

Capstone Project: Healthcare Attrition Analysis

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As an incoming data scientist on MedicalMatch's product solutions team, my objective is to analyze healthcare attrition data to identify key trends and at-risk groups. By quantifying the financial impact of attrition on hospitals, clinics and nursing homes, I will provide critical insights that with empower our marketing team to develop targeted campaigns enhancing retention and operational efficiency in the healthcare sector.



**Problem:** Healthcare Facilities are understaffed and clinicians are burnt out. Resignations have increased 66% in the last 3 years and there is a projected shortfall of 3.2 Million workers by 2026



Ratio of labor costs to total facility expenses



Cost to facilities to hire and onboard new clinicians



Clinicians that report a "high level" of burnout.

62%

CNA: \$16,000

RN: \$56,000

**Doctor: \$500k- \$1M** 

46%



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Data Collection and Cleaning

# **Exploratory Data**Analysis

Model Building & Scoring Metrics

Conclusions and Recommendation

#### **Data Source:**

Excel Bi Analytics

#### **Data Info:**

Rows: 60,000 Columns: 25

#### **Data Cleaning:**

Research & customize healthcare specific feature ratios.

#### **EDA Goals:**

- Identify key trends and at-risk groups.
- Quantify the financial impact of attrition on the market to develop a targeted marketing strategy.

#### **Model Type:**

This is a binary classification problem. All classification models will be tested.

# Model Performance <u>Criteria:</u>

- False Negatives will contribute to high attrition costs.
- Recall will be our performance metric

