

H

Roll No.

TCS-502/TIT-502

B. TECH. (CS/IT) (FIFTH SEMESTER) MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2019 DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS

Time : 1 : 30 Hours

Maximum Marks : 50

Note : (i) This question paper contains two Sections.

(ii) Both Sections are compulsory.

Section—A

1. Fill in the blanks/True-False : (1×5=5 Marks)

(a) Time complexity of Merge sort is given by $\Theta(\dots)$.

(b) If $T(n)=36 \cdot T(n/6)+n \cdot n \cdot \lg n$, then $T(n)=\Theta(\dots)$.

(c) If $T(n)=n^3 + \lg n^n + 2^{\lg n}$, then $T(n)=\Theta(\dots)$.

(d) Best case of Heap Sort when element of array is in decreasing order. (True/False)

- (e) Quick is better than merge sort in most of the cases according to time. (True/False)
2. Attempt any *five* parts : (3×5=15 Marks)
- Define term Algorithms with its property.
 - Give the Recurrence relation for Quick Sort in worst case and solve it.
 - Differentiate between divide and conquer and dynamic programming.
 - Design algorithm for Brute Force string matching for multiple occurrence.
 - Design algorithm for fractional knapsack problem.
 - Derive runtime complexity of Merge function used in Merge Sort.

Section—B

3. Attempt any *two* parts of choice from (a), (b) and (c). (5×2=10 Marks)
- Solve $T(n) = n * T(n - 1) + 1$ if $n > 1$ and $T(n) = 1$ if $n = 1$.
 - Find out runtime complexity of the following code (assume all variables as integer) :


```
for(i = n; i >= 1; i = i/2)
{for(j=1; j<=n; j++)
{p = q + r;}
}
```

(c) Explain Recursive Tree method with the help of example.

4. Attempt any *two* parts of choice from (a), (b) and (c). (5×2=10 Marks)

(a) Solve the following recurrence relation using Master's method :

(i) $T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n \cdot \lg n$

(ii) $T(n) = 24T(n/4) + n^2$

(b) Design the algorithm of selection sort for sorting numbers in the decreasing order and derive the Time Complexity for Worst Case.

(c) Give solution for the following fractional-Knapsack problem (Knapsack Size=32) :

Item	Cost	Weight
1	150	15
2	100	18
3	100	12
4	150	8

5. Attempt any *two* parts of choice from (a), (b) and (c). (5×2=10 Marks)

(a) Apply heap sort on the following sequence to sort and show intermediate steps :

32, 4, 11, 9, 5, 7, 3, 16

- (b) Design the algorithm of insertion sort for sorting number in decreasing order.
- (c) Arrange the following function $f(n)$, $g(n)$ and $h(n)$ into increasing order of their asymptotic growth :

$$f(n)=4^{(n \cdot \lg n)} + n^2 + 6$$

$$g(n)=n^3 + \lg(n!) + n$$

$$h(n)=\lg(n^n) + 8^{(\lg n)} + n$$