted as defined in IEEE Std 802.3,
           Clause 64 and Clause 77.

           This object is applicable for an ONU and has the same value
           for each logical link.

           Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
           re-initialization of the management system, and at other times
           as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
           defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.12";
      }

      leaf in-mpcp-register-req {
        when "../../ompe-mode = 'olt'";
        type yang:counter64;

        units frames;

        config false;

        description
          "A count of the number of times a REGISTER_REQ MPCP frame
           reception occurs.

           This counter is incremented by one for each REGISTER_REQ MPCP
           frame received as defined in IEEE Std 802.3,
           Clause 64 and Clause 77.

           This object is applicable for an OLT and has the same value
           for each logical link.

           Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
           re-initialization of the management system, and at other times
           as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
           defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.17";
      }

      leaf out-mpcp-register-ack {
        when "../../ompe-mode = 'onu'";
        type yang:counter64;

        units frames;

        config false;
```

```
description
  "A count of the number of times a REGISTER_ACK MPCP frame
   transmission occurs.

   This counter is incremented by one for each REGISTER_ACK MPCP
   frame transmitted as defined in IEEE Std 802.3,
   Clause 64 and Clause 77.

   This object is applicable for an ONU and has a distinct value
   for each logical link.

   Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
   re-initialization of the management system, and at other times
   as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
   defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

reference
  "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.10";
}

leaf in-mpcp-register-ack {
  when "../../ompe-mode = 'olt'";
  type yang:counter64;

  units frames;

  config false;

  description
    "A count of the number of times a REGISTER_ACK MPCP frame
     reception occurs.

     This counter is incremented by one for each REGISTER_ACK MPCP
     frame received as defined in IEEE Std 802.3,
     Clause 64 and Clause 77.

     This object is applicable for an OLT and has a distinct
     value for each logical link.

     Discontinuities of this counter can occur at
     re-initialization of the management system and at other
     times, as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time'
     leaf defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

  reference
    "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.15";
}

leaf out-mpcp-report {
  when "../../ompe-mode = 'onu'";
  type yang:counter64;

  units frames;

  config false;

  description
    "A count of the number of times a REPORT MPCP frame
     transmission occurs.
```

```
            This counter is incremented by one for each REPORT MPCP frame
            transmitted as defined in IEEE Std 802.3,
            Clause 64 and Clause 77.

            This object is applicable for an ONU and has a distinct value for
            each logical link.

            Discontinuities of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system and at other
            times, as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time'
            leaf defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.13";
      }

      leaf in-mpcp-report {
        when "../../ompe-mode = 'olt'";
        type yang:counter64;

        units frames;

        config false;

        description
          "A count of the number of times a REPORT MPCP frame
            reception occurs.

            This counter is incremented by one for each REPORT MPCP frame
            received as defined in IEEE Std 802.3,
            Clause 64 and Clause 77.

            This object is applicable for an OLT and has a distinct
            value for each logical link.

            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other times
            as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
            defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.18";
      }

      leaf out-mpcp-gate {
        when "../../ompe-mode = 'olt'";
        type yang:counter64;

        units frames;

        config false;

        description
          "A count of the number of times a GATE MPCP frame
            transmission occurs.

            This counter is incremented by one for each GATE MPCP frame
            transmitted as defined in IEEE Std 802.3,
```

```
        Clause 64 and Clause 77.

        This object is applicable for an OLT and has a distinct
        value for each logical link.

        Discontinuities of this counter can occur at
        re-initialization of the management system and at other
        times, as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time'
        leaf defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.9";
    }

    leaf in-mpcp-gate {
      when "../../ompe-mode = 'onu'";
      type yang:counter64;

      units frames;

      config false;

      description
        "A count of the number of times a GATE MPCP frame reception
         occurs.

         This counter is incremented by one for each GATE MPCP frame
         received as defined in IEEE Std 802.3,
         Clause 64 and Clause 77.

         This object is applicable for an ONU and has a distinct value
         for each logical link.

         Discontinuities of this counter can occur at
         re-initialization of the management system and at other
         times, as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time'
         leaf defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.14";
    }

    leaf out-mpcp-register {
      when "../../ompe-mode = 'olt'";
      type yang:counter64;

      units frames;

      config false;

      description
        "A count of the number of times a REGISTER MPCP frame
         transmission occurs.

         This counter is incremented by one for each REGISTER MPCP
         frame transmitted as defined in IEEE Std 802.3,
         Clause 64 and Clause 77.

         This object is applicable for an OLT and has a distinct
```

```
                  value for each logical link.

                  Discontinuities of this counter can occur at
                  re-initialization of the management system and at other
                  times, as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time'
                  leaf defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

            reference
              "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.11";
          }

        leaf in-mpcp-register {
          when "../../ompe-mode = 'onu'";
          type yang:counter64;

          units frames;

          config false;

          description
            "A count of the number of times a REGISTER MPCP frame
             reception occurs.

             This counter is incremented by one for each REGISTER MPCP
             frame received as defined in IEEE Std 802.3,
             Clause 64 and Clause 77.

             This object is applicable for an ONU and has a distinct value
             for each logical link.

             Discontinuities of this counter can occur at
             re-initialization of the management system and at other
             times, as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time'
             leaf defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

            reference
              "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.16";
          }
        }

      container statistics-ompe {
        description
          "This container defines a set of OMP-Emulation-related
           statistics counters of an EPON interface, as defined in
           IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 65 and Clause 76.";

        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3OmpEmulationStatEntry";

        leaf in-ompe-frames-errored-sld {
          type yang:counter64;

          units frames;

          config false;

          description
            "A count of frames received that do not contain a valid SLD
             field as defined in IEEE Std 802.3, 65.1.3.3.1 or
```

```
              76.2.6.1.3.1, as appropriate.

              This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
              distinct value for each logical link.

              Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
              re-initialization of the management system, and at other times
              as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
              defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.7.1.3";
      }

      leaf in-ompe-frames-errored-crc8 {
        type yang:counter64;

        units frames;

        config false;

        description
          "A count of frames received that contain a valid SLD field,
            as defined in IEEE Std 802.3, 65.1.3.3.1 or 76.2.6.1.3.1 as
            appropriate, but do not pass the CRC-8 check as defined in
            IEEE Std 802.3, 65.1.3.3.3 or 76.2.6.1.3.3 as appropriate.

            This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
            distinct value for each logical link.

            Discontinuities of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system and at other
            times, as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time'
            leaf defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.7.1.4";
      }

      leaf ompe-onu-frames-with-good-llid-good-crc8 {
        when "../../ompe-mode = 'onu'";
        type yang:counter64;
        units frames;
        config false;
        description
          "A count of frames received that 1) contain a valid SLD field
            in an ONU, 2) meet the rule for frame acceptance, and
            3) pass the CRC-8 check.

            The SLD is defined in IEEE Std 802.3, 65.1.3.3.1 or
            76.2.6.1.3.1, as appropriate.

            The rules for LLID acceptance are defined in IEEE Std 802.3,
            65.1.3.3.2 or 76.2.6.1.3.2, as appropriate.

            The CRC-8 check is defined in IEEE Std 802.3,
            65.1.3.3.3 or 76.2.6.1.3.3, as appropriate.

            This object is applicable for an ONU and has a distinct value
```

```
                    for each logical link.

                    Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
                    re-initialization of the management system, and at other
                    times as indicated by the value of the
                    'discontinuity-time' leaf defined in the ietf-interfaces
                    YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";
                 reference
                  "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.7.1.6";
           }

           leaf ompe-olt-frames-with-good-llid-good-crc8 {
              when "../../ompe-mode = 'olt'";
              type yang:counter64;
              units frames;
              config false;
              description
                "A count of frames received that 1) contain a valid SLD field
                 in an OLT, and 2) pass the CRC-8 check.

                 The SLD is defined in IEEE Std 802.3, 65.1.3.3.1 or
                 76.2.6.1.3.1, as appropriate.

                 The frame acceptance are defined in IEEE Std 802.3,
                 65.1.3.3.2 or 76.2.6.1.3.2, as appropriate.

                 The CRC-8 check is defined in IEEE Std 802.3,
                 65.1.3.3.3 or 76.2.6.1.3.3, as appropriate.

                 This object is applicable for an OLT and has a distinct
                 value for each logical link.

                 Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
                 re-initialization of the management system, and at other
                 times as indicated by the value of the
                 'discontinuity-time' leaf defined in the ietf-interfaces
                 YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

               reference
                "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.7.1.6";
           }

           leaf in-ompe-frames-with-bad-llid {
              when "../../ompe-mode = 'olt'";
              type yang:counter64;

              units frames;

              config false;

              description
                "A count of frames received that contain a valid SLD field, as
                 defined in IEEE Std 802.3, 65.1.3.3.1 or 76.2.6.1.3.1, as
                 appropriate, and pass the CRC-8 check as defined in IEEE Std
                 802.3, 65.1.3.3.3 or 76.2.6.1.3.3, as appropriate, but are
                 discarded due to the LLID check.

                 This object is applicable for an OLT and has a distinct value
                 for each logical link.
```

```
                Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
                re-initialization of the management system, and at other times
                as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
                defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

          reference
            "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.7.1.8";
        }

        leaf in-ompe-frames-with-good-llid {
          type yang:counter64;

          units frames;

          config false;

          description
            "A count of frames received that contain a valid SLD field,
             as defined in IEEE Std 802.3, 65.1.3.3.1 or 76.2.6.1.3.1 as
             appropriate, but do not pass the CRC-8 check as defined in
             IEEE Std 802.3, 65.1.3.3.3 or 76.2.6.1.3.3 as appropriate.

             This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
             distinct value for each logical link.

             Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
             re-initialization of the management system, and at other times
             as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
             defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

          reference
            "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.7.1.4";
        }

        leaf in-ompe-frames {
          type yang:counter64;

          units frames;

          config false;

          description
            "A count of frames received that contain a valid SLD field,
             as defined in IEEE Std 802.3, 65.1.3.3.1 or 76.2.6.1.3.1, as
             appropriate, and pass the CRC-8 check as defined in
             IEEE Std 802.3, 65.1.3.3.3 or 76.2.6.1.3.3, as appropriate.

             This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
             distinct value for each logical link.

             Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
             re-initialization of the management system, and at other times
             as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
             defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

          reference
            "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.7.1.6 (ONU) and 30.3.7.1.7 (OLT)";
        }
```

```
leaf in-ompe-frames-not-match-onu-llid-broadcast {
  when "../../ompe-mode = 'onu'";

  type yang:counter64;

  units frames;

  config false;

  description
    "A count of frames received that contain a valid SLD field,
     as defined in IEEE Std 802.3, 65.1.3.3.1 or 76.2.6.1.3.1, as
     appropriate, pass the CRC-8 check, as defined in
     IEEE Std 802.3, 65.1.3.3.3 or 76.2.6.1.3.3, as appropriate,
     and contain the broadcast bit in the LLID and not the ONU's
     LLID (frame accepted) as defined in IEEE Std 802.3,
     Clause 65 and Clause 76, as appropriate.

