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Roll No. ....

## **MB-302 (F1)**

**M. B. A. (THIRD SEMESTER)  
END SEMESTER**

**EXAMINATION, Jan., 2023**

**INVESTMENT ANALYSIS AND PORTFOLIO  
MANAGEMENT**

**Time : 1½ Hours**

**Maximum Marks : 100**

**Note :** (i) This questions paper contains two sections—Section A and Section B.

(ii) Both Sections are compulsory.

(ii) Answer any *two* sub-questions among (a), (b) and (c) in each main question of Section A. Each question carries two marks.

(iii) Section B consisting of case study is compulsory. Section B is of 20 Marks.

**P. T. O.**

(2)

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1. (a) Describe the 'Modern Investment Value' and how are they different from 'Traditional Investment Avenues'. (CO1)
- (b) Discuss the history of NSE and BSE along with the current status of Indian Stock Market. (CO1)
- (c) (i) From the following data calculate estimated returns and estimated risk : (CO1)

Returns	Probability
10	20%
12	25%
16	35%

2. (a) Explain 'Fundamental Analysis' with its major features and merits. (CO2)
- (b) Describe 'Random Walk Hypothesis' in detail with its major critics. (CO2)
- (c) Explain 'Technical Analysis' along with any four major tools used in Technical Analysis. (CO2)

(3)

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3. (a) The prices of share of X Ltd. is currently Rs. 150. During the year X Ltd. paid a dividend of ₹ 5 to its shareholders. The required rate of is 14% and the dividends are expected to grow at 10% annually for next 3 years and at the rate of 6% thereafter. Calculate the value of the share and suggest whether an investor should buy the share or not with sufficient supportive explanation. (CO3)
- (b) X Ltd. issued 1,00,000; 9% debentures of ₹ 95 per share. The debentures have a maturity of 5 years after which they have to be redeemed at Rs. 105. If minimum required rate of return is 11%, calculate the value of bond. (CO3)
- (c) Analyse the concept of Immunization and Duration in valuation of securities. (CO3)
4. (a) Evaluate 'Arbitrage Pricing Theory' in detail. (CO4)
- (b) Estimate 'Capital Asset Pricing Model' in detail with its limitations. (CO4)

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- (c) An asset has a risk free rate of return @ 3%. It has a Beta of 0.8 and expected return from market is 11%. What should be its expected return? If Beta increases to 1.0, how will it affect the expected return? (CO4)

5. Case Study :

The following information relates to risk and returns of two portfolios :

Returns :	Portfolio 1	Portfolio 2
Asset 1	10%	12%
Asset 2	9%	12%
Asset 3	12%	15%
Risk :	Portfolio 1	Portfolio 2
Asset 1	9	9
Asset 2	16	100
Asset 3	25	25
Weights :	Portfolio 1	Portfolio 2
Asset 1	20%	30%
Asset 2	35%	30%
Asset 3	45%	40%

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The Risk free Rate of Return for Portfolio 1 is 5% and for Portfolio 2 is 7%.

Calculate Sharpe's Index to evaluate both the portfolios. Also use Treynor's Method to tell which portfolio is better.