



Welcome to the

NEXTFLOW WORKSHOP

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Welcome to the **nextflow** workshop

- Understand Nextflow's basic concepts & syntax: channels, processes, modules, workflows, etc.
- Execute local and publicly available pipelines with different executors and environments
- Write and run Nextflow pipelines
- Write and modify config files for storing parameters related to computing hardware as well as pipeline dependent parameters

Results [pre-workshop survey](#).

Schedule

Schedule day 1:

- 9:30 - 11:00 - session
- 11:00 - 11:15 - break
- 11:15 - 12:45 - session
- 12:45 - 13:45 - lunch
- 13:45 - 15:15 - session
- 15:15 - 15:30 - break
- 15:30 - 17:00 - session

Schedule

Schedule day 2:

- 9:30 - 13:00 - project

Course materials

- Website: <https://nextflow-workshop.readthedocs.io/en/latest/>
- Course materials: <https://github.com/vibbits/nextflow-workshop.git>
- Technical setup: own installations vs Azure Labs
- Clone from GitHub:

```
git clone https://github.com/vibbits/nextflow-workshop.git
```

Overview:

- Introduction
- Basic concepts: processes, channels and operators
- Creating our first Nextflow script(s)
- Managing configurations: parameters, portability, execution
- Creating reports

1. Building blocks

In the first chapter we will elaborate on how Nextflow is designed, its advantages and disadvantages, the basic components, etc.

Bash scripts

```
#!/bin/bash

...

# Download each fasta read sequence file into the directory
for file in $LIST; do
    echo "Downloading $file"
    wget -P ../data -np ${rawdataalink}/${file}
done

...
```


Workflow managers

“ **Nextflow** is a reactive workflow framework and a programming Domain Specific Language that eases the writing of data-intensive computational pipelines. ”



Alternatives: [link](#)

Why Nextflow?

- Parallelization
- Scalability
- Portability
- Reproducible
- Continuous checkpoints
- Modularity
- Community

Why not?

- Syntax of the Groovy language, yet another language
- Flexibility also comes with cost of complexity
- Nitpicking details in failure of scripts

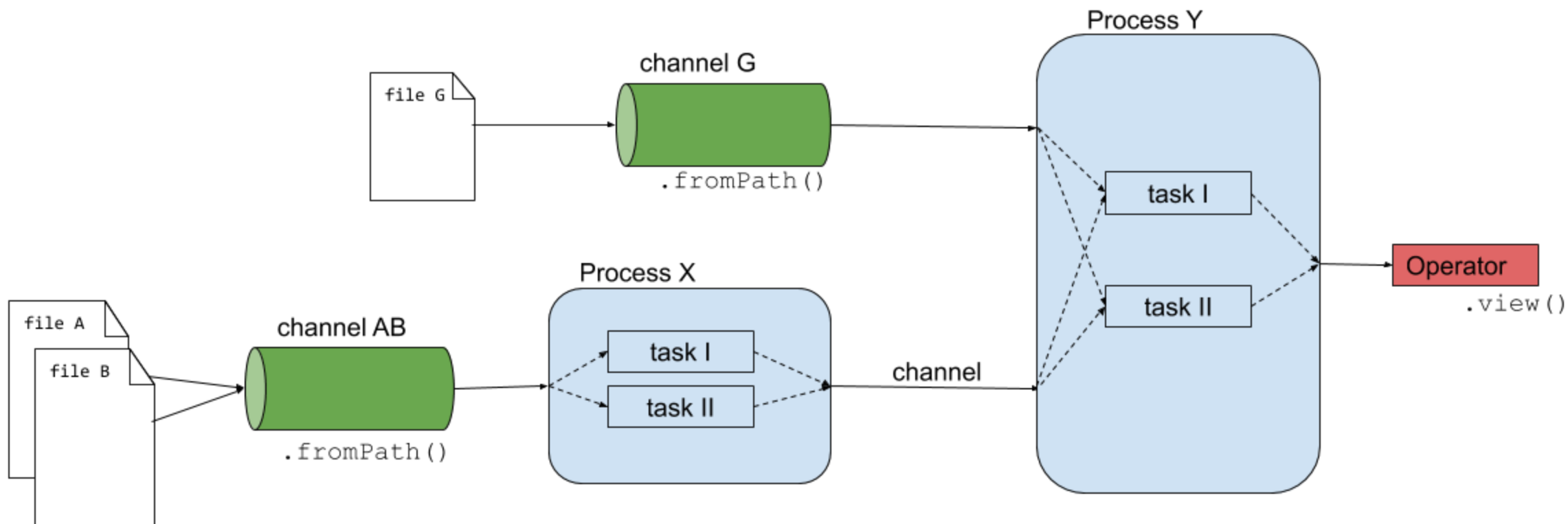
Interact with Nextflow:

```
nextflow [options] COMMAND [arg...]
```

