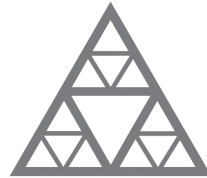


Proactive Mapping

Vincent Lepetit

ENPC ParisTech, France



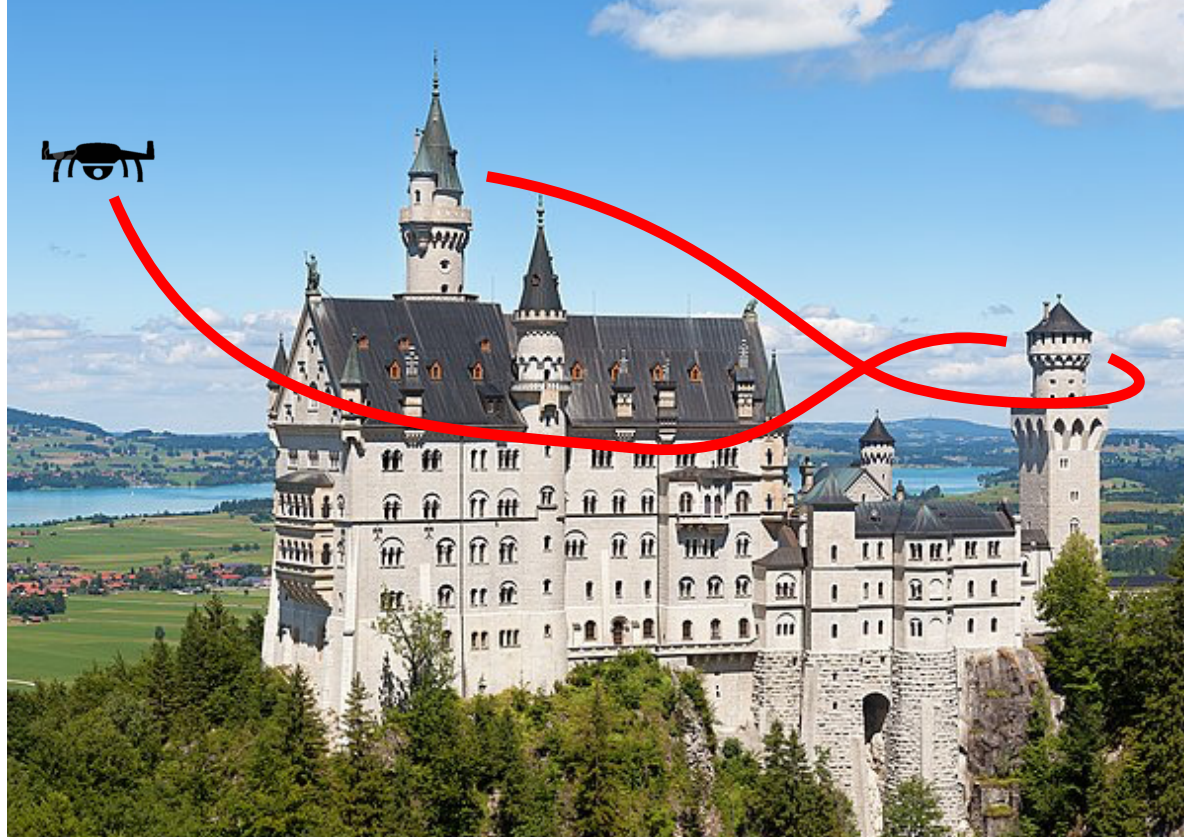
École des Ponts

ParisTech

mapping



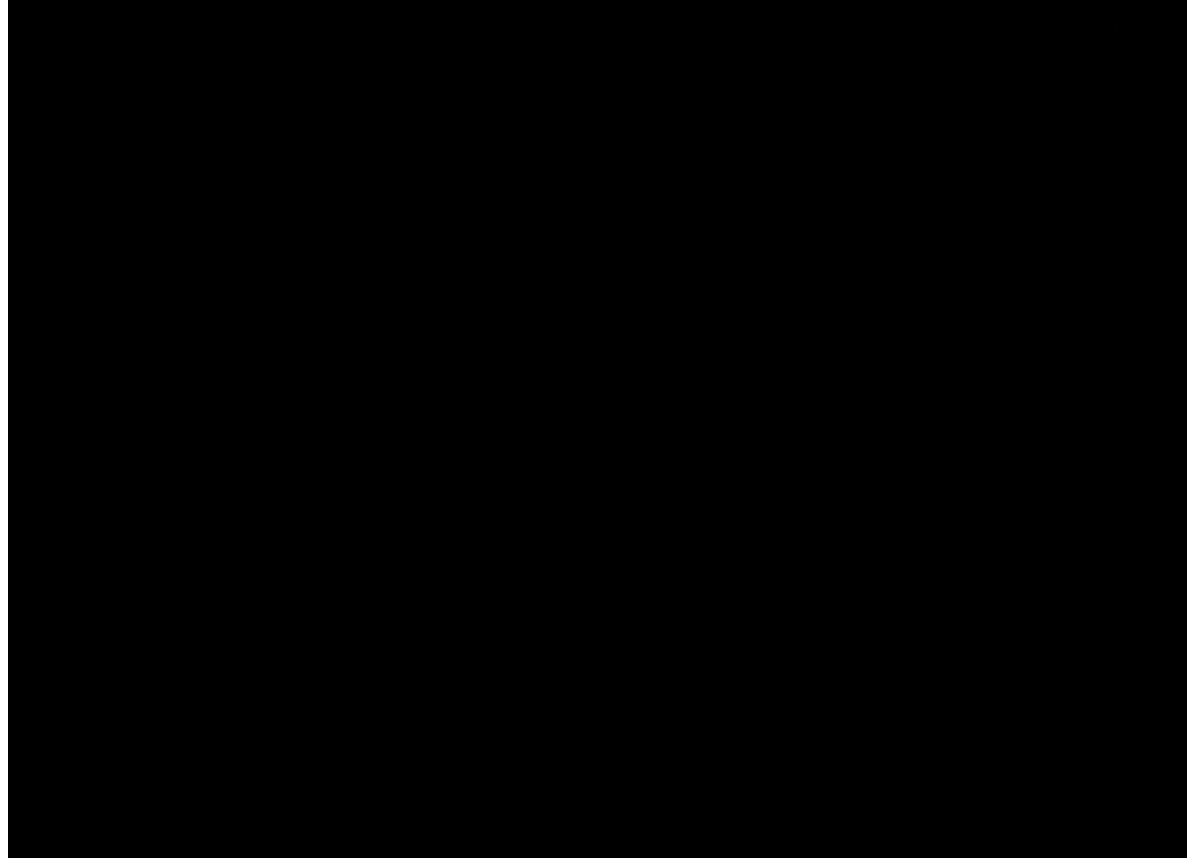
mapping



mapping



automatic mapping



next best view problem



our approach

1. Build a function

$\text{gain}(\text{pose})$ that predicts, for any given camera pose, how much new surface we will see from this camera pose, given what we saw so far.



our approach

1. Build a function

$\text{gain}(\text{pose})$ that predicts,
for any given camera
pose, how much new
surface we will see from
this camera pose, given
what we saw so far.