     This object is applicable for an ONU only.

     Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
     re-initialization of the management system, and at other times
     as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
     defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

  reference
    "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3OmpEmulationBroadcastBitNotOnuLlid";
}

leaf in-ompe-frames-match-onu-llid-not-broadcast {
  when "../../ompe-mode = 'onu'";

  type yang:counter64;

  units frames;

  config false;

  description
    "A count of frames received that contain a valid SLD field,
     as defined in IEEE Std 802.3, 65.1.3.3.1 or 76.2.6.1.3.1, as
     appropriate, pass the CRC-8 check, as defined in
     IEEE Std 802.3, 65.1.3.3.3 or 76.2.6.1.3.3, as appropriate,
     and contain the ONU's LLID (frame accepted) as defined in
     IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 65 and Clause 76, as appropriate.

     This object is applicable for an ONU only.

     Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
     re-initialization of the management system, and at other times
     as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
     defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

  reference
    "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3OmpEmulationOnuLLIDNotBroadcast";
}

leaf in-ompe-frames-match-onu-llid-broadcast {
```

```
  1            when "../../ompe-mode = 'onu'";
  2
  3            type yang:counter64;
  4
  5            units frames;
  6
  7            config false;
  8
  9            description
 10              "A count of frames received that contain a valid SLD field,
 11               as defined in IEEE Std 802.3, 65.1.3.3.1 or 76.2.6.1.3.1, as
 12               appropriate, pass the CRC-8 check, as defined in
 13               IEEE Std 802.3, 65.1.3.3.3 or 76.2.6.1.3.3, as appropriate,
 14               and contain the broadcast bit in the LLID and the ONU's LLID
 15               (frame accepted) as defined in IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 65 and
 16               Clause 76, as appropriate.
 17
 18               This object is applicable for an ONU only.
 19
 20               Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
 21               re-initialization of the management system, and at other times
 22               as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
 23               defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";
 24
 25            reference
 26              "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3OmpEmulationBroadcastBitPlusOnuLlid";
 27          }
 28
 29        leaf in-ompe-frames-not-match-onu-llid-not-broadcast {
 30          when "../../ompe-mode = 'onu'";
 31
 32          type yang:counter64;
 33
 34          units frames;
 35
 36          config false;
 37
 38          description
 39            "A count of frames received that contain a valid SLD field,
 40             as defined in IEEE Std 802.3, 65.1.3.3.1 or 76.2.6.1.3.1, as
 41             appropriate, pass the CRC-8 check, as defined in
 42             IEEE Std 802.3, 65.1.3.3.3 or 76.2.6.1.3.3, as appropriate,
 43             do not contain the broadcast bit in the LLID and do not
 44             contain the ONU's LLID (frame is NOT accepted) as defined in
 45             IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 65 and Clause 76, as appropriate.
 46
 47             This object is applicable for an ONU only.
 48
 49             Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
 50             re-initialization of the management system, and at other times
 51             as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
 52             defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";
 53
 54          reference
 55            "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3OmpEmulationNotBroadcastBitNotOnuLlid";
 56          }
 57        }
 58      container thresholds-trx {
 59        if-feature "trx-power-level-reporting-supported";
```

```
 1
 2          description
 3            "This container defines a set of optical transceiver
 4             thresholds of an EPON interface as defined in
 5             IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 60 and Clause 75.";
 6
 7          reference
 8            "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgOptIfEntry";
 9
10
11          leaf in-trx-power-low-threshold {
12            if-feature "trx-power-level-reporting-supported";
13
14            type int32;
15
16            units "0.1 dBm";
17
18
19            description
20              "This object reflects the current setting of low alarm
21               threshold for the input power into the optical receiver.
22               If the value reported in 'in-trx-power' object drops below
23               the value set in 'in-trx-power-low-threshold', a
24               'in-trx-power-low-threshold-crossing' event is generated.
25
26               This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
27               distinct value for each logical link.";
28
29
30            reference
31              "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgOptIfLowerInputPowerThreshold";
32          }
33
34          leaf in-trx-power-high-threshold {
35            if-feature "trx-power-level-reporting-supported";
36
37            type int32;
38
39            units "0.1 dBm";
40
41
42            description
43              "This object reflects the current setting of high alarm
44               threshold for the input power into the optical receiver. If
45               the value reported in 'in-trx-power' object exceeds the
46               value set in 'in-trx-power-high-threshold', a
47               'in-trx-power-high-threshold-crossing' event is generated.
48
49               This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
50               distinct value for each logical link.";
51
52
53            reference
54              "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgOptIfUpperInputPowerThreshold";
55          }
56
57          leaf out-trx-power-low-threshold {
58            if-feature "trx-power-level-reporting-supported";
59
60            type int32;
61
62
63            units "0.1 dBm";
64
65            description
```

```
                "This object reflects the current setting of low alarm
                 threshold for the output power out of the optical
                 transmitter. If the value reported in 'out-trx-power' object
                 drops below the value set in 'out-trx-power-low-threshold',
                 a 'out-trx-power-low-threshold-crossing' event is generated.

                 This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
                 distinct value for each logical link.";

            reference
              "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgOptIfLowerOutputPowerThreshold";
          }

        leaf out-trx-power-high-threshold {
          if-feature "trx-power-level-reporting-supported";

          type int32;

          units "0.1 dBm";

          description
            "This object reflects the current setting of high alarm
             threshold for the output power out of the optical
             transmitter. If the value reported in 'out-trx-power' object
             exceeds the value set in 'out-trx-power-high-threshold', a
             'out-trx-power-high-threshold-crossing' event is generated.

             This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
             distinct value for each logical link.";

          reference
            "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgOptIfUpperOutputPowerThreshold";
        }
      }
    container statistics-trx {
      if-feature "trx-power-level-reporting-supported";

      description
        "This container defines a set of optical transceiver
         statistics counters of an EPON interface as defined in
         IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 60 and Clause 75.";

      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgOptIfEntry";

      leaf in-trx-power-signal-detect {
        type boolean;

        config false;

        description
          "This object indicates whether a valid optical signal was
           detected (when read as 'true') or not (when read as 'false')
           at the input to the optical transceiver.

           This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
           distinct value for each logical link.";

        reference
```

```
            "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgOptIfSignalDetect";
        }

        leaf in-trx-power {
          type int32;

          units "0.1 dBm";

          config false;

          description
            "This object reflects the value of the input power, as
             measured at the optical transceiver, expressed in units of
             0.1 dBm.

             At the ONU, the measurement is performed in a continuous
             manner.

             At the OLT, the measurement is performed in a burst-mode
             manner, for each incoming data burst.

             This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
             distinct value for each logical link.";

          reference
            "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgOptIfInputPower";
        }

        leaf in-trx-power-low-15-minutes-bin {
          type int32;

          units "0.1 dBm";

          config false;

          description
            "This object reflects the lowest value of the input power
             during the period of the last 15 minutes, as measured at the
             optical transceiver, and expressed in units of 0.1 dBm.

             At the ONU, the measurement is performed in a continuous
             manner and stored in a rolling 15-minutes' long observation
             bin.

             At the OLT, the measurement is the average power for each
             incoming data burst, and stored in a rolling 15-minutes'
             long observation bin.

             This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
             distinct value for each logical link.";

          reference
            "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgOptIfLowInputPower";
        }

        leaf in-trx-power-high-15-minutes-bin {
          type int32;

          units "0.1 dBm";
```

```
      config false;

      description
        "This object reflects the highest value of the input power
         during the period of the last 15 minutes, as measured at the
         optical transceiver, and expressed in units of 0.1 dBm.

         At the ONU, the measurement is performed in a continuous
         manner and stored in a rolling 15-minutes' long observation
         bin.

         At the OLT, the measurement is the average power for each
         incoming data burst, and stored in a rolling 15-minutes'
         long observation bin.

         This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
         distinct value for each logical link.";

      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgOptIfHighInputPower";
    }

    leaf out-trx-power-signal-detect {
      type boolean;

      config false;

      description
        "This object indicates whether a valid optical signal was
         detected (when read as 'true') or not (when read as 'false')
         at the output from the optical transceiver.

         This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
         distinct value for each logical link.";

      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgOptIfTransmitAlarm";
    }

    leaf out-trx-power {
      type int32;

      units "0.1 dBm";

      config false;

      description
        "This object reflects the value of the output power, as
         measured at the optical transceiver, expressed in units of
         0.1 dBm.

         At the ONU, the measurement is performed in a burst-mode
         manner for each outgoing data burst.

         At the OLT, the measurement is performed in a continuous
         manner.

         This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
```

```
            distinct value for each logical link.";

        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgOptIfOutputPower";
      }

    leaf out-trx-power-low-15-minutes-bin {
      type int32;

      units "0.1 dBm";

      config false;

      description
        "This object reflects the lowest value of the output power
         during the period of the last 15 minutes, as measured at the
         optical transceiver, and expressed in units of 0.1 dBm.

         At the ONU, the measurement is performed in a burst-mode
         manner and stored in a rolling 15-minutes' long observation
         bin.

         At the OLT, the measurement is the average power for each
         incoming data burst, and stored in a rolling 15-minutes'
         long observation bin.

         This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
         distinct value for each logical link.";

      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgOptIfLowOutputPower";
    }

    leaf out-trx-power-high-15-minutes-bin {
      type int32;

      units "0.1 dBm";

      config false;

      description
        "This object reflects the highest value of the output power
         during the period of the last 15 minutes, as measured at the
         optical transceiver, and expressed in units of 0.1 dBm.

         At the ONU, the measurement is performed in a burst-mode
         manner and stored in a rolling 15-minutes' long observation
         bin.

         At the OLT, the measurement is the average power for each
         incoming data burst, and stored in a rolling 15-minutes'
         long observation bin.

