

PRACTICAL 1

Name:	Harsh Shah	Semester:	VII	Division:	6
Roll No.:	21BCP359	Date:	23-07-24	Batch:	G11
Aim:	Calculate the possible eigen values for the given matrix.				

The Eigen Values are: $3, \frac{7+\sqrt{41}}{2}, \frac{7-\sqrt{41}}{2}$

Q Calculate Possible Eigen Value for matrix A.

Given Matrix :

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

21BCP359
Harsh Shah

Identity Matrix (I) =

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

calculating $A - \lambda I =$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3-\lambda & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4-\lambda & 5 \\ 0 & 2 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

To calculate eigenvalues $|A - \lambda I| = 0$

$$\Rightarrow (3-\lambda) [(4-\lambda)(3-\lambda) - (2)(5)] + 0 + 0 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (3-\lambda) [12 - 7\lambda + \lambda^2 - 10] = 0$$

$$= (\lambda - 3) (\lambda^2 - 7\lambda + 2) = 0$$



$$\lambda - 3 = 0$$

$$\boxed{\lambda = 3} \text{ --- (1)}$$

$$\lambda^2 - 7\lambda + 2 = 0$$

$$\lambda = \frac{7 \pm \sqrt{(-7)^2 - 4(1)(2)}}{2}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{7 \pm \sqrt{41}}{2}$$

Thus Eigen values are : $3, \frac{7+\sqrt{41}}{2}, \frac{7-\sqrt{41}}{2}$