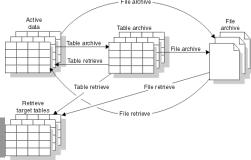


#### IBM Software Group

# IBM Developer for z Systems – for ISPF Developers

**Module 8** – Using the Data Source Explorer





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## Learning DB2 and SQL

- Many (in the thousands of) books exist that do an excellent job teaching SQL.
- Additionally, sites exist on the Internet (GOOGLE: "SQL tutorials" or "Learn SQL") for online (and typically free) education.
- IBM Also supplies excellent SQL and DB2 documentation:
  - ▶ DB2 Documentation
  - SQL Getting Started
  - ▶ SQL Reference Manual
  - ▶ Message (error code) Reference. <u>Cached</u> pdf version of full guide.
  - ▶ <u>DB2 Application Development Guide</u> with example embedded SQL programs.
  - Triggers in DB2
  - ▶ Constraints in DB2
- And there are plenty of non-IBM sites to learn about SQL:

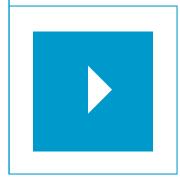
Slide Show (from current slide)

- Http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/SQL
- Note: In order for you to get the above links to work, view the PowerPoint in Slide Show mode.
- Here is an example of COBOL database access:
  - http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/dzichelp/v2r2/index.jsp?topic=/com.ibm.db29.doc.apsg/db2z\_samplecoboldrdathreepartnames.htm

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## **UNIT**

# The IDz Workbench



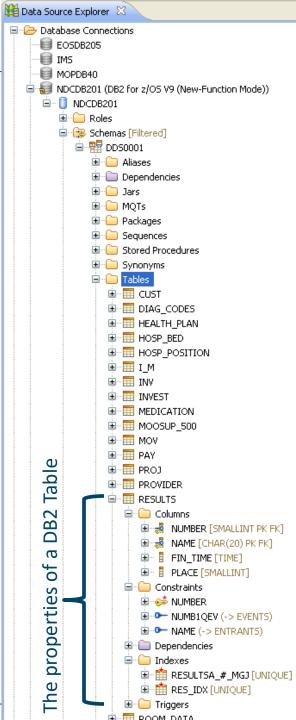
#### Topics:

- The Data Perspective and Connecting to DB2
- Understanding DB2 objects and dependencies
- Editing and managing DB2 table data
- Coding and testing SQL
- Extract/Load and Managing Test Data & Decision Support



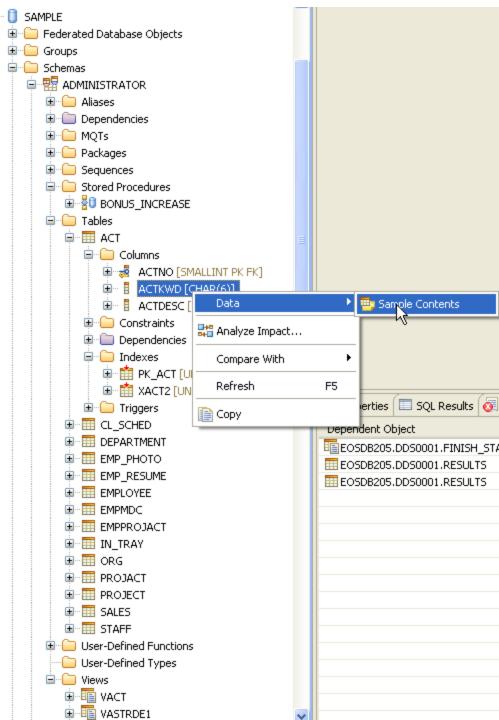
#### **The Data Source Explorer – Tree Control**