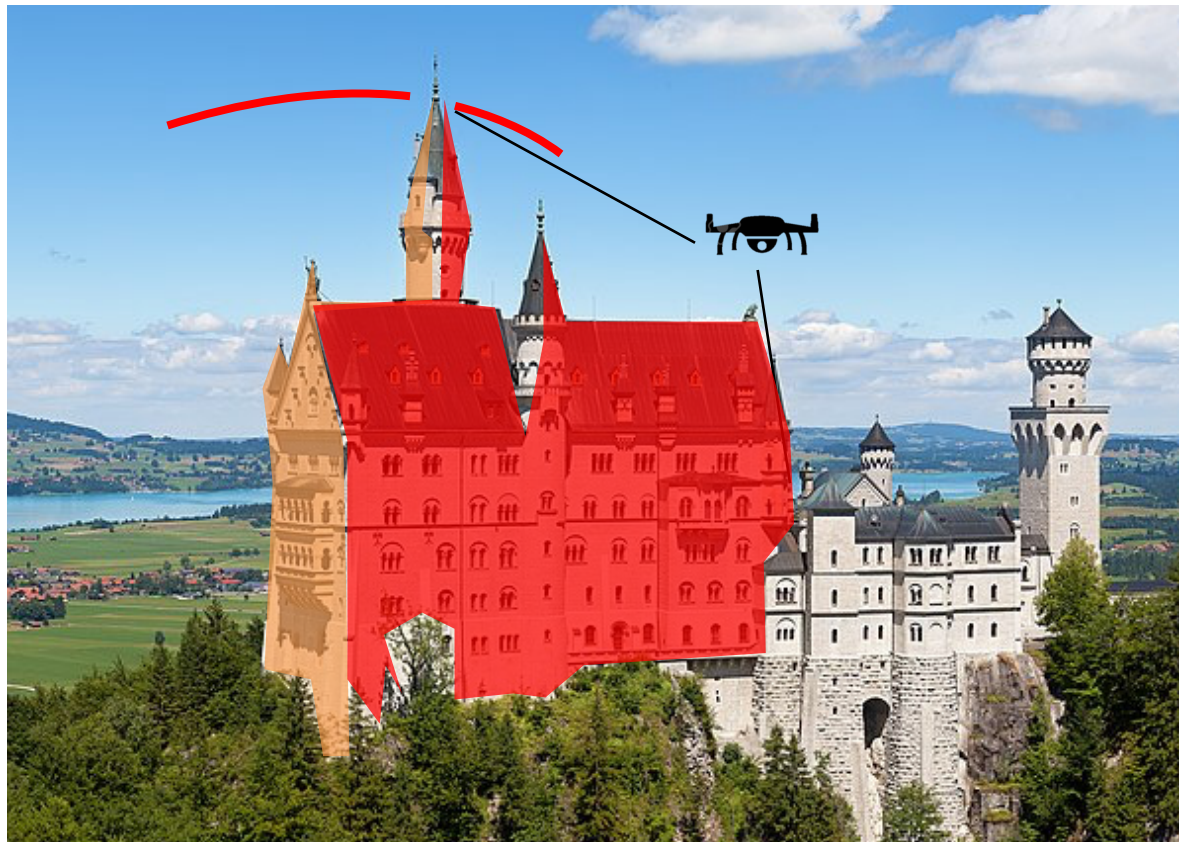
$\text{gain} \sim 0$



our approach

1. Build a function

$\text{gain}(\text{pose})$ that predicts, for any given camera pose, how much new surface we will see from this camera pose, given what we saw so far.



our approach

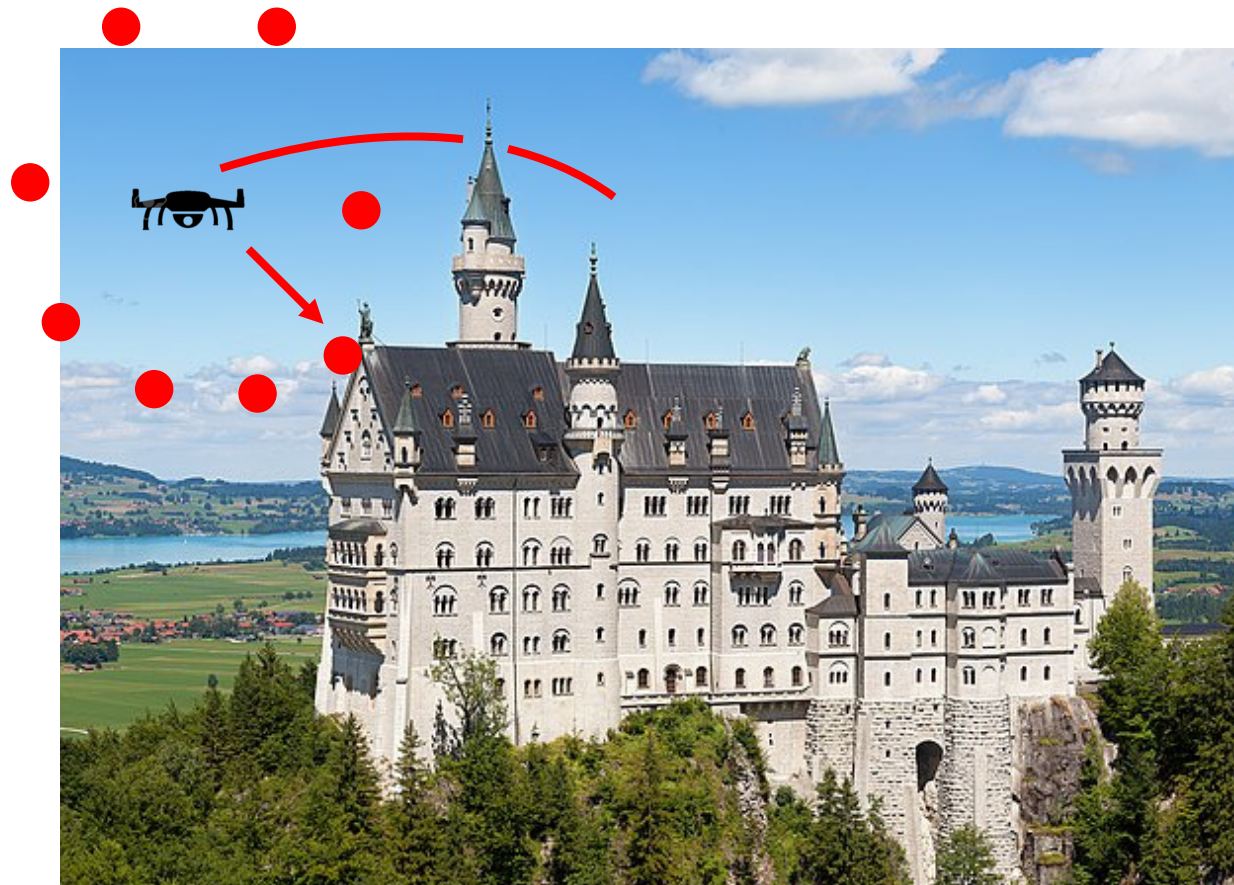
2. **Sample poses** around the current pose, evaluate gain for each of them



