## MB-203(F3)

# M. B. A. (SECOND SEMESTER) MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION, April, 2023 CORPORATE TAX PLANNING

Time: 1½ Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

Note: (i) This question paper contains two Sections—Section A and Section B.

- (ii) Both Sections are compulsory.
- (iii) Answer any two sub-questions among
  (a), (b) and (c) in each main question
  of Section A. Each sub-question
  carries
  10 marks.
- (iv) Section B consisting of Case Study is compulsory. Section B is of 20 marks.

#### Section-A

1. (a) Income is assessed on the income of the previous year in the assessment year. State the exceptions to this rule. (CO1, CO2)

- (b) Explain in brief any three of the following terms: (CO1, CO2)
  Income, marginal relief, person, previous year, assessee.
- (c) What are the four sources that are required to be studied to understand the Income Tax Laws? (CO1, CO2)
- 2. (a) When is an individual said to be resident but not ordinarily resident in India? How is his taxable income calculated? (CO3)
  - (b) During the financial year 2022-23 Anil Kumar had the following income: (CO3)

#### Particulars ₹

- in India for services
  rendered in Hong
  Kong. 3,90,000
- (ii) Income from
  Profession in India, but
  received in Germany. 3,60,000
- (iii) Property Income in
  Uganda (₹ 2,40,000

  was remitted to India) 5,00,000

- (iv) Profits earned from business in Bangalore 1,50,000
- (v) Agricultural Income in Kenya 1,60,000
- (vi) Profits from a business
  carried on at Nepal but
  controlled from India. 2,20,000
  Compute the income of Anil Kumar for
  the assessment year 2023-2024 if the is:
  Resident and ordinarily resident.
- 3. (a) What is the treatment in Income Tax of income which is partially agricultural and partially from business? Explain with examples. (CO4)
  - (b) What is the annual value of a house property? How is it determined? What are the deductions allowed from annual value while calculating the taxable income from House Property? (CO4)

(c) R owns a house property which is purchased by him on 1.5.1979 for ₹ 3,00,000. The property was destroyed by fire on 3.04.2002 and R received a sum of ₹ 53,00,000 from insurance company during the year. The market value of the above property as on 1.04. was ₹ 16,00,000. Compute the capital gain for the assessment year 2023 -2024. (CO4)

(i) Resident but not ordinarily resident.

(ii) Non-Resident in India.

Calculate the tax liability of Mr. X having a Total Income of ₹ 1,60,00,000 in the assessment year 2023-24 by using old regime of taxation.

### Section—B

4. Case Study: (20 Marks) (CO5)

Ram is a pilot in Air India. He is in receipt of the following during the previous year 2022-2023:

1 Basic Salary ₹ 50,000 p.m.

2 Bonus 2 months of basic salary

3 Entertainment Allowance ₹ 11,500 p.m.

4 Uniform allowance (He ₹ 1,200 p.m. has spent ₹ 8,000 for purchase and maintenance of Uniform for official purpose)

5 He has been given ₹ 6,000 per month as allowance to meet personal expenses during the performance of his duties.

Compute his income under the head salary for the assessment year 2023-2024, if R:

- (a) Does not opt to be taxed under Section 115BAC
- (b) Opts to be taxed under Section 115BAC