Chapter 12 JavaFX Graphical User Interfaces: Part 1

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OBJECTIVES

In this chapter you'll:

- Build JavaFX GUIs and handle events generated by user interactions with them.
- Understand the structure of a JavaFX app window.
- Use JavaFX Scene Builder to create FXML files that describe JavaFX scenes containing Labels, ImageViews, TextFields, Sliders and Buttons without writing any code.

OBJECTIVES (cont.)

- Arrange GUI components using the VBox and GridPane layout containers.
- Use a controller class to define event handlers for JavaFX FXML GUI.
- Build two JavaFX apps.

OUTLINE

- 12.1 Introduction
- 12.2 JavaFX Scene Builder
- 12.3 JavaFX App Window Structure
- **12.4 Welcome** GUI—Displaying Text and an Image
- 12.4.1 Opening Scene Builder and Creating the File Welcome.fxml

OUTLINE (cont.)

12.4.2 Adding an Image to the Folder Containing Welcome.fxml 12.4.3 Creating a VBox Layout Container 12.4.4 Configuring the VBox Layout Container 12.4.5 Adding and Configuring a Label 12.4.6 Adding and Configuring an ImageView 12.4.7 Previewing the Welcome GUI

OUTLINE (cont.)

- 12.5 Tip Calculator App—Introduction to Event Handling
- 12.5.1 Test-Driving the **Tip Calculator** App
- 12.5.2 Technologies Overview
- 12.5.3 Building the App's GUI
- 12.5.4 TipCalculator Class
- 12.5.5 TipCalculatorController Class
- 12.6 Features Covered in the Other JavaFX Chapters
- 12.7 Wrap-Up



Look-and-Feel Observation 12.1

Providing different apps with consistent, intuitive user-interface components gives users a sense of familiarity with a new app, so that they can learn it more quickly and use it more productively.



Software Engineering Observation 12.1

The FXML code is separate from the program logic that's defined in Java source code—this separation of the interface (the GUI) from the implementation (the Java code) makes it easier to debug, modify and maintain JavaFX GUI apps.

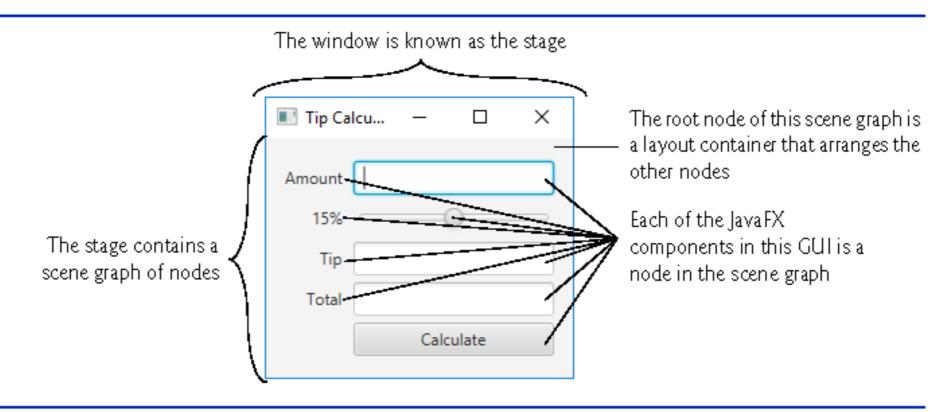


Fig. 12.1 | JavaFX app window parts.

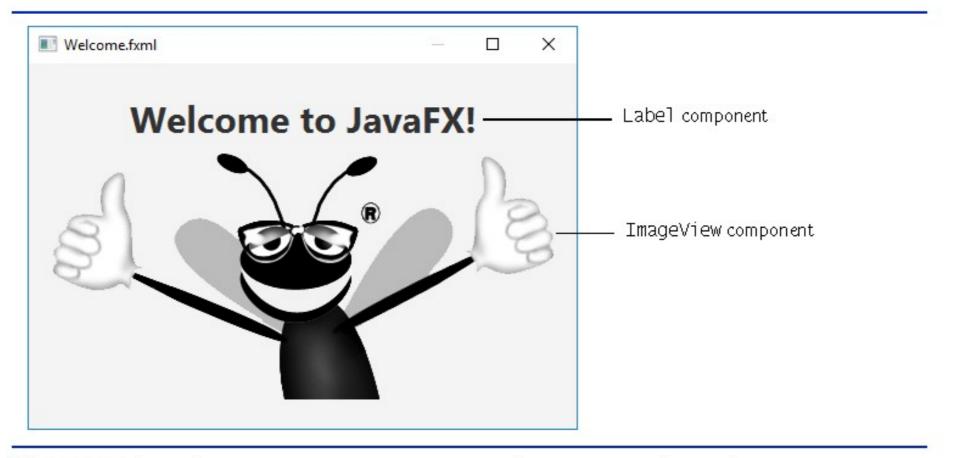


Fig. 12.2 | Final Welcome GUI in a preview window on Microsoft Windows 10.