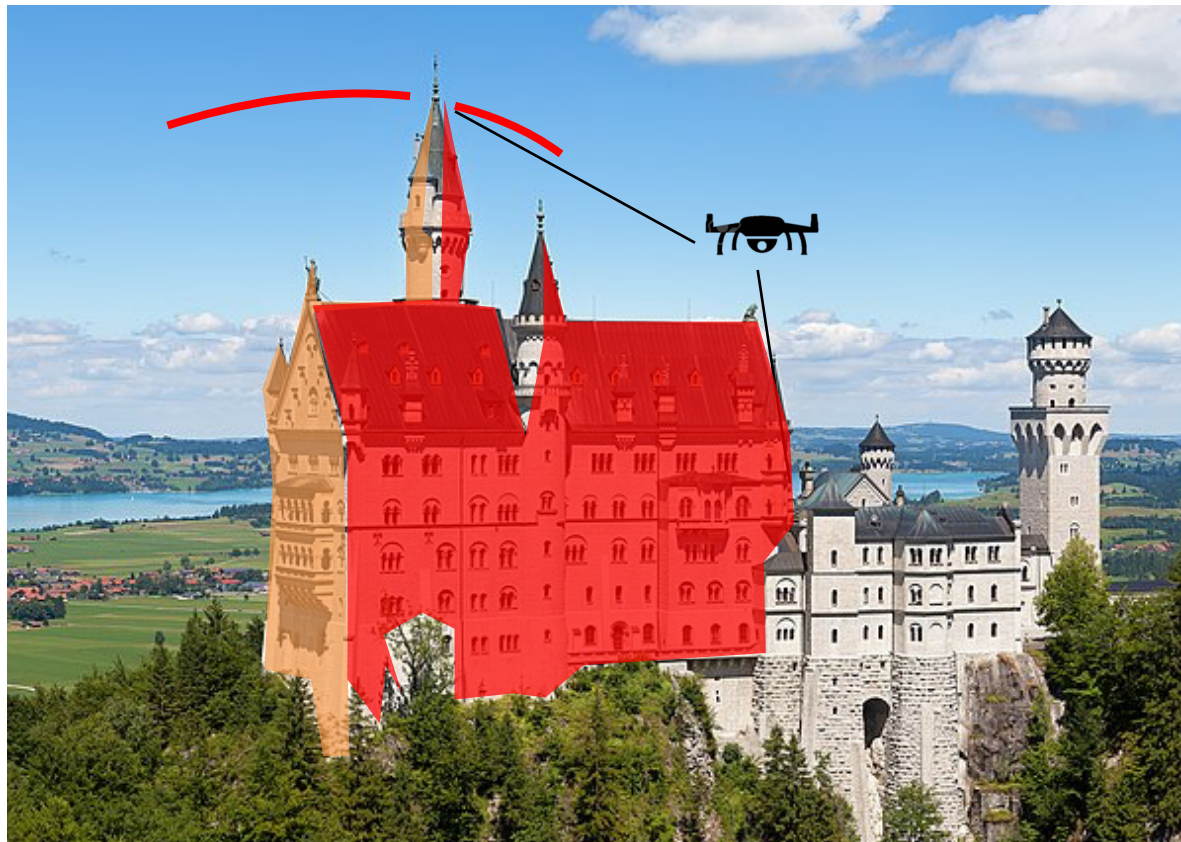
our approach

2. Sample poses around the current pose, evaluate gain for each of them,

and **move to the pose with the highest gain**



computing gain(pose)



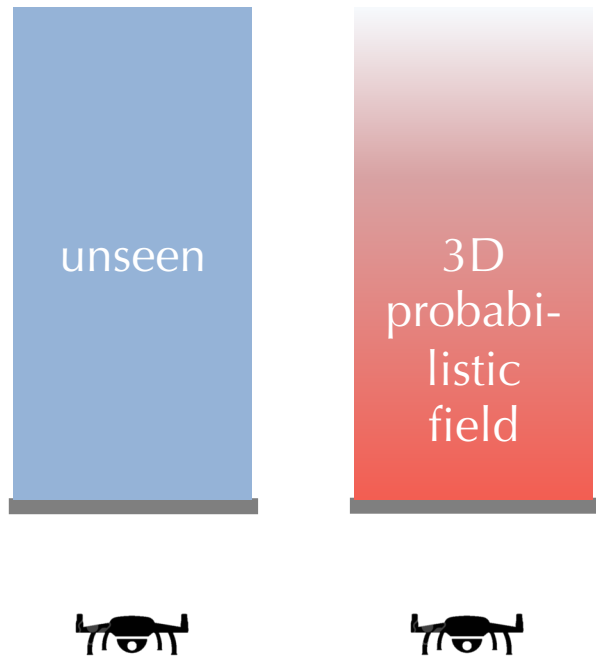
what can we predict from a bunch of views?



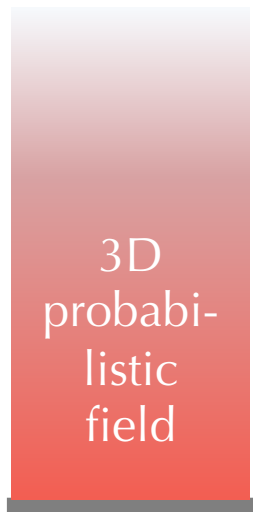
what can we predict from a bunch of views?



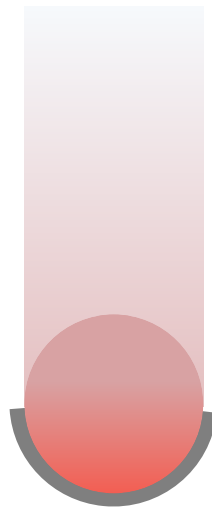
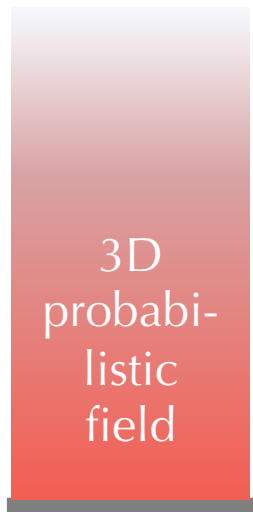
what can we predict from a bunch of views?