         This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
         distinct value for each logical link.";

      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgOptIfHighOutputPower";
    }
```

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```
leaf trx-data-reliable {
  if-feature "trx-power-level-reporting-supported";

  type boolean;

  config false;

  description
    "This object indicates whether data contained in individual
     counters in 'statistics-trx' container are reliable
     (when read as 'true') or not (when read as 'false').

     This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
     distinct value for each logical link.";

  reference
    "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgOptIfSuspectedFlag";
}

}

container statistics-pon-fec {
  when
    "(../fec-capability = 'supported') and
     (../fec-mode = 'enabled-Tx-Rx')";

  if-feature "fec-supported";

  config false;

  description
    "This container defines a set of FEC-related statistics
     counters of an EPON interface, as defined in
     IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 65 and Clause 76.";

  reference
    "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3OmpEmulationStatEntry";

  leaf fec-code-group-violations {
    type yang:counter64;

    units code-group;

    config false;

    description
      "For 1G-EPON this is a count of the number of events that
       cause the PHY to indicate 'Data reception error' or
       'Carrier Extend Error' on the GMII (see IEEE Std 802.3,
       Table 35-1). The contents of this counter is undefined when
       FEC is operating. For 10G-EPON this object is not applicable.

       This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. At the
       OLT, it has a distinct value for each logical link.

       Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
       re-initialization of the management system, and at other times
       as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
```

```
          defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.5.1.1.14";
    }

    leaf fec-buffer-head-coding-violations {
      type yang:counter64;

      units code-group;

      config false;

      description
        "For 1G-EPON PHY, this object represents the count of the
         number of invalid code-groups received directly from the
         link when FEC is enabled. When FEC is disabled this
         counter stops counting.

         For 10G-EPON PHYs, this object is set to zero.

         This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
         distinct value for each logical link.

         Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
         re-initialization of the management system, and at other times
         as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
         defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3EponFecBufferHeadCodingViolation";
    }

    leaf fec-code-word-corrected-errors {
      type yang:counter64;

      units code-group;

      config false;

      description
        "For 1G-EPON or 10G-EPON PHYs, this object represents a count
         of corrected FEC blocks.

         This counter increments by one for each received FEC block
         that contained detected errors and was corrected by the FEC
         function in the PHY.

         This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
         distinct value for each logical link.

         Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
         re-initialization of the management system, and at other times
         as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
         defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.5.1.1.17";
    }
```

```
leaf fec-code-word-uncorrected-errors {
  type yang:counter64;

  units code-group;

  config false;

  description
    "For 1G-EPON or 10G-EPON PHYs, this object represents a count of
     uncorrectable FEC blocks.

     This counter increments by one for each received FEC block
     that contained detected errors and was not corrected by the
     FEC function in the PHY.

     This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
     distinct value for each logical link.

     Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
     re-initialization of the management system, and at other times
     as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
     defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

  reference
    "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.5.1.1.18";
}
}

container mpcp-logical-link-admin-actions {
  description
    "Container of actions.";
  action state-change-action-type {
    description
      "Request a state change on the interface.";
    input {
      leaf state-change-action-type {
        type identityref {
          base state-change-action-type;
        }
      description
        "Type of interface state change requested.";
      }
    }
  }
  action reset-action-type {
    description
      "Request a reset-action of the interface.";
    input {
      leaf reset-action-type {
        type identityref {
          base reset-action-type;
        }
      description
        "Type of reset action requested of the interface.";
      }
    }
  }
  action register-type {
```

```
 1              description
 2                "Request a registration action.";
 3              input {
 4                leaf register-type {
 5                  type identityref {
 6                    base register-type;
 7                  }
 8                description
 9                  "Type of registration action requested of the interface.";
10                }
11              }
12            }
13          }
14        }
15
16      list mpcp-queues {
17        key mpcp-queue-index;
18
19        description
20          "An instance of this object for each value of
21           'mpcp-queue-index' is created when a new logical link is
22           registered and deleted when the logical link is deregistered.
23
24
25           All instances of this object in the ONU associated with the
26           given logical link are then mapped to a REPORT MPCPDU, when
27           generated.
28
29
30           +---------------------------------+
31           |        Destination Address      |
32           +---------------------------------+
33           |          Source Address         |
34           +---------------------------------+
35           |           Length/Type           |
36           +---------------------------------+
37           |             OpCode              |
38           +---------------------------------+
39           |            TimeStamp            |
40           +---------------------------------+
41           |       Number of Queue Sets      |
42           +---------------------------------+   -|
43           |          Report bitmap          |    |
44           +---------------------------------+    |
45           |          Queue 0 report         |    |
46           +---------------------------------+    |
47           |          Queue 1 report         |    | repeated
48           +---------------------------------+    | for every
49           |          Queue 2 report         |    | Queue Set
50           +---------------------------------+    |
51           |          Queue 3 report         |    |
52           +---------------------------------+    |
53           |          Queue 4 report         |    |
54           +---------------------------------+    |
55           |          Queue 5 report         |    |
56           +---------------------------------+    |
57           |          Queue 6 report         |    |
58           +---------------------------------+    |
59           |          Queue 7 report         |    |
60           +---------------------------------+   -|
61           |           Pad/reserved          |
62           +---------------------------------+
```

```
            |           FCS                    |
            +----------------------------------+

       The 'Queue N report' field reports the current occupancy of
       each upstream transmission queue associated with the given
       logical link.

       The 'Number of Queue Sets' field defines the number of
       reported 'Queue N report' sets.

       For each Queue Set, the 'Report bitmap' field defines which
       upstream transmission queues are present in the REPORT MPCPDU.
       Although the REPORT MPCPDU can report current occupation for
       up to 8 upstream transmission queues in a single REPORT MPCPDU
       , the actual number is flexible. The 'mpcp-queue-group'
       grouping has a variable size that is limited by value of
       'mpcp-maximum-queue-count-per-report' object, allowing ONUs
       report the occupancy of fewer upstream transmission queues, as
       needed.

       This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. At the OLT,
       this object has a distinct value for each logical link and
       every queue. At the ONU, it has a distinct value for
       every queue.";

    reference
      "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgQueueEntry";

    leaf mpcp-queue-index {
      type uint8 {
        range "0 .. 7" {
          description
            "This object indicates the identity (index) of a queue in
             the ONU. It can have a value between 0 and 7, limited by
             the value stored in the
             'mpcp-maximum-queue-count-per-report' object.";

          reference
            "See 'mpcp-maximum-queue-count-per-report' object";
        }
      }

      description
        "An object represents the index of an upstream transmission
         queue storing subscriber packets. The size (occupancy) of
         the upstream transmission queue identified by this object is
         then reported within REPORT MPCPDU, defined in
         IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 64 and Clause 77.

         This object indicates the identity (index) of a queue in the
         ONU. It can have a value between 0 and 7, limited by the value
         stored in the 'mpcp-maximum-queue-count-per-report' object.

         This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
         distinct value for each logical link and each queue.
         At the ONU, it has a distinct value for each queue.";

      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3QueueIndex";
```

```
1      }
2
3      leaf mpcp-queue-threshold-count {
4        type uint8 {
5          range "0 .. 7" {
6            description
7              "This object indicates the identity (index) of a queue in
8               the ONU. It can have a value between 0 and 7, limited by
9               the value stored in the
10              'mpcp-maximum-queue-count-per-report' object.";
11
12
13            reference
14              "See 'mpcp-queue-threshold-count-max' object";
15          }
16        }
17
18
19      description
20        "This object reflects the number of reporting thresholds for
21         the specific upstream transmission queue, reflected in the
22         REPORT MPCPDU, as defined in IEEE Std 802.3,
23         Clause 64 and Clause 77.
24
25         Each 'Queue set' provides information for the specific
26         upstream transmission queue occupancy of frames below the
27         matching reporting threshold.
28
29
30         A read of this object reflects the number of reporting
31         thresholds for the specific upstream transmission queue.
32
33         This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
34         distinct value for each logical link and each queue.
35         At the ONU, it has a distinct value for each queue.";
36
37      reference
38        "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgObjectReportNumThreshold";
39      }
40
41
42      leaf mpcp-queue-threshold-count-max {
43        type uint8 {
44          range "0 .. 7" {
45            description
46              "This object can have a value between 0 and 7.";
47          }
48        }
49        config false;
50        description
51          "This object reflects the maximum number of reporting
52           thresholds for the specific upstream transmission queue,
53           reflected in the REPORT MPCPDU, as defined in
54           IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 64 and Clause 77.
55
56
57           A read of this object reflects the maximum number of
58           reporting thresholds for the specific upstream transmission
59           queue.
60
61
62           This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
63           distinct value for each logical link and each queue.
64           At the ONU, it has a distinct value for each queue.";
65
```

```
      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgObjectReportMaximumNumThreshold";
    }


    list mpcp-queue-thresholds {
      when "../mpcp-queue-threshold-count > 0";

      key mpcp-queue-set-index;

      max-elements 7;

      description
        "An instance of this object for each value of
         'mpcp-queue-index' is created when a new logical link is
         registered and deleted when the logical link is
         deregistered.

         All instances of this object in the ONU associated with the
         given logical link are then mapped to a REPORT MPCPDU,
         when generated.


         +--------------------------------+
         |          Destination Address   |
         +--------------------------------+
         |          Source Address        |
         +--------------------------------+
         |          Length/Type           |
         +--------------------------------+
         |          OpCode                |
         +--------------------------------+
         |          TimeStamp             |
         +--------------------------------+
         |          Number of Queue Sets  |
         +--------------------------------+   -|
         |          Report bitmap         |    |
         +--------------------------------+    |
         |          Queue 0 report        |    |
         +--------------------------------+    | repeated for
         |          Queue 1 report        |    | every
         +--------------------------------+    | Queue Set
         |          Queue 2 report        |    |
         +--------------------------------+    |
         |          Queue 3 report        |    |
         +--------------------------------+    |
         |          Queue 4 report        |    |
         +--------------------------------+    |
         |          Queue 5 report        |    |
         +--------------------------------+    |
         |          Queue 6 report        |    |
         +--------------------------------+    |
         |          Queue 7 report        |    |
         +--------------------------------+   -|
         |          Pad/reserved          |
         +--------------------------------+
         |          FCS                   |
         +--------------------------------+


         The 'Queue N report' field reports the current occupancy of
         each upstream transmission queue associated with the given
```

```
          logical link.

          The 'Number of Queue Sets' field defines the number of
          reported 'Queue N report' sets.

          For each Queue Set, the 'Report bitmap' field defines which
          upstream transmission queues are present in the
          REPORT MPCPDU. Although the REPORT MPCPDU can report current
          occupation for up to 8 upstream transmission queues in a
          single REPORT MPCPDU, the actual number is flexible.

          The 'mpcp-queue-group' grouping has a variable size that is
          limited by value of 'mpcp-maximum-queue-count-per-report'
          object, allowing ONUs to report the occupancy of fewer
          upstream transmission queues, as needed.

          This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
          distinct value for each logical link and every queue.
          At the ONU, it has a distinct value for every queue.";

      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgQueueSetsEntry";

      leaf mpcp-queue-set-index {
        type uint8 {
          range "0 .. 7" {
            description
              "This object indicates the identity (index) of a queue
               in the ONU. It can have a value between 0 and 7,
               limited by the value stored in the
               'mpcp-maximum-queue-count-per-report' object.";

            reference
              "See 'mpcp-maximum-queue-count-per-report' object";
          }
        }

        description
          "This object represents the index of the Queue Set for the
           'mpcp-queue-set-group' grouping. The size (occupancy) of
           the upstream transmission queues belonging to the given
           Queue Set is then reported within REPORT MPCPDU, defined
           in IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 64 and Clause 77.

           This object can have a value between 0 and 7, limited by
           the value stored in the 'mpcp-queue-threshold-count-max'
           object.";

        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3QueueSetIndex";
      }

      leaf mpcp-queue-set-threshold {
        type uint64;

        units "TQ";

        default "0";
```

```
        description
          "This object defines the value of a reporting threshold
           for each Queue Set stored in REPORT MPCPDU defined in
           IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 64 and Clause 77.

           The number of Queue Sets for each upstream transmission
           queue is defined in the 'mpcp-queue-threshold-count'
           object.

           Within REPORT MPCPDU, each Queue Set provides information
           on the current upstream transmission queue occupancy for
           frames below the matching threshold.

           The value stored in this object is expressed in the units
           of Time quanta (TQ), where 1 TQ = 16 ns.

           A read of this object provides the current threshold value
           for the specific upstream transmission queue.

           This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. At the
           OLT, it has a distinct value for each logical link, each
           queue, and each Queue Set.

           At the ONU, it has a distinct value for each queue and
           each Queue Set.";

        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgObjectReportThreshold";
      }
    }

    leaf in-mpcp-queue-frames {
      type yang:counter64;

      config false;

      description
        "A count of the number of times a frame reception event
         results in a frame being queued in (for ONUs) or received
         from (for OLTs) the corresponding queue. This object is
         incremented by one for each frame written to (in the case
         of the ONU) or received for (in case of the OLT) the
         associated queue.

         The queue index matches the queue number in REPORT MPCPDU,
         as defined in IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 64 and Clause 77.

         This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. At the OLT,
         it has a distinct value for each logical link and each queue.
         At the ONU, it has a distinct value for each queue.

         Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
         re-initialization of the management system, and at other times
         as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
         defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgStatRxFramesQueue";
    }
```

```
  leaf out-mpcp-queue-frames {
    when "../../mpcp-mode = 'onu'";

    type yang:counter64;

    config false;

    description
      "This object reflects the number of frame transmission
       events from the corresponding upstream transmission queue.
       This object is incremented by one for each frame transmitted
       , when it is output from the associated queue.

       The queue index matches the queue number in REPORT MPCPDU,
       as defined in IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 64 and Clause 77.

       This object is applicable for an ONU only. At the ONU, it
       has a distinct value for each queue.

       Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
       re-initialization of the management system, and at other times
       as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
       defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

    reference
      "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgStatTxFramesQueue";
  }

  leaf mpcp-queue-frames-drop {
    when "../../mpcp-mode = 'onu'";

    type yang:counter64;

    config false;

    description
      "This object reflects the number of frame drop events from
       the corresponding upstream transmission queue. This object
       is incremented by one for each frame dropped in the
       associated queue.

       The queue index matches the queue number in REPORT MPCPDU,
       as defined in IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 64 and Clause 77.

       This object is applicable for an ONU only. At the ONU, it
       has a distinct value for each queue.

       Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
       re-initialization of the management system, and at other times
       as indicated by the value of the 'discontinuity-time' leaf
       defined in the ietf-interfaces YANG module (IETF RFC 8343).";

    reference
      "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgStatDroppedFramesQueue";
  }
}

list multicast-IDs {
```

```
     key multicast-ID;
      description
        "Multicast-IDs list of multicast IDs
         to be recognized by the device.";
      leaf multicast-ID {
        type uint32;
        description
          "Multicast-IDs to be recognized by the device.";
      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.25";
      }
    }

    leaf fec-capability {
      type fec-capability;

      config false;

      description
        "This object is used to identify whether the given interface
         is capable of supporting FEC or not.";
    }

    leaf mpcp-mode {
      type mpcp-mode;

      config false;

      description
        "This object is used to identify the operational state of the
         MultiPoint MAC Control sublayer as defined in
         IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 64 and Clause 77.

         Reading 'olt' for an OLT (controller) mode and 'onu' for an ONU
         (client) mode.

         This object is used to identify the operational mode for the
         MPCP objects.

         This object is applicable for an OLT, with the same value for
         all logical links, and for an ONU.";

      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.3";
    }

    leaf mpcp-sync-time {
      type uint64;

      units "TQ (16ns)";

      config false;

      description
        "This object reports the 'sync lock time' of the OLT
         receiver in units of Time Quanta (TQ; 1 TQ = 16 ns; see
         IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 64 and Clause 77).

         The value returned is equal to [sync lock time ns]/16,
```

```
              rounded up to the nearest TQ. If this value exceeds
              4,294,967,295 TQ, the value 4,294,967,295 TQ is returned.

              This object is applicable for an OLT, with distinct values for
              all logical links, and for an ONU.";

        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3MpcpSyncTime";
      }

      leaf mpcp-logical-link-id {
        type mpcp-supported;

        config false;

        description
          "This object is used to identify the operational state of the
           MultiPoint MAC Control sublayer as defined in
           IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 64 and Clause 77.

           Reading 'olt' for an OLT (controller) mode and 'onu' for an ONU
           (client) mode.

           This object is used to identify the operational mode for the
           MPCP objects.

           This object is applicable for an OLT, with the same value for
           all logical links, and for an ONU.";

        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.3";
      }
```

