Xilinx Zynq FPGA, TI DSP, MCU기반의 프로그래밍 및 회로 설계 전문가 과정

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8일차 복습
stack 후입선출 queue 선입선출 (이진트리)
Stack
#include <stdio.h>
#include<malloc.h>
#define EMPTY 0
struct node{
       int data;
       struct node *link;
};
typedef struct node Stack;
Stack *get_node()
{
       Stack *tmp;
       tmp = (Stack *)malloc(sizeof(Stack));
       tmp-> link =EMPTY;
       return tmp;
}
void push(Stack **top, int data)
       Stack *tmp;
```

tmp = *top;

int pop(Stack **top)

{

}

Stack *tmp; int num; tmp = *top; if(*top ==EMPTY)

printf("Stack is empty!!!\n");

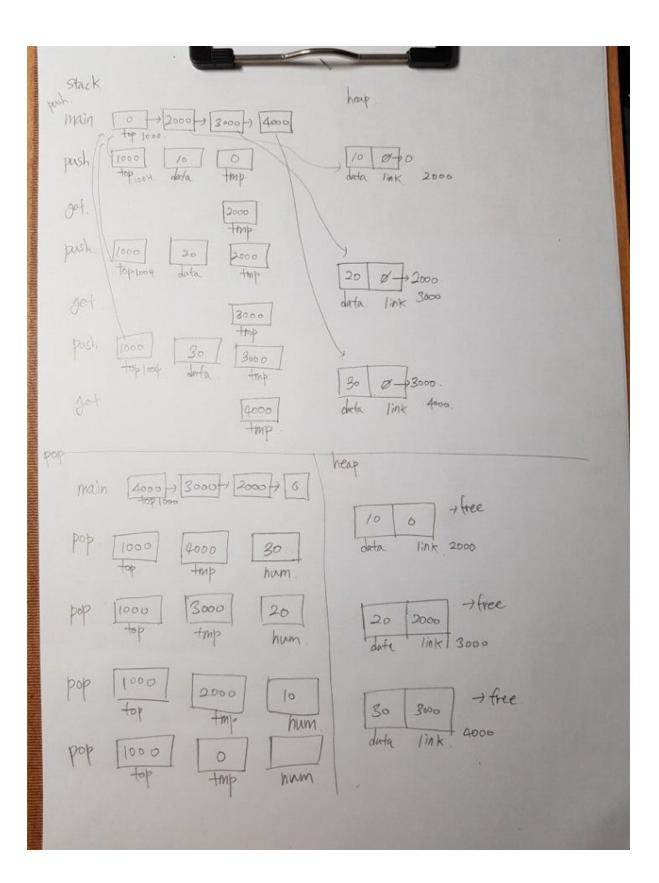
return 0;

}

{

*top = get_node(); (*top)-> data= data; (*top)-> link = tmp;

```
num = tmp-> data;
        *top = (*top)-> link;
        free(tmp);
        return num;
}
int main(void)
{
        Stack*top = EMPTY;
        push(&top,10);
        push(&top,20);
        push(&top,30);
        printf("%d\n",pop(&top));
        printf("%d\n",pop(&top));
        printf("\%d\n",pop(\&top));
        printf("%d\n",pop(&top));
        return 0;
}
```



```
Queue
#include <stdio.h>
#include <malloc.h>
#define EMPTY 0
struct node
{
        int data;
        struct node *link;
};
typedef struct node Queue;
Queue *get_nude()
{
        Queue *tmp;
        tmp = (Queue *)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
        tmp->link =EMPTY;
        return tmp;
}
void dequeue(Queue **head , int data)
}
```

void enqueue(Queue **head , int data)

{

```
}
void print_queue(Queue *head)
{
        Queue *tmp = head;
        while(tmp)
        {
                printf("%d\n", tmp->data);
                tmp = tmp->link;
                }
}
int main(void)
{
        Queue *head =EMPTY;
        enqueue(&head,10);
        enqueue(&head,20);
        enqueue(&head,30);
        print_queue(&head)
        return 0;
}
```