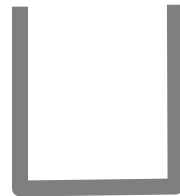
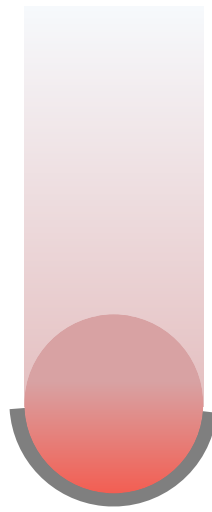
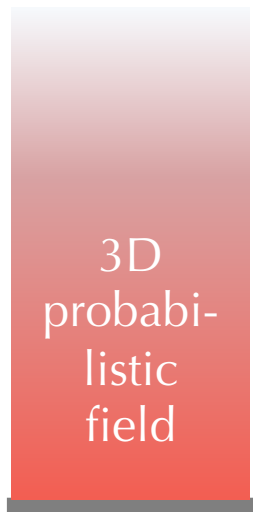
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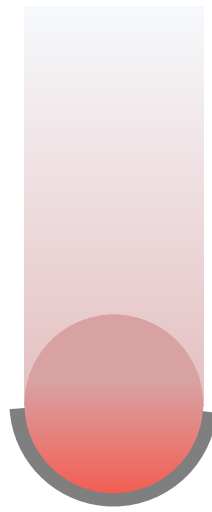
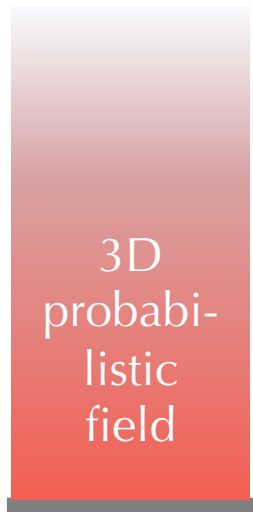
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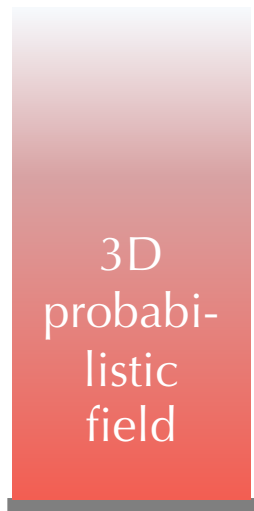
what can we predict from a bunch of views?



what can we predict from a bunch of views?



A 3D probabilistic field on the reconstruction



represented with a
deep architecture

→ scalable, can
learn some prior



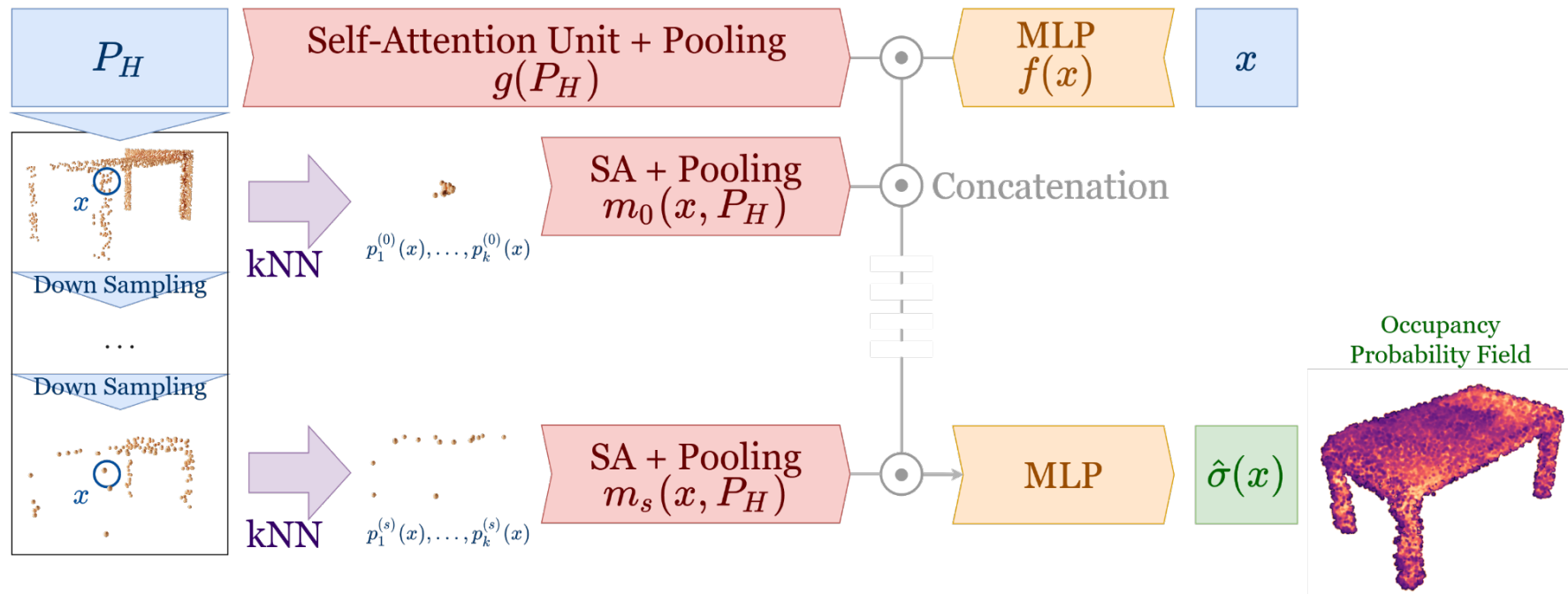
3D probabilistic field

Predicting the 3D probabilistic field σ

$$\sigma_t(p) = F(p, \text{camera history at time } t, \text{merged depth maps at } t)$$