No spoilers folks!
You'll have to wait
until the end of the
show to find out



#### **Age Categories:**

1: >30 yrs

2: 30-34 yrs

3: 35-39 yrs

4: 40-44 yrs

5: 45-49 yrs

6: 50-54 yrs

7: 55-59 yrs

8: 60-64 yrs

9: 65+ yrs

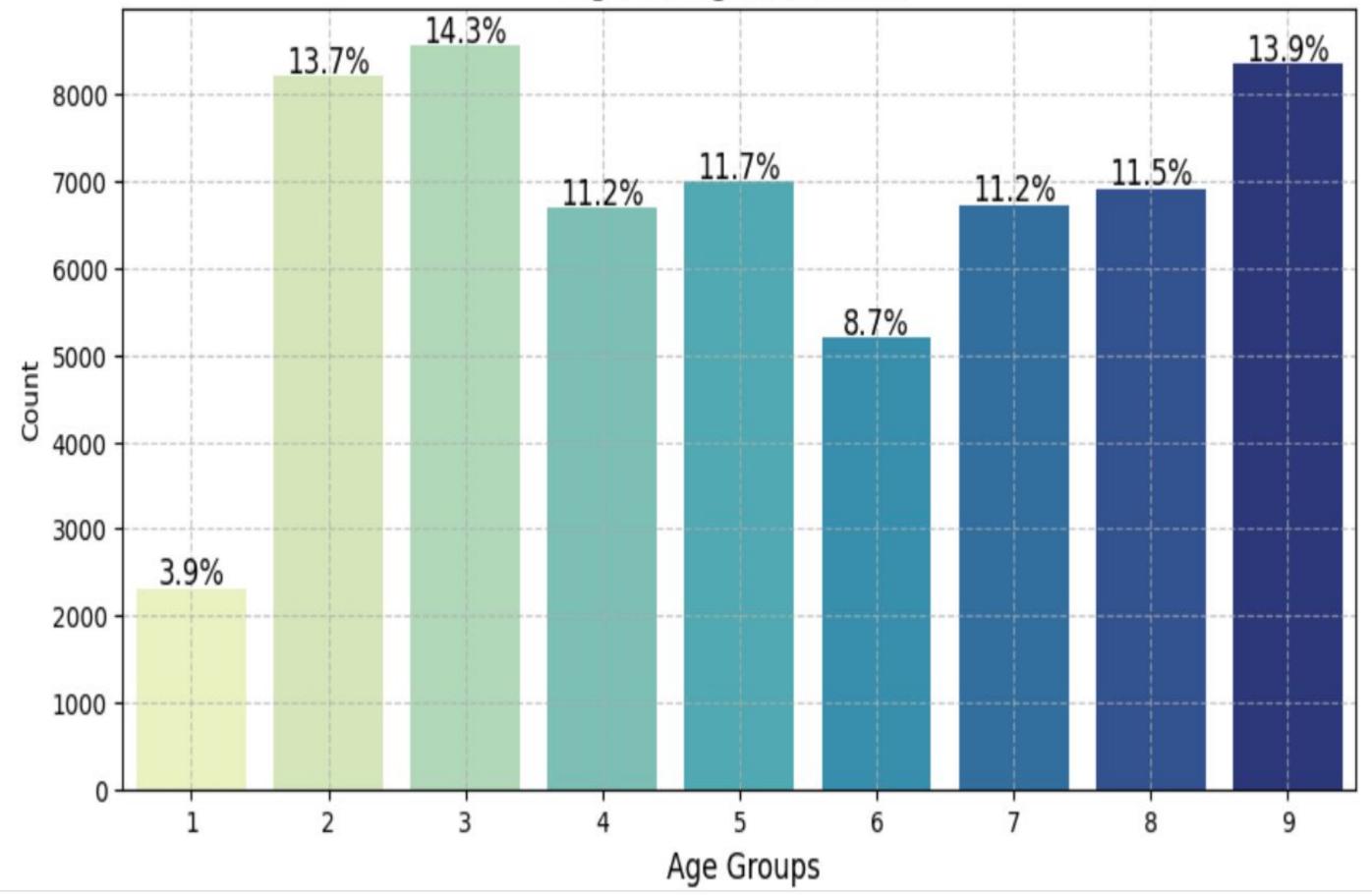
#### **Observations:**

- 36% of the workforce is 55+ yrs old.

