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## TPH-101

**B. Tech. (First Semester)**  
**End Semester EXAMINATION, 2016**  
**(All Branches)**

### ENGINEERING PHYSICS

*Time : Three Hours ] [ Maximum Marks : 100*

**Note :** (i) This question paper contains five questions.

(ii) All questions are compulsory.

(iii) Instructions on how to attempt a question are mentioned against it.

(iv) Total marks assigned to each question are **twenty**.

1. Attempt any *two* questions of choice from (a), (b) and (c). (2×10=20 Marks)

(a) What are the coherent sources ? Describe and explain the formation of Newton's rings in reflected monochromatic light . Prove that in reflected light

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- (i) Diameters of bright rings are proportional to the square roots of odd natural numbers.
- (ii) The diameters of dark rings are proportional to the square root of natural numbers.
- (b) Light of wavelength  $5000 \text{ \AA}$  falls on a grating normally. Two adjacent principal maxima occur at  $\sin \theta = 0.2$  and  $\sin \theta = 0.3$  respectively. Calculate the grating element. If the width of the grating surface is  $2.5 \text{ cm}$ , calculate its resolving power in the second order.
- (c) Describe Fraunhofer diffraction due to a single slit and deduce the positions of the maxima and minima. Show that the relative intensities of successive maxima are nearly  $1:1/22:1/61:1/121$ .
2. Attempt any *two* questions of choice from (a), (b) and (c). (2×10=20 Marks)
- (a) Define specific rotation. Describe the construction and working of a Laurent's half shade polarimeter, explain fully the action of the Laurentz half shade polarimeter. How would you use it to determine the specific rotation of cane sugar solution ?

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- (b) A sugar solution in a tube of length  $20 \text{ cm}$  produces optical rotation of  $13^\circ$ . The solution is then diluted to one-third of its previous concentration. Find optical rotation produced by  $30 \text{ cm}$  long tube containing the diluted solution.
- (c) Derive an expression for Einstein's coefficients. Describe the construction and action of ruby laser.
3. Attempt any *two* questions of choice from (a), (b) and (c). (2×10=20 Marks)
- (a) Deduce four Maxwell's equations in free space. Explain the concept of Maxwell's displacement current and show how it lead to the modification of Ampere's law.
- (b) Calculate the hysteresis loss of energy  $E$  per hour in the iron core of a transformer, if the area of the B-H loop is  $250 \text{ J/m}^3$  and the frequency of a. c. is  $50 \text{ Hz}$ . Mass of the core is  $9.0 \text{ kg}$  and the density of iron is  $7500 \text{ kg/m}^3$ .
- (c) Explain about quantum wells, wires and dots. Give construction, types and applications of carbon nano tubes.
4. Attempt any *two* questions of choice from (a), (b) and (c). (2×10=20 Marks)
- (a) Discuss briefly Michelson-Morley experiment and mention its outcomes.

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- (b) For what value of  $(v/c = x)$  will the relativistic mass of a particle exceed its rest mass by a given fraction  $f$ ?
  - (c) Explain basic principle of holography. Give construction and reconstruction of image on hologram.
5. Attempt any *two* questions of choice from (a), (b) and (c). (2×10=20 Marks)
- (a) State Heisenberg Uncertainty Principle and derive time dependent and independent Schrödinger wave equation.
  - (b) A proton is moving with a speed of  $2 \times 10^8$  m/sec. Find the wavelength of the matter wave associated with it.
  - (c) Explain about principle, acceptance angle, cone, numerical aperture and V number in fibre optics.