

CHAPTER 4:

Design

Designing the User Interface: Strategies for Effective Human-Computer Interaction

Sixth Edition

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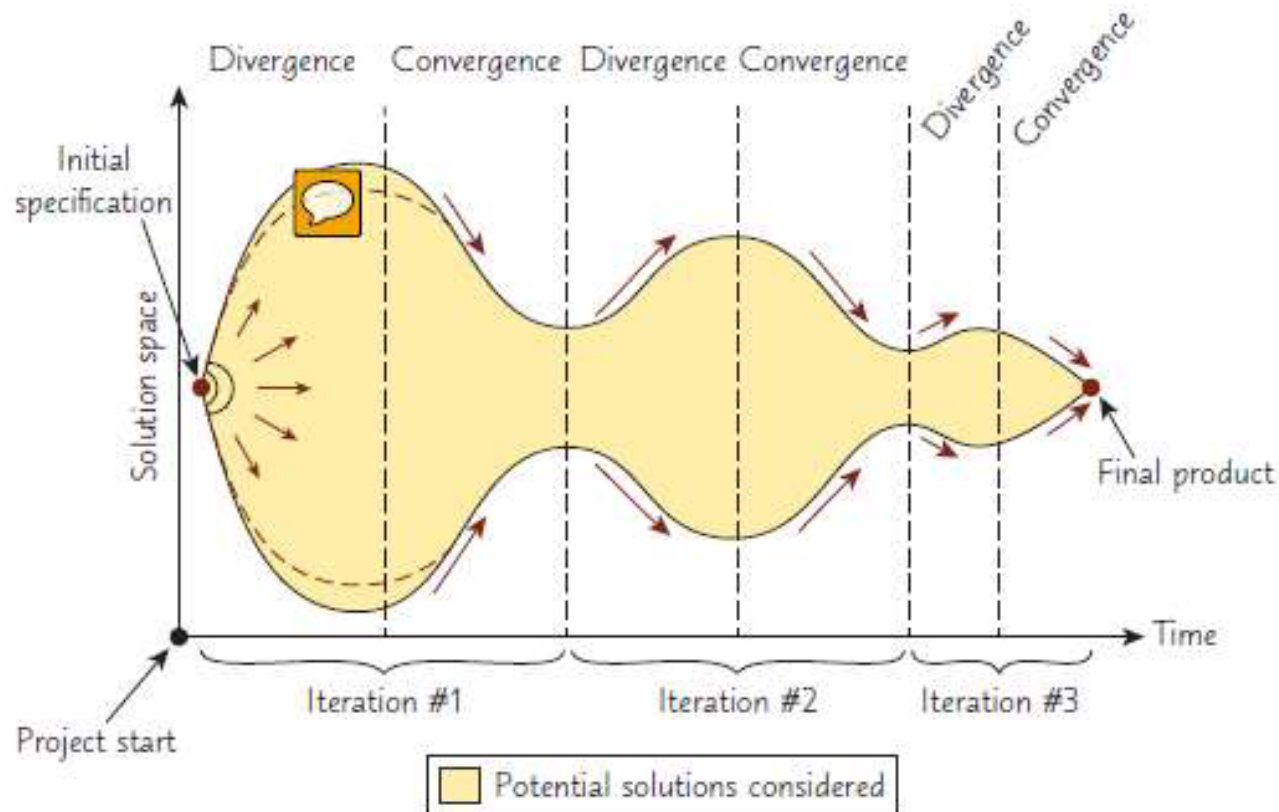


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Design Methods

- Practical building blocks that form the actual day-to-day activities in the design process
 - Ideation and creativity
 - Surveys, interviews and focus groups
 - Ethnographic observation
 - Scenario development and storyboarding
 - Prototyping

Design Methods (concluded)



- Illustration of how the solutions considered during a design process will grow (diverge) and shrink (converge) iteratively until it eventually fixates on a single point, the finished product
- This particular design process involves three iterations, but real processes may have more or fewer iterations.

