

Arrays, Pointers, and Struct

Yaping Jing

CS270 – Computer Science II

Pass by Reference

```
void getOrder(int &donuts) {  
    cout << "How_many_doughnuts_do_you_want?_";  
    cin >> donuts;  
}  
  
int jellyDonuts;  
getOrder(jellyDonuts);
```

How Arrays Are Passed

```
int sumup(int tmp[], int size){
    int sum = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i<size; i++){
        sum+= tmp[i];
    }
    return sum;
}

int foo[5] = {53, 85, 100, 102, 103};
cout << sumup(foo, 5) << endl;
```

Pointers

```
int x = 25;
```

```
int *intptr = &x;
```

```
cout << *intptr << endl;
```

```
cout << intptr << endl;
```

Arrays and Pointers

```
int foo[8] = {92, 85, 75, 88, 79 };
```

Arrays and Pointers

```
int foo[8] = {92, 85, 75, 88, 79 };  
int *bar = foo;    // bar points to foo[0]
```

Arrays and Pointers

```
int foo[8] = {92, 85, 75, 88, 79 };  
int *bar = foo;    // bar points to foo[0]  
cout << *bar;      // print out foo[0]  
cout << bar[0];     // print out foo[0]
```

Arrays and Pointers

```
int foo[8] = {92, 85, 75, 88, 79 };  
int *bar = foo;    // bar points to foo[0]  
cout << *bar;      // print out foo[0]  
cout << bar[0];     // print out foo[0]  
cout << foo[1];
```


Arrays and Pointers

```
int foo[8] = {92, 85, 75, 88, 79 };  
int *bar = foo;    // bar points to foo[0]  
cout << *bar;      // print out foo[0]  
cout << bar[0];     // print out foo[0]  
cout << foo[1];  
cout << *(bar+2);   // print out foo[2]
```

Arrays and Pointers

```
int foo[8] = {92, 85, 75, 88, 79 };  
int *bar = foo;    // bar points to foo[0]  
cout << *bar;      // print out foo[0]  
cout << bar[0];     // print out foo[0]  
cout << foo[1];  
cout << *(bar+2);   // print out foo[2]  
cout << foo        // print out the beginning address of array foo
```

Pointer Arithmetic

```
int vals[] = {5, 6, 11};
```

```
int *valPtr = vals;
```

```
valPtr++; // address in valPtr + (1* size of an int)
```

```
valPtr--; //points at 5
```

```
cout <<*(valPtr+2); // 11
```

Pointer Initialization

```
int x = 5;
int *xPtr = &x;

int vals[] = {5, 6, 11};
int *valPtr = vals;

int *yPtr = NULL;

if(!yPtr) {
    //
}
```

Comparing Pointers

```
int x = 5;
int *ptr1 = &x;

int y = 6;
int *ptr2 = &y;

if(ptr1 == ptr2){...} //compare address

if(*ptr1 == *ptr2){...} // compare contents
```

Pointers as Function Parameters

```
void getNum(int *ptr); // works like reference variable

void getNum(int *ptr){
    cin >>*ptr;
}

// What does this function call mean?
int num = 10;
getNum(&num);
```

Pointers as Function Parameters

```
void swap(int &x, int &y) {  
    int temp = x;  
    x = y;  
    y = temp;  
}
```

```
void swap(int *x, int *y) {  
    int temp = *x;  
    *x = *y;  
    *y = temp;  
}
```

```
int n1 = 2, n2 = 3;  
swap(&n1, &n2);
```

Dynamic Memory Operators

new

delete

Dynamic Memory Operators

```
const int SIZE = 30;
int *x = new int[SIZE];

for(int i = 0; i<SIZE; i++){
    x[i] = 0;
}

delete [] x;
```

Dynamic Memory Operators

```
const int SIZE = 30;  
double *x = new double[SIZE];  
  
for(int i = 0; i<SIZE; i++) {  
    x[i] = 0.0;  
}  
delete [] x;
```

Dynamic Memory Operators

```
int *x = new int;
```

```
*x = 10;
```

```
delete x;
```

```
double *y = new double;
```

```
*y = 3.2;
```

```
delete y;
```

Dynamic Array Example

```
char* buffer = new char[500];
```

```
buffer[3] = 'a';
```

```
delete [ ] buffer;
```

Dynamic Variable Example

```
struct Passenger = {  
    string      name;  
    MealType    mealPref;  
    bool        isItalianCuisian;  
    string      mealNo;  
};
```

```
Passenger *p;
```

```
p = new Passenger;
```

Accessing Pointer Member Variables

```
struct Passenger {  
    string      name;  
    MealType    mealPref;  
    bool        isItalianCuisian;  
    string      mealNo;  
};
```

```
Passenger *p;
```

```
p = new Passenger;  
p->name      = "Peter";  
p->mealPref  = REGULAR;  
p->isItalianCuisian = true;  
p->mealNo    = "1235";
```

Returning Pointers from Functions

```
int* getNumbers(int size){  
    int *arr = NULL;  
    if(size <=0){  
        return NULL;  
    }  
    arr = new int[num];  
    for (int i = 0; i<size; i++){  
        arr[i] = 0;  
    }  
    return arr;  
}
```