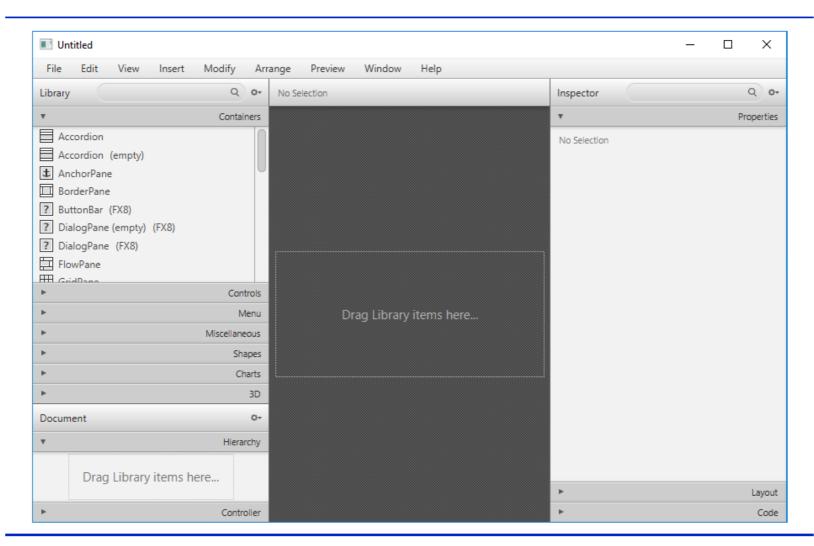


Fig. 12.3 | JavaFX Scene Builder when you first open it.

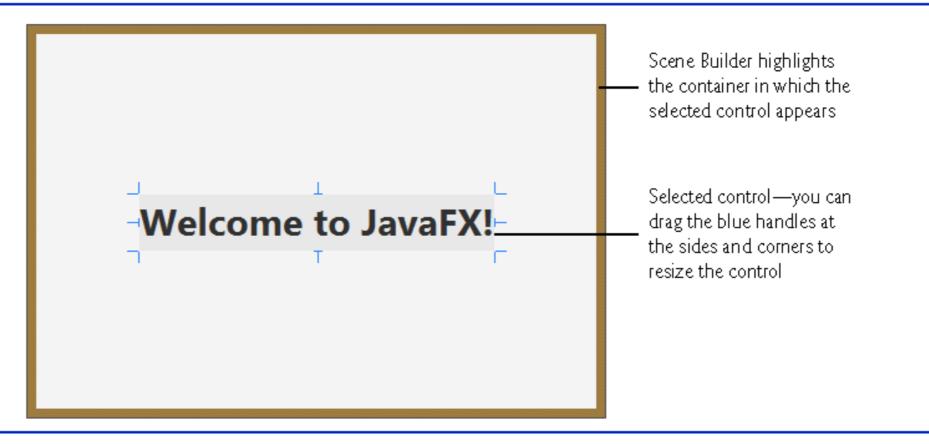


Fig. 12.4 | Welcome GUI's design after adding and configuring a Labe 1.

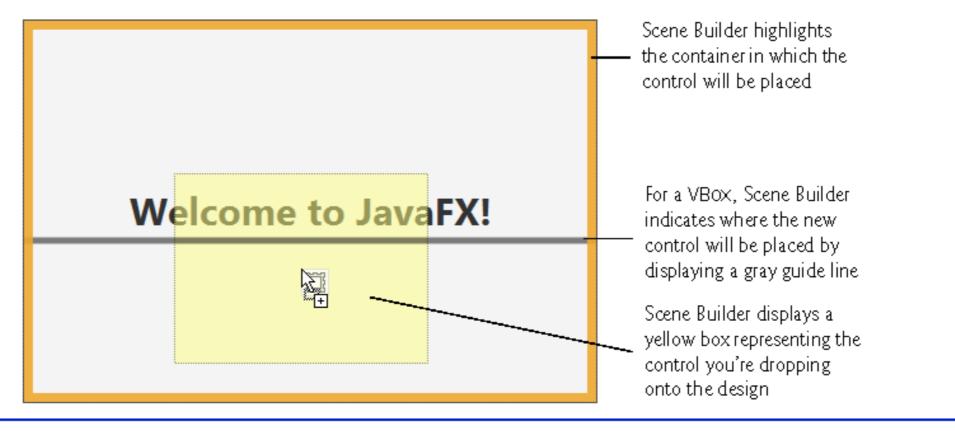


Fig. 12.5 | Dragging and dropping the ImageView below the Labe 1.



