

Roll No. 2 2 9 7 0 3 8

Paper Code: TCS 302

Mid Semester Examination 2023

B.Tech (CSE) III Semester

Data Structure with 'C' language.

Time: 1:30 Hrs

MM: 50

INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENTS

Note :

- (i) This question paper contains five questions with alternative choice.
- (ii) All questions are compulsory.
- (iii) Each question carries two parts a or b. Attempt either parts a or b of each question.
- (iv) Total marks assigned to each question are ten.

Q1.

(10*1,CO1,CO2)

A. Assume that you have a Stack implemented with linked list, pointer Top is pointing to the top most node. Write a C function to print the stack in reverse order i.e. from bottom to top.(Do not use array).

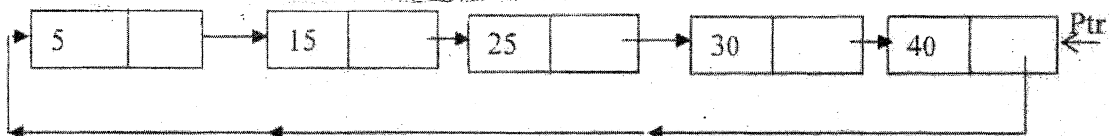
OR

B. Explain dynamic array. Write a 'C' function to create a dynamic array to store N elements and then print 3rd non repeating element in the array.

Q2.

(10*1,CO1,CO3)

A. Consider a Circular linked list with a pointer, Ptr. Write a C function to insert a new node after the node pointed by pointer Ptr, in the linked list.



OR

B. Evaluate the following postfix expression using stack (Show all the steps).

4, 3, -, 6, 2, +, *, 8, 2, /, 6, *, -

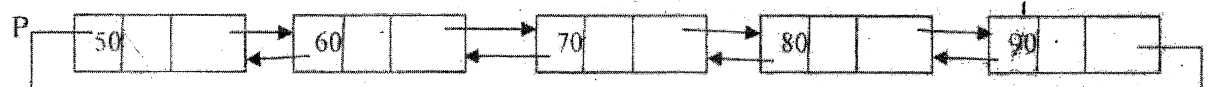
Q3.

A. Assume that you have a single linked list, first node of the linked list is pointed by a pointer Ptr. Write a C function to delete a node from the linked list as per the choice given by the user.

(10*1,CO1,CO2)

OR

B. Assume that you have a double linked list, First node of the linked list is pointed by a pointer P. Write a C function to insert a node before the last node in the linked list.



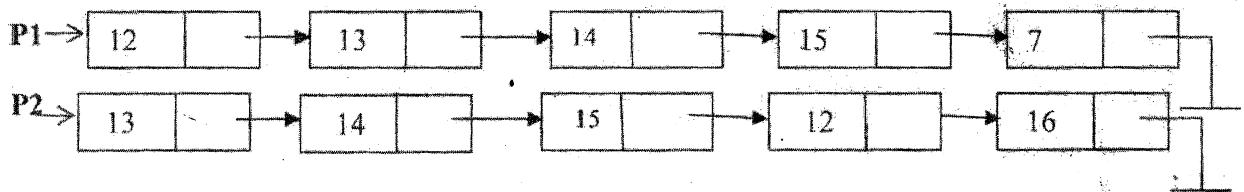
Q4.

(10*1, CO1, CO2)

- A. We have a singly linked list; first node of the linked list is pointed by a pointer PTR. Write a C function to print the node having highest information in that singly linked list.

OR

- B. Assuming that you have two single linked lists, pointers P1 and P2 are pointing to the first node of the linked lists respectively. Write a C function to print the addition of the data in the given linked lists.



Output: 25, 27, 29, 27, 23

Q5.

(10*1, CO2, CO3)

- A. Assume that you have a single linked list. Write a C function to count the nodes having information multiple of 3.

OR

- B. Assume that we have a single linked list; first node of the linked list is pointed by a pointer P. Write a C function to print alternate nodes in the linked list.