Editor's Note (to be removed prior to publication):

Leaf mpcp-remote-mac-address was modified per Maintenance Request 1380
(see https://www.ieee802.org/3/maint/requests/maint_1380.pdf)

```
      leaf mpcp-remote-mac-address {
        type ieee:mac-address;

        config false;

        description
          "This object identifies the source_address parameter of the
           last MPCPDUs passed to the MAC Control. This value is updated
           on reception of a valid frame with:

           1) a destination Field equal to the multicast address assigned
           for MAC Control as specified in IEEE Std 802.3, Annex 31A;

           2) the lengthOrType field value equal to the Type assigned for
           MAC Control as specified in IEEE Std 802.3, Annex 31A;

           3) an MPCP Control opcode value equal to the subtype assigned
           for MPCP as specified in IEEE Std 802.3, Annex 31A.
```

```
          This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
          distinct value for each logical link.

          The value reflects the MAC address of the remote entity and
          therefore the OLT holds a value for each LLID, which is
          the MAC address of the ONU.

          The ONU has a single value that is the OLT MAC address.";

      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.5";
    }

    leaf mpcp-logical-link-state {
      type mpcp-logical-link-state;

      config false;

      description
        "This object identifies the registration state of the
         MultiPoint MAC Control sublayer as defined in
         IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 64 and Clause 77.

         When this object has the enumeration 'unregistered', the
         interface is unregistered and may be used for registering
         a link partner.

         When this object has the enumeration 'registering',
         the interface is in the process of registering a link-partner.

         When this object has the enumeration 'registered', the
         interface has an established link-partner.

         This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
         distinct value for each logical link.";

      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.6";
    }

    leaf mpcp-elapsed-time-out {
      type uint64;

      units "TQ (16ns)";

      config false;

      description
        "This object reports the interval from the last MPCP frame
         transmission in increments of Time Quanta (TQ; 1 TQ = 16 ns;
         see IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 64 and Clause 77).

         The value returned is equal to [interval from last MPCP
         frame transmission on this EPON interface, expressed
         in ns]/16. If this value exceeds 4,294,967,295 TQ, the value
         4,294,967,295 TQ is returned.

         This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
         distinct value for each logical link.";
```

```
      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.19";
    }

    leaf mpcp-elapsed-time-in {
      type uint64;

      units "TQ (16ns)";

      config false;

      description
        "This object reports the interval from the last MPCP frame
         reception in increments of Time Quanta (TQ; 1 TQ = 16 ns; see
         IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 64 and Clause 77).

         The value returned is equal to [interval from last MPCP
         frame reception on this EPON interface, expressed in
         ns]/16. If this value exceeds 4,294,967,295 TQ, the value
         4,294,967,295 TQ is returned.

         This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has a
         distinct value for each logical link.";

      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.20";
    }

    leaf mpcp-round-trip-time {
      when "../ompe-mode = 'olt'";
      type uint16;

      units "TQ (16ns)";

      config false;

      description
        "This object reports the MPCP round trip time in increments
         of Time Quanta (TQ; 1 TQ = 16 ns; see IEEE Std 802.3,
         Clause 64 and Clause 77).

         The value returned is equal to [round trip time in ns]/16.
         If this value exceeds 65,535 TQ, the value 65,535 TQ is
         returned.

         This object is applicable for an OLT. It has a distinct value
         for each logical link.";

      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.21";
    }

    leaf mpcp-maximum-grant-count {
      when "../ompe-mode = 'onu'";
      type uint8;

      config false;
```

```
        description
          "This object reports the maximum number of grants that an
           ONU can store for handling. The maximum number of grants that
           an ONU can store for handling has a range of 0 to 255.

           This object is applicable for an ONU and has a distinct value
           for each logical link.";

        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.5.1.24";
      }

      leaf mpcp-logical-link-count {
        type mpcp-llid-count;

        units LLID;

        config false;

        description
          "This object reflects the number of logical links registered
           on the OLT / ONU. The LLID field, as defined in the
           IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 65 and Clause 76, is a 2-byte register
           (15-bit field and a broadcast bit) limiting the number of
           logical links to 32,768.

           This object is initialized to the value of 0 when the
           OLT / ONU is powered up.

           This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has the same
           value for all logical links.";

        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgObjectNumberOfLLIDs";
      }

      leaf mpcp-maximum-queue-count-per-report {
        when "../ompe-mode = olt'";
        type mpcp-maximum-queue-count-per-report;

        config false;

        description
          "This object reflects the maximum number of queues (0-7) that can
           be accepted by the OLT in a single REPORT MPCPDU, as defined in
           IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 64 and Clause 77.

           This object is applicable for an OLT and has a distinct value
           for each logical link.";

        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3.1, dot3ExtPkgObjectReportMaximumNumQueues";
      }

      leaf ompe-mode {
        type ompe-mode;

        config false;
```

```
        description
          "This object indicates the mode of operation of the
           Reconciliation Sublayer for Point-to-Point Emulation (see
           IEEE Std 802.3, 65.1 or 76.2 as appropriate).

           The value of 'unknown' is assigned in initialization; true
           state or type is not yet known.

           The value of 'olt' is assigned when the sublayer is operating
           in OLT mode.

           The value of 'onu' is assigned when the sublayer is operating
           in ONU mode.

           This object is applicable for an OLT and an ONU. It has the same
           value for each logical link.";

        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.7.1.2";
      }
    }
}
```

8. YANG module for Ethernet Link OAM (ELO)

8.1 Introduction

IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 57 includes management capabilities for Ethernet-like interfaces to provide some basic operations, administration and maintenance (OAM) functions. The defined functionality includes discovery, error signaling, loopback, and link monitoring. This clause defines a portion of the YANG module for use with NETCONF or RESTCONF to manage these Ethernet-like interface capabilities.

8.2 Overview

Ethernet OAM is composed of a core set of functions and a set of optional functional groups as described in Clause 57 of IEEE Std 802.3. The core functions include discovery operations (determining if the other end of the link is OAM capable and what OAM functions it supports), state machine implementation, and some critical event flows.

Ethernet OAM provides single-hop functionality in that it works only between two directly connected Ethernet stations. Ethernet OAM has three functional objectives, which are detailed in 8.2.1 through 8.2.3. The definition of a basic Ethernet OAM protocol data unit is given in 8.2.4.