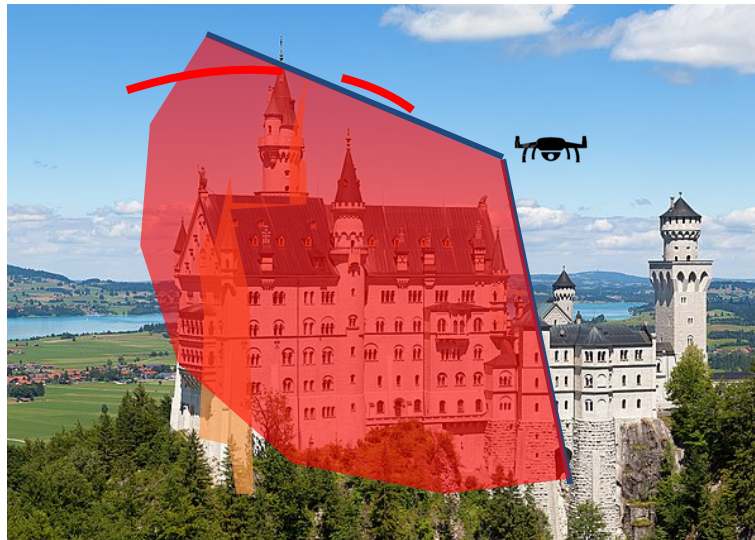


architecture of $F(\cdot)$



predicting gain(pose)

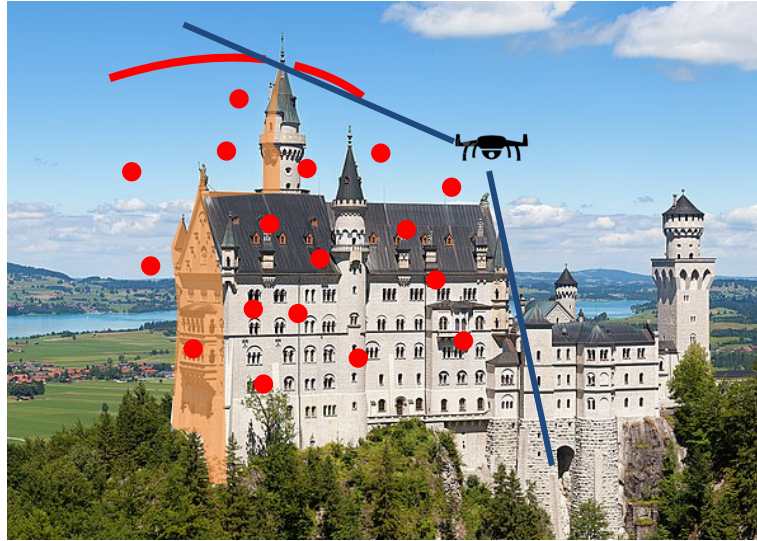
Integrating over the 3D probabilistic field can give the surface coverage gain!



[SCONE: Surface Coverage Optimization in Unknown Environments by Volumetric Integration. Antoine Guédon, Pascal Monasse, and Vincent Lepetit. Spotlight at NeurIPS 2022]

predicting gain(pose)

Integrating over the 3D probabilistic field can give the surface coverage gain!

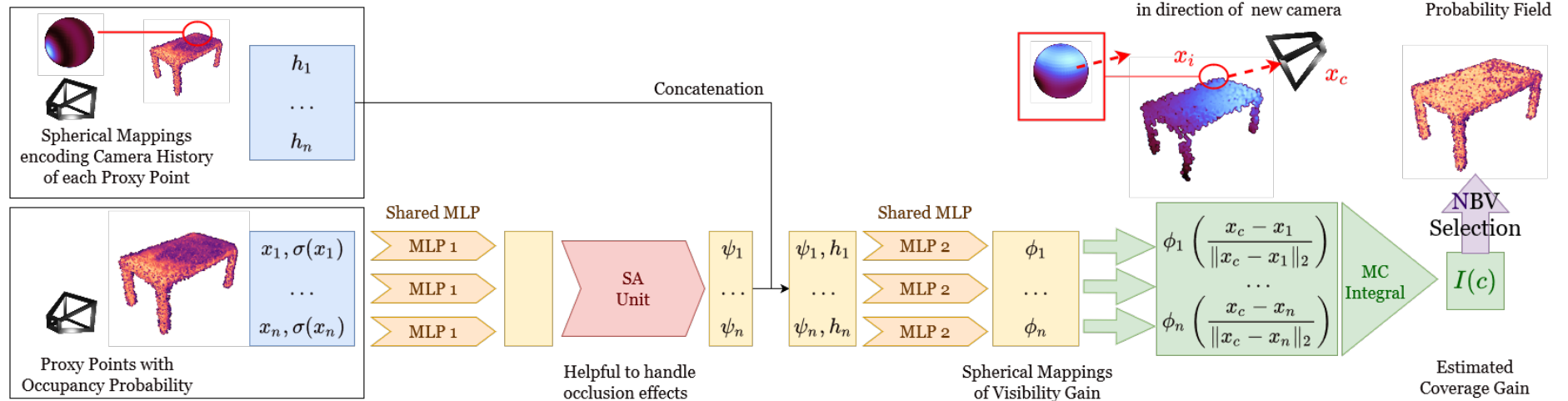


$$\text{gain}(\text{pose}) = \sum_i \text{gain_points}(\{p_i\})_i$$

with $\text{gain_points}(\{p_i\}) = G(\{p_i, \sigma_t(p_i)\}, \text{camera history at } t)$

and points $\{p_i\}$ in the field of view of pose:

architecture of $G(\cdot)$



self-supervision of $F(\cdot)$ and $G(\cdot)$

- $\sigma_t(\mathbf{p}) = F(\mathbf{p}, \text{camera history at time } t, \text{merged depth maps at } t)$
- $\text{gain_points}(\{\mathbf{p}_i\}) = G(\{\mathbf{p}_i, \sigma_t(\mathbf{p}_i)\}, \text{camera history at } t)$

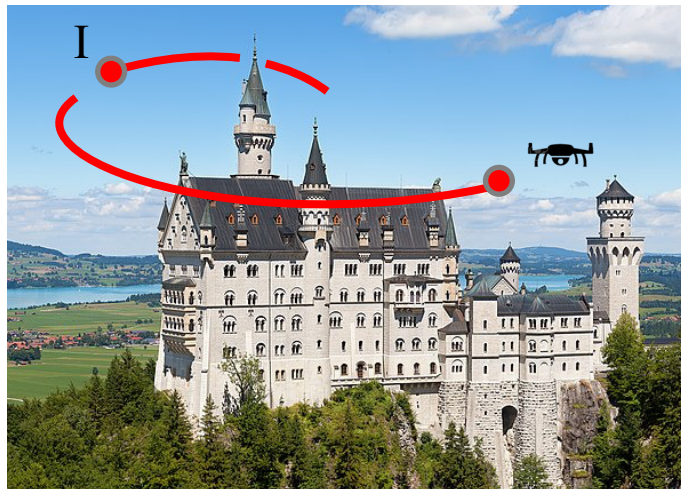
1. store $\mathbf{I} = (\text{camera history}, \text{observations})$



self-supervision of $F(\cdot)$ and $G(\cdot)$

- $\sigma_t(p) = F(p, \text{camera history at time } t, \text{merged depth maps at } t)$
- $\text{gain_points}(\{p_i\}) = G(\{p_i, \sigma_t(p_i)\}, \text{camera history at } t)$