E.g.:

```
nextflow run hello
```

2. Basic concepts



```
#!/usr/bin/env nextflow
nextflow.enable.dsl=2

// Creating channels
numbers_ch = Channel.from(1,2,3)
strings_ch = Channel.from('a','b')

// Defining the process that is executed
process valuesToFile {
    input:
    val nums
    val strs

    output:
    path 'result.txt'

    """
    echo $nums and $strs > result.txt
    """
}

// Running a workflow with the defined processes
workflow{
    valuesToFile(numbers_ch, strings_ch)
}
```

2.1 Channels

```
# Channel consisting of strings
strings_ch = Channel.from('This', 'is', 'a', 'channel')

# Channel consisting of a single file
file_ch = Channel.fromPath('data/sequencefile.fastq')

# Channel consisting of multiple files by using a wildcard *
multfiles_ch = Channel.fromPath('data/*.fastq')
```

Further reading: [Nextflow's documentation](#).

2.2 Operators

- `collect`: e.g. when using a channel consisting of multiple independent files (e.g. fastq-files)

```
Channel  
  .from( 1, 2, 3, 4 )  
  .collect()  
  .view()
```

```
# outputs  
[1,2,3,4]
```

Further reading: [Nextflow's documentation](#)

- `mix`: e.g. when assembling items from multiple channels into one channel for a next process (e.g. `multiqc`)

```
c1 = Channel.from( 1,2,3 )  
c2 = Channel.from( 'a','b' )  
c3 = Channel.from( 'z' )
```

```
c1 .mix(c2,c3)
```

```
# outputs
```

```
1
```

```
2
```

```
3
```

```
'a'
```

