Alexander Beckwith

Math 855 - Prob w/ Applications

HW5

```
In [ ]: import numpy as np
```

- 1. The joint frequency function of two discrete random variables, X and Y, is given in the following table:
- a. Find the marginal frequency functions of X and Y .
- b. Find the conditional frequency function of X given Y = 1 and of Y given X = 1.

```
In []: axes = {"x": 0, "y": 1}
        marg_freq = np.array(
            Γ
                [0.10, 0.05, 0.02, 0.02],
                [0.05, 0.20, 0.05, 0.02],
                [0.02, 0.05, 0.20, 0.04],
                [0.02, 0.02, 0.04, 0.10],
            1
        print("We can represent the table as an array:")
        print(marg freq,"\n")
        y_marg = np.sum(marg_freq, axis=axes["x"])
        x_marg = np.sum(marg_freq, axis=axes["y"])
        print("la | The marginal frequency function of x is", x marg)
        print("la | The marginal frequency function of y is", y marg,"\n")
        print("We can see that the matrix is symmetrical. In this case, the conditional
        y_sum_x1 = y_marg[0]
        x sum y1 = x marg[0]
        x when y1 = [round(n / x sum y1, 4) for n in marg freq[0]]
        y_when_x1 = [round(row[0] / y_sum_x1, 4) for row in marg_freq]
        print("1b | The conditional freq function of y given x = 1 is", y when x1)
        print("1b | The conditional freq function of x given y = 1 is", x when y1)
```

```
We can represent the table as an array:

[[0.1  0.05  0.02  0.02]

[0.05  0.2  0.05  0.02]

[0.02  0.05  0.2  0.04]

[0.02  0.02  0.04  0.1]]

la | The marginal frequency function of x is [0.19  0.32  0.31  0.18]

la | The marginal frequency function of y is [0.19  0.32  0.31  0.18]

We can see that the matrix is symmetrical. In this case, the conditional freq func of X when Y = 1 is the same as the freq func of Y when X = 1

lb | The conditional freq function of y given x = 1 is [0.5263, 0.2632, 0.105 3, 0.1053]

lb | The conditional freq function of x given y = 1 is [0.5263, 0.2632, 0.105 3, 0.1053]
```

1. Three players play 10 independent rounds of a game, and each player has probability 13 of winning each round. Find the joint distribution of the numbers of games won by each of the three players.

```
In []: n_players = 3
        n rounds = 10
        player_prob = [round(1 / 3, 4) for i in range(n_players)]
        print("3 | The prob of each player winning a particular round is", player_prob)
        print("The joint distribution expands these probs to include 10 games,")
        print("where each value is the prob of choosing a particular winner from a part
        joint_prob = np.array([list(player_prob) for j in range(n_rounds)]) / n_rounds
        print(joint prob)
        3 | The prob of each player winning a particular round is [0.3333, 0.3333, 0.3
        3331
        The joint distribution expands these probs to include 10 games,
        where each value is the prob of choosing a particular winner from a particular
        game.
        [[0.03333 0.03333 0.03333]
         [0.03333 0.03333 0.03333]
         [0.03333 0.03333 0.03333]
         [0.03333 0.03333 0.03333]
         [0.03333 0.03333 0.03333]
         [0.03333 0.03333 0.03333]
         [0.03333 0.03333 0.03333]
         [0.03333 0.03333 0.03333]
         [0.03333 0.03333 0.03333]
```

[0.03333 0.03333 0.03333]]