

# Assignment #8: 田忌赛马来了

Updated 1021 GMT+8 Nov 12, 2024

2024 fall, Compiled by 熊程宇 物理学院

## 说明:

- 1) 请把每个题目解题思路(可选), 源码Python, 或者C++ (已经在Codeforces/Openjudge上AC), 截图(包含Accepted), 填写到下面作业模版中(推荐使用 typora <https://typoraio.cn>, 或者用word)。AC 或者没有AC, 都请标上每个题目大致花费时间。
- 2) 提交时候先提交pdf文件, 再把md或者doc文件上传到右侧“作业评论”。Canvas需要有同学清晰头像、提交文件有pdf、“作业评论”区有上传的md或者doc附件。
- 3) 如果不能在截止前提交作业, 请写明原因。

## 1. 题目

### 12558: 岛屿周长

matics, <http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/12558/>

思路:

延拓边界, 然后讨论1的旁边有多少个0即可

代码:

```
n,m = map(int,input().split())
map1 = [[0 for _ in range(m + 2)]]
for _ in range(n):
    l1 = [0]
    l1.extend(list(map(int,input().split())))
    l1.extend([0])
    map1.append(l1)
map1.append([0 for _ in range(m + 2)])
p = 0
for i in range(1,n + 1):
    for j in range(1,m + 1):
        if map1[i][j] == 1:
            if [map1[i-1][j],map1[i + 1][j],map1[i][j-1],map1[i][j + 1]].count(0) ==
1:
                p += 1
            elif [map1[i-1][j],map1[i + 1][j],map1[i][j-1],map1[i][j + 1]].count(0)
== 2:
                p += 2
            elif [map1[i-1][j],map1[i + 1][j],map1[i][j-1],map1[i][j + 1]].count(0)
== 3:
                p += 3
            elif [map1[i-1][j],map1[i + 1][j],map1[i][j-1],map1[i][j + 1]].count(0)
== 4:
```

```
        p += 4
print(p)
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

状态: Accepted

源代码

```
n,m = map(int,input().split())
map1 = [[0 for _ in range(m + 2)]]
for _ in range(n):
    l1 = [0]
    l1.extend(list(map(int,input().split())))
    l1.extend([0])
    map1.append(l1)
map1.append([0 for _ in range(m + 2)])
p = 0
for i in range(1,n + 1):
    for j in range(1,m + 1):
        if map1[i][j] == 1:
            if [map1[i-1][j],map1[i + 1][j],map1[i][j-1],map1[i][j + 1]] == [0,0,0,0]:
                p += 1
            elif [map1[i-1][j],map1[i + 1][j],map1[i][j-1],map1[i][j + 1]] == [0,0,0,1]:
                p += 2
            elif [map1[i-1][j],map1[i + 1][j],map1[i][j-1],map1[i][j + 1]] == [0,0,1,0]:
                p += 3
            elif [map1[i-1][j],map1[i + 1][j],map1[i][j-1],map1[i][j + 1]] == [0,0,1,1]:
                p += 4
print(p)
```

基本信息

#: 47227987  
题目: 12558  
提交人: 24n2400011504  
内存: 3736kB  
时间: 28ms  
语言: Python3  
提交时间: 2024-11-17 19:51:30

## LeetCode54.螺旋矩阵

matrice, <https://leetcode.cn/problems/spiral-matrix/>

与OJ这个题目一样的 18106: 螺旋矩阵, <http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/18106>

思路:

递推, 利用i-2的矩阵构建i的矩阵, 这样就只需要写边界了

代码:

```
n = int(input())
dp = [[[0 for _ in range(i)] for _ in range(i)] for i in range(1,n + 1)]
dp[0] = [[1]]
dp[1] = [[1,2],[4,3]]
for i in range(2,n):
    for j in range(i + 1):
        for k in range(i + 1):
            if j == 0:
                dp[i][j][k] = k + 1
            elif j == i:
                dp[i][j][k] = 3 * i + 1 - k
            elif k == 0 and j != 0 and j != i:
                dp[i][j][k] = 4 * i + 1 - j
            elif k == i and j != 0 and j != i:
                dp[i][j][k] = i + 1 + j
            else:
                dp[i][j][k] = dp[i-2][j-1][k-1] + 4 * i
```

```
for i in range(n):
    print(' '.join(str(j) for j in dp[n-1][i]))
```

代码运行截图 == (至少包含有"Accepted") ==

状态: Accepted

源代码

```
n,m = map(int,input().split())
map1 = [[0 for _ in range(m + 2)]]
for _ in range(n):
    l1 = [0]
    l1.extend(list(map(int,input().split())))
    l1.extend([0])
    map1.append(l1)
map1.append([0 for _ in range(m + 2)])
p = 0
for i in range(1,n + 1):
    for j in range(1,m + 1):
        if map1[i][j] == 1:
            if [map1[i-1][j],map1[i + 1][j],map1[i][j-1],map1[i][j + 1]] == [1,1,1,1]:
                p += 1
            elif [map1[i-1][j],map1[i + 1][j],map1[i][j-1],map1[i][j + 1]] == [1,1,1,0]:
                p += 2
            elif [map1[i-1][j],map1[i + 1][j],map1[i][j-1],map1[i][j + 1]] == [1,1,0,1]:
                p += 3
            elif [map1[i-1][j],map1[i + 1][j],map1[i][j-1],map1[i][j + 1]] == [1,1,0,0]:
                p += 4
print(p)
```

基本信息

#: 47227987  
题目: 12558  
提交人: 24n2400011504  
内存: 3736kB  
时间: 28ms  
语言: Python3  
提交时间: 2024-11-17 19:51:30

## 04133:垃圾炸弹

matrices, <http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/04133/>

思路:

依然延拓矩阵，计算每一处垃圾位置对应的垃圾爆炸可波及范围，加上去就行。

代码:

