Quiz 1

Alloted time: 45 minutes

Instructions:

- There are two questions with sub-parts, printed over two sides of a sheet.
- · Discussions amongst the students are not allowed. Any dishonesty shall be penalized heavily
- Be clear in your arguments. Vague arguments shall not be given full credit.
- 1. Consider a 5-bit floating-point representation based on the IEEE floating-point format, with one sign bit, two exponent bits (k = 2), and two fraction bits (n = 2).
 - (a) Compute the bias.
 - (b) Compute e, E, f, M and the fractional value for each of the following 5 bit floating point representations: 0 00 01, 0 00 11, 0 01 10, 1 01 11, 0 10 01 and 0 01 00.

e	:	The value represented by considering the exponent
		field to be an unsigned integer
E	;	The value of the exponent after biasing
f	:	The value of the fraction
M	:	The value of the significand
$2^E \times M$:	The (unreduced) fractional value of the number

(c) Compute the value of the smallest normalized number and the largest denormalized numbers under the given 5-bit floating point representation.

$$[2 + (6 \times 5 \times 0.5) + 3 \text{ marks}]$$

2. The following (uncommented) assembly code was modified from what was discussed in class.

.factorial:

cmp r0, 1 beq .return

bgt .continue

b .return

.continue:

sub sp, sp, 8
st r0, [sp]
st ra, 2[sp]

sub r0, r0, 1

call .factorial

ld r0, [sp]