

## Quizz 2 MA3.101: Linear Algebra Spring 2022

Indranil Chakrabarty

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Answer all questions: (Time - 45 mins) (Full Marks- 30)

1. Let  $Q$  be an orthogonal matrix, then show that
  - (i)  $Q^{-1}$  is orthogonal.
  - (ii)  $\det(Q) = \pm 1$ .
  - (iii) If  $\lambda$  is an eigenvalue of  $Q$ , then  $|\lambda| = 1$ .(6)
2. Prove that an orthogonal  $2 \times 2$  matrix must have the form,  
 $\begin{pmatrix} a & -b \\ b & a \end{pmatrix}$  or  $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ b & -a \end{pmatrix}$  where  $\begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix}$  is a unit vector. (4)
3. Let  $A$  be a nilpotent matrix (that is  $A^m = O$  for some  $m$ ). Show that  $\lambda = 0$  is the only eigen value of  $A$ . (2)
4. Let  $A$  be an idempotent matrix (that is  $A^2 = A$ ). Show that  $\lambda = 0$  and  $\lambda = 1$  are the only eigen value of  $A$ . (2)
5. Let  $v$  is an eigen vector of  $A$ , with corresponding eigen value  $\lambda$  and  $c$  is scalar. Show that  $v$  is an eigen vector of  $A - cI$  with corresponding eigen value  $\lambda - c$ . (2)
6. Compute the (a) characteristic polynomial, (b) the eigen values, (c) basis for each eigen space, (d) algebraic and geometric multiplicity of each eigen values, for the following matrix,  
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 3 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (4)
7. Apply Gram Schmidt process to find an orthogonal basis for the column spaces of the matrix  
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 5 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (4)

8. Suppose that  $u$ ,  $v$  and  $w$  are vectors in inner product space such that,  
 $\langle u, v \rangle = 1$ ,  $\langle u, w \rangle = 5$ ,  $\langle v, w \rangle = 0$ ,  $\|u\| = 1$ ,  $\|v\| = \sqrt{3}$ ,  $\|w\| = 2$ ,  
then evaluate the expressions,
- (i)  $\langle u + w, v - w \rangle$
  - (ii)  $\langle 2v - w, 3u + 2w \rangle$
  - (iii)  $\|u + v\|$
- (6)