- Once you're connected, the Data Source Explorer presents "meta-data" about the database objects accessible through your connection:
  - Databases within the connection and within the database:
    - Schemas (the high-level qualifier of the resource owner)
    - Within each Schema relational object resources (DBMS-dependent):
      - Synonyms
      - Stored Procedures
      - (if DB2 for z) Federated Stored Procedures
      - Tables and the elements of a table and related objects:
        - Column definitions
        - Relational constraints (primary and foreign key rules)
        - Indexes
        - Triggers
        - User-defined functions
      - Views
- The Properties view can be helpful in expanding the information presented.
- Many additional context menu options exist off these entries



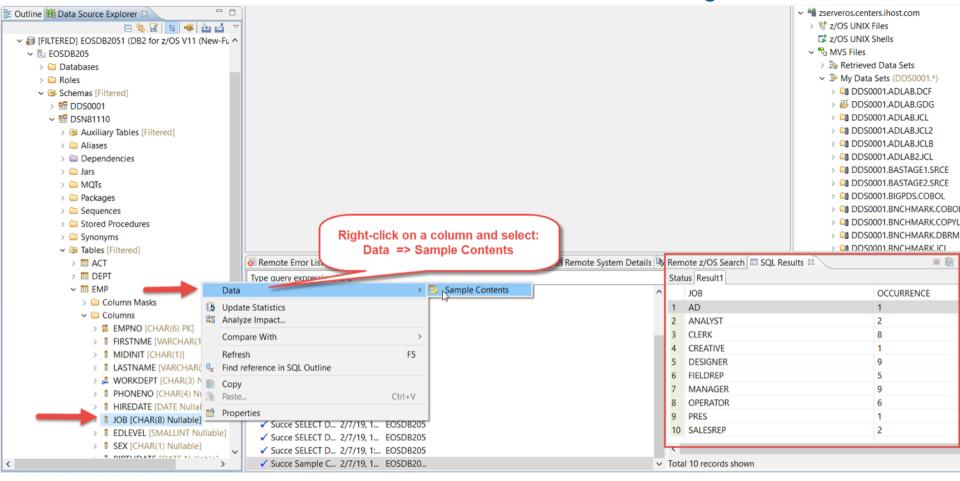
## **Exploring DB2 Meta Data**

- Use your mouse to expand/collapse
  DB2 object meta-data categories
- Information is presented through a hierarchical tree-control – modeling the structure in the DDL that was used to create the object
- All of the meta-data shown in the Explorer is pulled dynamically from the DB2 Catalog, making it 100%
  - Accurate
  - Current
- The Context Menu provides (much) additional functionality:
  - ▶ Select a DB2 object
  - ▶ Right-click
  - ▶ Context options pop-up in the menu and sub-menus



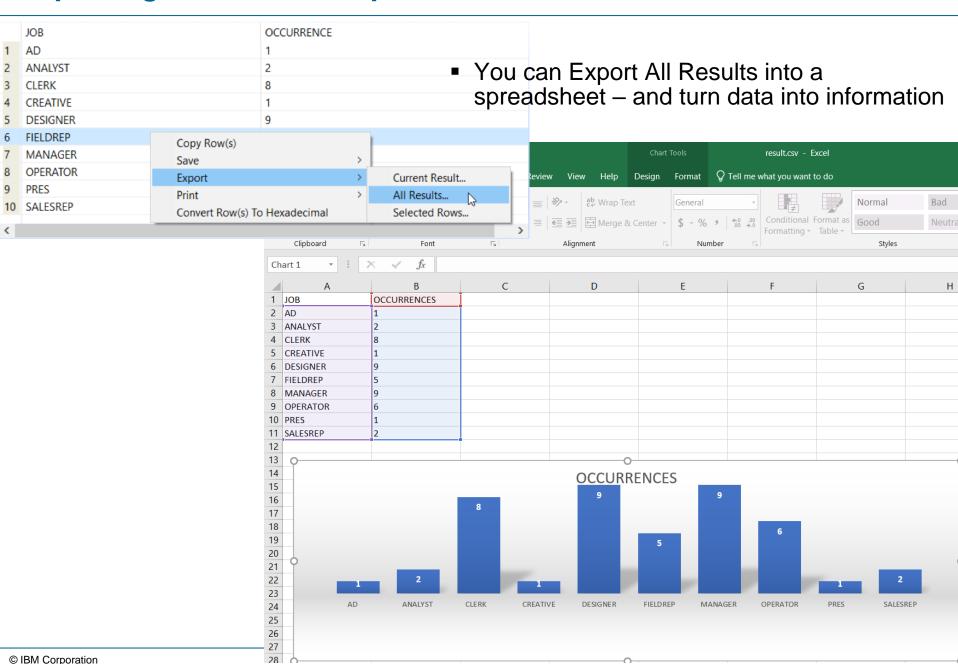
### Exploring Table Values – Sample (Data) Contents in a DB2 Table/Column

