## TMA-310

## B. Tech. (ECE) (Third Semester) End Semester EXAMINATION, 2017

ADVANCE ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS

Time: Three Hours ] [Maximum Marks: 100

Note: (i) This question paper contains five questions.

- (ii) All questions are compulsory.
- (iii) Instructions on how to attempt a question are mentioned against it.
- (iv) Total marks assigned to each question are twenty.
- 1. Attempt any two questions of choice from (a), (b) and (c). (2×10=20 Marks)
  - (a) Find the Fourier cosine transform of  $\frac{1}{1+x^2}$  and hence find Fourier sine transform of  $\frac{x}{1+x^2}$ .
  - (b) Find the inverse Z-transform of:

$$\frac{2z^2+3z}{(z+2)(z-4)}$$

TMA-310 (b) Find the residue function

 $f(z) = \frac{z^2}{(z+1)^2(z-2)}$  at its double pole.

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- (c) Show that the relation  $w = \frac{5-4z}{4z-2}$  transforms the circle |z|=1 into a circle of radius unity in the w-plane and find the centre of this circle.
- 4. Attempt any two questions of choice from (a), (b) and (c). (2×10=20 Marks)
  - (a) In a bolt factory, machines A, B and C manufacture respectively 25%, 35%, 40% of the total of their output 5%, 4%, 2% are defective bolts. A bolt is drawn at from the product and is found to be defective. What are the probability that is was manufactured by machines A, B and C?
  - (b) Let X is a normal variate with mean 30 and S.D. 5, find the probabilities that:
    - (i)  $26 \le X \le 40$
    - (ii) X ≥ 45
  - (c) Define Moment Generating Function (MGF) and find the MGF of discrete Poisson distribution.

- (c) Use Fourier sine transformation to solve the equation  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = 2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$  under the conditions:
  - (i) u(0, t) = 0
  - (ii)  $u(x, 0) = e^{-x}$
  - (iii) u(x, t) is bounded
- 2. Attempt any two questions of choice from (a), (b) (2×10=20 Marks)
  - (a) Show that the function f(z) is defined by:

$$f(z) = \begin{cases} e^{-z^{-4}}, & z \neq 0 \\ 0, & z = 0 \end{cases}$$

is not analytic at the origin even though it satisfies Cauchy-Riemann equation at the

- (b) Prove that  $u = x^4 + y^4 6x^2y^2$  is harmonic. Also find analytic function f(z) = u + iv in terms of z.
- (c) Evaluate the integral:

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\cos 3\theta}{5 - 4\cos \theta} d\theta$$

- 3. Attempt any two questions of choice from (a), (b) and (c). (2×10=20 Marks)
  - (a) Expand  $f(z) = \frac{1}{(z+1)(z+3)}$  in Laurent series valid for 1 < |z| < 3.

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- 5. Attempt any two questions of choice from (a), (b) and (c). (2×10=20 Marks)
  - (a) Fit a straight line to the following data by least square method:

x	<b>y</b> .
0	11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
1	1.8
2	3.3
3	4.5
4	6.3

(b) Obtain the line of regression of y on x from the following data:

, x	y
1.53	33.50
1.78	36.30
2.60	40.00
2.95	45.80
3.42	53.50

(c) Solve the equation  $x^4 - 6x^3 - 3x^2 + 22x - 6 = 0$  by Descartes' method.

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