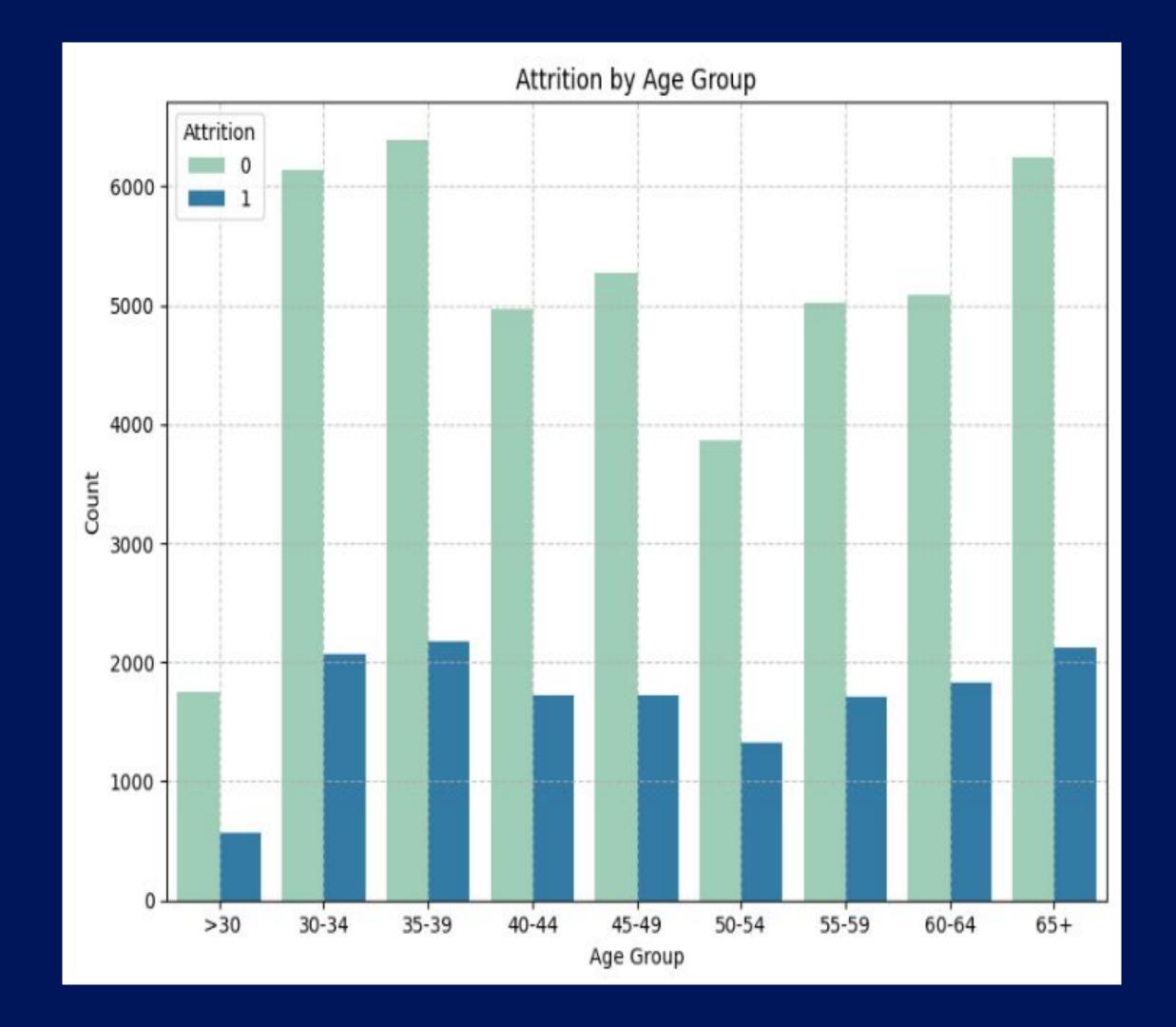
- 25.4% are 60+

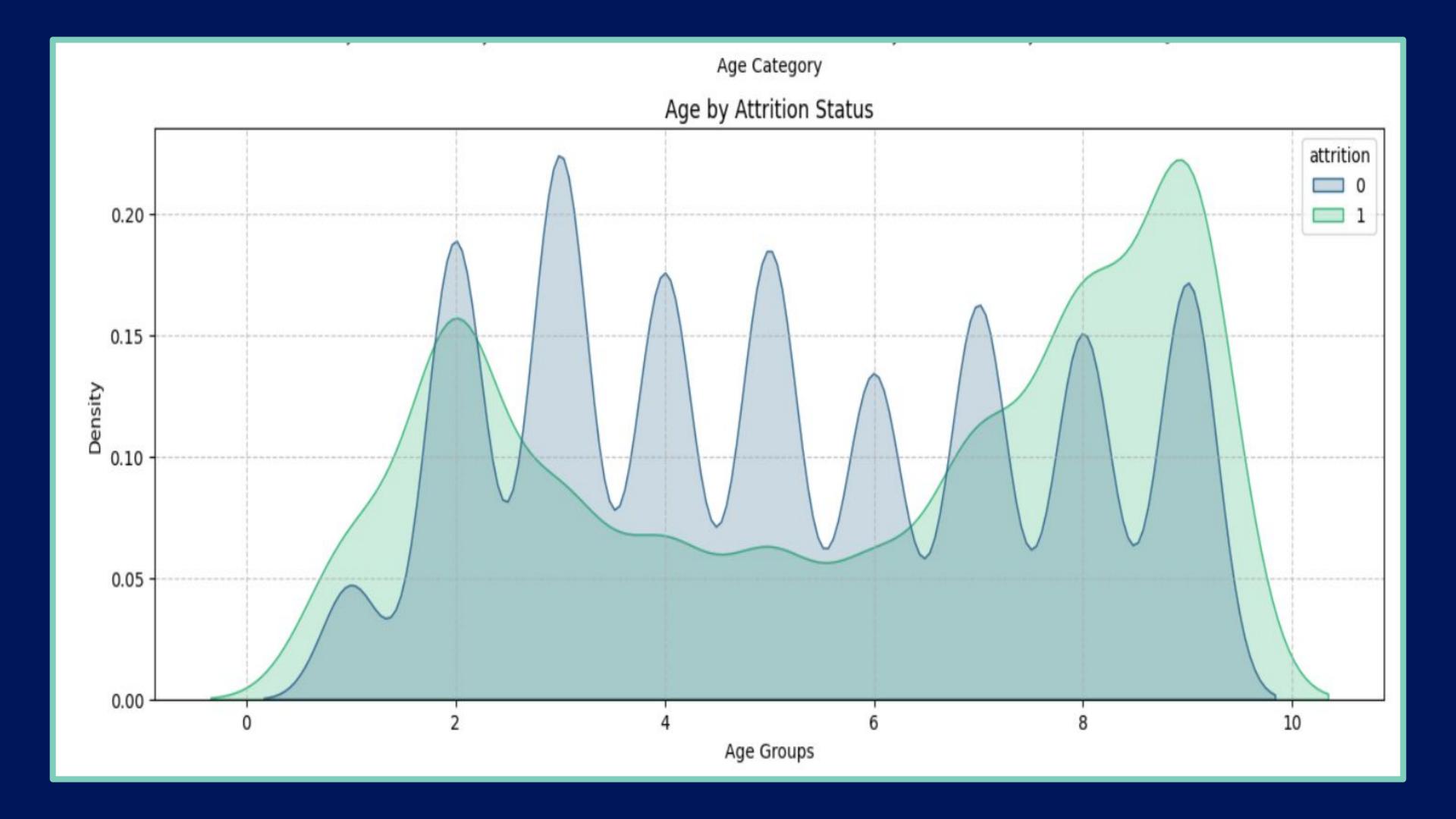






attrition	0	1
age		
1	69.542709	30.457291
2	78.909578	21.090422
3	89.809735	10.190265
4	89.907435	10.092565
5	90.810347	9.189653
6	88.514813	11.485187
7	82.909793	17.090207
8	74.710816	25.289184
9	70.502392	29.497608





