- (b) Explain Backpatching with an example.

 Write Annotated parse tree for a simple Boolean expression. (CO4)
- (c) What is peephole optimization? Explain machine independent and machine dependent code optimization techniques with an example. (CO4)
- 5. (a) Explain the various design issues in code generation with a suitable example. (CO5)
 - (b) What do you mean by DAG? Construct DAG for the following three address codes:
 - (i) a = b + c
 - (ii) $t1 = a \times a$
 - (iii) b = t1 + a
 - (iv) $c = t1 \times b$
 - (v) t2 = c + b
 - (vi) a = t2 + t2
 - (c) Write a YACC/LEX program for Desk Calculator. (CO5)

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Roll No.

TCS-601

B. TECH. (CS) (SIXTH SEMESTER) END SEMESTER EXAMINATION, June, 2023

COMPILER DESIGN

Time: Three Hours
Maximum Marks: 100

Note: (i) All questions are compulsory.

- (ii) Answer any *two* sub-questions among (a), (b) and (c) in each main question.
- (iii) Total marks in each main question are twenty.
- (iv) Each sub-question carries 10 marks.
- 1. (a) What do you understand by the phases of a Compiler? Explain the action taken by every phase of compiler for the given source code to convert from high level to target code. (CO1)

a = x + y * z;

1,640

- (b) Explain input buffering. Why do we need two buffer schemes over one buffer scheme? Justify your answer by taking a suitable example. (CO1)
- (c) Illustrate LEX structure. Design a LEX program to recognize the keywords, integer number, floating point number and valid identifier. (CO1)
- 2. (a) Consider the following grammar: (CO2)

 $E \rightarrow E + T/T$

 $T \rightarrow T *F/F$

 $F \rightarrow (E)/a/b$

Construct the LL(1) parsing table for the above grammar.

- (b) Explain the following grammars with an appropriate example by listing the problems associated with the following grammars. (CO2)
 - (i) Ambiguous grammar
 - (ii) Left recursive grammar
 - (iii) Left factoring/Non deterministic grammar

- (c) Consider the following grammar: (CO2)
 S → BB
 B → aB/b
 To check whether the given grammar is LR(0) or not.
- 3. (a) Write a short note on the S-attributed and L-attributed SDT with an appropriate example.
 - (b) What do you mean by SDT? Consider the following SDT (Syntax-Directed Translation) schemes.

Productions	Semantic rules
$E \rightarrow E_1 + T$	$\{E. Val = E_1.Val + T.Val;\}$
$E \rightarrow T$	$\{E. Val = T. Val; \}$
$T \rightarrow T_1 * F$	$\{T. Val = T_1.Val + F.Val;\}$
$T \rightarrow F$	$\{T. Val = F. Val; \}$
$F \rightarrow \text{num}$	$\{F. Val = num.lexVal; \}$

Using the above SDT, construct a parse tree for the expression: 2 + 3*4 and also compute the final value.

(c) Explain Control stack and Activation record with a suitable example. (CO3)