- IDz provides a canned SELECT DISTINCT/GROUP BY query
- The query results show column cardinality
  - ▶ The number of discrete values in each column, throughout the Table





# **Exporting Column "Sample Contents"**



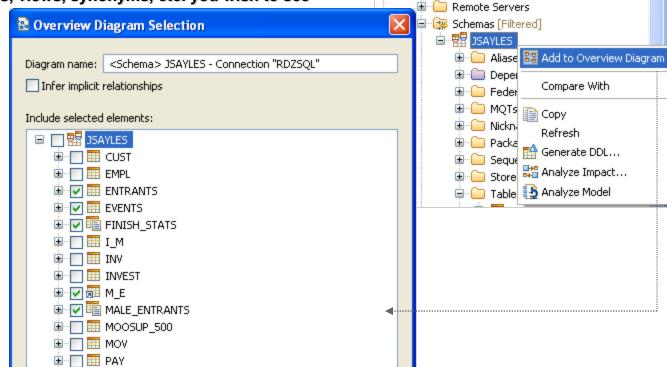
#### Overview Diagram – 1 of 4

So what can we do with the Data Source Explorer? Let's start by having a look at our tables and table relationships (Parent/Child tables associated by defined Primary/Foreign key constraints)

From the Data Source Explorer:



Select the tables, views, synonyms, etc. you wish to see



OK

Cancel



The Overview Diagram feature is available in IDz version 7.6.1 and later

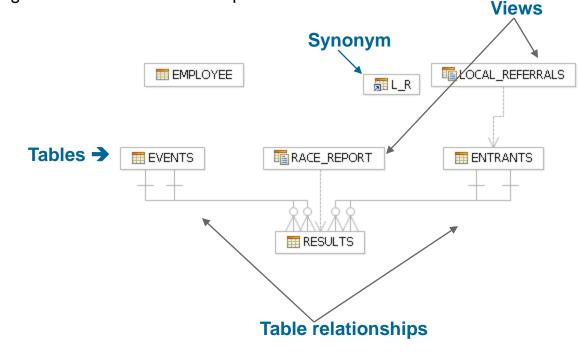
This kind of diagram (see results on next slide) is often called an "Entity-Relationship Diagram" – because it draws out the relationships between your DB2 "entities" – tables/views/synonyms

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### (Data Model) Overview Diagram – 2 of 4

The Diagram Tool shows all of the tables, views and synonyms selected through our connection as entities, and their relationships as defined by Primary/Foreign key SQL specifications. This allows us to understand things like how to join tables, and where data exists in relation to other table values.