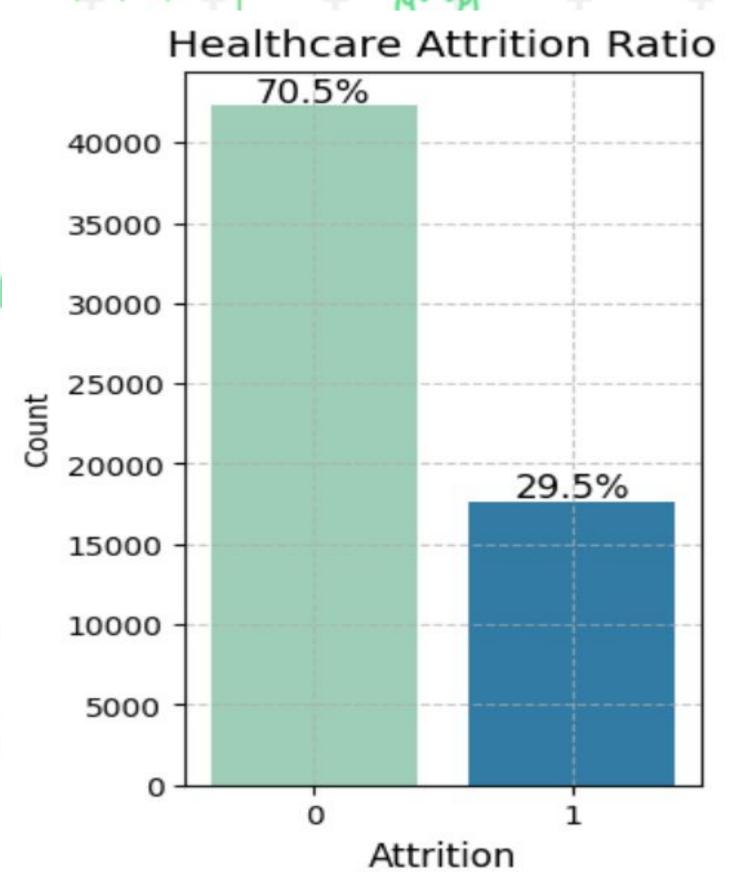


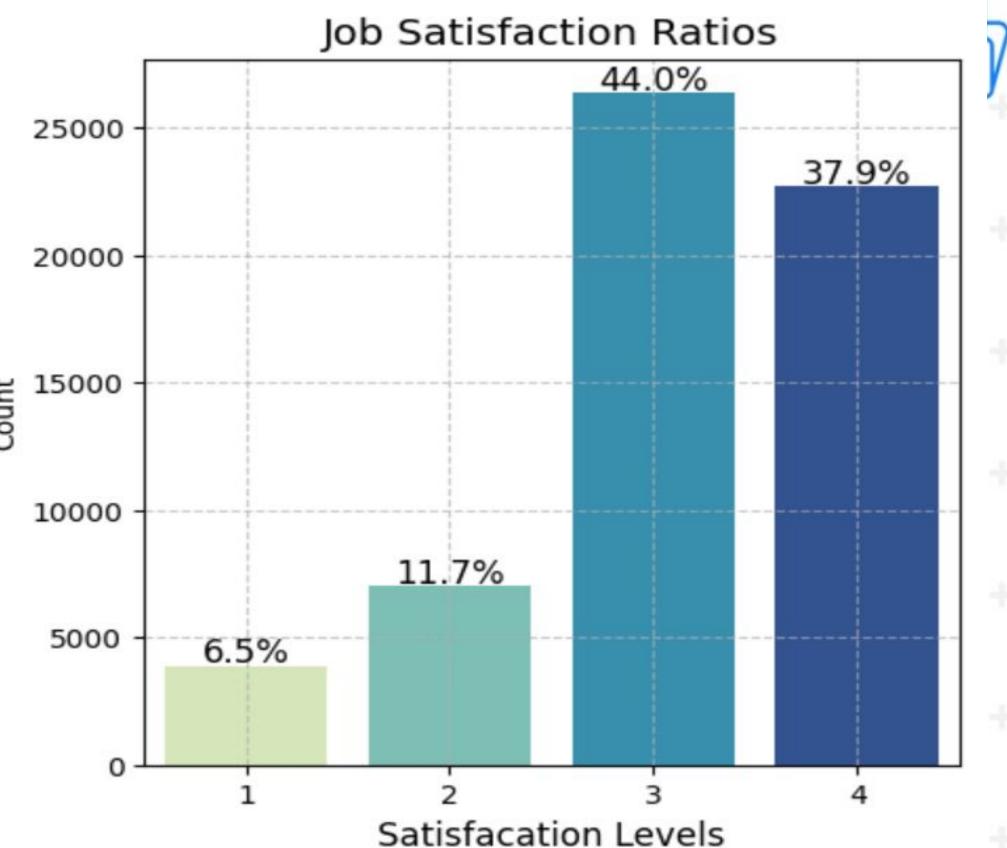
### Welcome To The Great Healthcare Paradox