8.2.1 Remote fault indication

Remote fault indication provides a mechanism for one end of an Ethernet link to signal the other end that the receive path is non-operational. Some Ethernet Physical Layers offer mechanisms to signal this condition at the Physical Layer. Ethernet OAM added a mechanism so that some Ethernet Physical Layers can operate in unidirectional mode, allowing frames to be transmitted in one direction even when the other direction is non-operational. Traditionally, Ethernet PHYs do not allow frame transmission in one direction if the other direction is not operational. Using this mode, Ethernet OAM allows frame-based signaling of remote fault conditions while still not allowing higher layer applications to be aware of the unidirectional capability. This clause includes mechanisms for capturing that fault information and reflecting such information in data nodes and notifications within the NETCONF management framework.

8.2.2 Link monitoring

Ethernet OAM includes event signaling capability so that one end of an Ethernet link can indicate the occurrence of certain important events to the other end of the link. This happens via layer 2 protocols. This clause defines methods for incorporating the occurrence of these events, at both the local end and the far end of the link, into the YANG-based management framework.

Ethernet OAM also includes mechanisms for one Ethernet station to query another directly connected Ethernet station about the status of its Ethernet interface variables and status. This clause does not include mechanisms for controlling how one Ethernet endpoint may use this functionality to query the status or statistics of a peer Ethernet entity.

8.2.3 Remote loopback

Remote loopback is a link state where the peer Ethernet entity echoes every received packet (without modifications) back onto the link. Remote loopback is intrusive in that the other end of the link is not forwarding traffic from higher layers out over the link. This clause defines data nodes controlling loopback operation and reading the status of the loopback state.

8.2.4 Ethernet OAM protocol data units

An Ethernet OAM protocol data unit (OAMPDU) is a valid Ethernet frame with a destination Media Access Control (MAC) address equal to the MAC address assigned for Slow Protocols (see IEEE Std 802.3, Annex 57A), a lengthOrType field equal to the Type assigned for Slow Protocols, and a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the subtype assigned for Ethernet OAM.

OAMPDU is used throughout this clause as an abbreviation for Ethernet OAM protocol data unit. OAMPDUs are the mechanism by which two directly connected Ethernet interfaces exchange OAM information.

8.3 Security considerations for Ethernet operations, administration, and maintenance (OAM) module

The readable data nodes in this module can provide information about network traffic, and therefore, they may be considered sensitive. In particular, OAM provides mechanisms for reading the Clause 30 IEEE 802.3 management attributes from a link partner via a layer 3 protocol. IEEE Std 802.3 OAM does not include encryption or authentication mechanisms. It should not be used in environments where this interface information is considered sensitive, and where the facility terminations are unprotected. By default, OAM is disabled on Ethernet-like interfaces and is therefore not a risk.

IEEE Std 802.3 OAM is designed to support deployment in access and enterprise networks. In access networks, one end of a link is the CO-side, and the other is the CPE-side, and the facilities are often protected in wiring cages or closets. In such deployments, it is often the case that the CO-side is protected from access from the CPE-side. Within IEEE Std 802.3 OAM, this protection from remote access is accomplished by configuring the CPE-side in passive mode using the mode leaf. This prevents the CPE from accessing functions and information at the CO-side of the connection. In enterprise networks, read-only interface information is often considered non-sensitive.

The frequency of OAM PDUs on an Ethernet interface does not adversely affect data traffic, as OAM is a slow protocol with very limited bandwidth potential, and it is not required for normal link operation. Although there are a number of objects in this module with read-write or read-create MAX-ACCESS, they have limited effects on user data.

The loopback capability of OAM can have potentially disruptive effects; when remote loopback is enabled, the remote station automatically transmits all received traffic back to the local station except for OAM traffic. This completely disrupts all higher layer protocols such as bridging, IP, and NETCONF/RESTCONF.

The administrative state and mode are also configuration nodes. Disabling OAM can interrupt management activities between peer devices, potentially causing serious problems. Setting the mode node to an undesired value can allow access to Ethernet monitoring, events, and functions that may not be acceptable in a particular deployment scenario. In addition to loopback functionality, Ethernet interface statistics and events can be accessed via the OAM protocol, which may not be desired in some circumstances.

OAM event configuration also contains configuration nodes. These nodes control whether events are sent, and at what thresholds. Note that the frequency of event communication is limited by the frequency limits of Slow Protocols on Ethernet interfaces. Also, the information available via OAM events is also available via OAM Variable Requests. Access to this information via either OAM events or Variable Requests is controlled by the admin and mode nodes. As mentioned previously, inadequate protection of these variables can result in access to link information and functions.

8.4 Mapping of IEEE 802.3 managed objects

This subclause contains the mapping between the YANG data nodes defined in this clause and the attributes defined in IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30. Table 8–1 provides the mapping between the *ieee802-ethernet-link-oam* module data nodes and the OAM attributes of IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30.

**Table 8–1—Mapping between IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30 managed objects
and *ieee802-ethernet-link-oam* YANG data nodes**

IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30		Reference	Corresponding *ieee802-ethernet-link-oam* YANG data nodes		
Managed object(s)	Attribute(s)		Container(s)	Data node(s)	R/W
oOAM	aOAMAdminState	30.3.6.1.2	interfaces/interface/ethernet/link-oam	admin	R/W
	dot3OamOperStatus aOAMDiscoveryState aOAMLocalFlagsField aOAMRemoteFlagsField	IEEE Std 802.3.1 30.3.6.1.4 30.3.6.1.10 30.3.6.1.11	interfaces/interface/ethernet/link-oam/ discovery-info/local	operational-status	R
	aOAMLocalState	30.3.6.1.14		loopback-mode	R
	aOAMMode	30.3.6.1.3		mode	RW
	aOAMLocalRevision	30.3.6.1.12		revision	R
	aOAMLocalPDUConfiguration	30.3.6.1.8		oammtu	R
	aOAMLocalConfiguration	30.3.6.1.6	interfaces/interface/ethernet/link-oam/ discovery-info/remote/functions-supported	uni-directional-link-fault	R/W
				loopback	R/W
				mib-retrieval	R/W
		aOAMLocalConfiguration	interfaces/interface/ethernet/link-oam/ discovery-info/local/functions-supported/link-monitor	link-monitoring	R/W
	aOAMLocalErrSymPeriodConfig aOAMLocalErrFrameConfig aOAMLocalErrFramePeriodConfig aOAMLocalErrFrameSecsSummaryConfig aOAMLocalErrSymPeriodConfig	30.3.6.1.34 30.3.6.1.36 30.3.6.1.38 30.3.6.1.40 30.3.6.1.42	interfaces/interface/ethernet/link-oam/ link-monitor/event-type	threshold-type window threshold	R/W R/W R/W
	aOAMRemoteMACAddress	30.3.6.1.5	interfaces/interface/ethernet/link-oam/ discovery-info/remote	mac-address	R
	aOAMRemoteVendorOUI	30.3.6.1.16		vendor-oui	R
	aOAMRemoteVendorSpecificInfo	30.3.6.1.17		vendor-info	R

**Table 8–1—Mapping between IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30 managed objects
and *ieee802-ethernet-link-oam* YANG data nodes *(continued)***

IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30			Corresponding *ieee802-ethernet-link-oam* YANG data nodes		
Managed object(s)	Attribute(s)	Reference	Container(s)	Data node(s)	R/W
OAM	aOAMLocalConfiguration	30.3.6.1.6	interfaces/interface/ethernet/link-oam/ discovery-info/local/functions-supported	uni-directional-link-fault	R
				loopback	R
				link-monitoring	R
				mib-retrieval	R
	dot3OamEventLogEntry	IEEE Std 802.3.1	interfaces-state/ interface/ethernet/ link-oam/event-log/event-log-entry	index	R
				oui	R
				timestamp	R
				location	R
				event-type	R
				running-total	R
				event-total	R
	aOAMLocalErrSymPeriodEvent aOAMLocalErrFrameEvent aOAMLocalErrFramePeriodConfig aOAMLocalErrFrameSecsSummaryEvent aOAMRemoteErrSymPeriodEvent aOAMRemoteErrFrameEvent aOAMRemoteErrFramePeriodEvent aOAMRemoteErrFrameSecsSummar-yEvent	30.3.6.1.35 30.3.6.1.37 30.3.6.1.38 30.3.6.1.41 30.3.6.1.42 30.3.6.1.43 30.3.6.1.44 30.3.6.1.45	interfaces/interface/ethernet/link-oam/ event-log/event-log-entry/threshold	threshold-event-type window threshold value	R R R R
	Dot3OamStatsEntry	RFC-4878	interfaces/interface/ethernet/link-oam/ statistics	out-information	R
	aOAMInformationTx	30.3.6.1.20			
	aOAMInformationRx	30.3.6.1.21		in-information	R

**Table 8–1—Mapping between IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30 managed objects
and *ieee802-ethernet-link-oam* YANG data nodes *(continued)***

IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 30			Corresponding *ieee802-ethernet-link-oam* YANG data nodes		
Managed object(s)	Attribute(s)	Reference	Container(s)	Data node(s)	R/W
OAM	aOAMVariableRequestRx	30.3.6.1.29	interfaces/interface/ethernet/link-oam/statistics	variable-requeste-rx	R
	aOAMVariableResponseTx	30.3.6.1.30		out-variable-response	R
	aOAMVariableResponseRx	30.3.6.1.31		in-variable-response	R
	aOAMOrganizationSpecificTx	30.3.6.1.32		out-org-specific	R
	aOAMOrganizationSpecificRx	30.3.6.1.33		in-org-specific	R
	aOAMUnsupportedCodesTx	30.3.6.1.18		unsupported-condes-tx	R
	aOAMUnsupportedCodesRx	30.3.6.1.19		in-unsupported-codes	R
	aFramesLostDueToOAMError	30.3.6.1.46		frames-lost-due-to-oam	R
	aOAMLocalErrSymPeriodEvent, Errored Symbols	30.3.6.1.35		local-error-symbol-period-log-entries	R
	aOAMLocalErrFrameEvent, Errored Frames	30.3.6.1.37		local-error-frame-log-entries	R
	aOAMLocalErrFramePeriodEvent, Errored Frames	30.3.6.1.39		local-error-frame-period-log-entries	R
	aOAMLocalErrFrameSecsSummaryEvent, Errored Frame Seconds Summary	30.3.6.1.41		local-error-frame-second-log-entries	R
	aOAMRemoteErrSymPeriodEvent, Errored Symbols	30.3.6.1.42		remote-error-symbol-period-log-entries	R
	aOAMRemoteErrFrameEven, Errored Frames	30.3.6.1.43		remote-error-frame-log-entries	R
	aOAMRemoteErrFramePeriodEvent, Errored Frames	30.3.6.1.44		remote-error-frame-period-log-entries	R
	aOAMRemoteErrFrameSecsSummaryEvent, Errored Frame Seconds Summary	30.3.6.1.45		remote-error-frame-second-log-entries	R

8.5 YANG module definition[p]

The YANG module tree hierarchy uses terms defined in IETF RFC 8407.