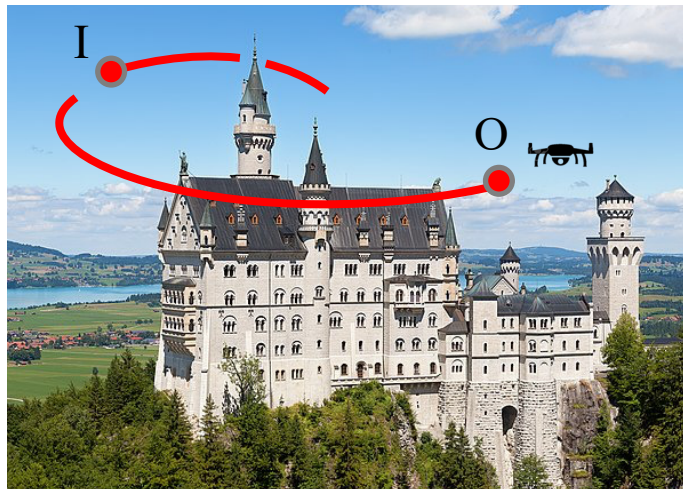
1. store $I = (\text{camera history}, \text{observations})$
2. fly for a while



self-supervision of $F(\cdot)$ and $G(\cdot)$

- $\sigma_t(p) = F(p, \text{camera history at time } t, \text{merged depth maps at } t)$
- $\text{gain_points}(\{p_i\}) = G(\{p_i, \sigma_t(p_i)\}, \text{camera history at } t)$

1. store $I = (\text{camera history}, \text{observations})$
2. fly for a while
3. estimate and store
 $O = (\text{volume}, \text{surface})$



self-supervision of $F(\cdot)$ and $G(\cdot)$

- $\sigma_t(\mathbf{p}) = F(\mathbf{p}, \text{camera history at time } t, \text{merged depth maps at } t)$
- $\text{gain_points}(\{\mathbf{p}_i\}) = G(\{\mathbf{p}_i, \sigma_t(\mathbf{p}_i)\}, \text{camera history at } t)$

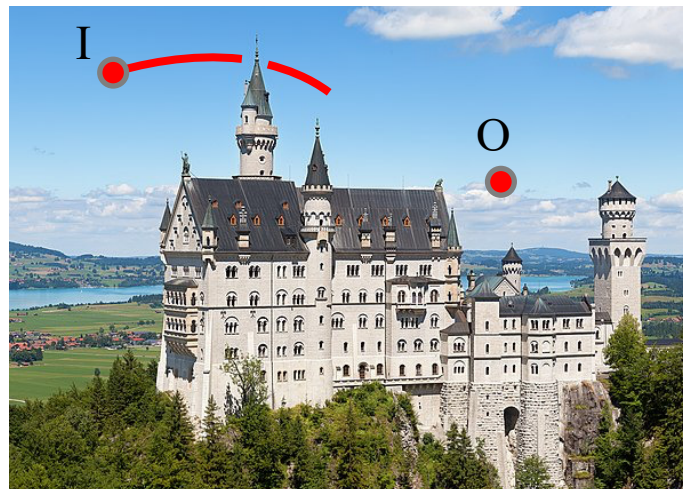
1. store $\mathbf{I} = (\text{camera history}, \text{observations})$