```
d = int(input())
n = int(input())
rub = []
for _ in range(n):
    xi,yi,i1 = map(int,input().split())
    rub.append([xi + d,yi + d,i1])
boom_mat = [[0 for _ in range(1025 + 2 * d)] for _ in range(1025 + 2 * d)]
for k in rub:
    for i in range(-d,d + 1):
        for j in range(-d,d + 1):
            boom_mat[k[0] + i][k[1] + j] += k[2]
boom_set = set([boom_mat[i][j] for i in range(d,1025 + d) for j in range(d, 1025 + d)])
max_rub = max(list(boom_set))
m0 = 0
for i in range(d,1025 + d):
    for j in range(d,1025 + d):
        if boom_mat[i][j] == max_rub:
            m0 += 1
```

```
print(m0,max_rub)
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

状态: Accepted

源代码

```
d = int(input())
n = int(input())
rub = []
for _ in range(n):
    xi,yi,i1 = map(int,input().split())
    rub.append([xi + d,yi + d,i1])
boom_mat = [[0 for _ in range(1025 + 2 * d)] for _ in range(1025 + 2 * d)]
for k in rub:
    for i in range(-d,d + 1):
        for j in range(-d,d + 1):
            boom_mat[k[0] + i][k[1] + j] += k[2]
boom_set = set([boom_mat[i][j] for i in range(-d,1025 + d) for j in range(-d,1025 + d)])
max_rub = max(list(boom_set))
m0 = 0
for i in range(d,1025 + d):
    for j in range(d,1025 + d):
        if boom_mat[i][j] == max_rub:
            m0 += 1
print(m0,max_rub)
```

基本信息

#: 47231168  
题目: 04133  
提交人: 24n2400011504  
内存: 23176kB  
时间: 264ms  
语言: Python3  
提交时间: 2024-11-17 21:41:37

## LeetCode376.摆动序列

greedy, dp, <https://leetcode.cn/problems/wiggle-subsequence/>

与OJ这个题目一样的, 26976:摆动序列, <http://cs101.openjudge.cn/routine/26976/>

思路:

贪心, 初始需要讨论, 并且遇到更大/更小的需要更新末尾值, 这就导致WA了两次

代码:

```
n = int(input())
list_input = list(map(int,input().split()))
output_list = [list_input[0]]
pm = 1
if list_input[1] < list_input[0]:
    pm = -1
for i in range(1,n):
    if list_input[i] > output_list[-1] and pm == 1:
        output_list.append(list_input[i])
        pm = -1
    elif list_input[i] > output_list[-1] and pm == -1:
        output_list[-1] = list_input[i]
    elif list_input[i] < output_list[-1] and pm == -1:
        output_list.append(list_input[i])
        pm = 1
    elif list_input[i] < output_list[-1] and pm == 1:
        output_list[-1] = list_input[i]
print(len(output_list))
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

状态: Accepted

源代码

```
n = int(input())
list_input = list(map(int, input().split()))
output_list = [list_input[0]]
pm = 1
if list_input[1] < list_input[0]:
    pm = -1
for i in range(1, n):
    if list_input[i] > output_list[-1] and pm == 1:
        output_list.append(list_input[i])
        pm = 1
    elif list_input[i] > output_list[-1] and pm == -1:
        output_list[-1] = list_input[i]
    elif list_input[i] < output_list[-1] and pm == -1:
        output_list.append(list_input[i])
        pm = 1
    elif list_input[i] < output_list[-1] and pm == 1:
        output_list[-1] = list_input[i]
print(len(output_list))
```

基本信息

#: 47231767  
题目: 26976  
提交人: 24n2400011504  
内存: 5696kB  
时间: 29ms  
语言: Python3  
提交时间: 2024-11-17 22:06:28

## CF455A: Boredom

dp, 1500, <https://codeforces.com/contest/455/problem/A>

思路:

还不是特别会这种动态规划, 询问GPT得到了思路

代码:

```
n = int(input())

a = list(map(int, input().split()))

freq = [0 for _ in range(10 ** 5 + 1)]

for i in a:

    freq[i] += 1

p2, p1 = 0, freq[1]

for i in range(2, 10 ** 5 + 1):

    c = max(p1, p2 + freq[i] * i)

    p2, p1 = p1, c

print(p1)
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

→ Last submissions		
Submission	Time	Verdict
<a href="#">291989338</a>	Nov/17/2024 18:04	Accepted

## 02287: Tian Ji -- The Horse Racing

greedy, dfs <http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/02287>

思路:

不会...

代码:

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

## 2. 学习总结和收获

补每日选做.....

终于把装箱问题做出来了 🤖