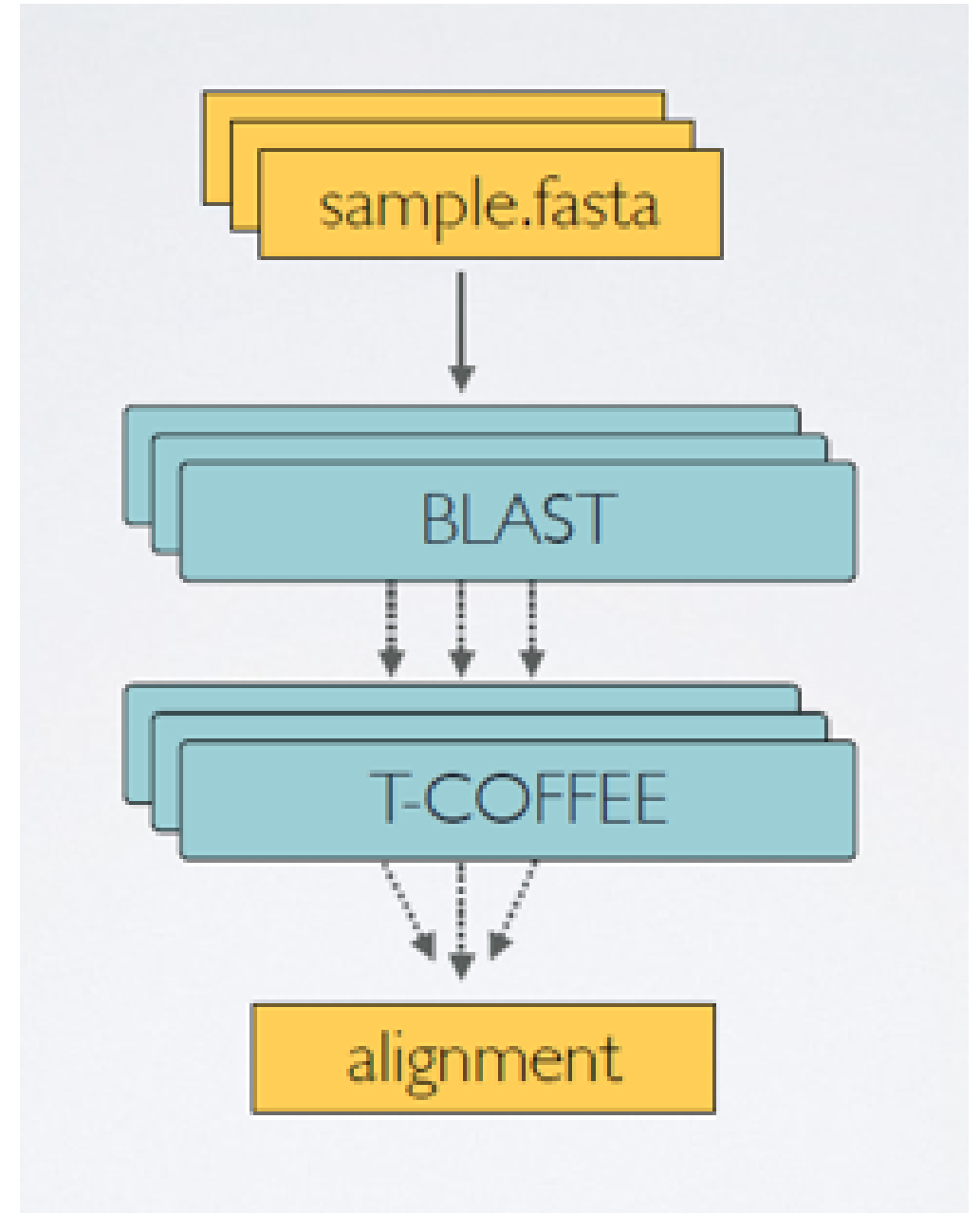
```
'b'
```

```
'z'
```

2.3 Processes

```
process < name > {  
    [ directives ]  
  
    input:  
        < process inputs >  
  
    output:  
        < process outputs >  
  
    when:  
        < condition >  
  
    [script|shell|exec]:  
        < user script to be executed >  
}
```

- Executed independently
- Isolated from any other process
- FIFO queues



Examples in the course materials:

- `valuesToFile`
- `fastqc`
- `salmon_quant`
- `trimmomatic`

FIFO-principle

```
nextflow run 02-basic-consepts/fifo.nf
```

```
N E X T F L O W ~ version 20.07.1
Launching `02-basic-concepts/fifo.nf` [nauseous_mahavira] - revision: a71d904cf6
[-          ] process > whosfirst [ 0%] 0 of 2
This is job number 6
This is job number 3
This is job number 7
This is job number 8
...
This is job number 2
This is job number 9
executor > local (10)
[4b/aff57f] process > whosfirst (10) [100%] 10 of 10
```

A script, as part of the process, can be written in any language (bash, Python, Perl, Ruby, etc.). This allows to add self-written scripts in the pipeline.

```
#!/usr/bin/env nextflow

process python {

    """
    #!/usr/bin/python3

    firstWord = 'hello'
    secondWord = 'folks'
    print(f'{firstWord} {secondWord}')
    """

}
```

2.4 Workflows

```
workflow{  
    trimmomatic(reads)  
}
```

```
workflow {  
    trimmomatic(reads)  
    fastqc(trimmomatic.out.trim_fq)  
}
```

2.5 Executing pipelines

```
nextflow run firstscript.nf
```

```
N E X T F L O W ~ version 20.07.1
Launching `02-basic-concepts/firstscript.nf` [elegant_curie] - revision: 9f886cc00a
executor > local (2)
[5e/195314] process > valuesToFile (2) [100%] 2 of 2 ✓
results file: /path/to/work/51/7023ee62af2cb4fdd9ef654265506a/result.txt
results file: /path/to/work/5e/195314955591a705e5af3c3ed0bd5a/result.txt
```


Besides the output, also a bunch of hidden `.command.*` files are present:

```
- .command.begin*  
- .command.err*  
- .command.log*  
- .command.out*  
- .command.run*  
- .command.sh*  
- .exitcode*
```

Parameters

- Nextflow related parameters
 - Predefined in Nextflow's language
 - Set with single dash and define something about the execution:

```
nextflow run <pipeline.nf> -bg -resume -with-report
```

- Pipeline parameters:
 - Manually and specifically created for a given pipeline
 - `params.reads = ''` in the pipeline script or config file
 - Overwritten on runtime with double dashes

```
nextflow run <pipeline.nf> --reads 'read.fq'
```

Publicly available pipelines

- Some curated nextflow pipelines are available on [awesome-nextflow](#).
- Pipelines from the [nf-core community](#).
- Pipelines from [WorkflowHub](#) (this is a currently ongoing effort).