Fig. 12.6 | Completed Welcome GUI in Scene Builder's content panel.



Fig. 12.7 | Previewing the **Welcome** GUI on Microsoft Windows 10—only the window borders will differ on Linux, macOS and earlier Windows versions.

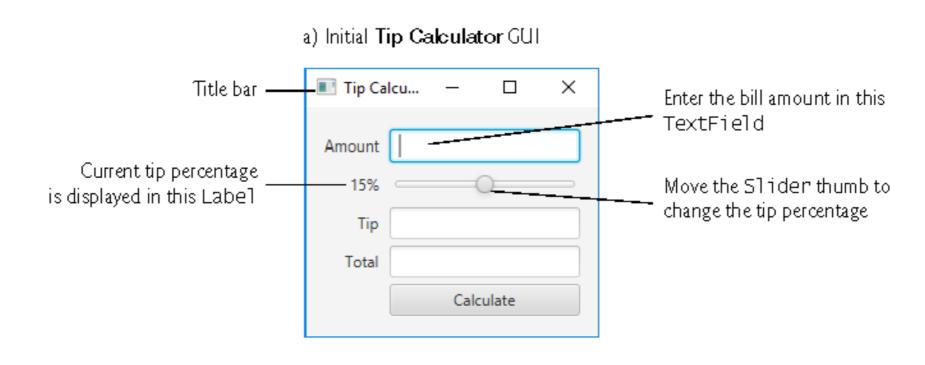


Fig. 12.8 | Entering the bill amount and calculating the tip. (Part 1 of 3.)

b) GUI after you enter the amount 34.56 and click the **Calculate** Button

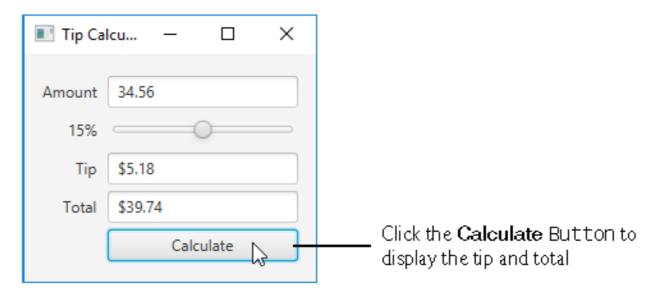


Fig. 12.8 Entering the bill amount and calculating the tip. (Part 2 of 3.)

c) GUI after user moves the Slider's thumb to change the tip percentage to 20%, then clicks the **Calculate** Button

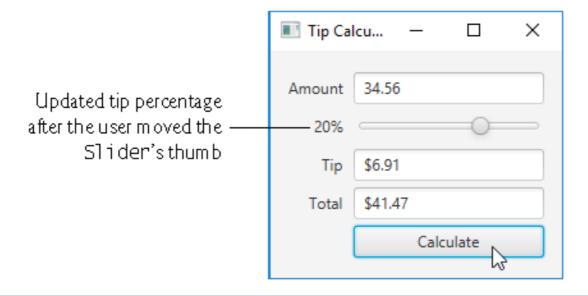


Fig. 12.8 Entering the bill amount and calculating the tip. (Part 3 of 3.)

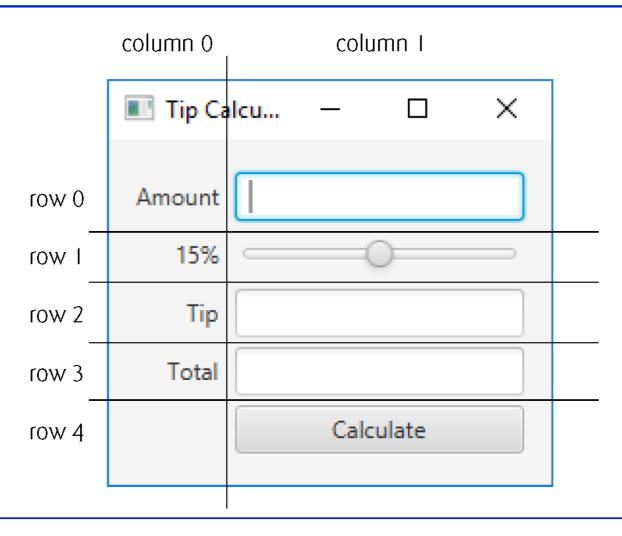


Fig. 12.9 | Tip Calculator GUI's GridPane labeled by its rows and columns.