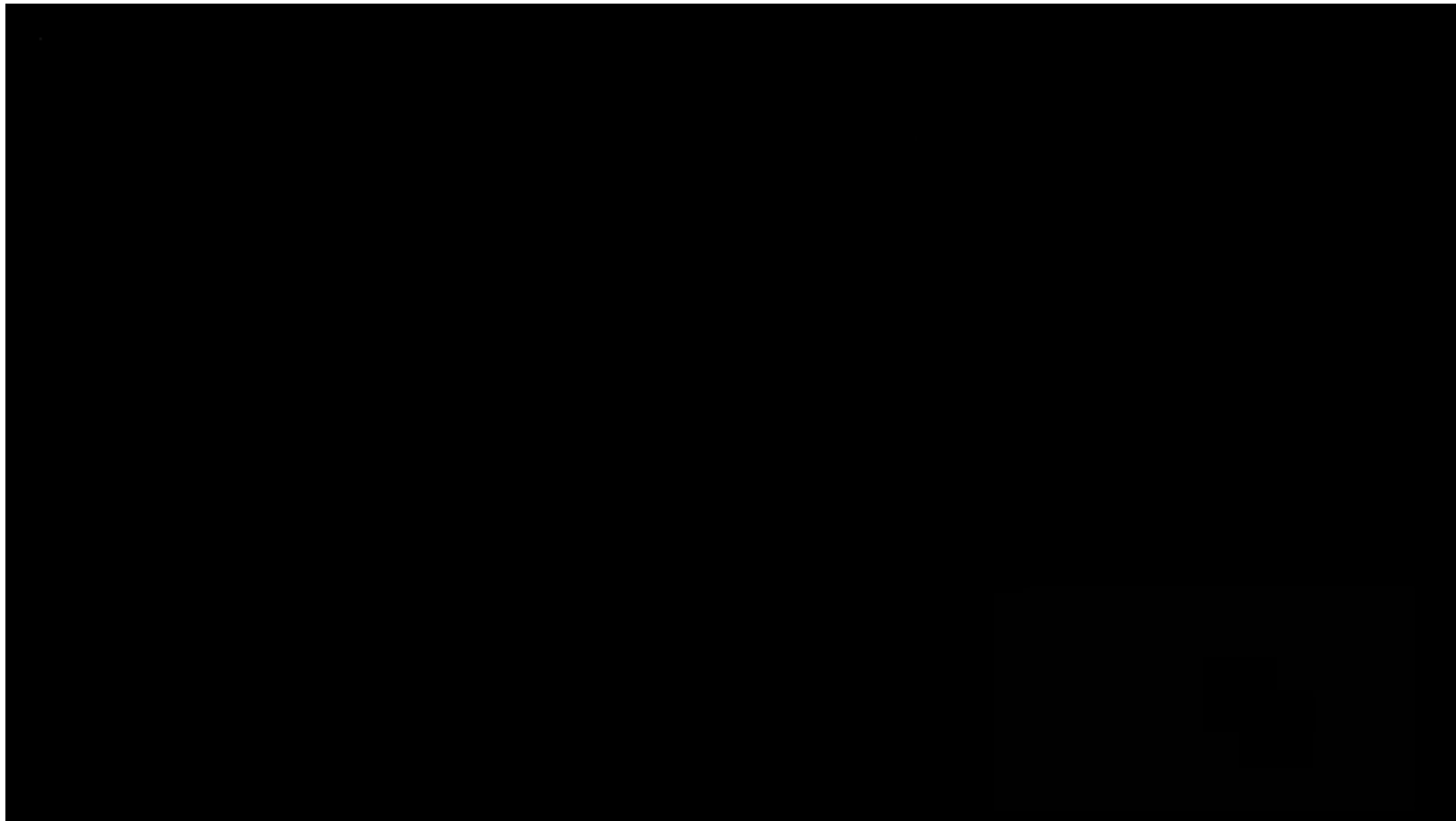
2. fly for a while

3. estimate and store

$\mathbf{O} = (\text{volume}, \text{surface})$

4. train F and G using many (\mathbf{I}, \mathbf{O}) pairs

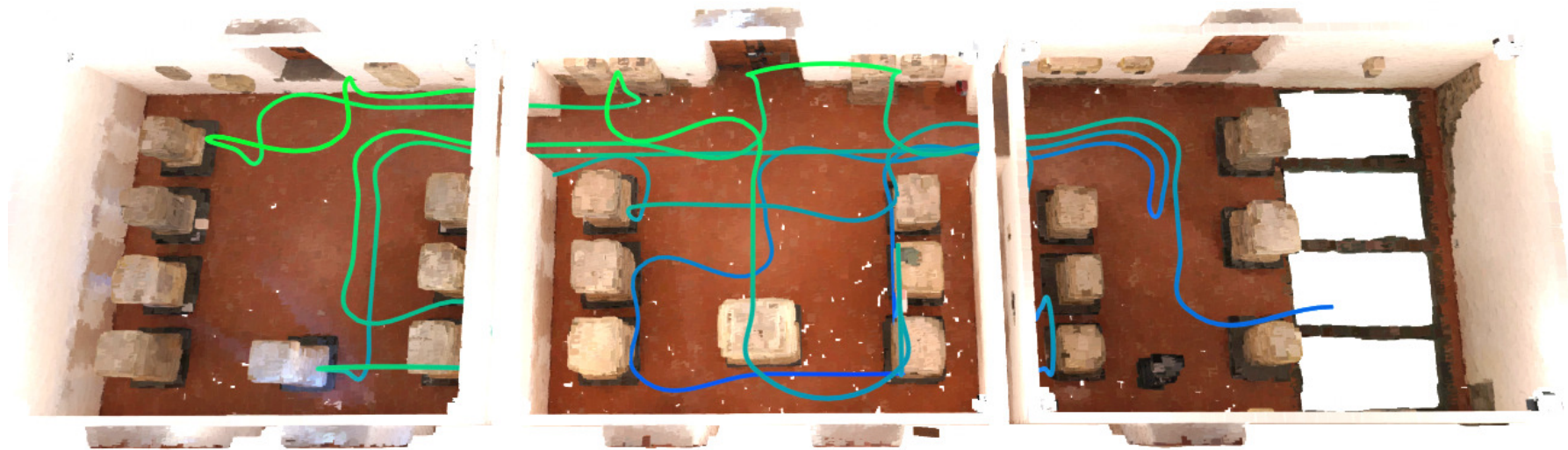




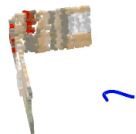
[SCONE: Surface Coverage Optimization in Unknown Environments by Volumetric Integration. Antoine Guédon, Pascal Monasse, and Vincent Lepetit. Spotlight at NeurIPS 2022]

MACARONS: Mapping And Coverage Anticipation with RGB ONLINE Self-supervision. Antoine Guédon, Tom Monnier, Pascal Monasse, and Vincent Lepetit. CVPR 2023.

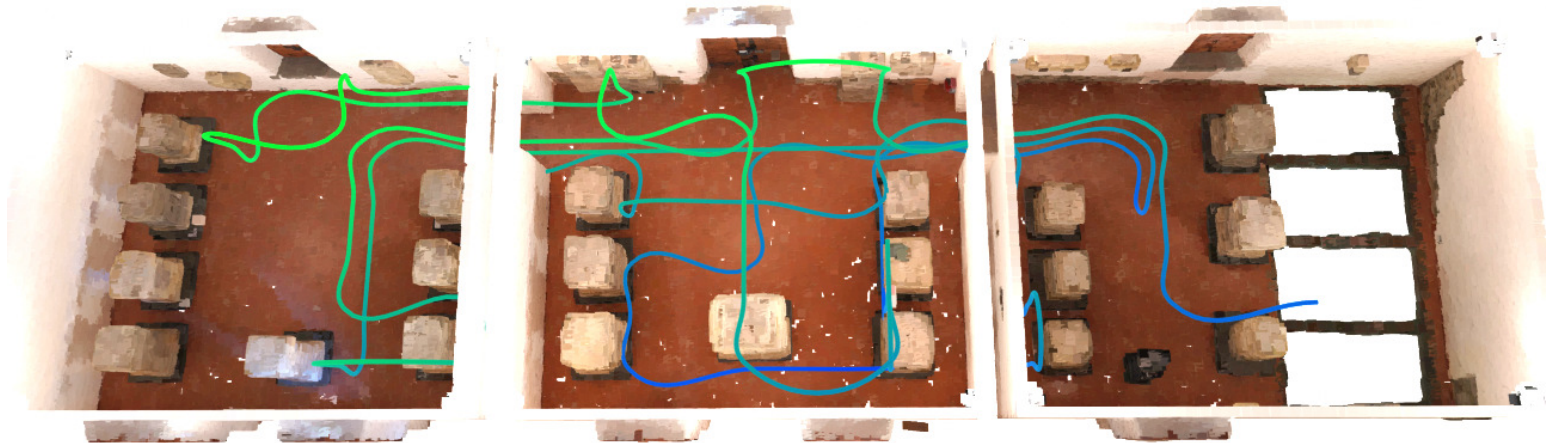
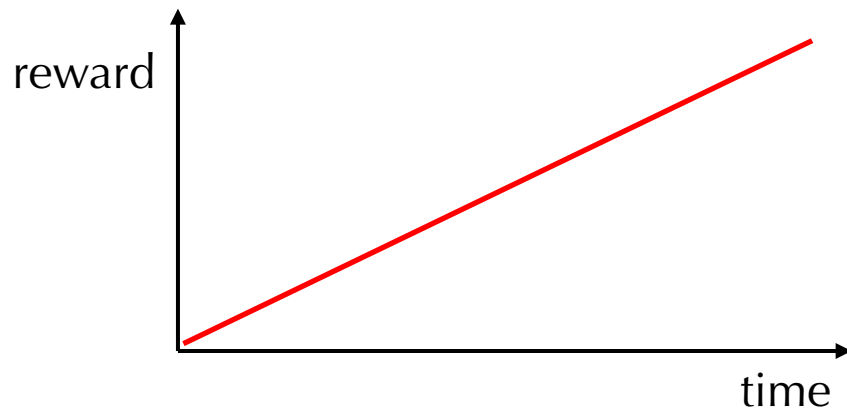
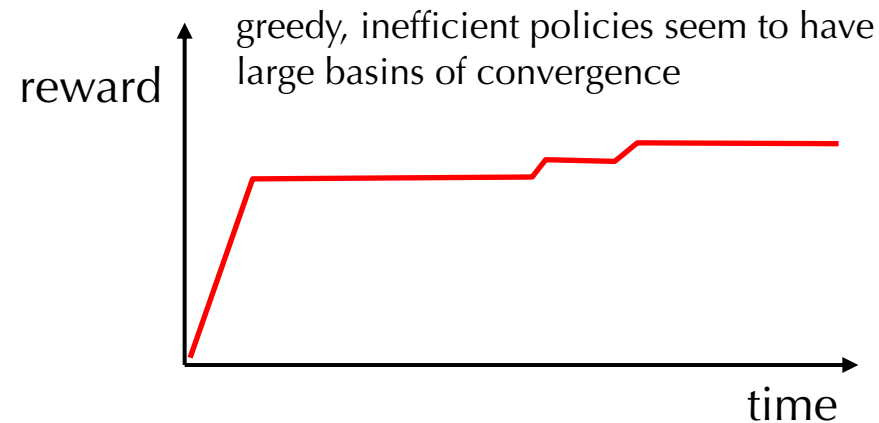
greedy exploration does not work well indoor