8.5.1 Tree hierarchy

```
module: ieee802-ethernet-link-oam
  augment /if:interfaces/if:interface:
    +--rw link-oam!
       +--rw admin?                     admin-state
       +--rw discovery-info
       |  +--rw local
       |  |  +--ro operational-status    operational-state
       |  |  +--ro loopback-mode         loopback-status {remote-loopback-initiate or
remote-loopback-respond}?
       |  |  +--rw mode?                 mode
       |  |  +--rw functions-supported
       |  |  |  +--rw uni-directional-link-fault?   boolean {uni-directional-link-fault}?
       |  |  |  +--rw loopback?                     boolean {remote-loopback-initiate}?
       |  |  |  +--rw link-monitor {link-monitoring-remote or
link-monitoring-local}?
       |  |  |  |  +--rw link-monitoring?   boolean
       |  |  |  |  +--rw event-type* [threshold-type] {link-monitoring-local}?
       |  |  |  |     +--rw threshold-type    threshold-event-enum
       |  |  |  |     +--rw window?           uint64
       |  |  |  |     +--rw threshold?        uint64
       |  |  |  +--rw mib-retrieval?                boolean {remote-mib-retrieval-initiate or
remote-mib-retrieval-respond}?
       |  |  +--ro revision?             uint64
       |  |  +--ro oammtu?               uint16
```

[p]Copyright release for YANG modules: Users of this standard may freely reproduce the YANG module contained in this subclause so that it can be used for its intended purpose.

```
    |  +--ro remote
```

Editor's Note (to be removed prior to publication):

Leaf mac-address was modified per Maintenance Request 1380 (see https://www.ieee802.org/3/maint/requests/maint_1380.pdf)

```
    |      +--ro mac-address?            ieee:mac-address
    |      +--ro vendor-oui?             vendor-oui
    |      +--ro vendor-info?            uint64
    |      +--ro loopback-mode           loopback-status
    |      +--ro mode?                   mode
    |      +--ro functions-supported
    |      |  +--ro uni-directional-link-fault?   boolean
    |      |  +--ro loopback?                      boolean
    |      |  +--ro link-monitoring?               boolean
    |      |  +--ro mib-retrieval?                 boolean
    |      +--ro revision?            uint64
    |      +--ro oammtu?              uint16
    +--ro event-log
    |  +--ro event-log-entry* [index]
    |      +--ro index          uint64
    |      +--ro oui            vendor-oui
    |      +--ro timestamp      uint64
    |      +--ro location       event-location
    |      +--ro event-type     identityref
    |      +--ro running-total  yang:counter64
    |      +--ro event-total    yang:counter64
    |      +--ro threshold {link-monitoring-local or
link-monitoring-remote}?
    |         +--ro threshold-event-type    threshold-event-enum
    |         +--ro window                  uint64
    |         +--ro threshold               uint64
    |         +--ro value                   uint64
    +--ro statistics
    |  +--ro out-information                      yang:counter64
```

```
  |  +--ro in-information                              yang:counter64
  |  +--ro out-unique-event-notification               yang:counter64 {link-monitoring-local}?
  |  +--ro in-unique-event-notification                yang:counter64 {link-monitoring-remote}?
  |  +--ro out-duplicate-event-notification            yang:counter64 {link-monitoring-local}?
  |  +--ro in-duplicate-event-notification             yang:counter64 {link-monitoring-remote}?
  |  +--ro out-loopback-control                        yang:counter64 {remote-loopback-initiate}?
  |  +--ro in-loopback-control                         yang:counter64 {remote-loopback-respond}?
  |  +--ro out-variable-request                        yang:counter64 {remote-mib-retrieval-initiate}?
  |  +--ro in-variable-request                         yang:counter64 {remote-mib-retrieval-respond}?
  |  +--ro out-variable-response                       yang:counter64 {remote-mib-retrieval-respond}?
  |  +--ro in-variable-response                        yang:counter64 {remote-mib-retrieval-initiate}?
  |  +--ro out-org-specific                            yang:counter64
  |  +--ro in-org-specific                             yang:counter64
  |  +--ro out-unsupported-codes                       yang:counter64
  |  +--ro in-unsupported-codes                        yang:counter64
  |  +--ro frames-lost-due-to-oam                      yang:counter64
  |  +--ro local-error-symbol-period-log-entries       yang:counter64
  |  +--ro local-error-frame-log-entries               yang:counter64
  |  +--ro local-error-frame-period-log-entries        yang:counter64
  |  +--ro local-error-frame-second-log-entries        yang:counter64
  |  +--ro remote-error-symbol-period-log-entries      yang:counter64 {link-monitoring-remote}?
  |  +--ro remote-error-frame-log-entries              yang:counter64 {link-monitoring-remote}?
  |  +--ro remote-error-frame-period-log-entries       yang:counter64 {link-monitoring-remote}?
  |  +--ro remote-error-frame-second-log-entries       yang:counter64 {link-monitoring-remote}?
  +---x remote-loopback {remote-loopback-initiate}?
  |  +---w input
  |  |  +---w enable    boolean
  |  +--ro output
  |     +--ro success         boolean
  |     +--ro error-message?   string
  +---x reset-stats
  |  +--ro output
  |     +--ro success         boolean
  |     +--ro error-message?   string
  +---n non-threshold-event
  |  +---- oui              vendor-oui
```

```
         |  +---- timestamp       uint64
         |  +---- location        event-location
         |  +---- event-type      identityref
         |  +---- running-total   yang:counter64
         |  +---- event-total     yang:counter64
         +---n threshold-event {link-monitoring-local or
link-monitoring-remote}?
            +---- oui             vendor-oui
            +---- timestamp       uint64
            +---- location        event-location
            +---- event-type      identityref
            +---- running-total   yang:counter64
            +---- event-total     yang:counter64
            +---- threshold {link-monitoring-local or
link-monitoring-remote}?
               +---- threshold-event-type    threshold-event-enum
               +---- window                  uint64
               +---- threshold               uint64
               +---- value                   uint64
```

8.5.2 YANG module

In the following YANG module definition, should any discrepancy between the text of the description for individual YANG nodes and the corresponding definition in 8.2 through 8.5 of this clause occur, the definitions in 8.2 through 8.5 shall take precedence.

An ASCII text version of the YANG module can be found at the following URL:[q] https://github.com/YangModels/yang/tree/master/standard/ieee/published/802.3.

```
module ieee802-ethernet-link-oam {

  yang-version 1.1;

  namespace "urn:ieee:std:802.3:yang:ieee802-ethernet-link-oam";

  prefix "ieee802-link-oam";

  revision 2019-06-21 {
    description "Initial revision.";
  }
```

Editor's Note (to be removed prior to publication):

New 'ieee' prefix import was added per Maintenance Request 1380 (see https://www.ieee802.org/3/maint/requests/maint_1380.pdf)

```
  import ietf-yang-types {
    prefix yang;
    reference "IETF RFC 6991";
  }

  import iana-if-type {
    prefix ianaift;
    reference "http://www.iana.org/assignments/yang-parameters/
      iana-if-type@2018-07-03.yang";
  }

  import ietf-interfaces {
    prefix if;
    reference "IETF RFC 8343";
  }

  organization
    "IEEE 802.3 Ethernet Working Group
     Web URL: http://www.ieee802.org/3/";
  contact
    "Web URL: http://www.ieee802.org/3/";

  description
    "This module contains a collection of YANG definitions
```