- We can also use the Diagram Tool to navigate in the Data Source Explorer
  - Right-click over Results
  - Select:
    - Navigate >
    - Show in >
    - Database Explorer
- Note the different icons for:
  - Tables:
    - Events, Entrants, Results
    - Employee
  - Views:
    - Race\_Report
    - Local\_Referrals
  - Synonym:
    - L R
- Notes:
  - ▶ If you select a large number of tables this diagram can take some time to materialize
  - > To read the diagram shown here:
    - Each Entrant and Event can have many Result rows
    - Race\_Report is a relational View based on the Results table
    - Local\_Referrals is a relational View based on the Entrants table

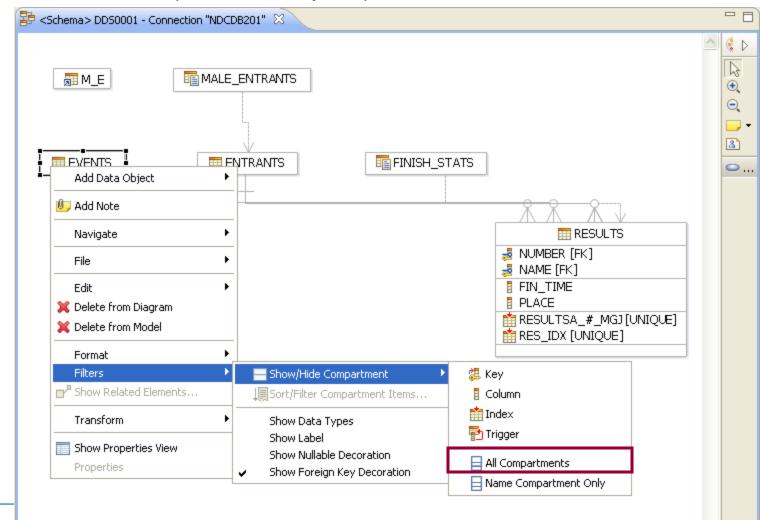




### (Data Model) Overview Diagram – 3 of 4

By default, the Overview Diagram shows only DB2 object names and their relationships. You might wish to show additional attributes. To do this:

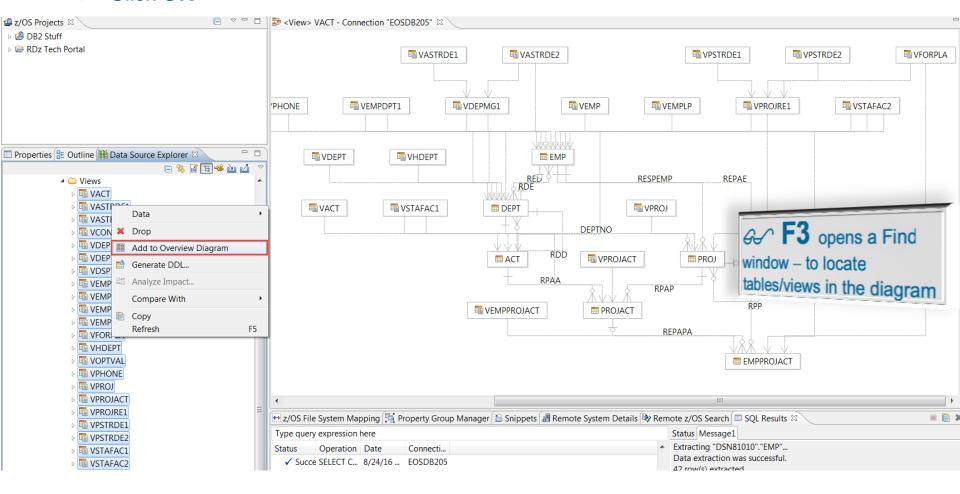
- Select the object
  - Right-click and select:
    - Filters > Show/Hide Compartment > <your option>



### (Data Model) Overview Diagram – Show View/Table Relationships – 4 of 4

Sometimes you need to find out what base tables underlie a particular DB2 View...

- Select the View
  - Right-click and select: Add to Overview Diagram
  - Click OK





#### **Generate Table DDL**

You may wish to access/modify/etc. one or more of your DB2 table's DDL. To do this you'll need the original DDL – which is obtained from: Generate Table DDL

#### From the Data Source Explorer:

- Right-click over the table name
- Select: Generate DDL...
- Follow the wizard
  - Check/Un-check selections