trying reinforcement learning



why RL does not work well here



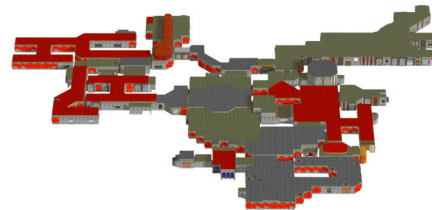
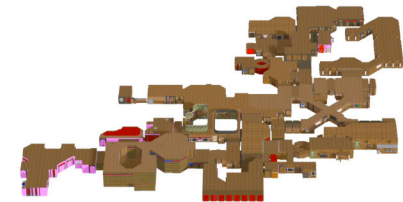
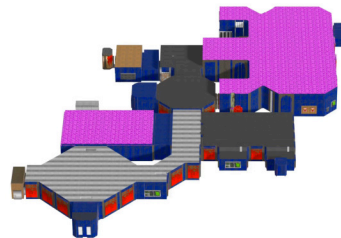
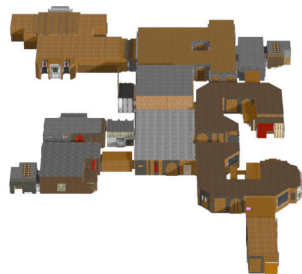


PPO (RL)



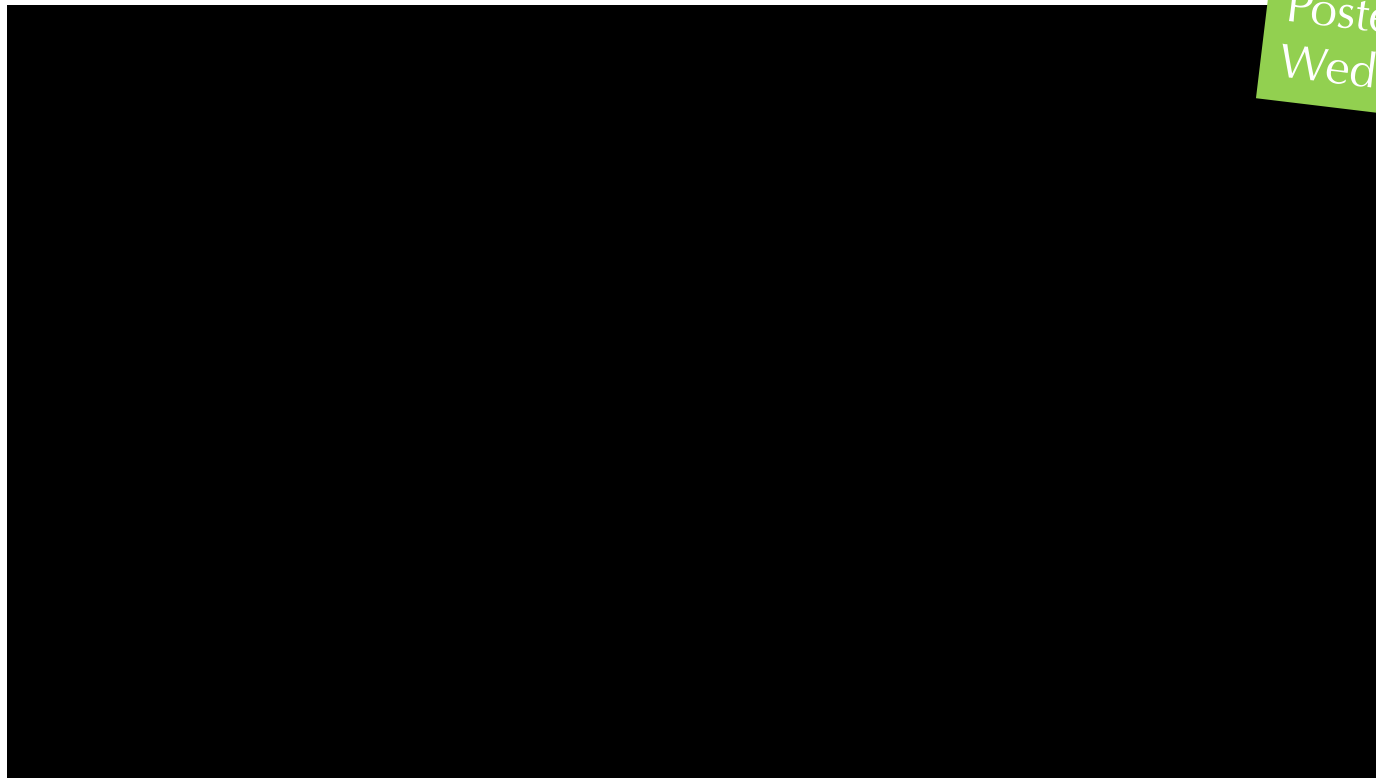
ours - new

new dataset (in preparation)



shameless ad for a cvpr'24 poster

Poster Session 2
Wed PM #50



[SuGaR: Surface-Aligned Gaussian Splatting for Efficient 3D Mesh Reconstruction and High-Quality Mesh Rendering. Antoine Guédon and Vincent Lepetit. CVPR 2024.]

Frosting





SuGaR



Frosting



Antoine Guédon



Shiyao Li

Thanks for listening!



