## TCH-101

## B. TECH. (FIRST SEMESTER) END SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2019

(All Branches)

## **ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY**

**Time: Three Hours** 

**Maximum Marks: 100** 

Note: (i) This question paper contains five questions.

- (ii) All questions are compulsory.
- (iii) Each question carries three parts (a), (b) and (c). Attempt any two parts of each question.
- (iv) Each part carries 10 marks. Total marks assigned to each question are twenty.
- 1. Attempt any two parts of choice from (a), (b) and (c). (10×2=20 Marks)
  - (a) Write a note on Hydrogen bonding. Also write the conditions for its formation and significances.
  - (b) Draw the MOT diagram of O2 molecule. Arrange the  $O_2$ ,  $O_2^+$ ,  $O_2^-$  and  $O_2^{-2}$  in increasing order of bond length.
  - (c) (i) Explain the lime-soda process used for softening the hard water.
    - (ii) Calculate the temporary and permanent hardness of water whose analysis is as follows:

$$Mg(HCO_3)_2 = 7.3 \text{ ppm},$$
  $MgSO_4 = 3.0 \text{ ppm},$   $CaSO_4 = 3.40 \text{ ppm}$  and  $CaCl_2 = 27.75 \text{ ppm}$ 

- 2. Attempt any two parts of choice from (a), (b) and (c). (10×2=20 Marks)
  - (a) Write short notes on the following:
    - (i) Functionality of Monomer
  - (ii) Conducting polymers
  - (b) Define addition and condensation Polymerization with suitable examples and mechanism.
  - (c) Write short notes on the following:
    - (i) Biogas
    - (ii) Calorific value of a fuel
- 3. Attempt any two parts of choice from (a), (b) and (c). (10×2=20 Marks)
  - (a) Write the basic principle and applications of Infra Red spectroscopy.
  - (b) Write the preparation, properties and uses of the following:
    - (i) Bakelite
    - (ii) PVC
  - (c) Define UV-Vis spectroscopy. Also write its principle and applications.
- 4. Attempt any two parts of choice from (a), (b) and (c). (10×2=20 Marks)
  - (a) Write short notes on the following:
    - (i) Concentration cells
    - (ii) Electrochemical series with its significances
  - (b) (i) Differentiate between the thermoplastic resins and thermosets. Giving examples.
    - (ii) Write down the mechanism involved in electrochemical corrosion.
  - (c) Determine the potential of a Daniel cell, initially containing 100 L each of 1.00 M Cu<sup>+2</sup> ion and 1.00 M Zn<sup>+2</sup> ion, after the passage of 0.1 × 10<sup>6</sup> coulombs of charge.

- 5. Attempt any two parts of choice from (a), (b) and (c). (10×2=20 Marks)
  - (a) Differentiate between the mechanism and stereochemistry of nucleophilic substitution  $(S_{N^1} \text{ and } S_{N^2})$  reactions with stereochemistry.
  - (b) (i) Explain Aromatic electrophilic substitution reaction with the mechanism of nitration.
    - (ii) Describe the structure of H<sub>2</sub>O and NH<sub>3</sub> molecules in terms of VSEPR theory. Explain the decrease in bond angle NH<sub>3</sub> to H<sub>2</sub>O.
  - (c) Define the terms Gross and Net Calorific value of a fuel. Calculate the GCV of the coal in Cal/gm, when tested in the laboratory for its calorific value in the bomb calorimeter, the following data were obtained:

Weight of coal burnt = 9.95 gm, weight of water taken = 500 gm, weight of water equivalent of bomb and calorimeter = 2000 gm, Rise in temperature = 2.48°C, Cooling Correction = 0.02°C, Fuse wire correction = 10 cal. Acid correction = 60 cal.