SHANGHAITECH UNIVERSITY

CS240 Algorithm Design and Analysis Fall 2023 Problem Set 3

Due: 23:59, Dec. 12, 2023

- 1. Submit your solutions to Gradescope (www.gradescope.com).
- 2. In "Account Settings" of Gradescope, set your FULL NAME to your Chinese name and enter your STUDENT ID correctly.
- 3. If you want to submit a handwritten version, scan it clearly. Camscanner is recommended.
- 4. When submitting your homework, match each of your solution to the corresponding problem number.

Notice: When proving that a problem A is NP-complete, you need to strictly follow the below steps and explicitly state each part.

- \bullet Prove that A is in NP.
- Choose an NP-complete problem B. For any instance b of B, construct an instance a of problem A in polynomial time.
- ullet Prove that b has a solution if and only if a has a solution.

Problem 1:

NAE-4-SAT: A clause in an instance of 4-SAT is a disjunction with four literals i.e. $(x_1 \lor x_2 \lor x_3 \lor x_4)$. A satisfied assignment for a collection of clauses is called *not all equal* (NAE) if the literals in each clause are not all equal to each other. In other words, at least one false, and at least one true. Prove NAE-4-SAT is NP-complete, using a reduction from 3-SAT.

Problem 2:

 ${\bf NAE\text{-}3\text{-}SAT}:$ Prove NAE-3-SAT is NP-complete.

Problem 3:

4-SAT: Prove 4-SAT is NP-complete.

Problem 4:

Feedback Vertex Set problem Let G = (V, E) be a directed graph. A set $F \subseteq V$ is a *feedback vertex set* if every cycle of G contains at least one vertex from F. The *Feedback Vertex Set problem* asks whether G has a feedback vertex set with at most K vertices. Show that Feedback Vertex Set is NP-complete. (Hint: use Vertex Cover problem for reduction.)

Vertex Cover Problem

Given an undirected graph G' = (V', E') and a number K', the Vertex Cover problem asks if there is a vertex cover of size at most K', i.e., a subset of vertices $V'' \subseteq V'$ such that every edge in E' is incident to at least one vertex in V''.

Problem 5:

STINGY SAT is the following problem: given a set of clauses (each a disjunction of literals) and an integer k, find a satisfying assignment in which at most k variables a true, if such an assignment exists. Prove that STINGY SAT is NP-complete.

Problem 6:

Given a tree T, a set of terminal vertices, and an integer k, is there a set of at most k edges which, when removed from T, separates every pair of terminal vertices? Prove that this problem is NP-complete.