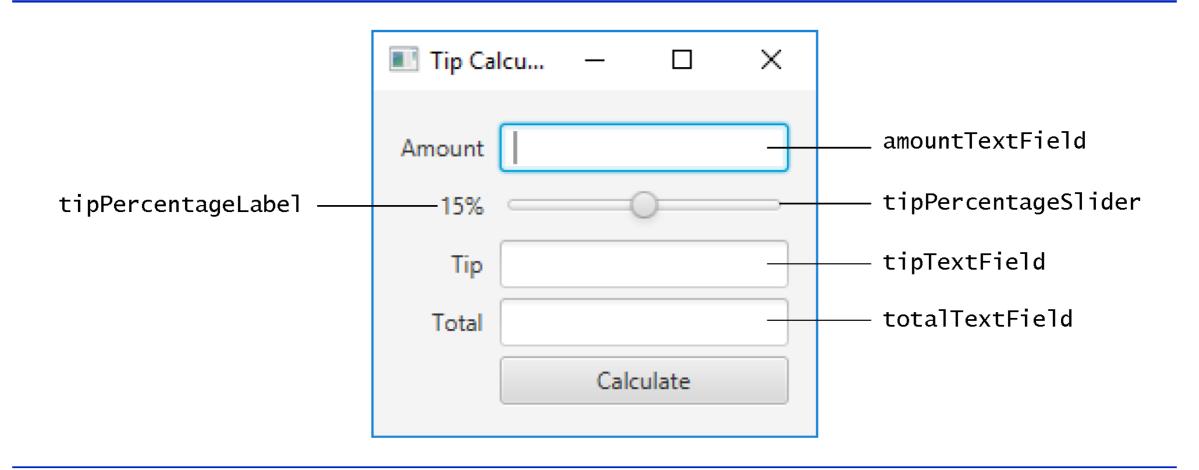


Fig. 12.10 | Tip Calculator's programmatically manipulated controls labeled with their fx:ids.

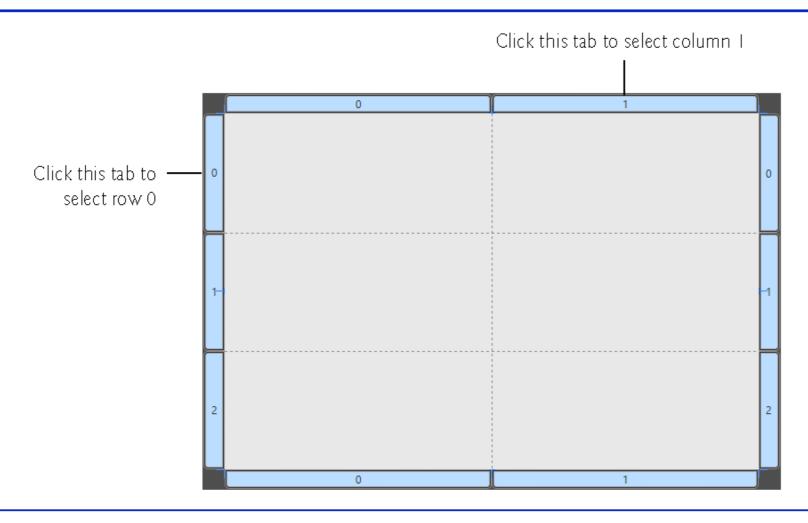


Fig. 12.11 | GridPane with two columns (0 and 1) and three rows (0, 1 and 2).

