## **Lex specification file**

The provided Lex file defines a lexical analyzer for my simple programming language defined in the first lab. This analyzer recognizes various lexical elements in the source code and prints corresponding messages for each recognized token:

- 1. Reserved Words:
- Keywords of the programming language are recognized and printed with their line numbers.
- Reserved words include: array, bool, string, int, char, elif, if, return, else, do, end, gets, puts, cuts, to i, while, start, stop, nil, and, break, or, for, in.

### 2. Operators:

- Arithmetic and comparison operators are recognized and printed with their line numbers.
- Operators include: +, -, \*, /, %, <, <=, ==, !=, >=, >, =.

### 3. Separators:

- Various separators are recognized and printed with their line numbers.
- Separators include: [, ], {, }, (, ), ,, :, ;, ', ".

#### 4. Constants:

- Boolean, integer, character, and string constants are recognized and printed with their line numbers.

#### Identifiers:

- Valid identifiers are recognized and printed with their line numbers.

### Ignored Elements:

- Whitespaces (spaces and tabs) are ignored.
- Newline characters increase the current line number.

### 7. Illegal Elements:

- Illegal identifiers, integer constants, character constants, and string constants are recognized and appropriate error messages are printed.

### 8. Unrecognized Tokens:

 Any unrecognized token is identified(if it does not belong to any category from above) and an error message is printed.

```
spec.lxi:
%{
#include <stdio.h>
int currentLine = 1;
%}
%option noyywrap
BOOL CONST
                    true|false
INT_CONST 0|[+|-]?[1-9][0-9]*
                    [\'][a-zA-Z0-9][\']
CHAR CONST
STRING CONST [\"][a-zA-Z0-9]*[\"]
IDENTIFIER [a-zA-Z_][a-zA-Z0-9 ]*
%%
"array"|"bool"|"string"|"int"|"char"|"elif"|"if"|"return"
                                                       {printf("Line %d - reserved word:
%s\n", currentLine, yytext);}
"else"|"do"|"end"|"gets"|"puts"|"cuts"|"to i"|"while"
                                                              {printf("Line %d - reserved
word: %s\n", currentLine, yytext);}
"start"|"stop"|"nil"|"and"|"break"|"or"|"for"|"in"
                                                       {printf("Line %d - reserved word:
%s\n", currentLine, yytext);}
"+"|"-"|"*"|"/"|"%"|"<="|"=="|"!="|">="|">"|"=" {printf("Line %d - operator: %s\n",
currentLine, yytext);}
"["|"]"|"{"|"}"|"("|")"|","|":"|";"|"""|"\""
                                         {printf("Line %d - separator: %s\n", currentLine,
yytext);}
{BOOL CONST}
                    {printf("Line %d - boolean constant: %s\n", currentLine, yytext);}
{INT CONST}
                    {printf("Line %d - integer constant: %s\n", currentLine, yytext);}
{CHAR CONST}
                    {printf("Line %d - character constant: %s\n", currentLine, yytext);}
{STRING CONST} {printf("Line %d - string constant: %s\n", currentLine, yytext);}
                    {printf("Line %d - identifier: %s\n", currentLine, yytext);}
{IDENTIFIER}
[\t]+ {/* Ignore whitespaces */}
[\n]+ {currentLine++;}
                                                {printf("@ Line %d - illegal identifier: %s
[0-9][a-zA-Z0-9 ]*
@\n", currentLine, vytext);}
```

```
[+|-]0|[+|-]?0[0-9]+
                                                   {printf("@ Line %d - illegal integer
constant: %s @\n", currentLine, yytext);}
[\'][a-zA-Z0-9]{2}[\']|[\'][a-zA-Z0-9]{2,}[\'] {printf("@ Line %d - illegal character constant:
%s @\n", currentLine, yytext);}
[\"][a-zA-Z0-9_]+|[a-zA-Z0-9_]+[\"]
                                                          {printf("@ Line %d - illegal string
constant: %s @\n", currentLine, yytext);}
                                                  {printf("@ Line %d - unrecognized
token: %s @\n", currentLine, yytext);}
%%
void main(argc, argv)
int argc;
char** argv;
{
  if (argc > 1)
     FILE *file;
     file = fopen(argv[1], "r");
     if (!file)
        fprintf(stderr, "Could not open %s\n", argv[1]);
        exit(1);
     }
     yyin = file;
  }
  yylex();
```

# <u>Usage:</u>

- Use the Lex compiler to generate the Lex file:

# flex spec.lxi

- Compile the Lex file:

## gcc lex.yy.c -o lex

- Run the lexer: lex.exe <source\_code\_file>

# lex.exe p1.txt

You can see the results of running the lexer on the lab1 program files by checking the output text files found in the repository.