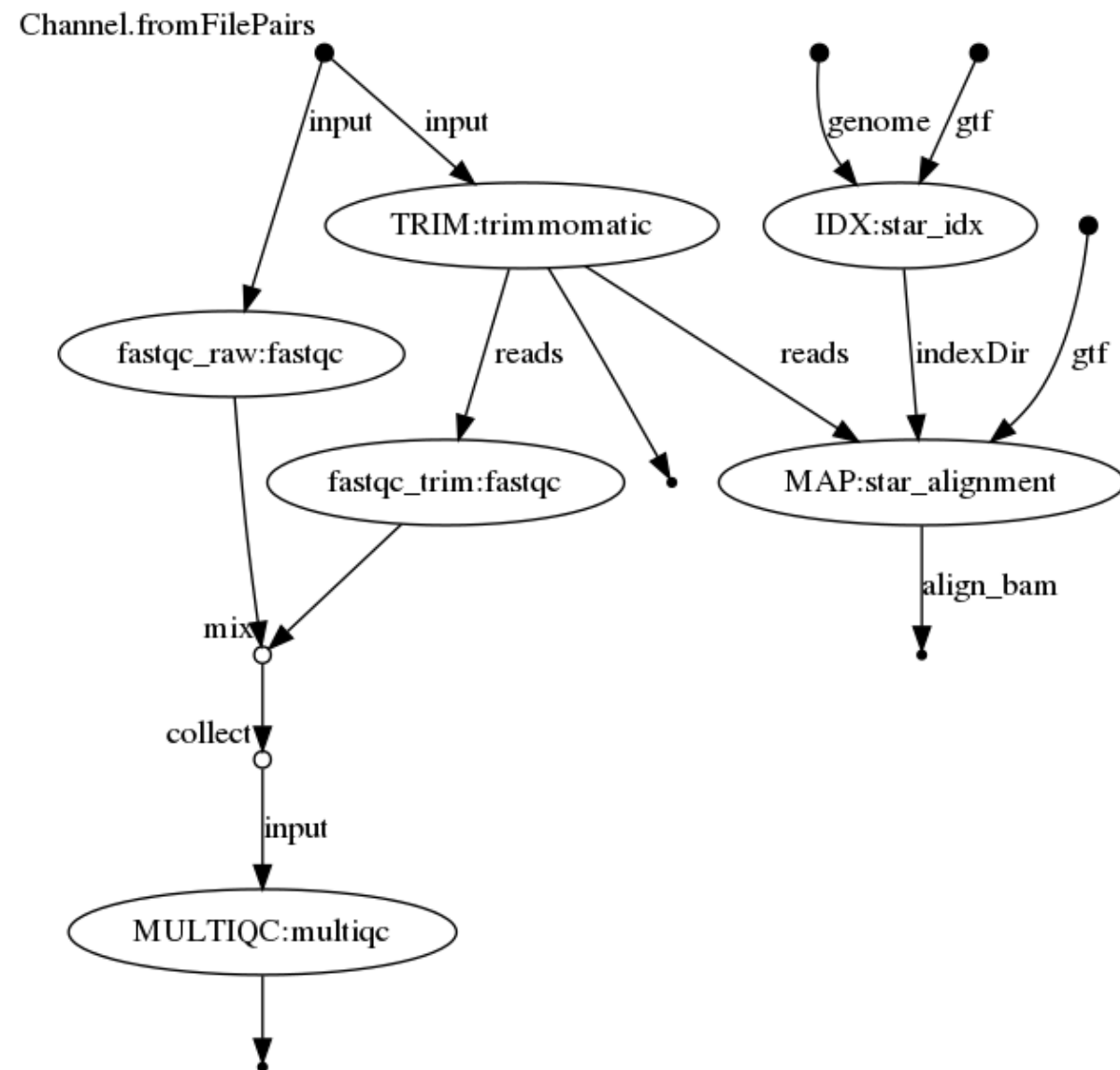
Importing a pipeline

```
nextflow [run/pull/clone] nextflow-io/rnaseq-nf
```

```
nextflow run nextflow-io/rnaseq-nf -r [v1.2/master/98ffd10a76]  
nextflow pull nextflow-io/rnaseq-nf  
nextflow clone nextflow-io/rnaseq-nf target-dir
```