---

[q]Copyright release for YANG modules: Users of this standard may freely reproduce the YANG module contained in this subclause so that it can be used for its intended purpose.

```
      for managing the Ethernet Link OAM feature defined by IEEE
      802.3. It provides functionality roughly equivalent to that of
      the DOT3-OAM-MIB defined in IETF RFC 4878.";

  reference
    "IEEE Std 802.3-2018, unless dated explicitly";

  feature uni-directional-link-fault {
    description
      "This feature means the device supports Uni Directional Link
       Fault detection.";
    reference
      "IEEE Std 802.3, 57.1.2:a, 30.3.6.1.6 aOAMLocalConfiguration and
       30.3.6.1.7 aOAMRemoteConfiguration";
  }
  feature remote-loopback-initiate {
    description
      "This feature means the device supports being the initiator
       of remote loopback.";
    reference
      "IEEE Std 802.3, 57.1.2:b, 30.3.6.1.6 aOAMLocalConfiguration";
  }
  feature remote-loopback-respond {
    description
      "This feature means the device supports responding to remote
       loopback control OAMPDUs received from the peer";
    reference
      "IEEE Std 802.3, 57.1.2:b, 30.3.6.1.7 aOAMRemoteConfiguration";
  }
  feature link-monitoring-local {
    description
      "This feature means the device monitors the link at the local
       side and can generate Link Event OAMPDUs to the peer device.";
    reference
      "IEEE Std 802.3, 57.1.2:c:1, 30.3.6.1.6 aOAMLocalConfiguration,
       and 30.3.6.1.7 aOAMRemoteConfiguration";
  }
  feature link-monitoring-remote {
    description
      "This feature means the device can process Link Event OAMPDUs
       received from the peer device and report itself about this
       event on its own management interface.";
    reference
      "IEEE Std 802.3, 57.1.2:c:1, 30.3.6.1.6 aOAMLocalConfiguration,
       and 30.3.6.1.7 aOAMRemoteConfiguration";
  }
  feature remote-mib-retrieval-initiate {
    description
      "This feature means the device supports data retrieval from
       the peer device. I.e. the device can send Variable Requests
       OAMPDUs to the peer side and process the received Variable
       Response OAMPDUs.";
    reference
      "IEEE Std 802.3, 57.1.2:c:2, 30.3.6.1.6 aOAMLocalConfiguration,
```

```
                    and 30.3.6.1.7 aOAMRemoteConfiguration";
    }
    feature remote-mib-retrieval-respond {
      description
        "This feature means the device allows the peer device to
         retrieve data from the managed device. I.e. the device can
         process received Variable Requests OAMPDUs and respond with
         Variable Response OAMPDUs.";
      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 57.1.2:c:2, 30.3.6.1.6 aOAMLocalConfiguration,
         and 30.3.6.1.7 aOAMRemoteConfiguration";
    }
    typedef threshold-event-enum {
      type enumeration {
        enum symbol-period-event {
          value 1;
          description
            "Errored symbol period event.";
        }
        enum frame-period-event {
          value 2;
          description
            "Errored frame period event.";
        }
        enum frame-event {
          value 3;
          description
            "Errored frame event";
        }
        enum frame-seconds-event {
          value 4;
          description
            "Errored frame seconds event.";
        }
      }
      description
        "Enumeration of the valid threshold event types.";
      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 57.5.3";
    }

    identity event-type {
      description
        "Base identity for all Link OAM event types.";
    }
    identity threshold-event-type {
      base event-type;
      description
        "Event type for a Link Monitoring threshold event.";
    }
    identity link-fault-event {
      base event-type;
       if-feature "uni-directional-link-fault";
      description
```

```
    "Event type for a uni-directional link fault event.";
  reference
    "IEEE Std 802.3, 57.2.10.1";
}
identity dying-gasp-event {
  base event-type;
  description
    "Event type for a dying gasp event.";
  reference
    "IEEE Std 802.3, 57.2.10.1";
}
identity critical-event {
  base event-type;
  description
    "Event type for a critical event.";
  reference
    "IEEE Std 802.3, 57.2.10.1";
}

typedef mode {
  type enumeration {
    enum passive {
      value 0;
      description
        "Ethernet Link OAM Passive mode.";
    }
    enum active {
      value 1;
      description
        "Ethernet Link OAM Active mode.";
    }
  }
  description
    "Enumeration of the valid modes in which Link OAM may run.";
  reference
    "IEEE Std 802.3, 57.2.9 and 30.3.6.1.3.";
}

typedef event-location {
  type enumeration {
    enum event-location-local {
      value 1;
      description
        "A local event.";
    }
    enum event-location-remote {
      value 2;
      description
        "A remote event.";
    }
  }
  description
    "The location of the event that caused a log entry.";
}
```

```
typedef loopback-status{
  type enumeration {
    enum none {
      value 1;
      description
       "Loopback is not being performed.";
    }
    enum initiating {
      value 2;
      description
        "Initiating master loopback.";
    }
    enum master-loopback {
      value 3;
      description
        "In master loopback mode.";
    }
    enum terminating {
      value 4;
      description
        "Terminating master loopback mode.";
    }
    enum local-loopback {
      value 5;
      description
        "In slave loopback mode.";
    }
    enum unknown {
      value 6;
      description
        "Parser and multiplexer combination unexpected.";
    }
  }
  description
    "The loopback mode of an OAM interface.";
  reference
    "IEEE Std 802.3, 57.2.11";
}
typedef operational-state {
  type enumeration {
    enum disabled {
      value 1;
      description
        "IEEE Std 802.3 OAM is disabled.";
    }
    enum link-fault {
      value 2;
      description
        "IEEE Std 802.3 OAM has encountered a link fault.";
    }
    enum passive-wait {
      value 3;
      description
```

```
                    "Passive OAM entity waiting to see if peer is
                     OAM capable.";
             }
        enum active-send-local {
          value 4;
          description
            "Active OAM entity trying to determine if peer
             is OAM capable.";
        }
        enum send-local-and-remote {
          value 5;
          description
            "OAM discovered peer but still to accept or
             reject peer configuration.";
        }
        enum send-local-and-remote-ok {
          value 6;
          description
            "OAM peering is allowed by local device.";
        }
        enum peering-locally-rejected {
          value 7;
          description
            "OAM peering rejected by local device.";
        }
        enum peering-remotely-rejected {
          value 8;
          description
            "OAM peering rejected by remote device.";
        }
        enum operational {
          value 9;
          description
            "IEEE Std 802.3 OAM is operational.";
        }
        enum operational-half-duplex {
          value 10;
          description
            "IEEE Std 802.3 OAM is operating in half-duplex mode.";
        }
      }
    description
      "Operational state of an interface.";
    reference
      "IETF RFC 4878, dot3OamOperStatus; IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.4,
       30.3.6.1.10, and 30.3.6.1.11";
  }

  typedef vendor-oui {
    type string {
      length 6;
    }
    description
      "24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier.";
```

```
 1      reference
 2        "IEEE Std 802-2014, Clause 9";
 3    }
 4
 5
 6    typedef admin-state {
 7      type enumeration {
 8        enum enabled {
 9          value 1;
10          description
11            "IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 57 OAM is in the
12             enabled admin state.";
13        }
14        enum disabled {
15          value 2;
16          description
17            "IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 57 OAM is in the
18             disabled admin state.";
19        }
20      }
21      description
22        "Admin state of the OAM function on an interface.";
23      reference
24        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.2 and 30.3.6.2";
25    }
26
27    grouping event-details {
28      description
29        "Nodes describing an event, used in the event log and in
30         notifications.";
31      reference
32        "IETF RFC 4878, Dot3OamEventLogEntry";
33      leaf oui {
34        type vendor-oui;
35        mandatory true;
36        description
37          "Organizationally Unique Identifier for the device that
38           generated the event.";
39      }
40      leaf timestamp {
41        type uint64;
42        units "milliseconds";
43        mandatory true;
44        description
45          "Timestamp in milliseconds since Unix epoch for when the
46           event occurred.";
47      }
48      leaf location {
49        type event-location;
50        mandatory true;
51        description
52          "Where the event occurred (local or remote).";
53      }
54      leaf event-type {
55        type identityref {
```

```
        base event-type;
      }
      mandatory true;
      description
        "Type of event that occurred.";
      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.10 and 30.3.6.11";
    }
    leaf running-total {
      type yang:counter64;
      mandatory true;
      description
        "The running total number of errors seen since OAM was
         enabled on the interface. For threshold events, this is the
         total number of times that particular type of error (e.g.
         symbol error) has occurred, which may be greater than the
         number of threshold-crossing event notifications of that
         type generated during that time (which is conveyed by the
         event-total leaf).";
    }
    leaf event-total {
      type yang:counter64;
      mandatory true;
      description
        "Total number of times this event has occurred since OAM was
         enabled on the interface. For threshold events this is the
         number of events generated of this type (as opposed to the
         total number of errors of that type, which may be greater,
         and is conveyed by the running-total leaf.";
    }
  }

  grouping threshold-event-details {
    description
      "Nodes describing a threshold event, used in the event
       log and in notifications";
    reference
      "IETF RFC 4878, Dot3OamEventLogEntry";

    container threshold {
      when "../event-type = 'threshold-event-type'" {
        description
          "These nodes only apply to threshold event types";
      }
      if-feature "link-monitoring-local or
        link-monitoring-remote";
      description
        "Nodes specific to threshold (link monitoring) events";

      leaf threshold-event-type {
        type threshold-event-enum;
        mandatory true;
        description
          "The type of threshold event";
```

```
        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 57.5.3";
      }
    leaf window {
      type uint64;
      mandatory true;
      description
        "Size of the window in which the event was generated.
         Units are dependent on the threshold event type.";
    }
    leaf threshold {
      type uint64;
      mandatory true;
      description
        "Size of the threshold that was breached during the
         window. Units are dependent on the threshold
         event type.";
    }
    leaf value {
      type uint64;
      mandatory true;
      description
        "Breaching value. Units are dependent on the
         threshold event type, and match that
         of the threshold.";
    }
  }
}

grouping statistics-common {
  description
    "Collection of Link OAM event/packet counters.";
  reference
    "IETF RFC 4878, Dot3OamStatsEntry";

  leaf out-information {
    type yang:counter64;
    mandatory true;
    description
      "Number of information OAMPDUs transmitted.";
    reference
      "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.20";
  }
  leaf in-information {
    type yang:counter64;
    mandatory true;
    description
      "Number of information OAMPDUs received.";
    reference
      "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.21";
  }
  leaf out-unique-event-notification {
    if-feature "link-monitoring-local";
    type yang:counter64;
```

```
        mandatory true;
        description
          "Number of unique event notification OAMPDUs transmitted.";
        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.22";
      }
      leaf in-unique-event-notification {
        if-feature "link-monitoring-remote";
        type yang:counter64;
        mandatory true;
        description
          "Number of unique event notification OAMPDUs received.";
        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.24";
      }
      leaf out-duplicate-event-notification {
        if-feature "link-monitoring-local";
        type yang:counter64;
        mandatory true;
        description
          "Number of duplicate event notification OAMPDUs
           transmitted.";
        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.23";
      }
      leaf in-duplicate-event-notification {
        if-feature "link-monitoring-remote";
        type yang:counter64;
        mandatory true;
        description
          "Number of duplicate event notification OAMPDUs
           received.";
        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.25";
      }
      leaf out-loopback-control {
        if-feature "remote-loopback-initiate";
        type yang:counter64;
        mandatory true;
        description
          "Number of loopback control OAMPDUs transmitted.";
        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.26";
      }
      leaf in-loopback-control {
        if-feature "remote-loopback-respond";
        type yang:counter64;
        mandatory true;
        description
          "Number of loopback control OAMPDUs received.";
        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.27";
      }
      leaf out-variable-request {
```

```
      if-feature "remote-mib-retrieval-initiate";
      type yang:counter64;
      mandatory true;
      description
        "Number of variable request OAMPDUs transmitted.";
      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.28";
    }
    leaf in-variable-request {
      if-feature "remote-mib-retrieval-respond";
      type yang:counter64;
      mandatory true;
      description
        "Number of variable request OAMPDUs received.";
      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.29";
    }
    leaf out-variable-response {
      if-feature "remote-mib-retrieval-respond";
      type yang:counter64;
      mandatory true;
      description
        "Number of variable response OAMPDUs transmitted.";
      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.30";
    }
    leaf in-variable-response {
      if-feature "remote-mib-retrieval-initiate";
      type yang:counter64;
      mandatory true;
      description
        "Number of variable response OAMPDUs received.";
      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.31";
    }
    leaf out-org-specific {
      type yang:counter64;
      mandatory true;
      description
        "Number of organization specific OAMPDUs transmitted.";
      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.32";
    }
    leaf in-org-specific {
      type yang:counter64;
      mandatory true;
      description
        "Number of organization specific OAMPDUs received.";
      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.33";
    }
    leaf out-unsupported-codes {
      type yang:counter64;
      mandatory true;
```

```
     description
       "Number of OAMPDUs with unsupported codes transmitted.";
     reference
       "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.18";
   }
   leaf in-unsupported-codes {
     type yang:counter64;
     mandatory true;
     description
       "Number of OAMPDUs with unsupported codes received.";
     reference
       "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.19";
   }
   leaf frames-lost-due-to-oam {
     type yang:counter64;
     mandatory true;
     description
       "A count of the number of frames that were dropped by the OAM
        multiplexer. Since the OAM multiplexer has multiple inputs
        and a single output, there may be cases where frames are
        dropped due to transmit resource contention. This counter
        is incremented whenever a frame is dropped by the OAM
        layer.";
     reference
       "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.46";
   }
 }

 grouping discovery-remote {
   description
     "Nodes describing the discovery process remote end of a link.";
   leaf mode {
     type mode;
     description
       "Mode (passive/active).";
     reference
       "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.3";
   }
   container functions-supported {
     description
       "The Link OAM functions supported by this interface.";
     reference
       "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.7";
     leaf uni-directional-link-fault {
       type boolean;
       description
         "Unidirectional link fault support.";
     }
     leaf loopback {
       type boolean;
       description
         "Remote Loopback support.";
     }
     leaf link-monitoring {
```

```
        type boolean;
        description
          "Link monitoring support.";
      }
      leaf mib-retrieval {
        type boolean;
        description
          "MIB variable retrieval support.";
      }
    }
    leaf revision {
      type uint64;
      config false;
      description "Configuration revision.";
      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.12 and 30.3.6.1.13";
    }
    leaf oammtu {
      type uint16;
      units octets;
      config false;
      description "The maximum OAMPDU size.";
      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.8 and 30.3.6.1.9";
    }
  }

  grouping discovery-local {
    description
      "Nodes describing the local end discovery process of a link.";
    leaf mode {
      type mode;
      description
        "Mode (passive/active)
         The default value is implementation-dependent.";
      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.3";
    }
    container functions-supported {
      description
        "The Link OAM functions supported by this interface.";
      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.7";
      leaf uni-directional-link-fault {
        if-feature "uni-directional-link-fault";
        type boolean;
        description
          "Unidirectional link fault support.
           This affects the setting of the 'Unidirectional Support'
           bit in the OAM configuration field put in the
           Information OAMPDU.
           This bit indicates to the peer device that it can send
           OAM PDUs on links that are operating in unidirectional
           mode (traffic flowing in one direction only).";
```

```
 1            }
 2        leaf loopback {
 3          if-feature "remote-loopback-initiate";
 4
 5          type boolean;
 6          default true;
 7          description
 8            "Remote Loopback support.";
 9        }
10
11        container link-monitor {
12          if-feature "link-monitoring-remote or
13            link-monitoring-local";
14          description
15            "Configure link monitor parameters.";
16
17          reference
18            "IEEE Std 802.3, 57.1.2:c";
19
20          leaf link-monitoring {
21            type boolean;
22            default true;
23            description
24              "Enable or disable monitoring.
25               This affects the setting of the 'Link Events' bit in the
26               OAM configuration field put in the Information OAMPDU.
27               This bit indicates to the peer device that the OAM
28               entity can send and receive Event Notification OAMPDUs.";
29          }
30
31
32
33          list event-type {
34            if-feature "link-monitoring-local";
35            key threshold-type;
36            description
37              "A list containing at most one entry for each of the
38               threshold event types. If there is no entry for a
39               particular event type, the default values are used for
40               both window size and threshold.";
41            leaf threshold-type {
42              type threshold-event-enum;
43              description
44                "The type of threshold event for which this list entry
45                 is specifying the configuration.";
46              reference
47                "IEEE Std 802.3, 57.5.3";
48            }
49
50            leaf window {
51              type uint64;
52              description
53                "The size of the window to use when monitoring for
54                 this threshold event. The units, default and upper
55                 and lower bounds depend on the threshold type as
56                 follows:
57
58                 Symbol Period:
59                   Units:   number of symbols
```

```
                      Default: number of symbols in one second for the
                               underlying physical layer
                      Min:     number of symbols in one second for the
                               underlying physical layer
                      Max:     number of symbols in one minute for the
                               underlying physical layer

                Frame:
                  Units:   deciseconds
                  Default: 1 second
                  Min:     1 second
                  Max:     1 minute

                Frame Period:
                  Units:   number of frames
                  Default: number of minFrameSize frames in one
                           second for the underlying physical layer
                  Min:     number of minFrameSize frames in one
                           second for the underlying physical layer
                  Max:     number of minFrameSize frames in one
                           minute for the underlying physical layer

                Frame Seconds:
                  Units:   deciseconds
                  Default: 60 seconds
                  Min:     10 seconds
                  Max:     900 seconds";
            reference
              "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.34, 30.3.6.1.36, 30.3.6.1.38,
              and 30.3.6.1.40";
          }

        leaf threshold {
          type uint64 {
            range "1..max";
          }
          default 1;
          description
            "The threshold value to use when determining whether to
            generate an event given the number of errors that
            occurred in a given window. The units depend on the
            threshold type as follows:

            Symbol Period: number of errored symbols
            Frame:         number of errored frames
            Frame Period:  number of errored frames
            Frame Seconds: number of seconds containing at least
            1 frame error";
          reference
            "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.34, 30.3.6.1.36, 30.3.6.1.38,
            and 30.3.6.1.40";
        }
      }
    }
```

```
    leaf mib-retrieval {
      if-feature "remote-mib-retrieval-initiate or
        remote-mib-retrieval-respond";
      type boolean;
      description
        "MIB variable retrieval support.
         This affects the setting of the 'Variable Retrieval' bit
         in the OAM configuration field put in the Information
         OAMPDU. This bit indicates to the peer device that the OAM
         entity can send and receive Variable Request and Response
         OAMPDUs.";
    }
  }

  leaf revision {
    type uint64;
    config false;
    description
      "Configuration revision.";
    reference
      "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.12 and 30.3.6.1.13";
  }
  leaf oammtu {
    type uint16;
    units octets;
    config false;
    description
      "The maximum OAMPDU size.";
    reference
      "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.8 and 30.3.6.1.9";
  }
}

grouping discovery-info {
  description
    "Information relating to the discovery process.";

  container local {
    description
      "Properties of the local device.";

    leaf operational-status {
      type operational-state;
      config false;
      mandatory true;
      description
        "Operational status.";
      reference
        "IETF RFC 4878, dot3OamOperStatus; IEEE Std 802.3,
         30.3.6.1.4, 30.3.6.1.10, and 30.3.6.1.11";
    }
    leaf loopback-mode {
      if-feature "remote-loopback-initiate or
```

```
        remote-loopback-respond";
      type loopback-status;
      config false;
      mandatory true;
      description
        "The loopback mode the interface is in.";
      reference
        "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.14";
    }
    uses discovery-local;
  }

  container remote {
    config false;
    description
      "Properties of the remote (peer) device.";
```

