

with Azure and .NET



Scaling and Performance Optimization

Maximizing Efficiency in Serverless Solutions







Scaling in Serverless

Concurrency Management

Provisioned Concurrency

Cold Starts







Optimizing Performance

Efficient Code Design

Resource Allocation Managing Dependencies

Data Handling

Monitoring and Logging

Cold Start Mitigation







Efficient Code Design

Lightweight Functions

Minimize Dependencies

Reduce Execution Time







Resource Allocation

Allocate appropriate memory and CPU

Balance performance and cost







Managing Dependencies

Bundle only necessary libraries

Use Dependency Injection







Data Handling

Optimize data retrieval and storage

Implement caching strategies

Prefer asynchronous processing







Monitoring and Logging

Use built-in monitoring tools

Implement structured logging







Cold Start Mitigation

Use provisioned concurrency

Leverage function warming strategies







Best Practices

Use Auto-Scaling Features

Test Thoroughly

Cost Management







Conclusion

 Scaling and performance optimization are key for fast, reliable, costeffective applications

Implement best practices for efficient serverless applications.







Event-Driven Mastery

Designing Flexible and Scalable Systems