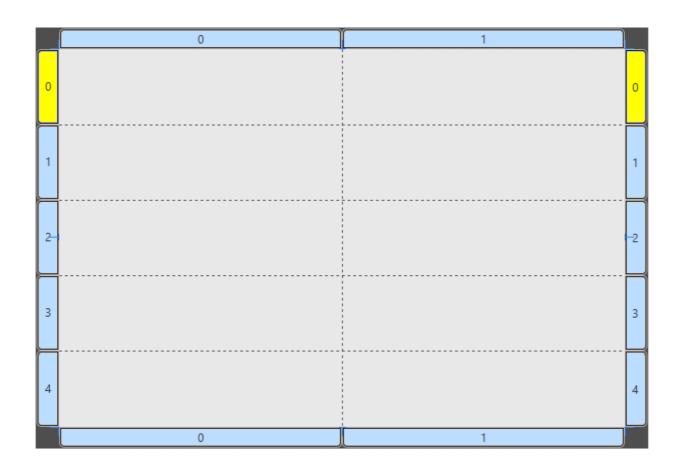


Fig. 12.12 | GridPane after adding two more rows.

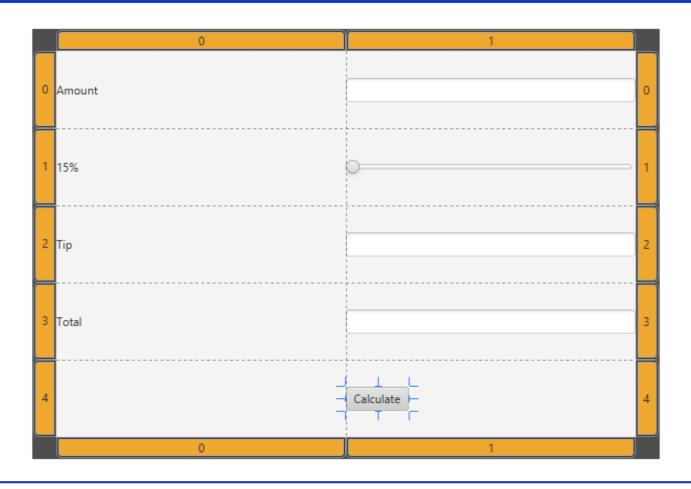


Fig. 12.13 | GridPane filled with the Tip Calculator's controls.

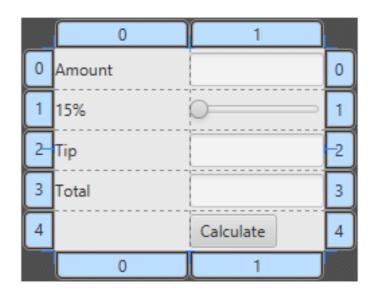


Fig. 12.14 | GridPane sized to fit its contents.

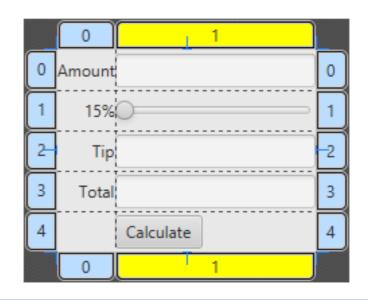


Fig. 12.15 | GridPane with columns sized to fit their contents.

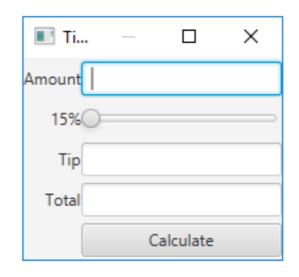


Fig. 12.16 | GridPane with the TextFields and Button resized.

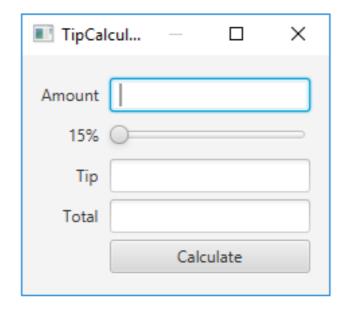


Fig. 12.17 | Final GUI design previewed in Scene Builder.

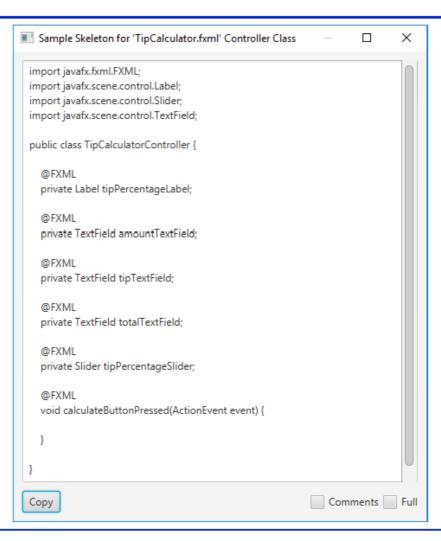


Fig. 12.18 | Skeleton code generated by Scene Builder.

```
// Fig. 12.19: TipCalculator.java
  // Main app class that loads and displays the Tip Calculator's GUI
    import javafx.application.Application;
    import javafx.fxml.FXMLLoader;
    import javafx.scene.Parent;
    import javafx.scene.Scene;
    import javafx.stage.Stage;
    public class TipCalculator extends Application {
10
       @Override
       public void start(Stage stage) throws Exception {
Parent root =
12
             FXMLLoader.load(getClass().getResource("TipCalculator.fxml"));
13
14
```

