H

of June 14 Acres of the Paris in 18 like

who must be all all the few primers.

(2. The guarante bands of many steam with

are less area.) Determined a love fragment of

Roll No.

## **BCH-402**

B. COM. (HONS.)
(FOURTH SEMESTER)
END SEMESTER
EXAMINATION, June, 2023

nd deletion normanitar prisonly ...

**COST ACCOUNTING** 

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

- ote: (i) All questions are compulsory.
  - (ii) Answer any two sub-questions among (a), (b) and (c) in each main question.
  - (iii) Total marks in each main question are twenty.
  - (iv) Each sub-question carries 10 marks.

**BCH-402** 

1. (a) The books of Vicco Ltd. submit the following information on 31st December 2022:

(CO1)

₹

Direct labour cost (160% of 64,000 factory overhead) 2,24,000 Cost of Goods sold Opening balance of Raw 32,000 Material Closing balance of Raw 34,400 Material 32,000 Opening balance of W.I.P. 48,000 Closing balance of W.I:P. Opening balance of Finished 56,000 Goods Closing balance of Finished 72,000 Goods 1,44,000 Raw Material purchased General and Administration 10,400 expenses 13,600 Selling expenses for the year 3,00,000 Sales for the month

Calculate the profit/loss by preparing a cost sheet for the year 2022.

- (b) Discuss, how relevant is Cost Accounting to the manufacturing organization. (CO1)
- (c) From the following particulars, prepare a Cost Sheet showing the total cost per tonne for the period ended 31st March 2023: (CO1)

Particulars	Amount
1 articulars	(₹)
Raw Materials	33,000
Direct Wages	38,000
Indirect Wages	10,500
Factory rent and taxes	7,500
Factory lighting	2,200
Factory heating	1,500
Sundry office expenses	200
Office Stationery	900
Depreciation on Plant and	HIPS- IN
Machinery	2,000
Rent and Taxes (Office)	500
Factory Insurance	1,100

5	DOTT 403
5)	BCH-402

500 Office Insurance 100 Bad debts 300 Advertising Sales-Department Salaries 1,500 Upkeep of delivery vans 700 Commission on sales 1,500 Depreciation on Delivery van 200

The total output for the period has been 14,000 tonnes.

- 2. (a) Write short notes on any two of the following: (CO2)
  - (i) Bin Card
  - (ii) Replacement Price Method and Standard Price Method
  - (iii) Advantages of ABC analysis
  - (b) Calculate: (CO2)
    - (i) Re order Stock level
    - (ii) Maximum Stock level
    - (iii) Minimum Stock level
    - (iv) Average Stock level

Normal usage: 4,000 units per day

Minimum usage: 2,400 units per day

Maximum usage: 5,200 units per day

E.O.Q.: 2,00,000 units

Re order period: 25-30 days

(c) Ganpati stores provide these accounting records in respect to store, prepare stores ledger account from the following transactions under the Weighted average method, and calculated the closing stock as on 30th September: (CO2)

Date	Particulars	Units	Cost rate (₹)
February 1	Purchased	1000	20
February 12	Purchased	500	30
March 20	Issued	950	e -
April 4	Purchased	200	25
April 22	Purchased	150	32
May 18	Issued	310	ref _
June 22	Issued	120	0.4
July 20	Purchased	250	25
August 25	Issued	190	
September 15	Issued	100	

(a) Discuss the Halsey Premium Plan and Rowan Premium Plan under Individual Bonus Scheme with suitable examples and discuss the most suitable plan for the company. (CO3)

- (b) Write short notes on the following (any two): (CO3)
  - (i) Fringe Benefits
  - (ii) Accounting for Idle Time and Overtime
  - (iii) Labour Turnover
- (c) The Personnel Department of ABC Ltd. provides the following information about the labour-force, calculate the labour turnover rate by applying: (CO3)
  - (i) Separation Method
  - (ii) Replacement Method
  - (iii) Flux Method

Number of workers on the payroll:

At the beginning of the month: 3600

At the end of the month: 4400

During the month 40 workers left, 160 persons were discharged and 600 workers were recruited, out of these 100 workers are required in the vacancies of those leaving, while the rest were engaged for an expansion scheme.

4. (a) The Service departments Y and Z have overheads of ₹ 4,000/- and ₹ 8,000/- respectively, to be apportioned on interservice departmental basis on the basis of percentage given in the chart below:

(CO4)

Find out the total overheads of production department of M, N and O assuming the total overheads of M, N and O being ₹ 16,000, ₹ 12,000 and ₹ 8,000 respectively before distribution:

Departments	Production Dept. (M)	Production Dept. (N)	Production Dept. (O)		Service Dept. (Z)
Y	20%	30%	40%		10%
Z	30%	30%	20%	20%	
Total Overheads	₹ 16,000	₹ 12,000	₹ 8,000	₹ 4,000	₹ 8,000

- (b) From the given information, compute machine hour rate for machine no. 5 from the following data: (CO4)
  - (i) Cost: ₹ 44,000

- (ii) Scrap Value: ₹4,000
- (iii) Life: 20,000 hours
- (iv) Repairs and Maintenance for the entire life: ₹ 20,000
- (v) Standing charges for the shop for a month of 25 working days: ₹ 2,000
- (vi) Working hours per day: 8 hours
- (vii)No. of machines in the shop: 10
- (viii) Power used per machine per month: ₹ 3,200
- (c) Write short notes on the following (any two): (CO4)
  - (i) Allocation and Absorption overheads
  - (ii) Treatment of Interest on Capital
  - (iii) Research and Development
- 5. (a) Product Q passes through three distinct processes to completion 20,000 units were introduced in process A (valued at

₹ 1,00,000). Following are the expenses in respect to the process: (CO5)

BCH-402

Particulars	Process	Process B	Process
Machine			
Expenses (₹)	10,000	8,000	3,000
Labour (₹)	40,000	60,000	50,000
Direct Expenses			,,,,,,,
(₹)	22,000	32,800	9,200
Normal Wastage	5%	10%	5%
Scrap Value per	HILL I		
unit (₹)	2	4	5
Actual Output	18,000 units	16,000 units	15,400 units

Prepare process account showing the cost of output and cost per unit at each stage of manufacturing.

Jubilant Ltd. undertook a contract for ₹ 200,000 which was completed in six months. Following expenditure was made by the contractors to complete the contract: (CO5)

	-	•	
- 1	- 18	1	
	-	•	- 10
	_	4	,

(10)	BCH-40
Direct Materials	₹ 76,000
Wages	₹ 44,000
Special Plant	₹ 40,000
Stores Issued	₹ 14,000
Loose Tools	₹ 6,000
Running cost of Tractor:	
Running materials	₹ 3,200
Wages of driver etc.	₹ 8,800
Other direct expenses	₹4,000

On completion of the contract, the plant was returned subject to depreciation on 10% on the original cost.

The value of loose tools and stores returned ₹ 4,800 and ₹ 2,000 respectively. The value of the tractor was ₹ 1,00,000 and depreciation was to be charged for this contract @ 16% p.a. The amount of administration expenses to be charged to the contract is calculated at the rate of

10% on total works cost. Prepare the contract A/c and the Contractee's A/c assuming that the amount due from the Contractee was duly received.

- (c) Write short notes on the following: (CO5)
  - (i) Normal and Abnormal Loss and its accounting treatment
  - (ii) Contract costing