## **Work Life Balance Impact**





#### **WLB Values**

1: Poor

2: Moderate

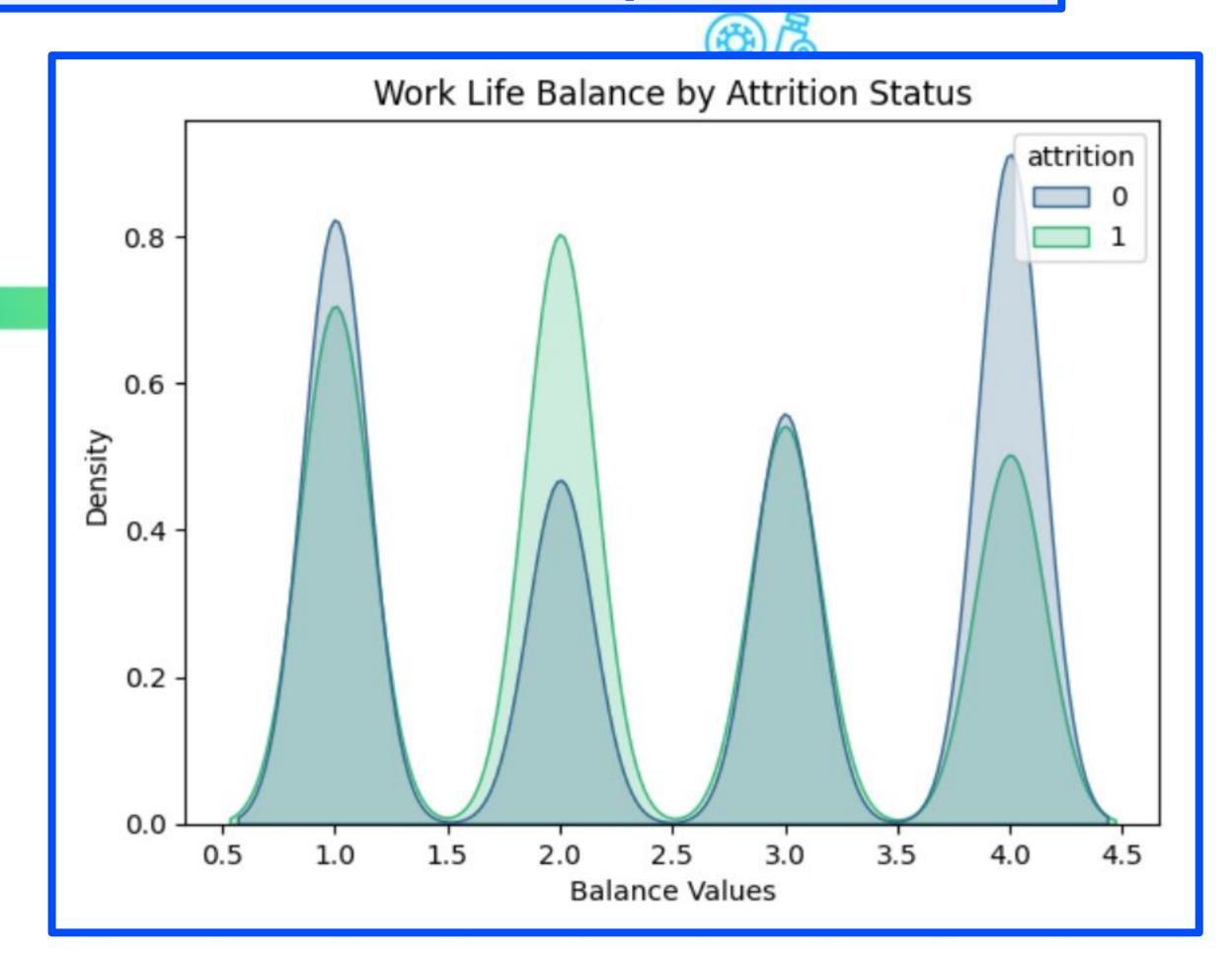
3: Good

4: Excellent

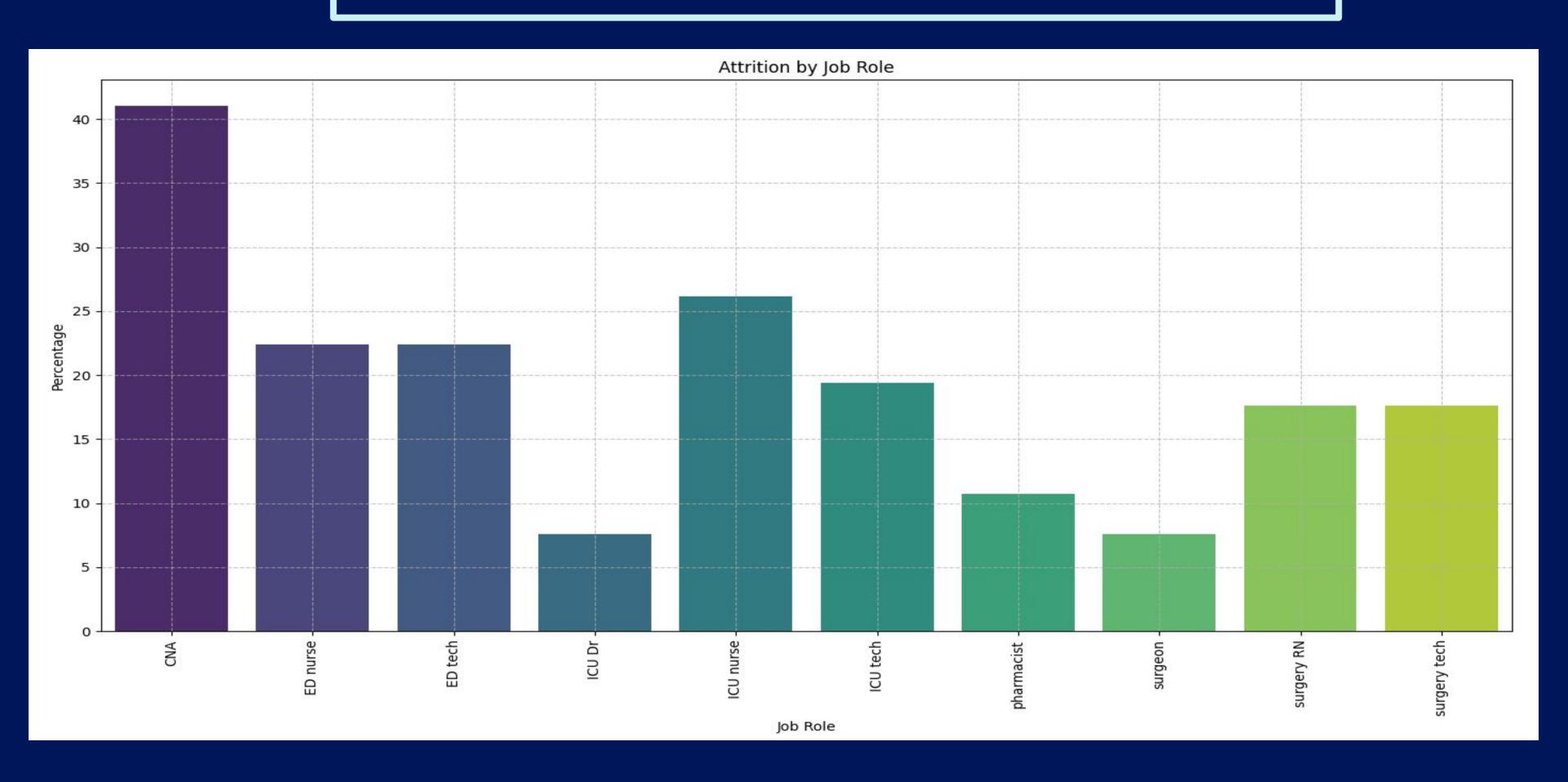
#### **Attrition Impact**

1: 8% more likely

2: 12% more likely



# Attrition by Job role

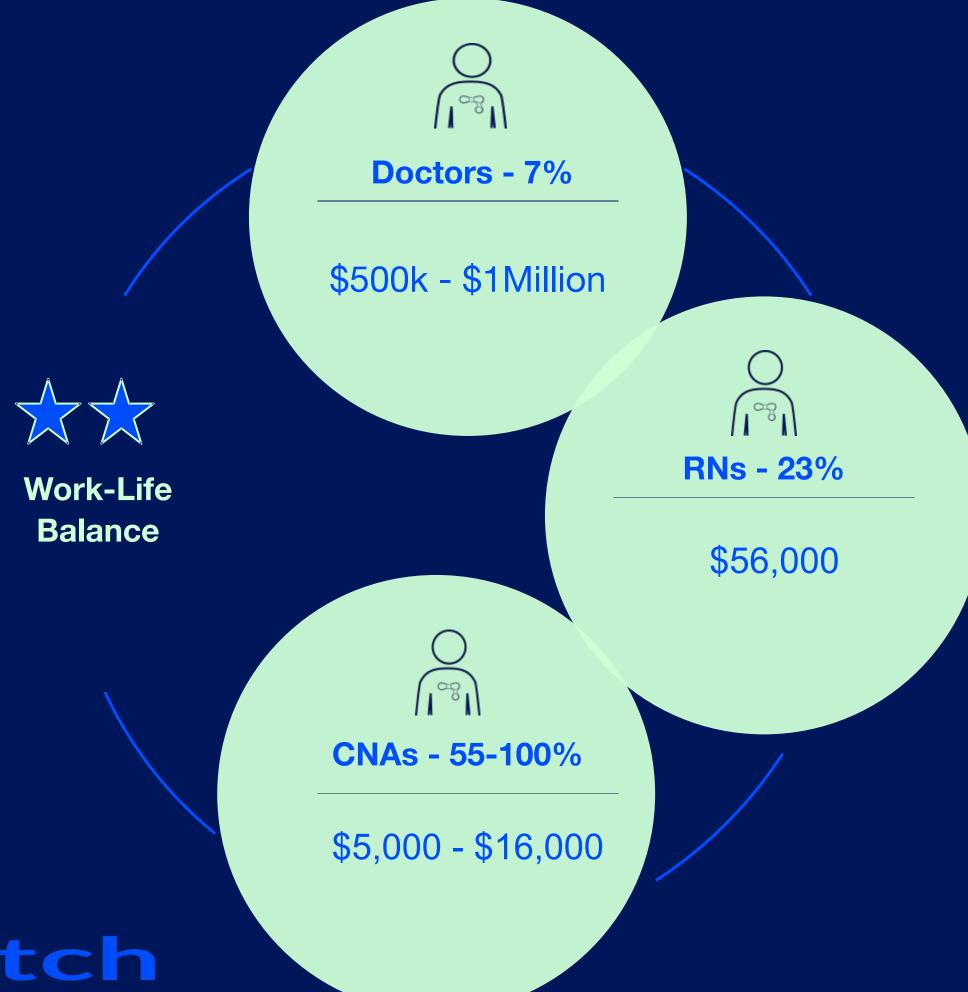


### **Attrition Cost by Job Role**

- Reducing MD attrition by .5% would save US hospitals \$250 - 500 billion dollars.
- For every 20 Travel Nurses eliminated, the average hospital could save \$2 Million Dollars per year.

#### **Recommendations:**

- Nursing homes would benefit greatly from MedicalMatch's staffing solutions as they have the highest ratio of CNA's
- West, North-East and North-Central Regions have the highest Recruitment Difficulty Index.
   Those states would benefit greatly from the flexibility and work-life balance that MedicalMatch's platform facilitates





MedicalMatch

# Classification Models Tested and Performance

Models tested: Bagging, RF, GBC, Adaboost, Dtree, XGBoost, Logistic Regression, ANN



Round 1:

I ran each model
w/out tuning to get
baseline performance



Round 2: Oversampling with SMOTE



Round 3: Random Undersampling



Round: 4
Multiple ANNs
w/dropout, Relu/Sig
Adam

As expected with an imbalance dataset and no tuning

Dtree and RF overfit on training and tanked on testing.

Tree based models had Recall Scores of 72-75%

ANNs performed better out the gate with train/test performance 80-82%/