More information: [here](#)

3. Creating our first pipeline



4. Managing configurations

- Configuration files (parameters, labels, etc.)
- Portability & reproducibility
- Executors

Configuration files

- Pipeline configuration properties are defined in `nextflow.config`
- Technical parameters:
 - Executor, CPUs, memory, containers etc.
- Pipeline specific parameters:
 - Input files, process related parameters (e.g. trimmomatic or STAR)
- Make pipelines more modular.

The parameters can be defined with `params.<name> = <value>` or join them all in one long list as such:

```
params.reads = "$launchDir/data/*{1,2}.fq.gz"

params.refdir = "/path/to/references"
params.genome = "${refdir}/Drosophila_melanogaster.BDGP6.dna.fa"
params.gtf = "${refdir}/Drosophila_melanogaster.BDGP6.85.sample.gtf"
```

```
// Define project parameters needed for running the pipeline
params {
    // General parameters
    projdir = "/path/to/data"
    refdir = "/path/to/references"
    outdir = "/path/to/data-analysis"

    // Reference genome and annotation files
    genome = "${refdir}/Drosophila_melanogaster.BDGP6.dna.fa"
    gtf = "${refdir}/Drosophila_melanogaster.BDGP6.85.sample.gtf"

    // Input parameters
    reads = "${projdir}/*{1,2}.fq.gz"

    ...
}
```

- Separate analysis parameters in a separate file

```
includeConfig "/path/to/params.config"
```

Technical parameters (local executor):

```
process {  
    memory='1G'  
    cpus='1'  
}
```

```
// Define technical resources below:
process {
  withLabel: 'low' {
    memory='1G'
    cpus='1'
    time='6h'
  }
  withLabel: 'med' {
    memory='2G'
    cpus='2'
  }
  withLabel: 'high' {
    memory = '8G'
    cpus='8'
  }
}
```

Executors ([example](#)):

Schedulers



LSF

Platform Load Sharing
Facility



Cloud platforms



Portability & reproducibility

- Support for Conda, Docker & Singularity

How to execute pipelines with containers:

- Run pipeline with Docker container:

```
nextflow run example.nf -with-docker [docker image]
```

- Or add the following to `nextflow.config` -file:

```
process.container = 'vibbioinfocore/analysispipeline:latest'  
docker.enabled = true
```

Note: to set the correct user- and group-settings:

```
docker.runOptions = '-u \$(id -u):\$(id -g)'
```


What could go wrong in this situation?

A more modular approach:

Define the containers in the process directives:

```
process quality-control {  
    container 'biocontainers/fastqc:v0.11.9_cv7'  
  
    ...  
}
```

- Run pipeline with Singularity image:

```
nextflow run example.nf -with-singularity [singularity-image-file]
```

Or extend `nextflow.config`-file with:

```
singularity.cacheDir = "/path/to/singularity" // centralised caching directory  
process.container = 'singularity.img'        // define the image  
singularity.enabled = true                   // enable running with singularity
```

Profiles allow to execute a pipeline with a number of parameters defined in `profiles`:

- Locally with conda:

```
nextflow run main.nf -profile standard,conda
```

- Locally with docker:

```
nextflow run main.nf -profile standard,docker
```

- On Microsoft Azure with Docker:

```
nextflow run main.nf -profile azure,docker
```

5. Creating reports

- Workflow report (html): `-with-report`
- DAG: visualization of the pipeline: `-with-dag <filename.PNG>`
- Tower: `-with-tower`

Questions

Further reading & references:

- Nextflow's official documentation ([link](#))
- Reach out to the community on Gitter ([link](#))
- Curated collection of patterns ([link](#))
- Workshop focused on DSL2 developed by CRG Bioinformatics Core ([link](#))
- Tutorial exercises (DSL1) developed by Seqera ([link](#))
- Curated ready-to-use analysis pipelines by NF-core ([link](#))
- Model example pipeline on Variant Calling Analysis with NGS RNA-Seq data developed by CRG ([link](#))