Fig. 12.19 | Main app class that loads and displays the Tip Calculator's GUI. (Part 1 of 2.)

```
15
          Scene scene = new Scene(root); // attach scene graph to scene
          stage.setTitle("Tip Calculator"); // displayed in window's title bar
16
17
          stage.setScene(scene); // attach scene to stage
18
          stage.show(); // display the stage
19
20
21
       public static void main(String[] args) {
          // create a TipCalculator object and call its start method
22
23
          launch(args);
24
25
```

Fig. 12.19 | Main app class that loads and displays the Tip Calculator's GUI. (Part 2 of 2.)

```
// TipCalculatorController.java
    // Controller that handles calculateButton and tipPercentageSlider events
    import java.math.BigDecimal;
    import java.math.RoundingMode;
    import java.text.NumberFormat;
    import javafx.beans.value.ChangeListener;
    import javafx.beans.value.ObservableValue;
    import javafx.event.ActionEvent;
    import javafx.fxml.FXML;
10
    import javafx.scene.control.Label;
    import javafx.scene.control.Slider;
import javafx.scene.control.TextField;
12
13
```

Fig. 12.20 | TipCalculatorController's import declarations.

```
public class TipCalculatorController {
14
15
       // formatters for currency and percentages
16
       private static final NumberFormat currency =
17
          NumberFormat.getCurrencyInstance();
18
       private static final NumberFormat percent =
19
          NumberFormat.getPercentInstance();
20
21
       private BigDecimal tipPercentage = new BigDecimal (0.15); // 15% default
22
23
       // GUI controls defined in FXML and used by the controller's code
24
       @FXML
25
       private TextField amountTextField;
26
```

Fig. 12.21 | TipCalculatorController's static and instance variables. (Part 1 of 2.)

```
27
       @FXML
28
       private Label tipPercentageLabel;
29
30
       @FXML
       private Slider tipPercentageSlider;
31
32
33
       @FXML
34
       private TextField tipTextField;
35
36
       @FXML
37
       private TextField totalTextField;
38
```

Fig. 12.21 | TipCalculatorController's **static** and instance variables. (Part 2 of 2.)

```
39
       // calculates and displays the tip and total amounts
       @FXML
40
       private void calculateButtonPressed(ActionEvent event) {
41
42
          try {
             BigDecimal amount = new BigDecimal(amountTextField.getText());
43
              BigDecimal tip = amount.multiply(tipPercentage);
44
              BigDecimal total = amount.add(tip);
45
46
47
              tipTextField.setText(currency.format(tip));
              totalTextField.setText(currency.format(total));
48
49
50
          catch (NumberFormatException ex) {
              amountTextField.setText("Enter amount");
51
52
              amountTextField.selectAll();
              amountTextField.requestFocus();
53
54
55
56
```

Fig. 12.22 | TipCalculatorController's calculateButtonPressed event handler.

```
57
       // called by FXMLLoader to initialize the controller
       public void initialize() {
58
          // 0-4 rounds down, 5-9 rounds up
59
60
          currency.setRoundingMode(RoundingMode.HALF_UP);
61
62
          // listener for changes to tipPercentageSlider's value
          tipPercentageSlider.valueProperty().addListener(
63
64
             new ChangeListener<Number>() {
                @Override
65
                 public void changed(ObservableValue<? extends Number> ov,
66
67
                    Number oldValue, Number newValue) {
68
                    tipPercentage =
                       BigDecimal.valueOf(newValue.intValue() / 100.0);
69
70
                    tipPercentageLabel.setText(percent.format(tipPercentage));
71
72
73
74
75
```

Fig. 12.23 | TipCalculatorController's initalize method.



Software Engineering Observation 12.2

The event listener for an event must implement the appropriate event-listener interface.



Common Programming Error 12.1

If you forget to register an event-handler object for a particular GUI component's event type, events of that type will be ignored.