Ethnographic Observation

- **Preparation**

- Understand organization policies and work culture
- Familiarize yourself with the system and its history
- Set initial goals and prepare questions
- Gain access and permission to observe/interview

- **Field Study**

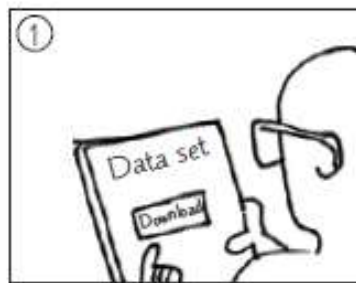
- Establish rapport with managers and users
- Observe/interview users in their workplace and collect subjective/objective quantitative/qualitative data
- Follow any leads that emerge from the visits

Ethnographic Observation (concluded)

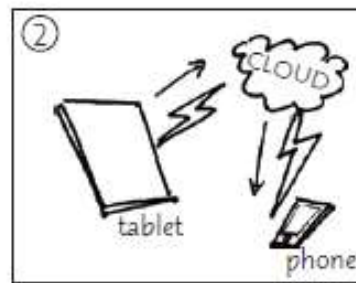
- **Analysis**
 - Compile the collected data in numerical, textual, and multimedia databases
 - Quantify data and compile statistics
 - Reduce and interpret the data
 - Refine the goals and the process used
- **Reporting**
 - Consider multiple audiences and goals
 - Prepare a report and present the findings

Storyboarding

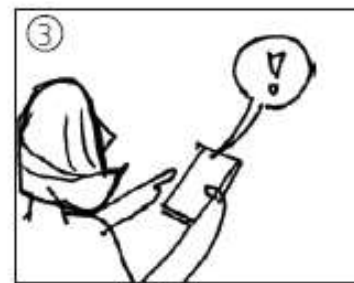
- Hand-drawn storyboard for a collaborative software that allows multiple people to view a common dataset using their personal smartphones and tablets



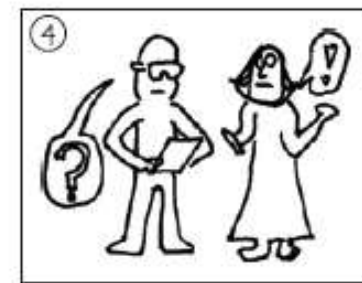
USER #1 FINDS DATA



DATA IS SYNCHRONIZED

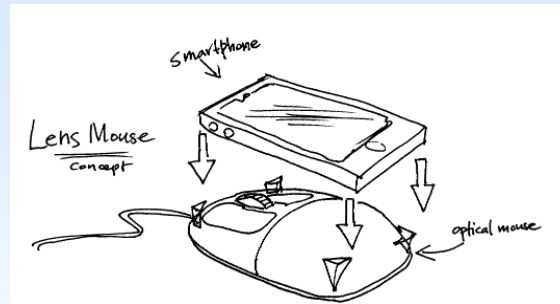


USER #2 IS NOTIFIED



USERS CAN ANALYZE TOGETHER

Prototyping



- **Low-fidelity prototypes** are generally created by sketching, using post-it notes, or cutting and gluing pieces of paper together (paper mockups)
- **Medium-fidelity prototypes** are often called *wireframes*, and provide some standardized elements (such as buttons, menus, and text fields), even if potentially drawn in a sketchy fashion, and has some basic navigation functionality
- **High-fidelity prototypes** look almost like the final product and may have some rudimentary computational capabilities; however, the prototype is typically not complete and may not be fully functional

Design Tools, Practices, and Patterns

- Design Tools
 - Dedicated prototyping design tools are specifically designed for the purpose of creating interface mockups rapidly and effortlessly
- Design Guidelines and Standards
 - Guideline documents are a powerful tool for interaction design
 - Four E's: *Education, Enforcement, Exemption, Enhancement*
- Interaction Design Patterns
 - Best-practice solutions to commonly occurring problems specified in such a way that they can be reused and applied to slightly different variations of a problem over and over again
 - *Model-View-Controller (MVC)*, document interface, Web app page architecture

Social Impact Analysis

Describe the new system and its benefits

- Convey the high level goals of the new system
- Identify the stakeholders
- Identify specific benefits

Social Impact Analysis (continued)

Address concerns and potential barriers

- Anticipate changes in job functions and potential layoffs
- Address security and privacy issues
- Discuss accountability and responsibility for system misuse and failure
- Avoid potential biases
- Weigh individual rights vs. societal benefits
- Assess trade-offs between centralization and decentralization
- Preserve democratic principles
- Ensure diverse access
- Promote simplicity and preserve what works

Social Impact Analysis (concluded)

Outline the development process

- Present and estimated project schedule
- Propose process for making decisions
- Discuss expectations of how stakeholders will be involved
- Recognize needs for more staff, training, and hardware
- Propose plan for backups of data and equipment
- Outline plan for migrating to the new system

Legal Issues

Potential Controversies

- What material is eligible for copyright?
- Are copyrights or patents more appropriate for user interfaces?
- What constitutes copyright infringement?
- Should user interfaces be copyrighted?
- Evolving public policies related to:
 - Privacy
 - Liability related to system safety/reliability
 - Freedom of speech