Editor's Note (to be removed prior to publication):

Type mac-address was modified per Maintenance Request 1380 (see https://www.ieee802.org/3/maint/requests/maint_1380.pdf)

```
      leaf mac-address {
        type ieee:mac-address;
        description
          "Remote MAC address.";
        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.5";
      }
      leaf vendor-oui {
        type vendor-oui;
        description
          "Remote vendor OUI.";
        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.16";
      }
      leaf vendor-info {
        type uint64;
        description
          "Remote vendor info. The semantics of this value are
           proprietary and specific to the vendor.";
        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.17";
      }
      leaf loopback-mode {
        type loopback-status;
        mandatory true;
        description
          "The loopback mode the interface is in.";
        reference
          "IEEE Std 802.3, 30.3.6.1.15";
      }
```

```
        uses discovery-remote;
    }
  }

  augment '/if:interfaces/if:interface' {
    when
      "derived-from-or-self(if:type, 'ianaift:ethernetCsmacd') or
       derived-from-or-self(if:type, 'ianaift:ptm') " {
    description
      "Augments the interface model with nodes
       specific to Ethernet Link OAM.";
    }
    description
      "Augments Ethernet interface model with nodes
       specific to Ethernet Link OAM.";

    container link-oam {
      presence
        "Implies Link OAM is configured on the interface.";
      description
        "Interface operational state for Ethernet Link OAM.";

      leaf admin {
        type admin-state;
        default disabled;
        description
          "This object is used to provision the default
           administrative OAM mode for this interface. This object
           represents the desired state of OAM for this interface.
           It starts in the disabled state until an explicit
           management action or configuration information retained by
           the system causes a transition to the enabled(1) state.
           When enabled(1), Ethernet OAM will attempt to operate over
           this interface. The default value is
           implementation-dependent.";
      }

      container discovery-info {
        description
          "Information relating to the discovery process.";
        uses discovery-info;
      }

      container event-log {
        config false;
        description
          "List of Ethernet Link OAM event log entries on the
           interface.";

        list event-log-entry {
          key "index";
          description
            "Ethernet Link OAM event log entry.";
          leaf index {
```

```
   1              type uint64;
   2              description
   3                "Index of this event in the event log.";
   4            }
   5          uses event-details;
   6          uses threshold-event-details;
   7        }
   8      }
   9
  10
  11    container statistics {
  12      config false;
  13      description
  14        "Statistics for an 802.3 OAM interface.";
  15
  16      uses statistics-common;
  17
  18      leaf local-error-symbol-period-log-entries {
  19        type yang:counter64;
  20        mandatory true;
  21        description
  22          "Number of local error symbol period log entries.";
  23      }
  24      leaf local-error-frame-log-entries {
  25        type yang:counter64;
  26        mandatory true;
  27        description
  28          "Number of local error frame log entries.";
  29      }
  30      leaf local-error-frame-period-log-entries {
  31        type yang:counter64;
  32        mandatory true;
  33        description
  34          "Number of local error frame period log entries.";
  35      }
  36      leaf local-error-frame-second-log-entries {
  37        type yang:counter64;
  38        mandatory true;
  39        description
  40          "Number of local error frame second log entries.";
  41      }
  42      leaf remote-error-symbol-period-log-entries {
  43        if-feature "link-monitoring-remote";
  44        type yang:counter64;
  45        mandatory true;
  46        description
  47          "Number of remote error symbol period log entries.";
  48      }
  49      leaf remote-error-frame-log-entries {
  50        if-feature "link-monitoring-remote";
  51        type yang:counter64;
  52        mandatory true;
  53        description
  54          "Number of remote error frame log entries.";
  55      }
```

```
    leaf remote-error-frame-period-log-entries {
      if-feature "link-monitoring-remote";
      type yang:counter64;
      mandatory true;
      description
        "Number of remote error frame period log entries.";
    }
    leaf remote-error-frame-second-log-entries {
      if-feature "link-monitoring-remote";
      type yang:counter64;
      mandatory true;
      description
        "Number of remote error frame second log entries.";
    }
  }

  action remote-loopback {
    if-feature "remote-loopback-initiate";
    description
      "Start/stop remote loopback on the specified interface.";
    reference
      "IEEE Std 802.3, 57.1.2:b";
    input {
      leaf enable {
        type boolean;
        mandatory true;
        description
          "Whether to enable or disable remote loopback.";
      }
    }
    output {
      leaf success {
        type boolean;
        mandatory true;
        description
          "True if the operation was successful,
           false otherwise.";
      }
      leaf error-message {
        type string;
        description
          "If the operation failed, optionally used to
           provide extra details.";
      }
    }
  }

  action reset-stats {
    description
      "Reset Ethernet Link OAM statistics on this interface.";
    output {
      leaf success {
        type boolean;
        mandatory true;
```

```
              description
                "True if the operation was successful,
                 false otherwise.";
            }
          leaf error-message {
            type string;
            description
              "If the operation failed, optionally used to provide
               extra details.";
          }
        }
      }

    notification non-threshold-event {
      description
        "This notification is sent when a local or remote
         non-threshold crossing event is detected.";
      uses event-details {
        refine event-type {
          must ". != 'threshold-event-type'" {
            description
              "This leaf is not set to
               'threshold-event-type'.";
          }
        }
      }
    }

    notification threshold-event {
      if-feature "link-monitoring-local or
        link-monitoring-remote";
      description
        "This notification is sent when a local or remote
         threshold crossing event is detected.";
      uses event-details {
        refine event-type {
          must ". = 'threshold-event-type'" {
            description
              "This leaf is set to 'threshold-event-type'.";
          }
        }
      }
      uses threshold-event-details;
    }
  }
 }
}
```

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