(ii) the IRR of each project.

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What are the project rankings on the basis of these two investment decision rules? Suppose that you are told that the firm's reinvestment rate is 12%. Which project should the firm choose? (CO5)

H Roll No.

BCH-202

B. COM. (H) (SECOND SEMESTER) MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION, April, 2023

BUSINESS FINANCE

Time: 11/2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

- Note: (i) Answer all the questions by choosing any one of the sub-questions.
 - (ii) Each sub-question carries 10 marks.
- 1. (a) "Financial management is in many ways an integral part of the jobs of the managers." Comment. (CO1)

OR

- (b) Discuss the concept of CAPM approach for calculating the value of equity. (CO1)
- 2. (a) Briefly explain and illustrate the concept of time 'value of money'. (CO2)

OR

- of wealth concept (b) Discuss the maximization goal. How is it superior to (CO2) profit maximization goal?
- 3. (a) Summarize the term Capital Budgeting. Explain different techniques of capital (CO3) budgeting.

OR

(b) The ABC company is planning to purchase a machine known as machine X. Machine X would cost \$25,000 and would have a useful life of 10 years with zero salvage value. The expected annual cash inflow of the machine is \$10,000. Compute payback period of machine X and conclude whether or not the machine would be purchased if the maximum desired payback period of ABC company (CO3) is 3 years.

4. (a) Evaluate the term risk and return. Also examine the relationship between risk and (CO4) return.

OR

- (b) A bond of ₹ 1,000 value carries a coupon rate of 10% and has a maturity period of 6 years. Interest is payable semi-annually. If the required rate of return is 12%, calculate the value of the bond. (CO4)
- 5. (a) Illustrate the concept of Capital Budgeting under Risk certainty using equivalent (CO5) approach.

OR

- (b) A firm has a capital budget of ₹ 100 which must be spent on one of two projects, each requiring a present outlay of ₹ 100. Project A yields a return of ₹ 120 after one year. Whereas project B yields ₹ 201.14 after 5 years. Calculate:
 - (i) the NPV of each project using a discount rate of 10%;

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