## **TCH-201**

## B. TECH. (SECOND SEMESTER) MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2018

(All Branches)

**ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY** 

Time: 1:30 Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

Note:(i) This question paper contains two Sections.

(ii) Both Sections are compulsory.

## Section-A

- 1. Fill in the blanks/True-False:  $(1 \times 5 = 5 \text{ Marks})$ 
  - (a) The shape of CH<sub>3</sub> (methyl carboanion) is
  - (b) The bond order of CN is ............
  - (c) NO molecule is paramagnetic in nature while N<sub>2</sub> is diamagnetic. (True/False)
  - (d) The shape of XeF<sub>4</sub> is square planar.

(True/False)

- (e) BF<sub>3</sub> is nucleophiles. (True/False)
- 2. Attempt any *five* parts:  $(3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ Marks})$ 
  - (a) Define Electromeric effect.

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(3)

- (b) What are the Nucleophiles?
- (c) Draw the shape of SF<sub>4</sub> molecule (on the basis of VSEPR theory).
- (d) Write a short note on Hyperconjugation effect.
- (e) Write a short note on free radicals.
- (f) Explain, why chloroacetic acid is strong acid than acetic acid.

## Section-B

- 3. Attempt any two parts of choice from (a), (b) and (c). (5×2=10 Marks)
  - (a) Draw the MOT diagram of HF molecule with its bond order and magnetic nature.
  - (b) Differentiate between bonding and antibonding molecular orbitals.
  - (c) Explain aromatic electrophilic substitution reaction with the mechanism of nitration.
- 4. Attempt any two parts of choice from (a), (b) and (c). (5×2=10 Marks)
  - (a) Describe the structures of CH<sub>4</sub> and NH<sub>3</sub> molecules in terms of VSEPR theory.
  - (b) Write a short note on H-Bonding with its classification and applications.
  - (c) Explain, why p-nitrophenol and o-nitrophenol can be able to separate through fractional distillation method.

- 5. Attempt any two parts of choice from (a), (b) and (c). (5×2=10 Marks)
  - '(a) Describe the electron sea theory of metallic bond.
  - (b) Differentiate the mechanisms between  $S_{N^1}$  and  $S_{N^2}$  nucleophilic substitution reactions with stereochemistry.
  - (c) With reason arrange the following carbocations in increasing order of stability:

 $RCH_{2}^{+}, CH_{3}^{+}, R_{3}C^{+}, R_{2}CH^{+}$ 

TCH-201

310

F. No. : a-22