

Discussion 2

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$$x_{t;r}, x_{t+j; m}$$

$$V_{rm}(j) = \sqrt{\|\sigma_j^{(r,m)}(u,v)\|^2} \quad r, m = 1, \dots, d \\ j = 0, \pm 1, \dots$$

$$(j=0)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_{t;1} \\ \vdots \\ x_{t,d} \end{pmatrix} \quad t = 1, \dots, n$$

$$V^{(2)}(o) = \begin{bmatrix} V_{rm}^2(o) \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \text{positive definite}$$

$$V(o) = \begin{bmatrix} V_{rm}(o) \end{bmatrix} \quad V(o) = \sqrt{V^2(o)}$$

↳ square root elementwise

$$R_{rm}^2(j) = \frac{V_{rm}^2(j)}{\left\{ V_{rr}^2(o) \right\}^{1/2} \left\{ V_{mm}^2(o) \right\}^{1/2}} \leq 1$$

$$R_{rm}(o) = \frac{V_{rm}(o)}{\sqrt{V_{rr}(o)} \sqrt{V_{mm}(o)}} \rightarrow < 1$$

$$R_{\star}(0) = \begin{pmatrix} R_{rr}(0) \\ R_{rm}(0) \end{pmatrix} \quad r, m = 1, \dots, d$$

$$R^{(2)}(0) = \begin{pmatrix} R_{rr}^2(0) \end{pmatrix} \quad \xrightarrow{\text{--- O.K.}} \text{same convention}$$

$$\hat{V}_{rm}(0) = \frac{1}{(n-0)^2} \sum_{t,s=1}^{n-0} A_{ts}^r B_{ts}^m$$

$$\hat{R}_{rm}(0) = \frac{\hat{V}_{rm}(0)}{\sqrt{\hat{V}_{rr}(0)} \sqrt{\hat{V}_{mm}(0)}}$$

$$\hat{V}_{rr}(0) = \frac{1}{(n-0)^2} \sum_{t,s=1}^{n-0} A_{ts}^r A_{ts}^r$$

Given a data set (X_t) w

Step #1: Calculate all test statistics $\hat{R}_{rm}(j)$,

$j = 1, \dots, \text{maxlag}$

Step #2: Generate (W_t) i.i.d $N(0, 1)$

$$\hat{R}_{rm}^{*}(j) = \frac{1}{(n-j)^2} \sum_{t+s=1}^n W^* h(\dots) W^*$$

Step #3

Calculate $P_{rm}(j) = \frac{1}{(B+1)} \sum 1(\hat{R}_{rm}^+(j) > \hat{R}_{rm}(j))$

$j = 1, \dots, m_{\text{lag}}$

Step 4:

Adjust p-values $\rightarrow \tilde{P}_{rm}(j)$

Step 5 $\tilde{P}_{rm}(j) = \frac{\#\{\hat{R}_{rm}^+(j) \geq c_{rm}(j)\}}{B}$

Step 6 $c = \max_{r,m} c_{rm}(j)$

1.) Computation using matrices, step by step

in the case of i.i.d r.v.

2.) Consider simulated distribution of $\max_{r,m,j} \hat{R}_{rm}(j)$

(Gumbel?)