

# CRT-AI Constraint Week 2025 - Programming Challenge

Helmut Simonis

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## Abstract

This document describes the Challenge Problem for the CRT-AI Constraint Week 2025, the annual training course for Irish PhD students in AI held at UCC in Cork. The challenge will be presented in steps, the initial problem will be presented on Monday, with possible extensions being presented on Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday. The problem looks at the current work on extending the local railway services in Cork, and considers the allocation of train crew for these services.

## 1 Introduction

Rail transport is an important part of public transport for any urban area, and can play a major role in decreasing the number of car journeys that are undertaken in a city. In this project we want to understand the problem of train crew allocation for a train network, and see how future service changes will affect the resource requirements. Understanding these staffing requirements is an important part of planning any future network extension.

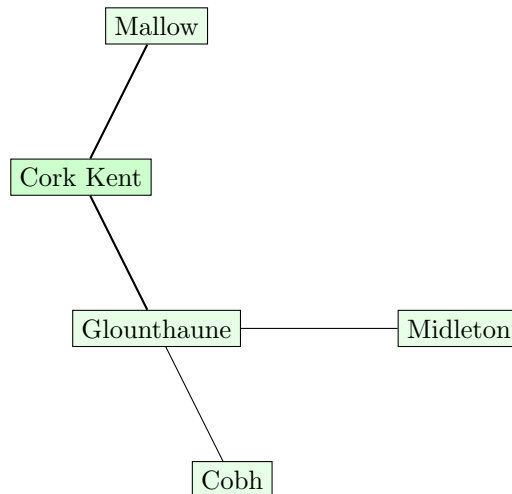


Figure 1: Cork Area Train Network

We start with the current network, we want to know how many trains and drivers are required to perform the current services, so that we have a baseline to compare any future scenario.

Figure 1 shows the current commuter rail network in the Cork area. The main station is Cork Kent, in Cork city, which is connected to the north with Mallow, and to the south-east to Midleton and Cobh. The lines to Cobh and Midleton share a double-tracked section from Cork to Glounthaune, while the section from Glounthaune to Midleton currently is single-tracked. On the double-tracked parts, trains in opposite directions can pass each other, on a single-tracked line only one train in one direction can run at any one time.

Work is underway to double-track the line to Midleton, Figure 2 shows an aerial shot from a video by youtube videographer DroneHawk documenting the current work.



Figure 2: Double Tracking the Cork-Midleton Line (Youtube video by DroneHawk <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t2owkfWuaS8>)

In order to understand the scheduling of the line, we want to perform the train crew allocation for a typical working day (Monday to Friday) for the network. Each train is operated by a single driver, who takes the train from Cork Kent to one of the endpoints, and back again. The driver may then continue with the same train, or switch to another train. Their shift starts with the departure of the first train they operate, and ends with the arrival back in Cork Kent of the last train they operate.

The working time for train drivers is limited to nine hours per day, the daily driving time is limited to seven hours. The start and end times for each driver will be different, and are not linked to any generic start or end times for shifts, in order to cover the required work from early in morning to late in the evening.

We assume that all drivers are qualified to operate all trains over all lines.

In this simplified study we only consider a single day of operation, there is a secondary rostering task which deals with the allocation of drivers to work

In a more complex network, we may also have to consider that drivers can change trains not only in a central hub, but at other locations in the network as well. The Cork network is sufficiently simple so that we do not have to consider this.

Figure 3 shows the start of the current time table for the Cork train operations, the full timetable is found at <https://www.irishrail.ie/en-ie/train-timetables/timetables-by-route>.

[illegible]

```
1 include "globals.mzn";
2
3 int:nrTrips;
4 int:workingTimeLimit;
5 int:drivingTimeLimit;
6
7 type Trip = record(string:destination,
8                     int:nr,
9                     int:departure,
10                    int:arrival,
11                    int:duration,
12                    int:drivingTime);
13 array[1..nrTrips] of Trip:trips;
```

The data file has the name `monday.mzn`.

## 2.1 Questions

In order to cover a normal Monday-Friday working day, how many drivers must be available on each day?

How many trains will be required to operate the services?

Is there a simple way to estimate how many drivers will be required in the best case, without solving a complete optimisation problem?

## 2.2 Bonus Question

(Only work on this if you have already found an answer to the main questions.)

Minimising the number of train drivers is the main objective of this optimisation problem, but there are many other criteria that can be used to say that one schedule is better than another. What would be your second objective to select the "best" amongst all possible schedules?