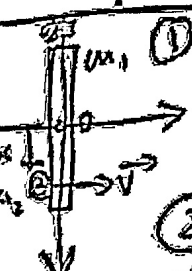

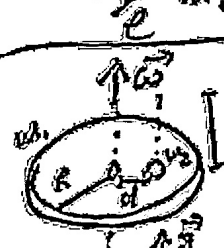
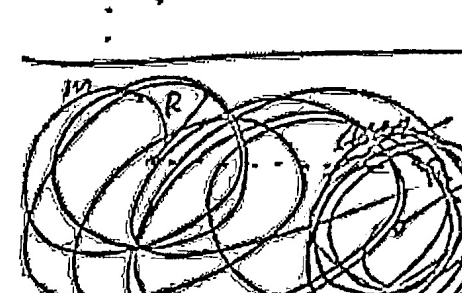


$m_1 = 9 \text{ kg}$ $m_2 = 1.5 \text{ kg}$ $\omega_0 = 4 \text{ rad/s}$
 Conservation of angular momentum
 $L_0 = I\omega_0 = \frac{m_1 r^2}{2} \omega_0 = L_1 = \frac{m_1 r^2}{2} \omega + m_2 r^2 \omega$
 $\frac{m_1 r^2 \omega_0}{2} = \frac{r^2}{2} \omega (m_1 + m_2)$ $\omega = \frac{m_1 \omega_0}{m_1 + 2m_2} = \frac{9 \cdot 4}{9 + 3} \text{ rad/s} = 4.5 \text{ rad/s}$



 ① $m_2 v = (m_1 + m_2) v_{cm}$ $v_{cm} = \frac{m_2}{m_1 + m_2} v$ ② $r_{cm} = \frac{x m_1/2}{m_1 + m_2}$
 $(x - r_{cm}) m_2 v = I \omega = \left(\frac{m_1 l^2}{12} + r_{cm}^2 m_1 + m_2 (x - r_{cm})^2 \right) \omega$ $\omega = \frac{(x - r_{cm}) m_2 v}{I}$
 ② $m_1 = m_2 = m$ $x = l$ $r_{cm} = \frac{l}{4}$ $v_{cm} = \frac{v}{2}$
 $\omega = \frac{r_{cm} v}{\frac{l^2}{12} + m r^2}$ $J = \Delta p = m \omega r - m v$


 $J_x = \Delta p_x = -m_2 v$
 $I \omega = I' \omega'$ $\frac{m_1 l^2}{12} \omega = \left(\frac{m_1 l^2}{12} + \frac{m_2 l^2}{4} \right) \omega'$ $\omega' = \frac{m_1 \omega}{m_1 + 3m_2}$
 $J_y = \Delta p_y = m_2 \omega' \frac{l}{2}$ $J = \sqrt{J_x^2 + J_y^2}$ $\theta = \arcsin \frac{J_y}{J}$


 $L \omega = I \omega'$ $\frac{1}{2} m_1 R^2 \omega = \left(\frac{1}{2} m_1 R^2 + m_2 d^2 \right) \omega'$ $\omega' = \frac{m_1 R^2 \omega}{m_1 R^2 + 2m_2 d^2}$
 $J_y = m_2 \sqrt{2gh}$ Impulse angular = $J \omega$


 1: $m, R, v \rightarrow \omega = 0$
 2: $m, R, v \rightarrow \omega = 0$
 12: $\omega_1 = \omega_2 = \omega, v_1 = v_2 = v$
 $m v = 2m v_{cm}$ $v_{cm} = \frac{v}{2}$
 $L_f = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} R m v = \frac{1}{2} R^2 \omega$ $\omega = \frac{v}{R}$
 Also: $L_i = R m v \sin \theta - I \omega = 0$ $\frac{1}{2} R m v \sin \theta = \frac{1}{2} R^2 \omega$
 $2R \sin \theta = R$ $\sin \theta = \frac{1}{2}$ $\theta = \frac{\pi}{6}$

$\frac{GM}{R^2} = \frac{v^2}{R}$ $T = \frac{2\pi R}{v}$ $T^2 = \frac{4\pi^2 R^3}{v^2} = \frac{4\pi^2}{GM} R^3$


 $P = m v_{cm} = 0$ $L = 3 R m v_m$
 $\frac{1}{2} m v^2 = \frac{GMm}{R^2} + \frac{2GMm^2}{(2R + m/2)^2} = \frac{GMm}{R^2} + \frac{2GMm^2}{3R^2}$ $v = \sqrt{\frac{GM}{R} \left(1 + \frac{4}{3} \right)}$
 $T = \frac{2\pi R}{v}$

$E_{p0} = \frac{1}{2} m v^2 = \frac{1}{2} m \left(\frac{GM}{R} \left(1 + \frac{4}{3} \right) \right)^2$ $m = \frac{Mm}{m+3M}$ $E_{p0} = 3 \frac{GMm}{R} = 3 \frac{GM^2}{(m+3M)R}$